



CRIME REVIEW HIMACHAL PRADESH-2015



**STATE CRIME RECORDS BUREAU
CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT
HIMACHAL PRADESH**

HIMACHAL PRADESH CRIME REVIEW 2015

(Period w.e.f. 01-01-2015 to 31-12-2015)



**STATE CRIME RECORDS BUREAU
CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT
HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA**

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PREFACE

Himachal Pradesh, “Crime Review-2015” is the Eighth issue being published by State CID, SCRB. Efforts have been made to collect, present and analyze the data. Our endeavour was to make available maximum details by way of statistical tables, graphs/charts and brief interpretation wherever possible.

The job of data interpretation of crime is increasingly becoming important tool to forecast future trends for proper law enforcement and therefore, mere presentation of statistics does not serve the purpose anymore. It is our objective to collect accurate, meaningful and relevant statistics which would contribute towards formulation of focused Crime Control Policies in the State.

The Officers and the staff of State Crime Records Bureau, H.P have made significant contribution towards the preparation of this 8th issue of Crime Review because of which it has become possible to bring this 8th issue in such a comprehensive manner.

I am sure this effort will go a long way in helping the police officers besides providing information to all stakeholders.

I look forward to your suggestions/feedback at scrb-cid-hp@nic.in

A handwritten signature in green ink, appearing to read 'B.N.S. Negi'.

**(B.N.S. Negi), IPS
Addl. Director General of Police,
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HIMACHAL PRADESH AT A GLANCE

1.	Area	:	55,673 Sq. Kms.	
2.	Border	:	Jammu& Kashmir, Punjab, Haryana, Uttrakhand	
3.	Population	:	2001 Census	2011 Census
			60,77,900	68,56,509
4.	Gender:- Male (50.80%)	:	34,83,393	
	Female (49.19%)	:	33,73,116	
5.	Sex Ratio (Per 1000 male)	:	968 Female	
5.	Population Density	:	109 (Per Square Km.)	
5.	Literacy Rate	:	82.80 %	
6.	Per Capita Income	:	Rs.92,300	
7.	National Highways	:	07 (1493 Kms.)	
8.	State Highways	:	19,985 Kms.	
9.	Total No. of Districts	:	12	
10.	Snow Bound Districts	:	05	
11.	Border with J&K	:	216 Kms.	
12.	Seismic Zone	:	Zone-V (Highly Prone)	

PROFILE OF HIMACHAL PRADESH POLICE

1. Zone	:	01
2. Ranges	:	03
3. Police Districts	:	13
4. Police Sub-divisions	:	30
5. Police Stations	:	113 (Including 4 women PSs)
6. Railway Police Stations	:	02
7. CID Police Station	:	01
8. Highest Police Station	:	12,000 Feet at Kaza
9. Police Posts (Permanent)	:	101
10. Police Posts (Temporary)	:	30
11. Battalions & India Reserve Battalions:		07 (1+6)
12. HP Institute of Police Studies	:	01
13. Police Training College	:	01
14. Total Police Strength	:	Sanctioned = 18578 Actual = 15887
15. Police Population (Per Thousand of Population)	:	2.3
16. Police: Density (Per 100 Sq. Km.)	:	27.94

SNAPSHOTS -2015

❖ IPC Cases : 14007:(Decrease of 1.08%)	❖ Crime Against Children : 477:(Increase : 2.14%)
❖ SLL Cases : 3214 : (Increase 8.5%)	❖ NDPS Act Cases Decrease : 3.4%
❖ Total Crimes Increase : 0.6% : (IPC Crime Rate : 204.3) : (SLL Crime Rate : 46.9)	❖ Cyber Crime Cases Reported : 50
❖ Persons arrested : (Under IPC : 18839) : (Under SLL : 4493)	❖ Road Accident : 3010 : (Increase : 1.6%) ❖ Deaths :1215 : (Decrease : 9.18%)
❖ An average of 1.34 persons arrested per IPC Case.	❖ Suicides : 543 : (Decrease : 15.7%)
❖ Disposal by Police : (IPC Cases : 82.9%) : (SLL Cases : 83.7 %)	❖ Police Personnel killed on Duty : 0 ❖ Police Personnel injured on Duty : 0
❖ Charge Sheetting Rate : (IPC Cases : 88%) : (SLL Cases : 96.9 %)	❖ Civilians killed in Police Firing : 0
❖ Conviction Rate : (IPC Cases : 27.5%) : (SLL Cases : 49.2%)	❖ Deaths in Police Custody :
❖ Decrease In Murder : 18.5%	❖ Housing to Police Satisfaction rate : : (Gazetted Officers : 24.11%) : (Upper Subordinates : 19.29%) : (Lower Subordinates : 26.71%)
❖ Decrease in Rapes : 13.8 %	
❖ Decrease in Burglary : 23.76%	
❖ Decrease in Theft : 15.6%	

CHAPTER-1

INCIDENCE AND RATE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES IN HIMACHAL PRADESH

1.1 General:

The Himachal Pradesh is a hilly and peaceful state. There are sporadic incidents of crime taking place, but no particular area of any district of this State is notorious for any class or category of crime. There has not been any abnormal fluctuation in the incidence of crime in the State.

The crime situation has remained peaceful and well under control during the year 2015 throughout the State of Himachal Pradesh. No alarming increase was noticed under any major head of crime.

1.2. The Parameters for Review and Analysis of Crime:-

The following parameters have been adopted while analyzing the crime for the year 2015:-

- ➡ Geographical spread.
- ➡ Reasons for commission of crime especially in offences against persons.
- ➡ Investigative process followed.
- ➡ Recovery of property.
- ➡ Profile of criminals.

1.3. Reported Incidence of Cognizable Crimes:

The ten years trends of incidence and rate of total cognizable crime under Indian Penal Code (IPC) and Local and Special Laws (2014-2015) is presented in Table-1.2 at the end of the chapter. Total numbers of 17221 cognizable crime cases were reported during the year 2015. This comprise of 14007 cases under IPC and 3214 cases under (SLL) Local & Special Law. (Table-1.1 and Chart-1.1 & 1.2

CHART-1.1

**INCIDENCE OF TOTAL REGISTERED CRIME
FOR THE LAST 10 YEAR (2006-2015)**

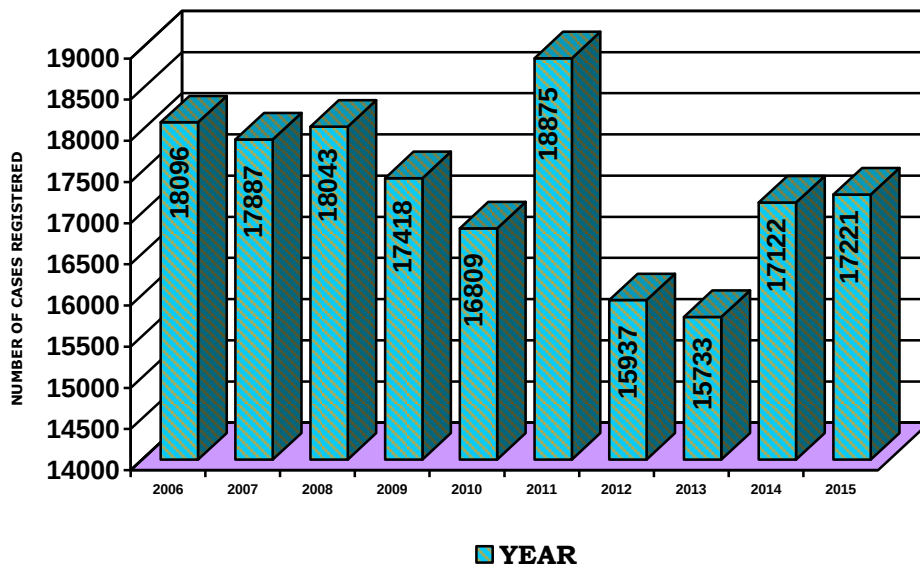
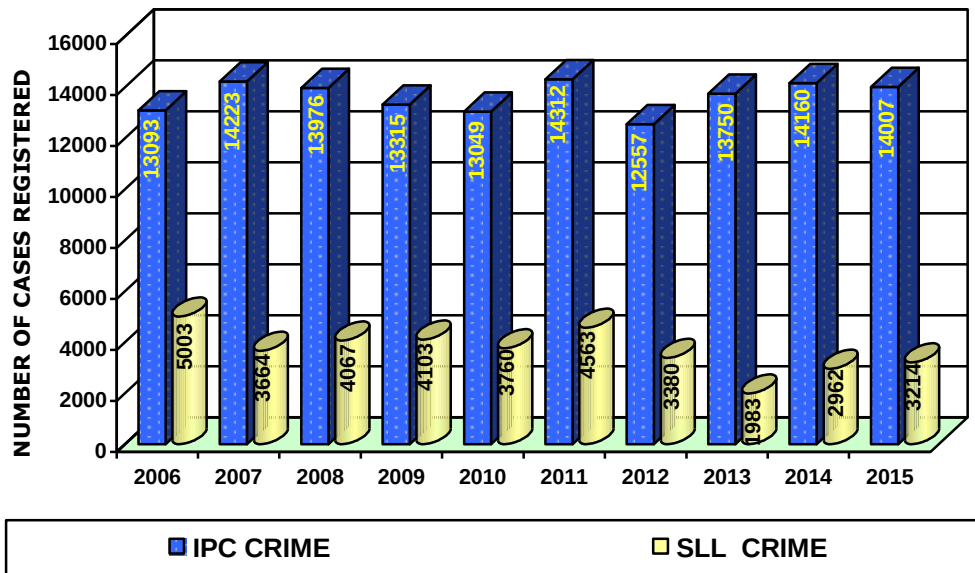


CHART-1.2

**INCIDENCE OF TOTAL IPC AND LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW
CRIME FOR THE LAST 10 YEAR (2006-2015)**



1.4. Crime Trends:

1.4.1. Crime Incidence:

During the year 2015, cases of cognizable crime have increased by 0.6 (99) as compared to the registration of cognizable crime cases of the corresponding year. The registration in IPC crimes have recorded a decrease of 1.08% and Special & Local Laws crime

have recorded an increase of 8.5% in 2015 as compared to the previous year 2014.

Total 14007 IPC cases were reported in the State during the year 2015, as against 14160 cases of 2014 (1.08% decrease). District Kangra, Shimla and Mandi have recorded crime incidence between 1500 to 3000 IPC cases in each, district Bilaspur and Una have recorded crime between 1000 to 1500 IPC cases each, Baddi, Chamba, Hamirpur, Kullu, Sirmaur and Solan have recorded crime between 500 to 1000 IPC cases each. The crime in districts Kinnaur, Lahaul & Spiti, Railway & Traffic Unit and CID Unit have remain below the figure of 200 cases. The district wise detailed volume of crime is depicted in the Table-1.3.

1.4.2. District-wise IPC Crime Trends:

The highest incidence of IPC cases was reported in District Kangra (2546 cases) followed by Shimla (2445), Mandi (1907), Bilaspur (1137) Una (1097), Sirmaur (914), Kullu (847) Solan (778), Hamirpur (763), Chamba (693), Baddi (585), Kinnaur (192) and Lahaul & Spiti (77). The detail of number of districts falling under different ranges with incidence of IPC crimes during the year 2015 is presented in Table-1.3.

1.5. Crime Pattern: (IPC Crimes)

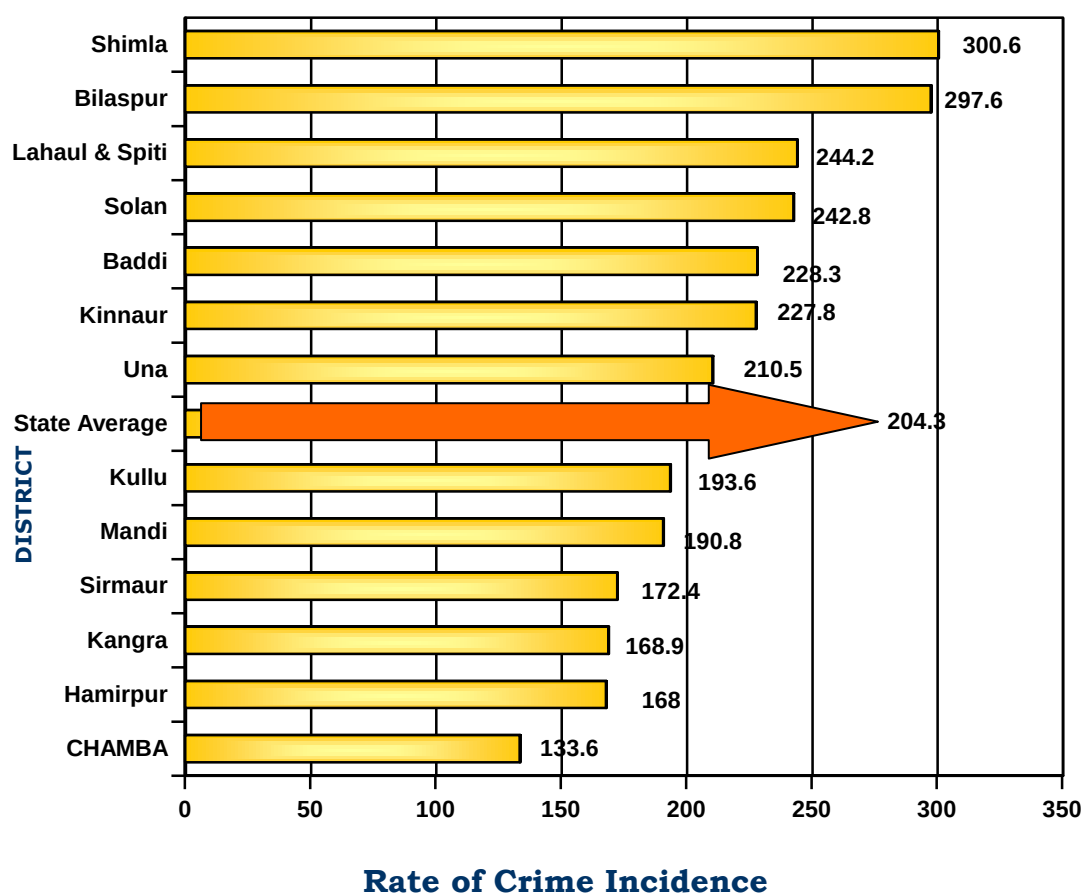
As compared to 2014, this year incidences of Attempt to Murder, Kidnapping & Abduction, Dowry Death and Other IPC cases have shown an increase while Murder, Culpable Homicide, Rape, Dacoity, Robbery, Burglary, Theft, Rioting, Grievous Hurt, Assault on Women, Cruelty to Women, Accident cases have reported a decrease.

1.6. Crime Rate:

The Crime Rate, District wise is presented in Table-1.4. The average IPC Crime Rate in the State for 2015 was 204.3. The Crime Rate was the highest in Shimla (300.6) followed by Bilaspur (297.6), Lahaul & Spiti (244.2), Solan (242.8), Baddi (228.3), Kinnaur (227.8) and Una (210.5). The lowest crime rate were found to be in

districts Chamba (133.6), Hamirpur (168.0), Kangra (168.9), Sirmaur (172.4), Mandi (190.8) and Kullu (193.6) . (Chart-1.3) and Table 1.4.

CHART-1.3
RATE OF IPC CRIME (DISTRICT-WISE) DURING-2015



1.7. Head Wise Analysis of IPC Offences:

The head wise analysis of IPC offences is presented in Table-1.5. The head wise statistics indicates the following trends:-

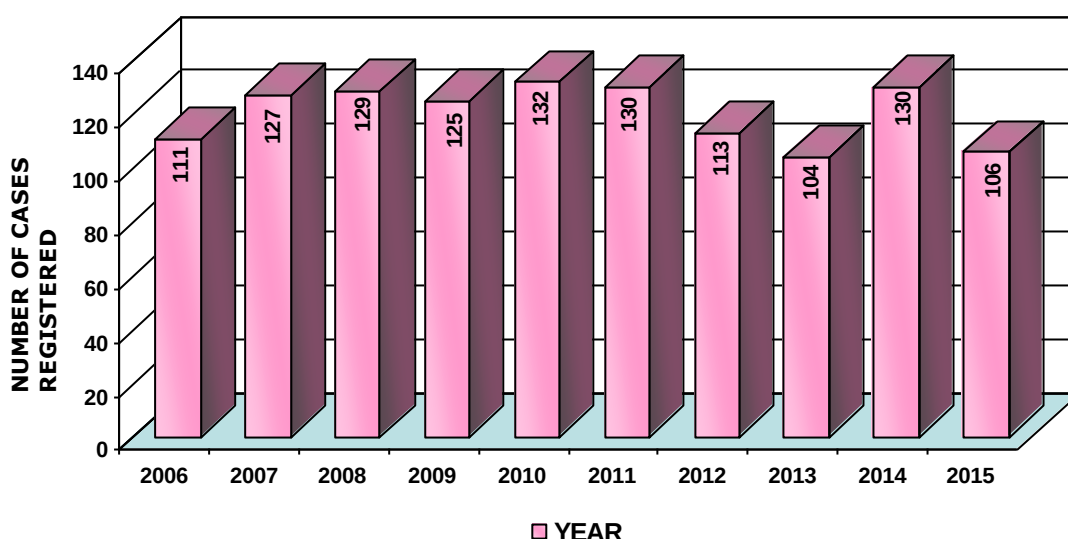
(i) Murder : (Decrease 18.5 %)

The incidence of murder (106) in 2015 decreased by 18.5% as compared to the previous year 2014. Highest incidence of murder was reported in Kangra (22 cases) district, contributing 0.13 % of the total cases. Other districts which reported more than 10 cases were Shimla (14), Sirmaur (12), Kullu (11) and Mandi (10). The lowest incidence of murder was reported in district Solan (9), Una (7), Baddi, Bilaspur, Chamba and Kinnaur (5 each), Hamirpur (1). No

incidence under this head was reported in Lahaul & Spiti district. Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.4.

The analysis of the causes has revealed that no organized gang was operating in the State. In most of these cases crime was committed due to land disputes or murder for gain or personal enmity. Generally, sudden provocation or minor altercations were the reasons for commission of most of the murders. There was no class or caste factor involved in the commission of murder.

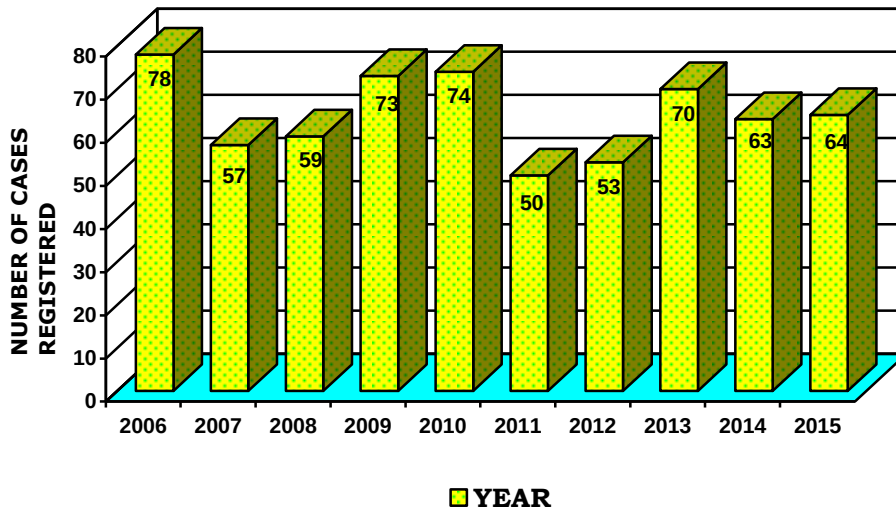
CHART-1.4
INCIDENCE OF MURDER DURING (2006-2015)



Attempt to commit Murder: (Increase 1.59%)

The incidence (64) of Attempt to Commit Murder during this year has increased by 1.59%. The higher incidence under this head was reported in districts Kangra and Shimla (12 each) followed by Shimla and Una (8 each), Bilaspur (7) and Kullu (4). The lowest incidence under this head was reported in Baddi, Hamirpur, Sirmaur (3 each), Chamba, Solan (2 each). No incidence under this head was reported in Kinnaur and Lahaul & Spiti districts. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.5.

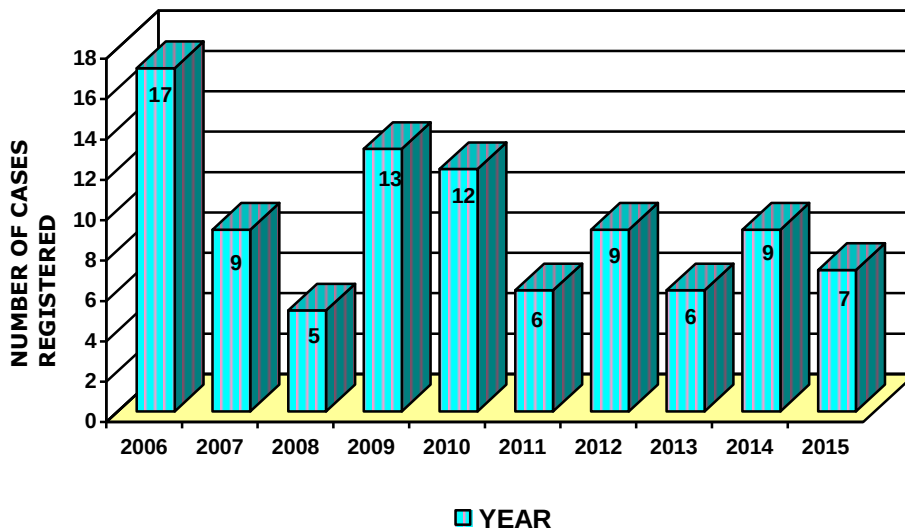
CHART-1.5
INCIDENCE OF ATTEMPT TO MURDER
DURING (2006-2015)



(iii). C.H. not Amounting to Murder: (Decrease 22%)

7 cases of Culpable Homicide not Amounting to Murder were reported during the year, showing a decrease of 22% percent over the previous year (9 cases). The highest incidence was reported in Baddi and Kangra (2 cases each) districts followed by Kinnaur, Sirmaur and Una (1 each). No incidence under this head was reported in remaining districts of the state. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.6.

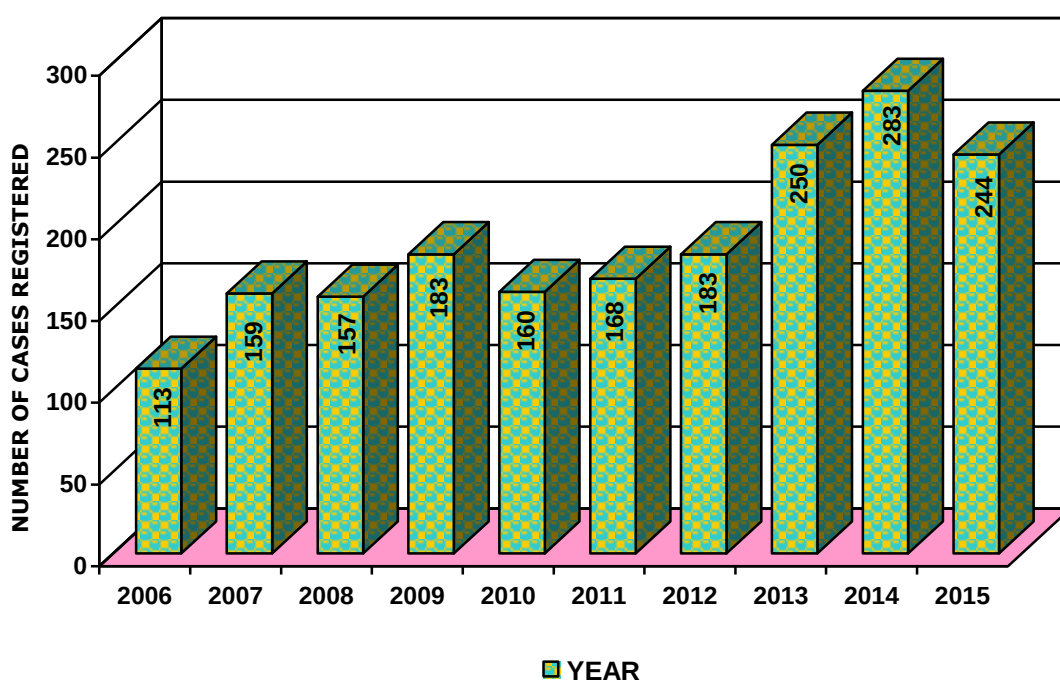
CHART-1.6
INCIDENCE OF C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER
DURING (2006-2015)



(iv).Rape: (Decrease 13.8%)

Total 244 cases of Rape were reported which has shown a decrease of 13.8 percent during 2015 over previous year 2014 (283 cases). The highest incidence of rape was reported in Kangra (46) followed by Sirmaur (31), Mandi (29), Chamba (26), Shimla (24), Kullu (23), Una (18), Bilaspur (15), Solan, Kinnaur (8 each), Baddi (7), Hamirpur (6) and Lahaul & Spiti (3). Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1. 7.

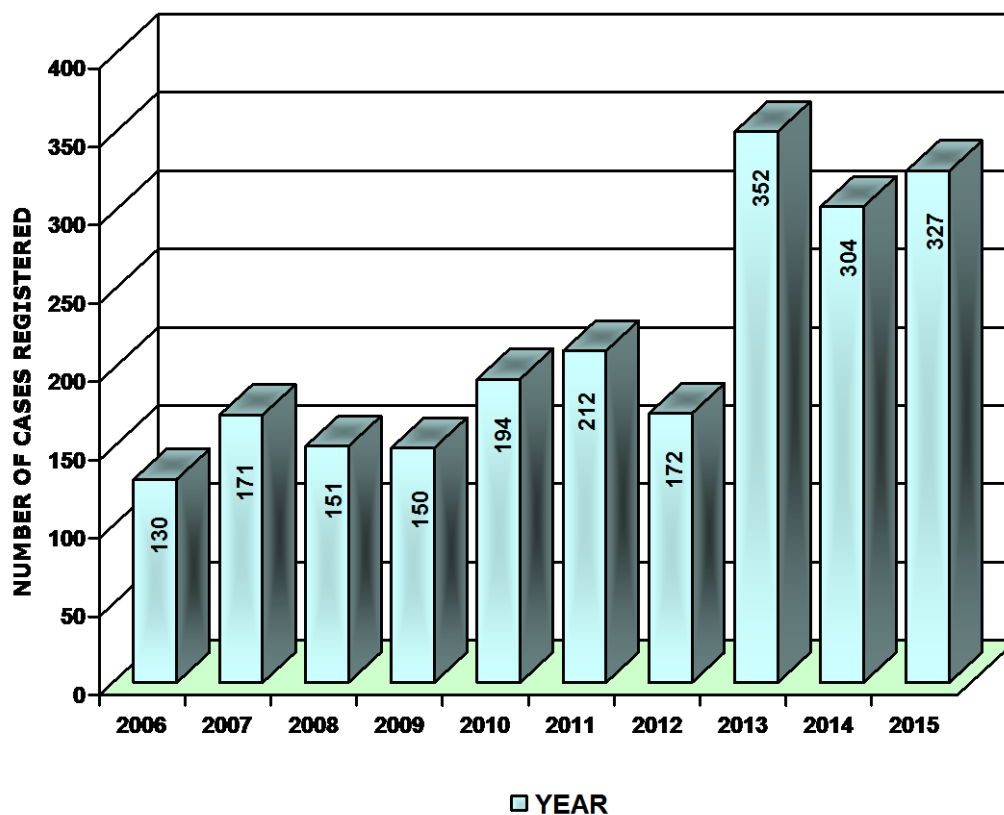
CHART-1.7
INCIDENCE OF RAPE DURING (2006-2015)



(v). Kidnapping and abduction: (Increase 7.6 %)

During the year 2015 a total number of 327 cases of Kidnapping and Abduction were reported with an increase of 7.6 percent as compared to previous year 2014. The highest incidences were reported in Shimla (56), followed by Kangra (53), Mandi (43), Chamba, Sirmaur (27 each), Bilaspur (26), Hamirpur, Una (22 each), Kullu (16), Baddi (15) and Solan (13). The lowest number of cases was reported in Kinnaur district (7). No incidence under this head was reported in Lahaul & Spiti district. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.8.

CHART-1.8
INCIDENCE OF KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION
DURING (2006-2015)



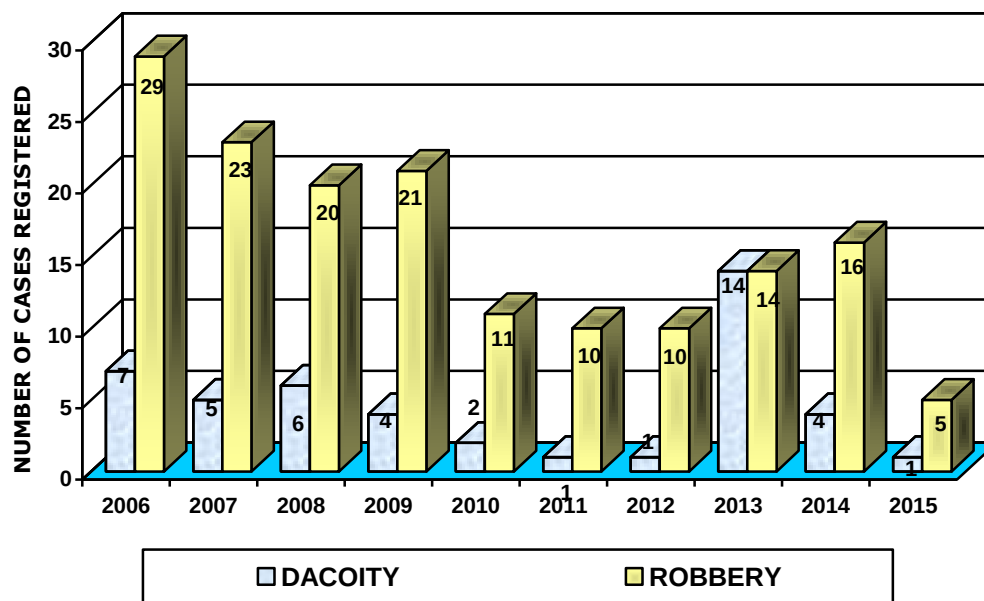
(vi). Dacoity

Only 1 case of Dacoity was reported during the year 2015 in Sirmaur district as compared to 4 cases of previous year. No incidence under this head was reported in remaining districts of State. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.9.

(vii). Robbery

During the year 2015, 5 cases of Robbery were registered in the State. The highest incidence was reported in Shimla (2) followed by Hamirpur, Mandi, Solan (1 each). No case under this head was reported in rest of the districts of State. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.9.

CHART-1.9
INCIDENCE OF DACOITY AND ROBBERY
DURING (2006-2015)



(viii). Burglary : (Decrease 23.76%)

The incidence of Burglary (674) recorded a decrease with 23.76% during the year 2015 as compared with 2014. The highest number of Burglary cases (103) was reported in Shimla district followed by Kangra (98), Mandi (97), Chamba (63), Una (59), Solan (50) and Hamirpur (42). The remaining districts have reported less than 40 cases under this head. The crime rate was the highest at 15.6 in Solan district and the lowest at 6.5 in Kangra district as against the State average of 9.8. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.10.

(ix). Theft: (Decrease 15.6%)

The incidence of Theft (550) recorded a decrease of 15.6% during the year 2015 over the previous year. Shimla district has reported highest incidence (108 cases) followed by Kangra (64), Mandi (62), Solan (60) and Sirmaur (55). The remaining districts have reported less than 50 cases. The crime rate was the highest in Solan (18.7) district and the lowest (2.9) in Chamba district as against the State average of 8.0. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.11.

CHART-1.10
INCIDENCE OF BURGLARY DURING (2006-2015)

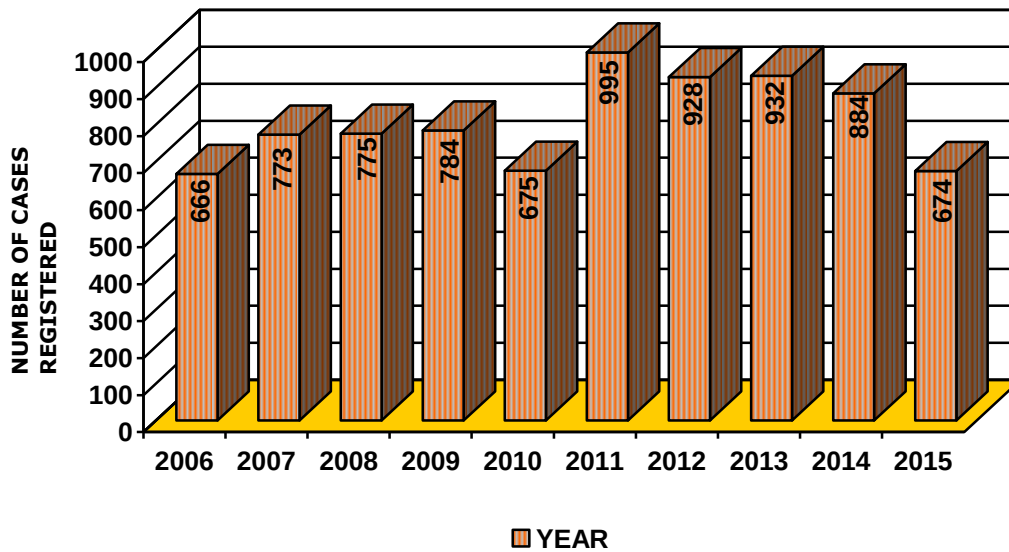
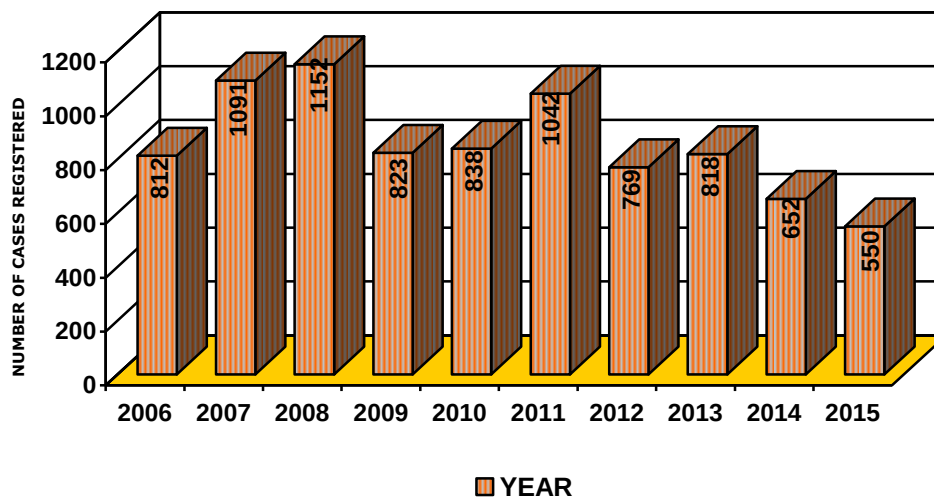


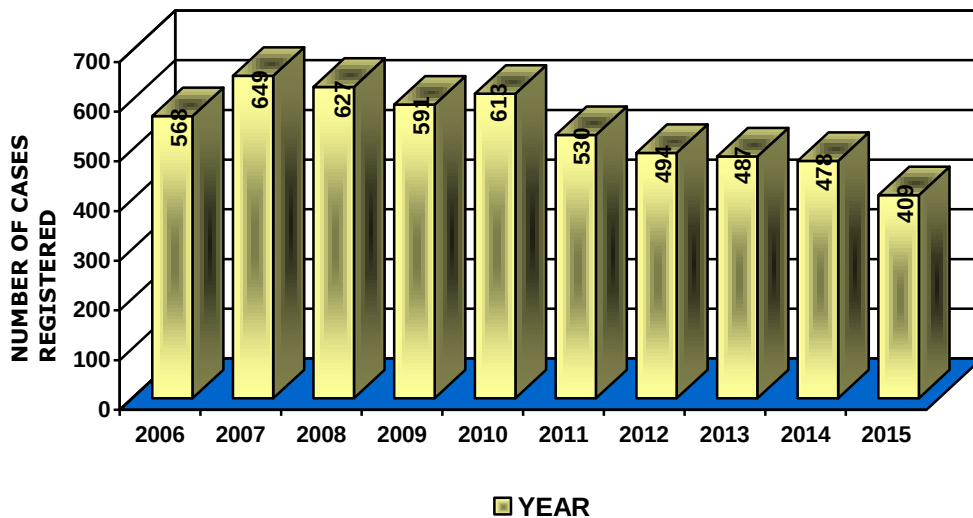
CHART-1.11
INCIDENCE OF THEFT DURING (2006-2015)



(x). Riots: (Decrease 14.4%)

Incidence of Riots (409) registered during the year 2015 recorded a decrease of 14.4% over the previous year 2014. The highest incidence was reported from Kangra (72) district followed by Sirmaur (56), Mandi (47), Bilaspur (42), Shimla (37), Una (30), Baddi, Chamba (29 each), Solan (26), Hamirpur, Kullu (15 each). The lowest number of cases was reported in Kinnaur (10) and Lahaul & Spiti (1). Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.12.

CHART-1.12
INCIDENCE OF RIOTING DURING (2006-2015)



(xi). Grievous Hurt

A total number of 457 cases under head Grievous Hurt were reported during 2015 recorded a decrease of 22.9 % over the previous year 2014. Kangra district has reported the highest incidence (85) under head grievous hurt followed by Mandi (62), Hamirpur (53), Una (37), Bilaspur, Sirmaur (36 each), Chamba (33), Shimla (32), Kullu (30), Baddi and Solan (23 each). The least number of cases were reported in Kinnaur (6) and Lahaul-Spiti (1). Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.13.

CHART-1.13
INCIDENCE OF HURT DURING (2006-2015)

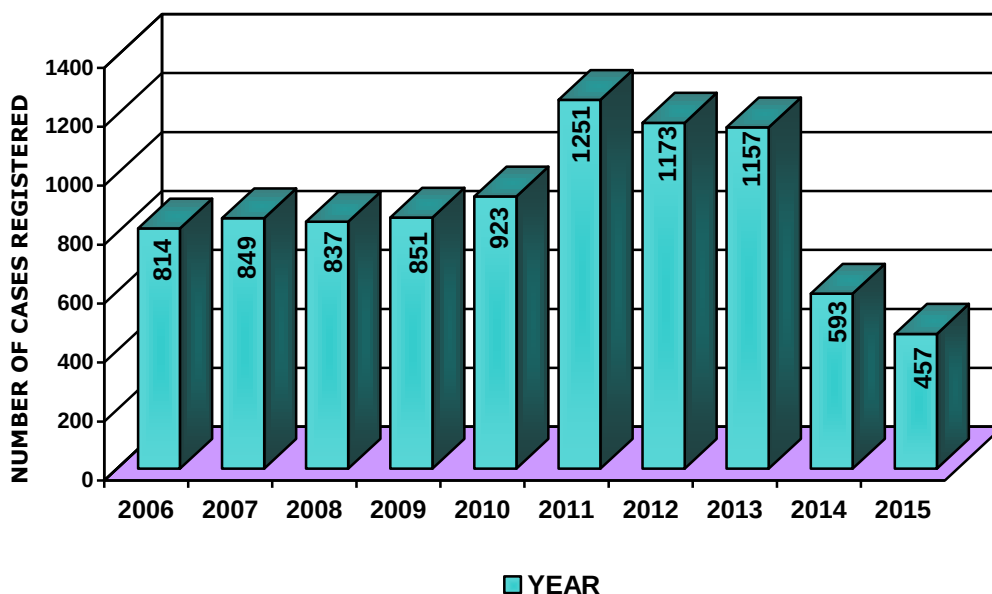
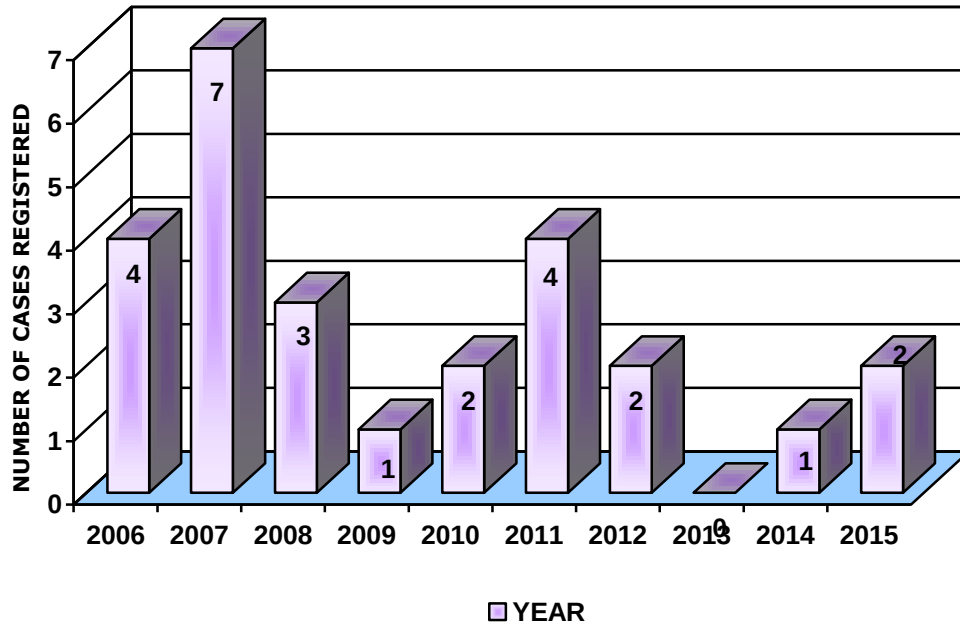


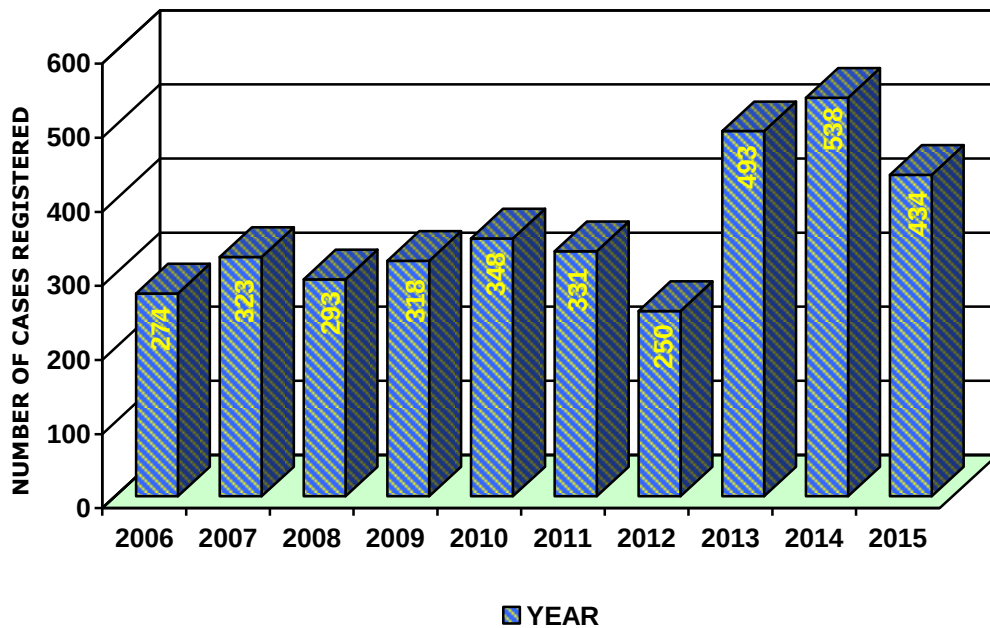
CHART-1.14
INCIDENCE OF DOWRY DEATH DURING (2006-2015)



(xii). Dowry Death

Only 2 cases under this head were reported in Chamba and Una districts as compare to 1 case of previous year. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.14.

CHART-1.15
INCIDENCE OF ASSAULT ON WOMEN
DURING (2006-2015)



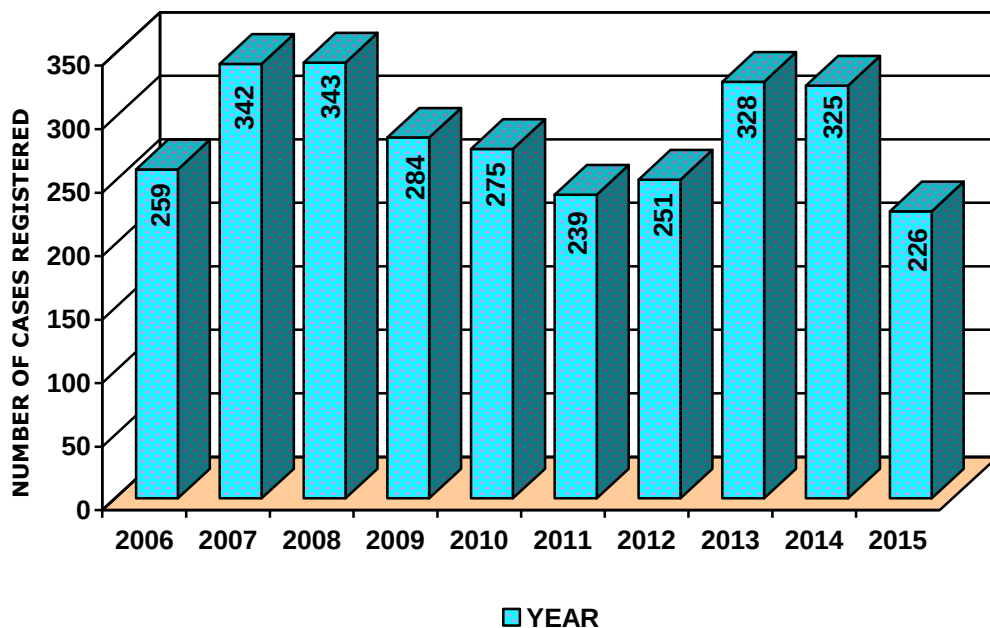
(xiii). Assault on Women: (Decrease 19.3 %)

434 cases were reported during the year, showing a decrease of 19.3% over the previous year. 84 cases were reported in Mandi District followed by Kangra (60), Sirmaur (52), Shimla (46), Bilaspur (45), Hamirpur (34), Chamba (28), Una (25), Baddi and Kullu (19 each) and Solan (18). The lowest number of cases were reported in Kinnaur (4) district. No incidence under this head was reported in Lahaul & Spiti District. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.15.

(xiv). Cruelty to women: (Decrease 30.46%)

226 cases were reported during the year, showing a decrease of 30.46 % over the previous year. 44 cases were reported in Una district followed by Kangra (39), Shimla (26), Mandi (25), Sirmaur (17), Baddi (15), Kullu (14), Bilaspur (12), Hamirpur (11) Chamba, Solan (10 each) and Kinnaur (3). No incidence under this head was reported in Lahaul & Spiti District. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.16.

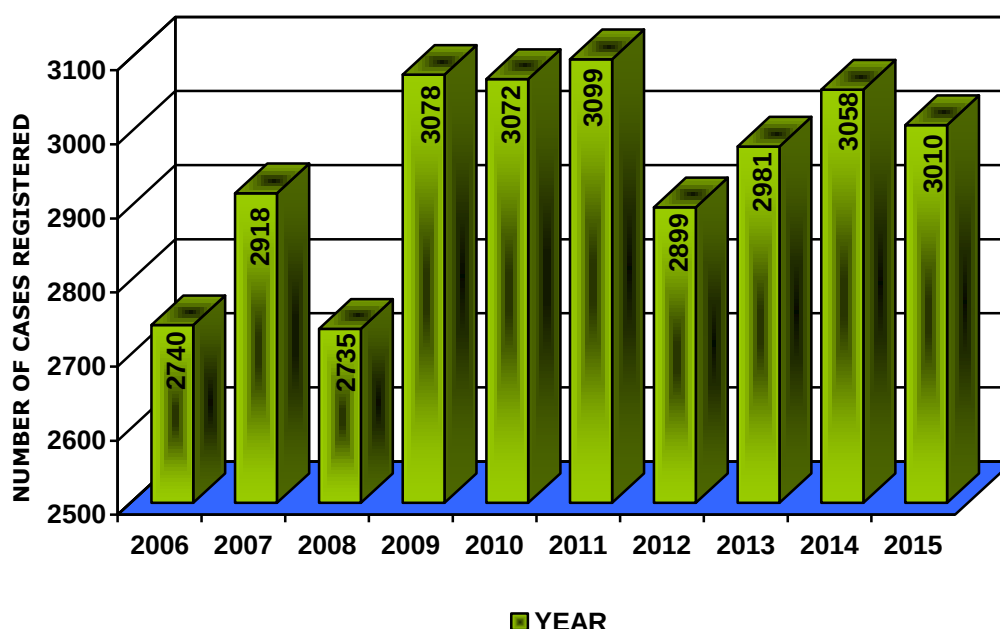
CHART-1.16
INCIDENCE OF CRUELTY TO WOMEN
DURING (2006-2015)



(xv). Accidents : (Decrease 1.6%)

3010 cases were reported during the year, showing a decrease of 1.6% as compared to the previous year. 483 cases were reported in Kangra district followed by Shimla (461), Mandi (430), Sirmaur (265), Una (255), Solan (237), Bilaspur (220), Kullu (185), Baddi (167), Hamirpur (142) and Chamba (115). The lowest number of cases were reported in Kinnaur (37) and Lahaul & Spiti (13) districts. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.17.

CHART-1.17
INCIDENCE OF ACCIDENTS DURING (2006-2015)



(xvi). Other IPC Crimes: (Increase 9.8 %)

Cognizable IPC Crimes which do not fall under any of the above specified categories are termed as “Other IPC Crimes”. As many as 7491 other IPC crimes accounting for 46.5% of the total IPC crimes were registered in the State during 2015.

Incidence of IPC Crimes (Head-wise) along with percentage share is presented in Table-1.6. Ten year trend in percentage change (head-wise) is presented in Table-1.7. District-wise and head wise details of IPC offences are available in Table-1.8 and Table-1.9. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in

Chart-1.18 and percentage of Other IPC cases against IPC cases for the last 10 years is presented in Chart. 1.19.

CHART-1.18
INCIDENCE OF OTHER IPC DURING (2006-2015)

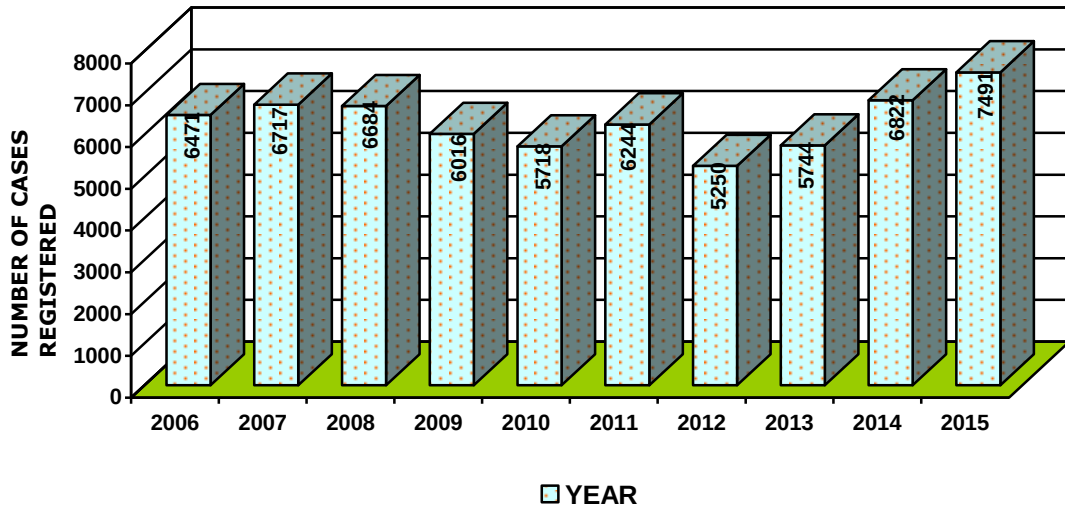


CHART-1.19
PERCENTAGE OF OTHER IPC CASES AGAINST TOTAL IPC FOR THE LAST 10 YEAR (2006-2015)

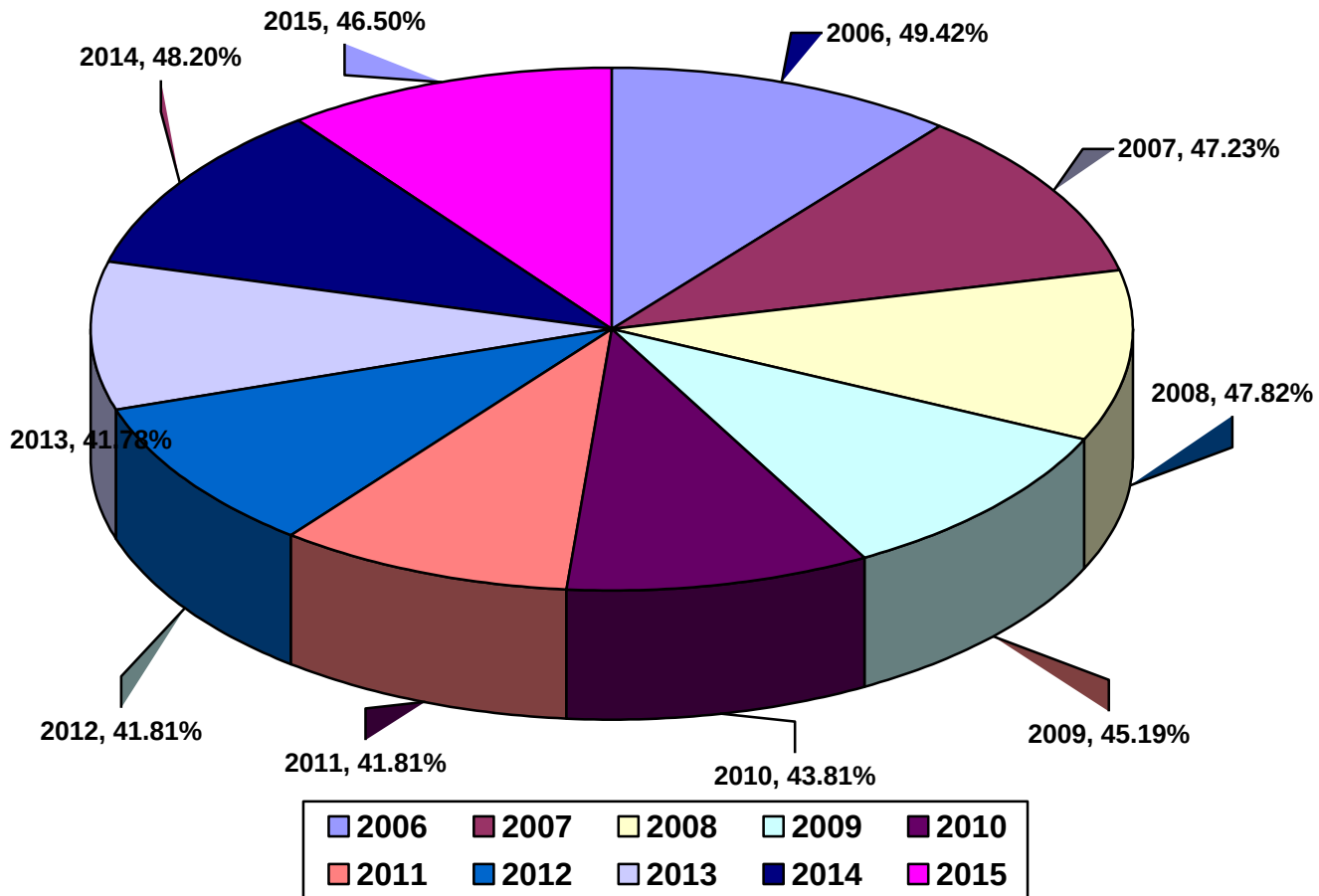
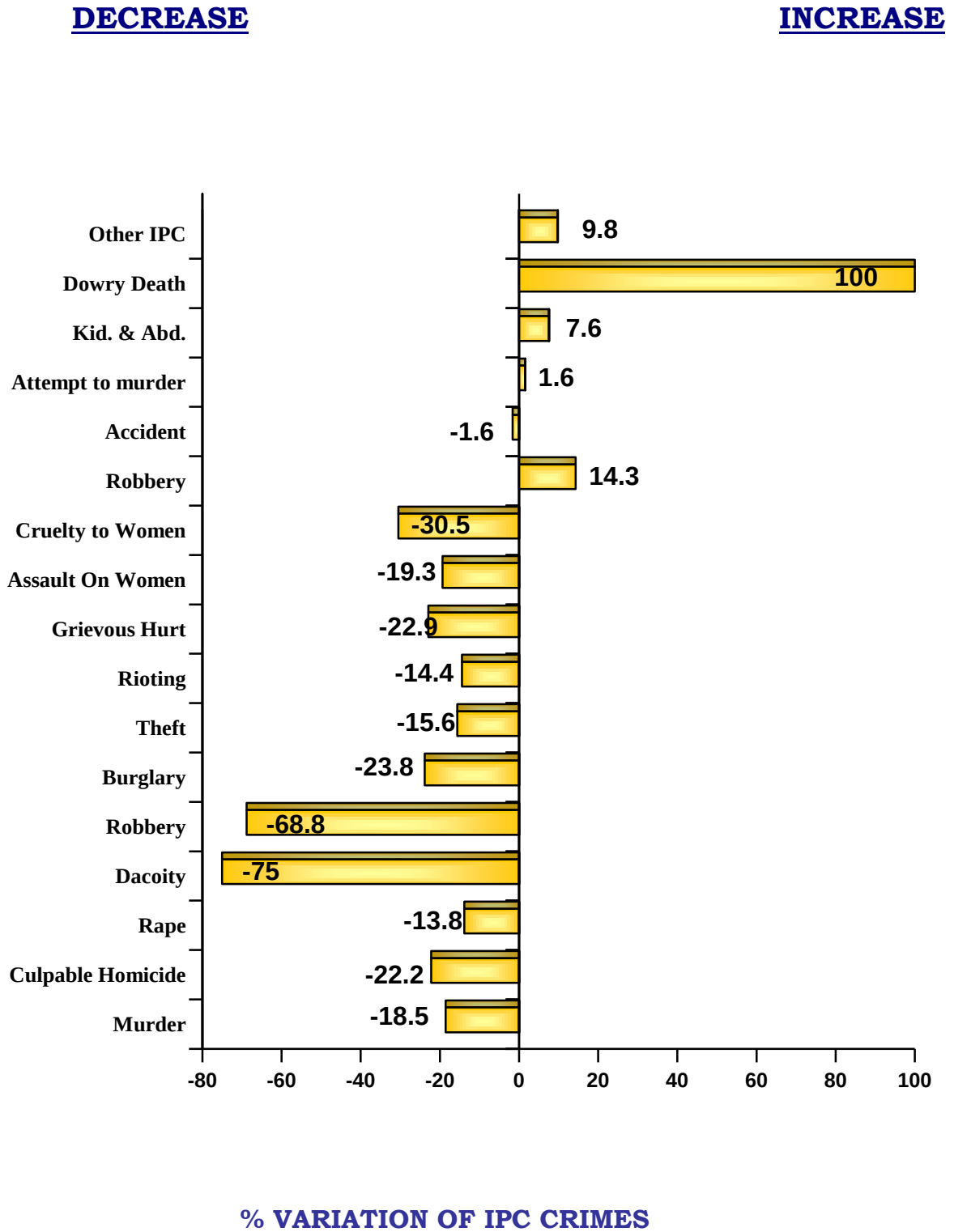


CHART-1.20
PERCENTAGE VARIATION OF IPC CRIMES FOR THE
YEAR 2015 OVER 2014



1.8 Crime Under Local and Special Laws:

A list of Special and Local Laws is available at the Annexure-1. Incidence and rate of cognizable LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW crimes during 2006 to 2015 are presented in Table-1.10.

A total of 3214 cognizable LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) crimes were registered in the State during 2015. The head-wise percentage distribution of various cognizable crimes under Local & Special Law for 10 years from 2006 to 2015 is presented in Table-1.11. There is an increase of 8.5% in registration over the previous year.

The crime head-wise incidence and rate of cognizable Local & Special Law crimes in different districts are presented in Table-1.12.

Incidence of Local & Special Law cases under important Special and Local Laws is discussed below:-

1.8.1 Head Wise Analysis of SLL Offences:

(i). Arms Act

During this year 2015, 17 cases of Arms Act has been registered. The highest incidence (5) under this head was reported in Una district followed by Baddi, Sirmaur (3 each), Hamirpur, Kangra (2 each), Bilaspur, Kullu (1 each). No case under this Act was reported in rest of the districts of the State.

(ii). Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act (ND&PS) : (Decrease 3.4%)

The Incidence (622) under the ND&PS Act showed a decrease of 3.4% over 2014. Cases under this Act constituted 19.4% against the total Local & Special Law reported cases during the year 2015. The highest incidence (120) under this head were reported in Kullu district followed by Mandi (119), Kangra (93), Shimla (80), Chamba (56), Sirmaur (35), Baddi, Bilaspur (25 each), Una (23), Hamirpur (20), Solan (15), CID (9), and Kinnaur (2). No case under this Act was reported in Lahaul & Spiti District.

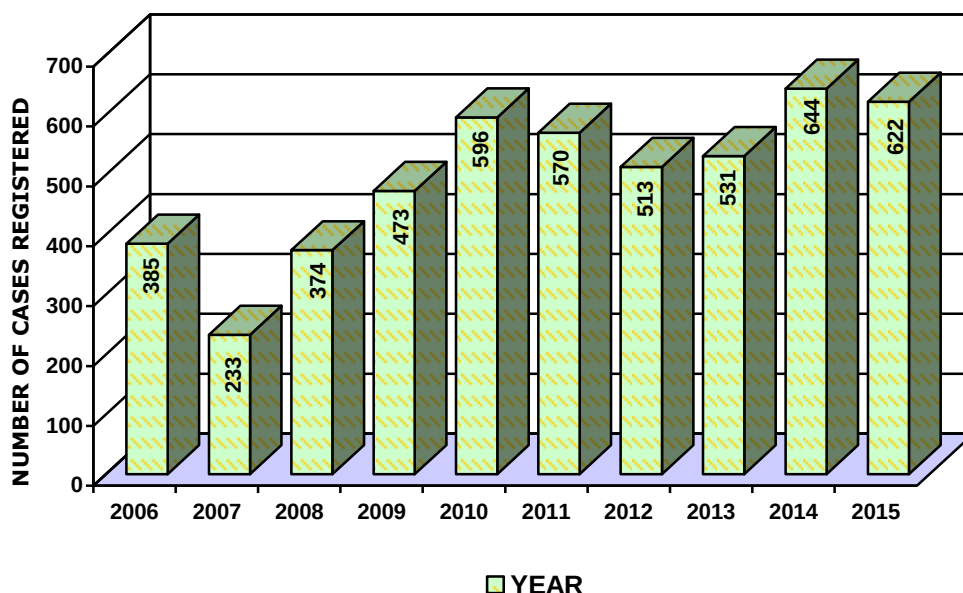
The main concentration on the incidence registered under this Act remains on District Kullu and Mandi with 38.4 % of the total registered cases. The analysis reveals that the main source / area of drugs are Kullu, Mandi, Kangra, Shimla and Chamba. Further couriers of this contraband are mostly agriculturists, laborers and poor people.

Of the total persons apprehended under this Act, 77.5 % belong to Himachal Pradesh and 22.5% were outsiders. Study of age profile shows that mostly adults between 18-30 years of age are involved (47.8%). About 38.3% were in the age group of 30-45 years. Above 45 years were 13.9%.

The participation of children below 18 years is negligible (1.5%). Only two Foreigners were involved in this activity. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.21

CHART-1.21

DETECTION UNDER ND&PS ACT DURING (2006-2015)



(iii). Gambling Act

The incidence (302) under the Gambling Act has been registered during the year, 2015. The highest cases (109) were reported in Una district followed by Kullu, Shimla (38 each), Kangra (26), Sirmaur (24), Baddi, Chamba (23 each) and Solan (13). The

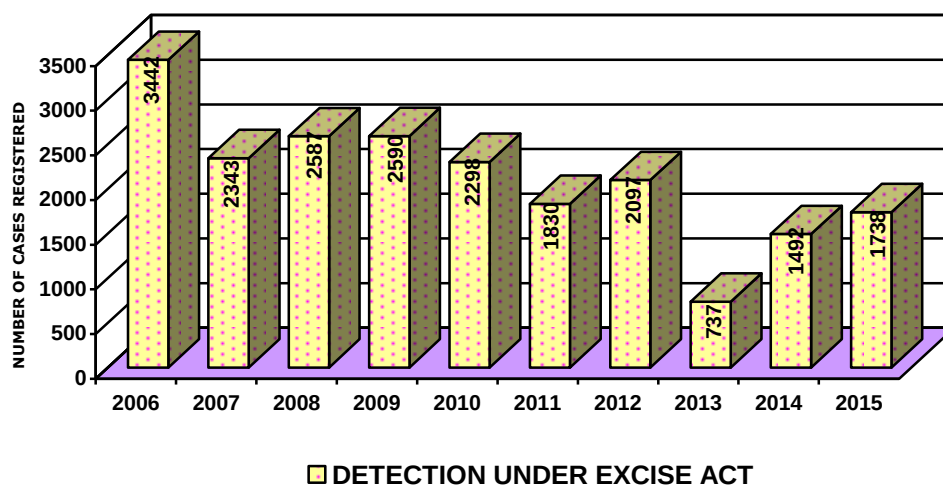
lowest incidence under this Act was seen in Mandi (3), Hamirpur, CID (2 each), Kinnaur (1) districts. No incidence under this Act was seen in Bilaspur and Lahaul-Spiti Districts.

(iv) Excise Act: (Increase 16.5%)

The incidence (1738) under the Excise Act showed an increase of 16.5% over 2014. Cases under this Act contributed 54% against the total LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) reported cases during the year 2015. The highest incidence (472) cases were reported in Kangra district followed by Mandi (278), Chamba (167), Shimla (159), Kullu (154), Sirmaur (106), Una (101), Baddi (73), Bilaspur (64), Hamirpur (61) and Solan (47). The lowest incidence under this Act was seen in Lahaul-Spiti (43), Kinnaur (9) and CID (4). Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.22

CHART-1.22

DETECTION UNDER EXCISE ACT DURING (2006-2015)

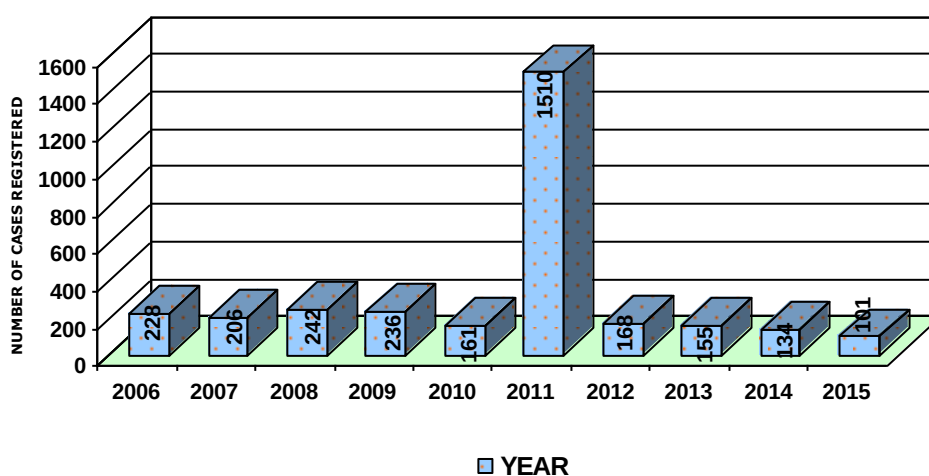


(v). Forest Act: (Decrease 24.6%)

The Incidence (101) under the Forest Act showed a decrease of 24.6% over 2014. Shimla districts have reported the highest incidence (16) followed by Kangra & Una (14 each), Mandi (12), Kullu (11), Sirmaur (10), Baddi, Chamba (7 each) and Bilaspur (3). The lowest incidence under this Act was seen in Hamirpur, Kinnaur, Solan (2 each) and CID (1). No case under this Act was reported in Lahaul & Spiti District.

The analysis reveals that majority of cases have been registered in Districts Shimla, Kangra, Una, Mandi, Kullu, Chamba, and Sirmaur. The encroachment on Forest Land, forest produce involved is timber, fuel wood, Guchhi, Resin, Walnut bark, Brich Bark, Brahmi leave and other herbal plants etc. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.23 .

CHART-1.23
DETECTION UNDER FOREST ACT DURING (2006-2015)



(vi). Protection of Civil Rights Act.

3 cases were registered under Protection of Civil Rights Act in Bilaspur, Kinnaur and Mandi (1 each) districts. No case under this Act was reported in rest of the districts of the State. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.24.

(vii) SC/ST (Prevention of Atrocities) Act.

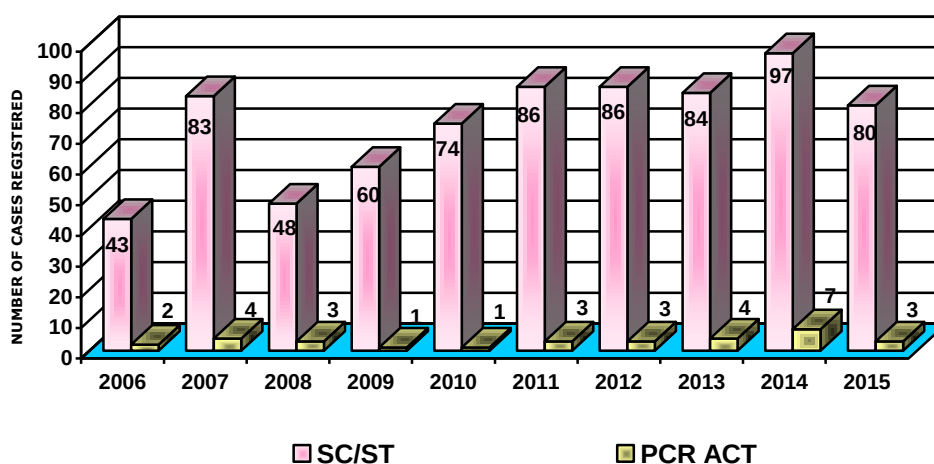
80 cases were registered under the SC/ST Prevention of Atrocities Act as against 97 cases of previous year. The highest incidence (26) cases were reported in Mandi followed by Hamirpur (16), Kangra (12), Una (8), Shimla (7), Kullu (6). The lowest incidence under this Act was seen in Bilaspur (3) and Sirmaur (2) districts. No incidence under this Act was reported in Baddi, Chamba, Kinnaur, Lahaul & Spiti and Solan districts.

The analysis reveals that crime under this head is high in districts Mandi, Hamirpur, Kangra, Una, Shimla and Kullu. The most common reason for registering cases under these Acts is a feeling of

being hurt when one is called by derogatory name. This comprises of 64% of the total cases registered. 21 % of the cases were registered because of land and water disputes. 4% were registered due to not allowing access to temples. The remaining were for election related matters and miscellaneous reasons. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.24.

CHART-1.24

CASES REGISTERED UNDER SC/ST & PCR ACT DURING (2006-2015)



(viii). Protection of Children from Sexual Offence Act.

3 cases were registered under POCSO Act in Mandi (2) and Shimla (1) districts. No case under this Act was reported in rest of the districts of the State.

(ix) Other Local & Special Law Cases: (including Wild life Act, PDP Act, EC Act etc.)

348 Local & Special Law cases reported under the Acts mentioned above. These have shown a decrease of 40.8% over the previous year. The highest incidence was reported from district Shimla (87).

During 2015 total number of 3214 cognizable crimes were reported in the state under various heads of (SLL) Local & Special Laws which shows an increase of 8.5% of the previous year.

It is observed that 8 specified crime heads accounted for 89 % of the total SLL crimes while the remaining 11% were clubbed as other SLL crimes. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.25

CHART-1.25

**CASES UNDER OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL)
CASES DURING (2006-2015)**

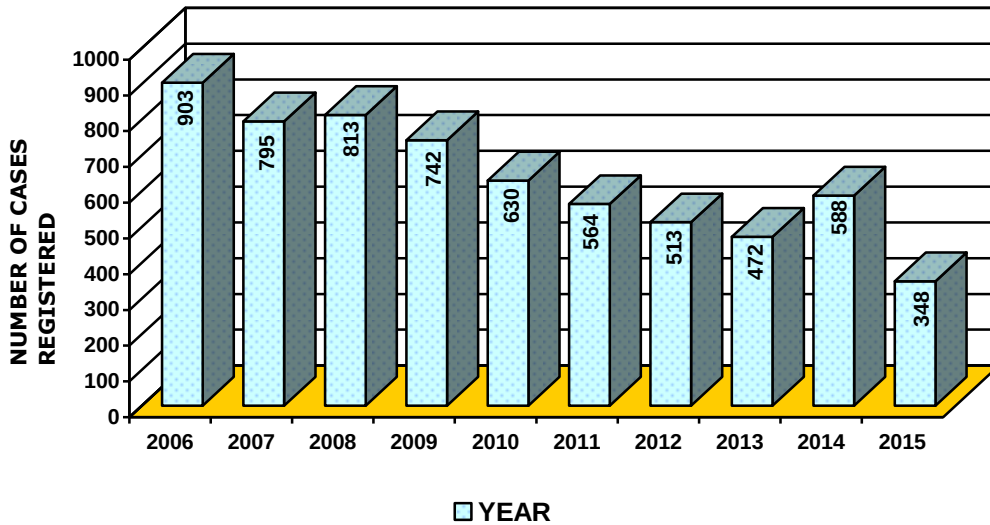
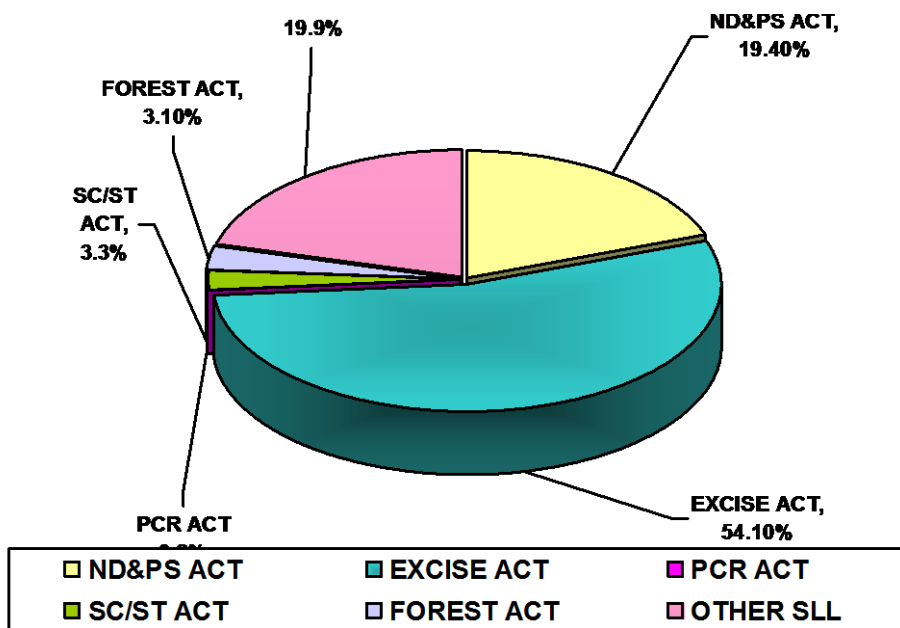


Table-1.13 presents incidence and rate of total Local & Special Law Crimes district wise. Table-14 gives district wise/Local & Special Law (SLL) Crime Head wise break-up of incidence and rate of Local & Special Law Crimes. The percentage distribution of Local & Special law cases is presented in Chart 1.26.

CHART-1.26

**PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF SLL CASES
DURING 2015**



MAP-1.1
INCIDENCE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES
(IPC+SLL) DURING -2015



TABLE-1.1

**INCIDENCE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES
(IPC+SLL) DURING -2015**

Sr. NO.	DISTRICT	NO. OF CASES REGISTERED UNDER IPC & SLL DURING -2015		
		IPC	SLL	TOTAL
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	PD BADDI	585	143	728
2.	BILASPUR	1137	144	1281
3.	CHAMBA	693	262	955
4.	HAMIRPUR	763	112	875
5.	KANGRA	2546	679	3225
6.	KINNAUR	192	19	211
7.	KULLU	847	353	1200
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	77	48	125
9.	MANDI	1907	470	2377
10.	SHIMLA	2445	388	2833
11.	SIRMAUR	914	203	1117
12.	SOLAN	778	87	865
13.	UNA	1097	283	1380
14.	GRP	10	0	10
15.	CID	16	23	39
16.	TOTAL	14007	3214	17221

TABLE-1.2

**INCIDENCE & RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIME UNDER INDIAN PENAL CODE (IPC)
AND SLL (2006-2015)**

S.NO.	YEAR	INCIDENCE			PERCENTAGE OF IPC CRIME TO TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIME	RATIO (SLL: IPC)
		IPC	SLL	TOTAL		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5) (3+4)	(6)	(7)
1	2006	13093	5003	18096	72.35	1 : 2.62
2	2007	14223	3664	17887	79.52	1 : 3.88
3	2008	13976	4067	18043	77.46	1 : 3.44
4	2009	13315	4103	17418	76.44	1 : 3.24
5	2010	13049	3760	16809	77.63	1 : 3.47
6	2011	14312	4563	18875	75.83	1 : 3.14
7	2012	12557	3380	15937	78.80	1 : 3.72
8	2013	13750	1983	15733	87.4	1 : 6.96
9	2014	14160	2962	17122	82.8	1 : 4.78
10	2015	14007	3214	17221	81.3	1:4.36

TABLE-1.3

INCIDENCE LEVEL OF IPC CRIME IN DISTRICTS DURING-2015

Sr. NO.	INCIDENCE RANGE	NUMBER OF DISTRICT	NAME OF DISTRICT	CASES REGISTERED IN 2015
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	Between 2000 to 3000	2	Kangra	2546
			Shimla	2445
2	Between 1500 to 2000	1	Mandi	1907
3	Between 1000 to 1500	2	Bilaspur	1137
			Una	1097
4	Between 500 to 1000	6	Sirmaur	914
			Kullu	847
			Solan	778
			Hamirpur	763
			Chamba	693
			Baddi	585
5	Below 500	4	Kinnaur	192
			Lahaul&Spiti	77
			CID	16
			GRP	10
			Total	14007

TABLE-1.4

**DISTRICT WISE RATE OF IPC CRIME DURING 2015
HIMACHAL PRADESH AVERAGE RATE : 204.3**

DISTRICTS WITH IPC CRIME RATE ABOVE THE STATE LEVEL AVERAGE			DISTRICTS WITH IPC CRIME RATE BELOW THE STATE LEVEL AVERAGE		
Sr. NO.	DISTRICT	RATE	SR. NO.	DISTRICT	RATE
(1).	(2).	(3).	(4).	(5).	(6).
1	SHIMLA	300.6	1	KULLU	193.6
2	BILASPUR	297.6	2	MANDI	190.8
3	LAHAUL & SPITI	244.2	3	SIRMAUR	172.4
4	SOLAN	242.8	4	KANGRA	168.9
5	BADDI	228.3	5	HAMIRPUR	168.0
6	KINNAUR	227.8	6	CHAMBA	133.6
7	UNA	210.5			

MAP-1.2
RATE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES (IPC) DURING – 2015

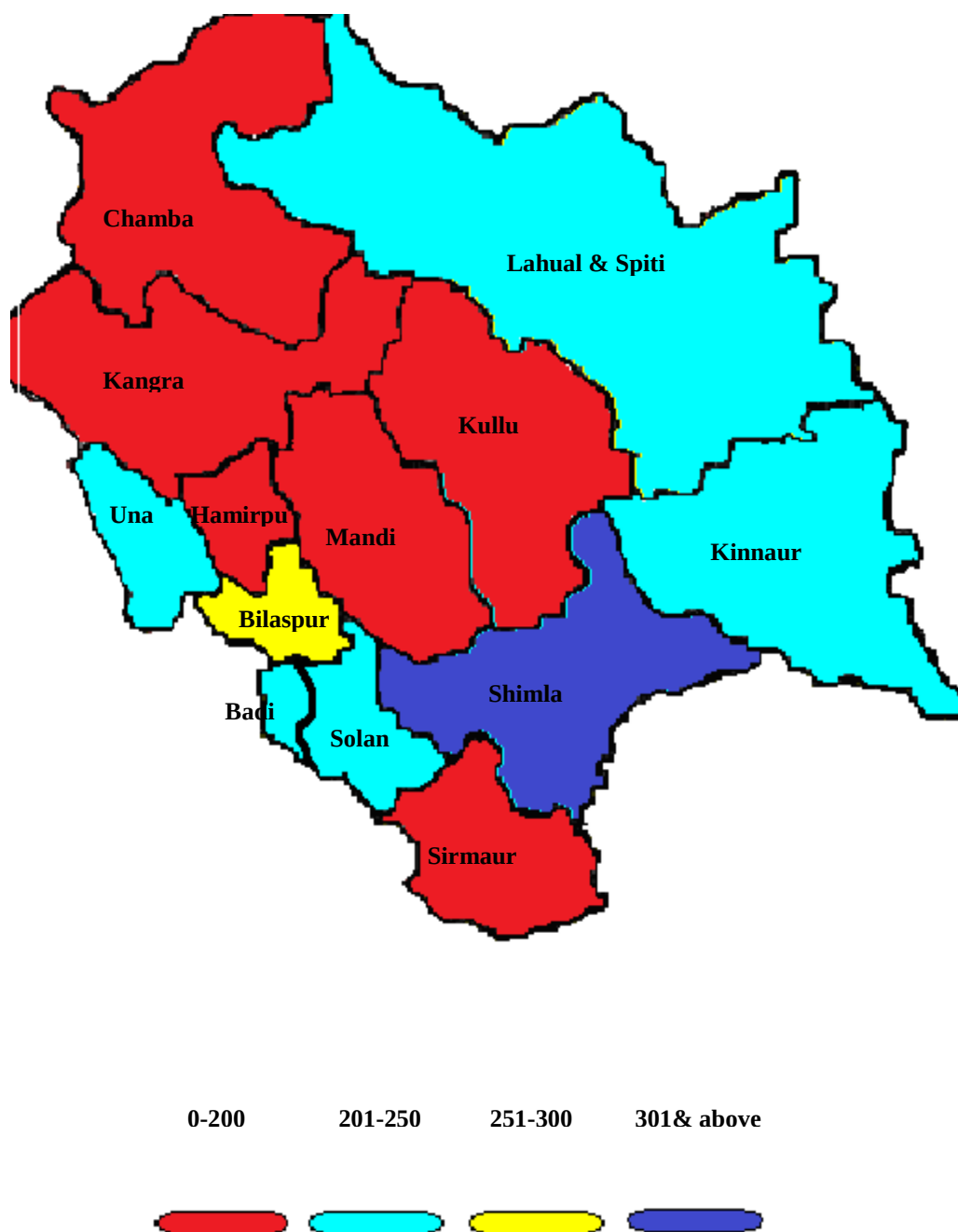


TABLE-1.5
COGNIZABLE CRIMES (IPC) UNDER DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS
DURING 2006-2015

Sr. NO	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Murder	111	127	129	125	132	130	113	104	130	106
2	Attempt to Murder	78	57	59	73	74	50	53	70	63	64
3	Culpable Homicide	17	9	5	13	12	6	9	6	9	7
4	Rape	113	158	157	183	160	168	183	250	283	244
5	Kid & Abd.	130	171	151	150	194	212	172	352	304	327
6	Dacoity	7	5	6	4	2	1	1	14	4	1
7	Robbery	29	22	20	21	11	10	10	14	16	5
8	Burglary	666	773	775	784	675	995	928	932	884	674
9	Theft	812	1091	1152	823	838	1042	769	818	652	550
10	Rioting	568	651	627	591	613	530	494	487	478	409
11	Grievous Hurt	814	850	837	851	923	1251	1173	1157	593	457
12	Dowry Death	4	7	3	1	2	4	2	0	1	2
13	Assault on women	274	323	293	318	348	331	250	493	538	434
14	Cruelty to Women	259	342	343	284	275	239	251	328	325	226
15	Accident	2740	2918	2735	3078	3072	3099	2899	2981	3058	3010
16	Other IPC offences	6471	6717	6684	6016	5718	6244	5250	5744	6822	7491
	TOTAL	13093	14221	13976	13315	13049	14312	12557	13750	14160	14007

TABLE-1.6
INCIDENCE AND RATE OF TOTAL IPC CRIME (HEAD-WISE)
ALONG WITH PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION
DURING 2015

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	INCIDENT	RATE	PERCENT AGE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	Murder	106	1.5	0.8
2	Attempt to Murder	64	0.9	0.5
3	Culpable Homicide	7	0.1	0.0
4	Rape	244	3.6	1.7
5	Kid & Abd.	327	4.8	2.3
6	Dacoity	1	0.0	0.0
7	Robbery	5	0.1	0.0
8	Burglary	674	9.8	4.8
9	Theft	550	8.0	3.9
10	Rioting	409	6.0	2.9
11	Hurt	457	6.7	3.3
12	Dowry Death	2	0.0	0.0
13	Assault on women	434	6.3	3.1
14	Cruelty to Women	226	3.3	1.6
15	Accident	3010	43.9	21.5
16	Other IPC offences	7491	109.3	53.5
	TOTAL	14007	204.3	100.0

TABLE-1.7
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF COGNIZABLE (IPC) CRIMES
UNDER DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS DURING 2006 TO 2015.

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Murder	0.85	0.89	0.92	0.94	1.01	0.91	0.90	0.8	0.9	0.8
2	Attempt to Murder	0.60	0.40	0.42	0.55	0.57	0.35	0.42	0.5	0.4	0.5
3	Culpable Homicide	0.13	0.06	0.04	0.10	0.09	0.04	0.07	0.0	0.1	0.0
4	Rape	0.86	1.11	1.12	1.37	1.23	1.17	1.46	1.8	2.0	1.7
5	Kid & Abd.	0.99	1.20	1.08	1.13	1.49	1.48	1.37	2.6	2.1	2.3
6	Dacoity	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.1	0.0	0.0
7	Robbery	0.22	0.15	0.14	0.16	0.08	0.07	0.08	0.1	0.1	0.0
8	Burglary	5.09	5.44	5.55	5.89	5.17	6.95	7.39	6.8	6.2	4.8
9	Theft	6.20	7.67	8.24	6.18	6.42	7.28	6.12	5.9	4.6	3.9
10	Rioting	4.34	4.58	4.49	4.44	4.70	3.70	3.93	3.5	3.4	2.9
11	Hurt	6.22	5.98	5.99	6.39	7.07	8.74	9.34	8.4	4.2	3.3
12	Dowry Death	0.03	0.05	0.02	0.07	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.0	0.0	0.0
13	Molesta- tion	2.09	2.27	2.10	2.39	2.67	2.31	1.99	3.6	3.7	3.1
14	Cruelty to Women	1.98	2.40	2.45	2.13	2.11	1.67	2.00	2.4	2.3	1.6
15	Accident	20.93	20.52	19.6	23.1	23.5 4	21.65	23.09	21.7	21.6	21.5
16	Other IPC offences	49.42	47.23	47.82	45.2	43.8 2	43.63	41.81	41.8	48.3	53.5
	TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.00	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE-1.8
INCIDENCE & RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES
(IPC DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2015

SR. NO.	DISTRICT / UNIT	INCIDENCE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES (IPC)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO STATE LEVEL TOTAL	POPULATION (IN LAKHS)	RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES	RANK OF CRIMINALITY
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	PD BADDI	585	4.2	2.56	228.3	5
2	BILASPUR	1137	8.1	3.83	297.6	2
3	CHAMBA	693	4.9	5.19	133.6	13
4	HAMIRPUR	763	5.4	4.55	168.0	12
5	KANGRA	2546	18.2	15.07	168.9	11
6	KINNAUR	192	1.4	0.84	227.8	6
7	KULLU	847	6.0	4.37	193.6	8
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	77	0.5	0.32	244.2	3
9	MANDI	1907	13.6	9.99	190.8	9
10	SHIMLA	2445	17.5	8.13	300.6	1
11	SIRMAUR	914	6.5	5.30	172.4	10
12	SOLAN	778	5.6	3.20	242.8	4
13	UNA	1097	7.8	5.21	210.5	7
14	GRP	10	0.1	0	0.0	
15	CID	16	0.1	0	0.0	
	TOTAL	14007	100.0	68.56	204.3	

MAP-1.3

INCIDENCE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES (IPC) DURING -2015

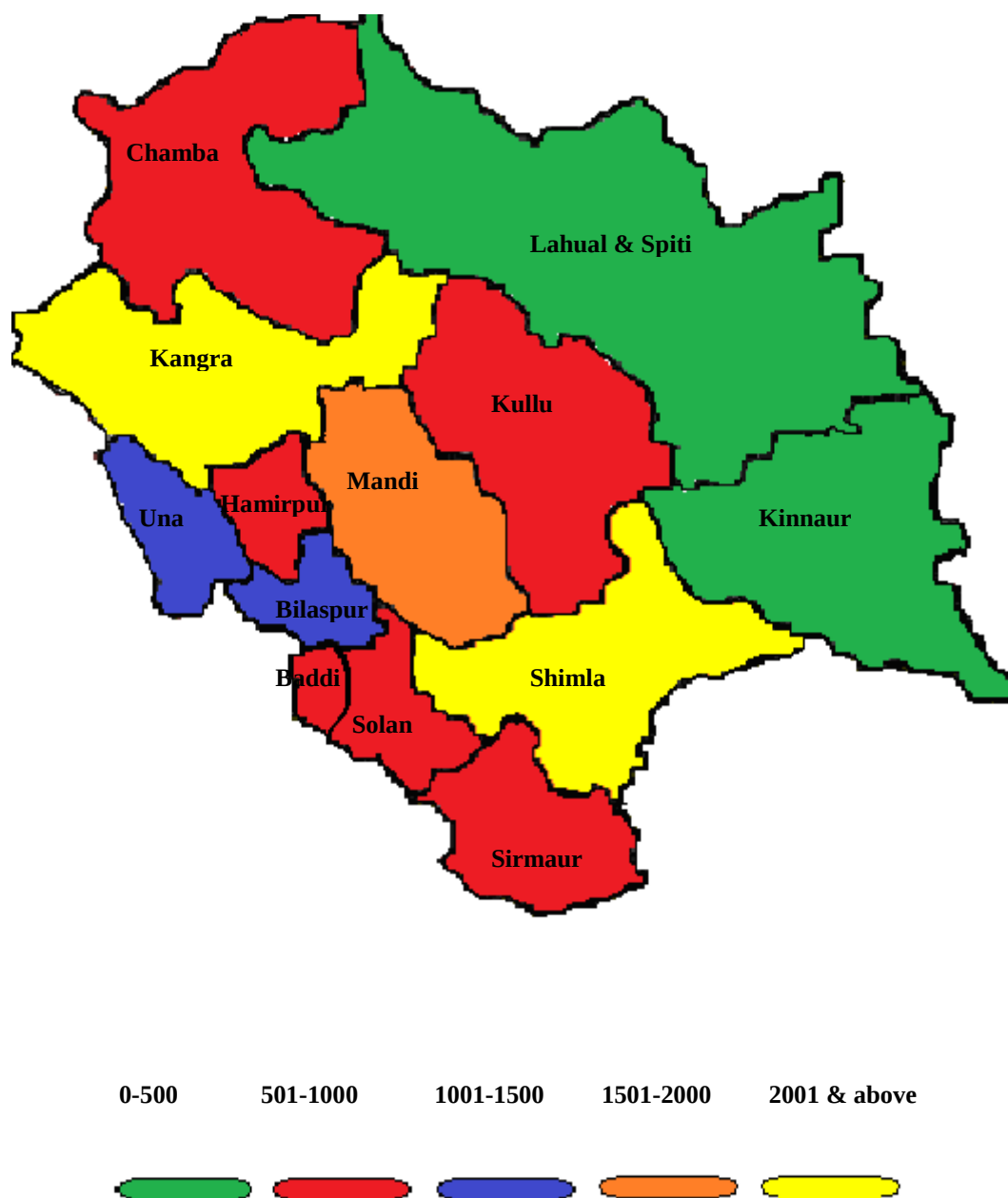


TABLE-1.9
INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF IPC CRIMES UNDER DIFFERENT
HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2015

SR. NO.	DISTRICT / UNIT	POPULATION	MURDER		ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER		CULPABLE HOMICIDE		RAPE	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	PD BADDI	256220	5	2.0	3	1.2	2	0.8	7	2.7
2	BILASPUR	382056	5	1.3	7	1.8	0	0.0	15	3.9
3	CHAMBA	518844	5	1.0	2	0.4	0	0.0	26	5.0
4	HAMIRPUR	454293	1	0.2	3	0.7	0	0.0	6	1.3
5	KANGRA	1507223	22	1.5	12	0.8	2	0.1	46	3.1
6	KINNAUR	84298	5	5.9	0	0.0	1	1.2	8	9.5
7	KULLU	437474	11	2.5	4	0.9	0	0.0	23	5.3
8	LAUHAL & SPTI	31528	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	9.5
9	MANDI	999518	10	1.0	12	1.2	0	0.0	29	2.9
10	SHIMLA	813384	14	1.7	8	1.0	0	0.0	24	3.0
11	SIRMAUR	530164	12	2.3	3	0.6	1	0.2	31	5.8
12	SOLAN	320450	9	2.8	2	0.6	0	0.0	8	2.5
13	UNA	521057	7	1.3	8	1.5	1	0.2	18	3.5
14	GRP	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
15	CID	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	TOTAL	6856509	106	1.5	64	0.9	7	0.1	244	3.6

TABLE-1.9 (CONTD.)

INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF IPC CRIMES UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2015

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION	Kid & Abd.		Dowry Death		Cruelty to Women		Assault On women	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	PD BADDI	256220	15	5.9	0	0.0	15	5.9	19	7.4
2	BILASPUR	382056	26	6.8	0	0.0	12	3.1	45	11.8
3	CHAMBA	518844	27	5.2	1	0.2	10	1.9	28	5.4
4	HAMIRPUR	454293	22	4.8	0	0.0	11	2.4	34	7.5
5	KANGRA	1507223	53	3.5	0	0.0	39	2.6	60	4.0
6	KINNAUR	84298	7	8.3	0	0.0	3	3.6	4	4.7
7	KULLU	437474	16	3.7	0	0.0	14	3.2	19	4.3
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
9	MANDI	999518	43	4.3	0	0.0	25	2.5	84	8.4
10	SHIMLA	813384	56	6.9	0	0.0	26	3.2	46	5.7
11	SIRMAUR	530164	27	5.1	0	0.0	17	3.2	52	9.8
12	SOLAN	320450	13	4.1	0	0.0	10	3.1	18	5.6
13	UNA	521057	22	4.2	1	0.2	44	8.4	25	4.8
14	GRP	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
15	CID	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	TOTAL	6856509	327	4.8	2	0.03	226	3.30	434	6.33

TABLE-1.9 (CONTD.)
INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF IPC CRIMES UNDER DIFFERENT
HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2015

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULA- TION	Grievous HURT		RIOTING		ACCIDENT		THEFT	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	PD BADDI	256220	23	9.0	29	11.3	167	65.2	37	14.4
2	BILASPUR	382056	36	9.4	42	11.0	220	57.6	27	7.1
3	CHAMBA	518844	33	6.4	29	5.6	115	22.2	15	2.9
4	HAMIRPUR	454293	53	11.7	15	3.3	142	31.3	31	6.8
5	KANGRA	1507223	85	5.6	72	4.8	483	32.0	64	4.2
6	KINNAUR	84298	6	7.1	10	11.9	37	43.9	12	14.2
7	KULLU	437474	30	6.9	15	3.4	185	42.3	30	6.9
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	1	3.2	1	3.2	13	41.2	0	0.0
9	MANDI	999518	62	6.2	47	4.7	430	43.0	62	6.2
10	SHIMLA	813384	32	3.9	37	4.5	461	56.7	108	13.3
11	SIRMAUR	530164	36	6.8	56	10.6	265	50.0	55	10.4
12	SOLAN	320450	23	7.2	26	8.1	237	74.0	60	18.7
13	UNA	521057	37	7.1	30	5.8	255	48.9	44	8.4
14	GRP	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	0.0
15	CID	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	TOTAL	6856509	457	6.7	409	6.0	3010	43.9	550	8.0

TABLE-1.9 (CONTD.)

INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF IPC CRIMES UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2015

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION	BURGLARY		DACOITY		ROBBERY		OTHER IPC	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	PD BADDI	256220	39	15.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	224	87.4
2	BILASPUR	382056	36	9.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	666	174.3
3	CHAMBA	518844	63	12.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	339	65.3
4	HAMIRPUR	454293	42	9.2	0	0.0	1	0.2	402	88.5
5	KANGRA	1507223	98	6.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	1510	100.2
6	KINNAUR	84298	11	13.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	88	104.4
7	KULLU	437474	38	8.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	462	105.6
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	59	187.1
9	MANDI	999518	97	9.7	0	0.0	1	0.1	1005	100.5
10	SHIMLA	813384	103	12.7	0	0.0	2	0.2	1528	187.9
11	SIRMAUR	530164	36	6.8	1	0.2	0	0.0	322	60.7
12	SOLAN	320450	50	15.6	0	0.0	1	0.3	321	100.2
13	UNA	521057	59	11.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	546	104.8
14	GRP	0	2	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	0.0
15	CID	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	16	0.0
	TOTAL	6856509	674	9.8	1	0.0	5	0.1	7491	109.3

TABLE-1.10

INCIDENCE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES UNDER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) IN DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS DURING 2006 TO 2015

S. NO	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	ARMS ACT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17
2	ND & PS ACT	385	233	374	473	596	570	513	531	644	622
3	GAMBLING ACT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	302
4	EXCISE ACT.	3442	2342	2587	2590	2298	1830	2097	737	1492	1738
5	P.C.R ACT	2	4	3	1	1	3	3	4	7	3
6	SC/ST ACT.	43	83	48	61	74	86	86	84	97	80
7	FOREST ACT	228	205	242	236	161	1510	168	155	134	101
8	POCSO ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
9	OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CRIMES	903	799	813	742	630	564	513	472	588	348
	TOTAL	5003	3666	4067	4103	3760	4563	3380	1983	2962	3214

TABLE-1.11

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES UNDER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) IN DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS DURING 2006 TO 2015

S. NO	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	ARMS ACT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.53
2	ND & PS ACT	7.70	6.36	9.20	11.53	15.9	12.49	15.18	26.8	21.7	19.4
3	GAMBLING ACT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.4
4	EXCISE ACT.	68.80	63.88	63.61	63.12	61.1	40.11	62.04	37.2	50.4	54.1
5	P.C.R ACT	0.04	0.11	0.07	0.02	0.0	0.07	0.09	0.2	0.2	0.1
6	SC/ST ACT.	0.86	2.26	1.18	1.49	2.0	1.88	2.54	4.2	3.3	2.5
7	FOREST ACT	4.56	5.59	5.95	5.76	4.3	33.09	4.97	7.8	4.5	3.1
8	POCSO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.1
9	OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW	18.05	21.79	19.99	18.08	16.8	12.36	15.18	23.8	19.9	10.8
	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE-1.12

CRIME HEAD WISE INCIDENCE AND CRIME RATE OF LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CASES IN DISTRICTS DURING 2015

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	STATE LEVEL		DISTRICT WITH THE HIGHEST	
		INCIDENCE	RATE	INCIDENCE	RATE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1	ND & PS ACT	622	9.1	Kullu (120)	1.75
2	EXCISE ACT.	1738	25.3	Kangra (472)	6.9
3	P.C.R ACT	3	0.0	Bilaspur (1) Kinnaur (1) Mandi (1)	0.015
4	SC/ST ACT.	80	1.2	Mandi (26)	0.38
5	FOREST ACT	101	1.5	Shimla (16)	0.23
6	POCSO ACT	3	0.0	Mandi (2)	0.029
7	OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CRIMES	667	9.7	Shimla (87)	1.27
	TOTAL	3214	46.9		

TABLE-1.13

INCIDENCE & RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES (SLL) LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW DISTRICT WISE DURING-2015

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	INCIDENCE OF TOTAL COGNIZ-ABLE CRIMES (LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBU-TION TO STATE LEVEL TOTAL	POPULATION	RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZ-ABLE CRIMES	RANK OF CRIMIN-ALITY
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	PD BADDI	143	4.4	256220	55.8	4
2	BILASPUR	144	4.5	382056	37.7	10
3	CHAMBA	262	8.2	518844	50.5	5
4	HAMIRPUR	112	3.5	454293	24.7	12
5	KANGRA	679	21.1	1507223	45.0	8
6	KINNAUR	19	0.6	84298	22.5	13
7	KULLU	353	11.0	437474	80.7	2
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	48	1.5	31528	152.2	1
9	MANDI	470	14.6	999518	47.0	7
10	SHIMLA	388	12.1	813384	47.7	6
11	SIRMAUR	203	6.3	530164	38.3	9
12	SOLAN	87	2.7	320450	27.1	11
13	UNA	283	8.8	521057	54.3	3
14	GRP	0	0.0	0	0.0	
15	CID	23	0.7	0	0.0	
	TOTAL	3214	100.0	6856509	46.9	

MAP-1.4

INCIDENCE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES (SLL) DURING – 2015

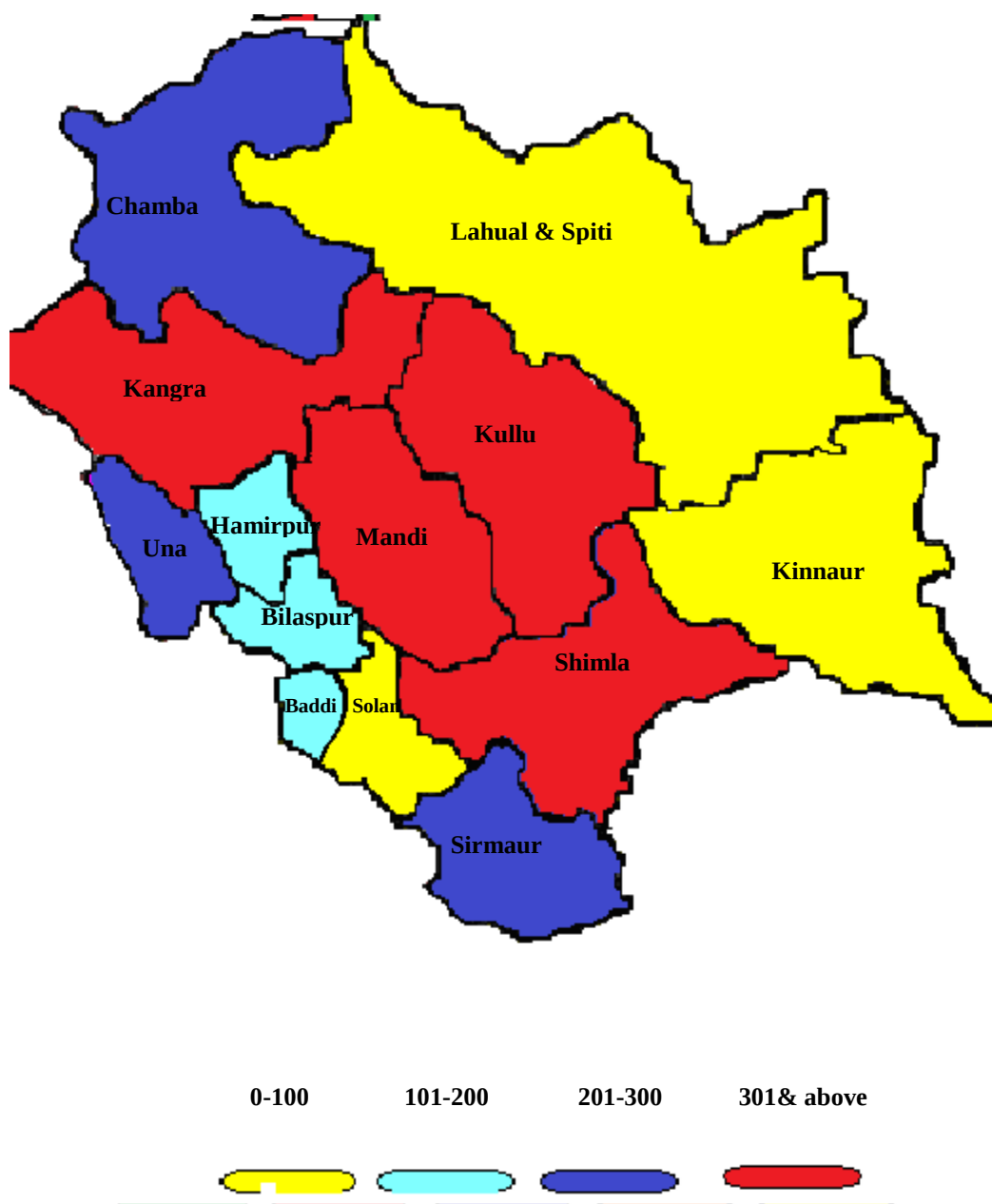


TABLE-1.14

**INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CRIMES
UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2015**

SR. NO.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION	ARMS ACT		ND&PS ACT		GAMBLING ACT	
			I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	PD BADDI	256220	3	1.2	25	9.8	23	9.0
2	BILASPUR	382056	1	0.3	25	6.5	0	0.0
3	CHAMBA	518844	0	0.0	56	10.8	23	4.4
4	HAMIRPUR	454293	2	0.4	20	4.4	2	0.4
5	KANGRA	1507223	2	0.1	93	6.2	26	1.7
6	KINNAUR	84298	0	0.0	2	2.4	1	1.2
7	KULLU	437474	1	0.2	120	27.4	38	8.7
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
9	MANDI	999518	0	0.0	119	11.9	3	0.3
10	SHIMLA	813384	0	0.0	80	9.8	38	4.7
11	SIRMAUR	530164	3	0.6	35	6.6	24	4.5
12	SOLAN	320450	0	0.0	15	4.7	13	4.1
13	UNA	521057	5	1.0	23	4.4	109	20.9
14	GRP	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
15	CID	0	0	0.0	9	0.0	2	0.0
	Total	6856509	17	0.2	622	9.1	302	4.4

TABLE-1.14 (CONTD.)

**INCIDENCE (I) RATE I OF LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) CRIMES
UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2015**

SR NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULA- TION	EXCISE ACT		PCR ACT		SC/ST (PROEV. OF ATROCITIES) ACT		POCSO ACT	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1	PD BADDI	256220	73	28.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
2	BILASPUR	382056	64	16.8	1	0.3	3	0.8	0	0.0
3	CHAMBA	518844	167	32.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
4	HAMIRPUR	454293	61	13.4	0	0.0	16	3.5	0	0.0
5	KANGRA	1507223	472	31.3	0	0.0	12	0.8	0	0.0
6	KINNAUR	84298	9	10.7	1	1.2	0	0.0	0	0.0
7	KULLU	437474	154	35.2	0	0.0	6	1.4	0	0.0
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	43	136.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
9	MANDI	999518	278	27.8	1	0.1	26	2.6	2	0.2
10	SHIMLA	813384	159	19.5	0	0.0	7	0.9	1	0.1
11	SIRMAUR	530164	106	20.0	0	0.0	2	0.4	0	0.0
12	SOLAN	320450	47	14.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
13	UNA	521057	101	19.4	0	0.0	8	1.5	0	0.0
14	GRP	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
15	CID	0	4	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	TOTAL	6856509	1738	25.3	3	0.04	80	1.17	3	0.04

**INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CRIMES
UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2015**

SR. NO.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION	FOREST ACT		OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAWS		TOTAL CRIME UNDER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW	
			I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	PD BADDI	256220	7	2.7	12	4.7	143	55.8
2	BILASPUR	382056	3	0.8	47	12.3	144	37.7
3	CHAMBA	518844	7	1.3	9	1.7	262	50.5
4	HAMIRPUR	454293	2	0.4	9	2.0	112	24.7
5	KANGRA	1507223	14	0.9	60	4.0	679	45.0
6	KINNAUR	84298	2	2.4	4	4.7	19	22.5
7	KULLU	437474	11	2.5	23	5.3	353	80.7
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	0	0.0	5	15.9	48	152.2
9	MANDI	999518	12	1.2	29	2.9	470	47.0
10	SHIMLA	813384	16	2.0	87	10.7	388	47.7
11	SIRMAUR	530164	10	1.9	23	4.3	203	38.3
12	SOLAN	320450	2	0.6	10	3.1	87	27.1
13	UNA	521057	14	2.7	23	4.4	283	54.3
14	GRP	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
15	CID	0	1	0.0	7	0.0	23	0.0
	Total	6856509	101	1.47	348	5.08	3214	46.88

CHAPTER-2

INCIDENCE OF CRIME AGAINST PROPERTY AND PERSONS IN HIMACHAL PRADESH

2.1 Crime against Property:

Offences under this head include the cases of **Theft, Burglary, Robbery & Dacoity**. The head wise analysis of crime against property has been done for the year 2015 and given as under:-

(i) Theft and Burglary:

During the year 2015, 550 cases of theft and 674 cases of burglary were found registered which showed a decrease of 102 cases in theft and 210 cases in burglary over the year 2014. The cases of both these heads have been categorized under major head namely:- Auto theft, theft of Cash and Jewellery, Cable theft, theft of electronic items and theft of other materials.

Incidence of theft cases is concentrated mostly in the 4 districts i.e Shimla Kangra, Mandi, and Solan. The analysis further shows that most of the cases took place in rural areas, Shimla being an exception 65 % of the persons involved in these crimes were local residents, 35 % being outsiders.

As far as the age profile goes 52 % of those involved in theft cases are in the age group of 18 to 30 years. 48% involved in burglary are also of the same age group.

(ii) Robbery and Dacoity:

During the year 2015, 6 each cases of robbery and dacoity were found registered. The cases of robbery is concentrated only in 4 districts namely; Shimla (2), Hamirpur, Mandi and Solan

(1each). On the other hand only 1 case of dacoity has been registered in Sirmaur district.

2.2 Value of Property Stolen and Recovered:

During the year 2014, property valued 1496.86 lakhs was reported stolen in 1259 cases as compared to 2276.99 lakhs in 1556 cases for the corresponding year.

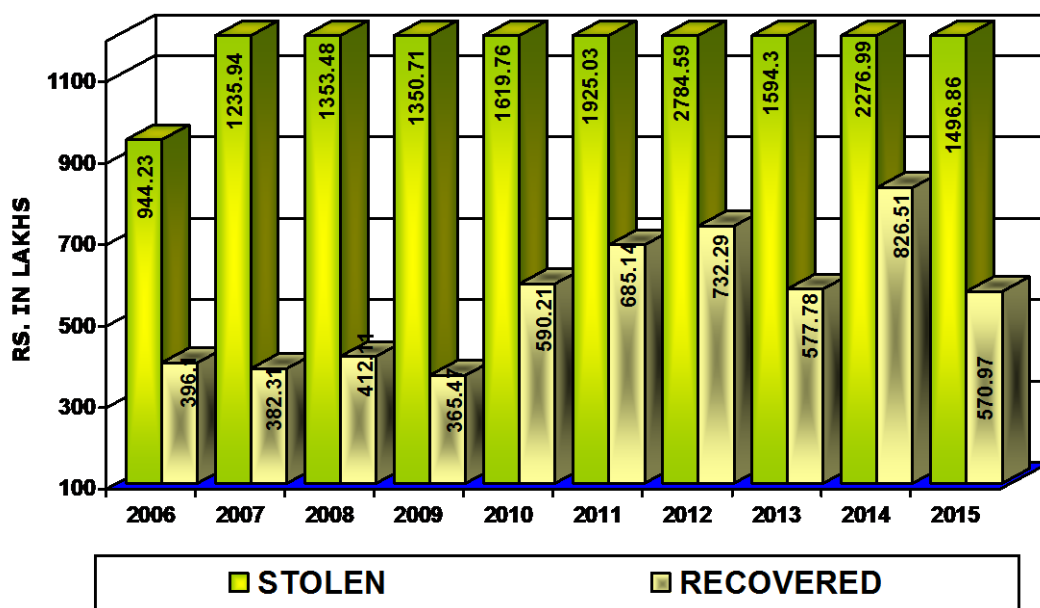
Property worth Rs. 570.97 lakhs was recovered during 2015. The percentage of recovery is 38.1%. The value of property recovered showed an increase of 5% over the previous year.

The details of property stolen and recovered, along with the percentage of recovery from the last 10 years (2006 to 2015) and variation are given in Table 2.1 .

The Chart 2.1 depicts the value of property stolen and recovered during 2006 to 2015.

CHART-2.1

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED DURING THE PERIOD 2006-2015

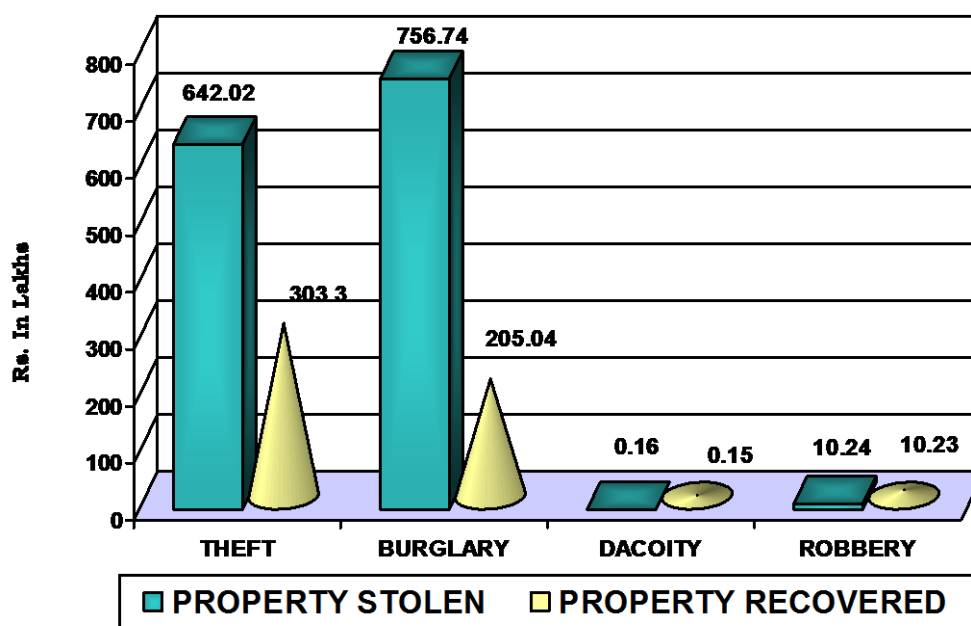


The Incidence of property cases reported and percentage of detection during 2015, head wise and district wise is available in Table 2.2.

Chart 2.2 represents the crime head wise, property stolen and recovered, during the year 2015.

CHART-2.2

**STOLEN AND RECOVERED PROPERTY
CRIME HEADWISE DURING 2015**



Crime head-wise and district-wise value of property stolen recovered including percentage of recoveries presented in Table 2.3.

Police District Baddi reported the highest value of property stolen (Rs. 2,17,04,831/-) followed by Kangra 1,92,07,013/-, Shimla (Rs.1,91,55,673/-), Solan (Rs. 1,88,35,816/-), Sirmaur (Rs.1,34,49,851/-), Hamirpur (Rs. 1,22,92,038/-), Bilaspur (Rs. 1,10,94,914/-), Mandi (Rs.1,08,93,836/-) and Una (Rs.1,04,11,738/-). Rest of Districts reported less than 1 crore value of property stolen.

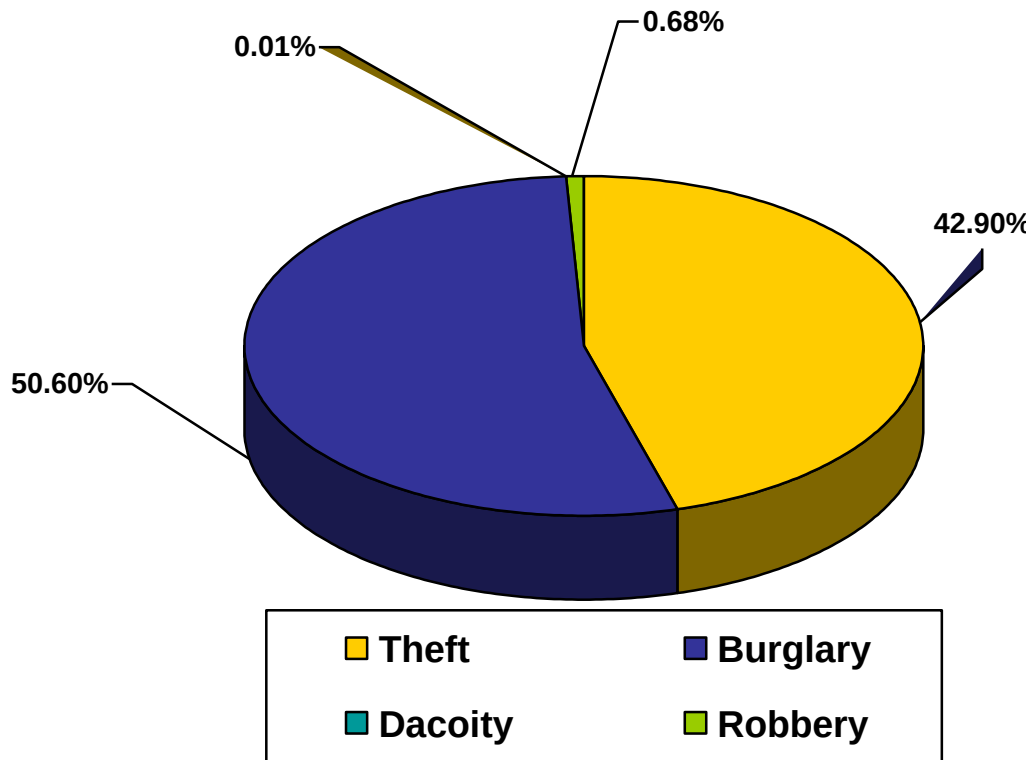
The highest value of recovery was seen from Police District Baddi (Rs. 96,07,332/-) followed by Solan (Rs. 95,80,979/-), Hamirpur Rs. 78,10,183/- Shimla (Rs. 64,79,547/-) and Bilaspur (Rs. 82,74,196/-).

In Kinnaur District 70.1 % of the stolen property was recovered followed by Kullu (65%), Hamirpur (63.5 %), Solan (50.9%) and Mandi (45.4%).

Chart 2.3 represents the crime head wise percentage of property stolen during the year 2015.

CHART-2.3

**PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY STOLEN
(HEAD WISE) DURING THE YEAR 2015**



2.3 Category of Offences (Incidence and Value):

Among 4 different types of property crimes, the maximum value of property (Rs.756.74 Lakhs) and share (50.6%) were seen under head Burglary. The minimum value of Rs. 0.16 Lakhs and share (0.01%) was seen under the category of crime under Dacoity.

The maximum value of property was recovered in Theft cases (53.12%) followed by Burglary (35.91%), Robbery (0.79%) and Dacoity (0.02%). The Robbery cases have shown a high recovery percentage (99.9%) followed by Dacoity (92.5%), theft (47.2%) and Burglary (27.1%). The crime head-wise value of property stolen and recovered over the last 10 years (2006 to 2015) is presented in Table 2.4 .

2.4 Nature of Property :

Nature of property under head theft and burglary have been classified into four different categories viz. Auto Theft, Theft of cash and Jewellery, Cable theft, Theft of electronic items, Chain Snatching/other snatching. Properties other than the above specified categories are clubbed as Other theft. The category wise number of cases in which property was found stolen and recovered therein and percentage thereof has been calculated and presented in Table 2.5.

2.5 Cultural Property:

Total Rs 7.38 lakhs worth of Cultural Property was stolen during 2015 in 18 cases. This constitutes 0.5% of total property lost. Statistics of Cultural Property stolen during 2015 are available in Table 2.6. The highest incidence 11 cases were reported in Shimla district followed by Bilaspur (3), Kangra (2) , Sirmaur and Solan (1 each).

Cases, where the most valuable properties were stolen, were reported in Bilaspur District property worth (Rs.3,85,000/-) stolen in 3 cases). In Shimla District, in 1 cases properties worth Rs.2,77,059/- were stolen.

The value of the property stolen by nature of property district wise during 2015, is presented in Table 2.6

CHART-2.4

**CRIME HEAD WISE PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY
RECOVERED DURING THE YEAR 2015**

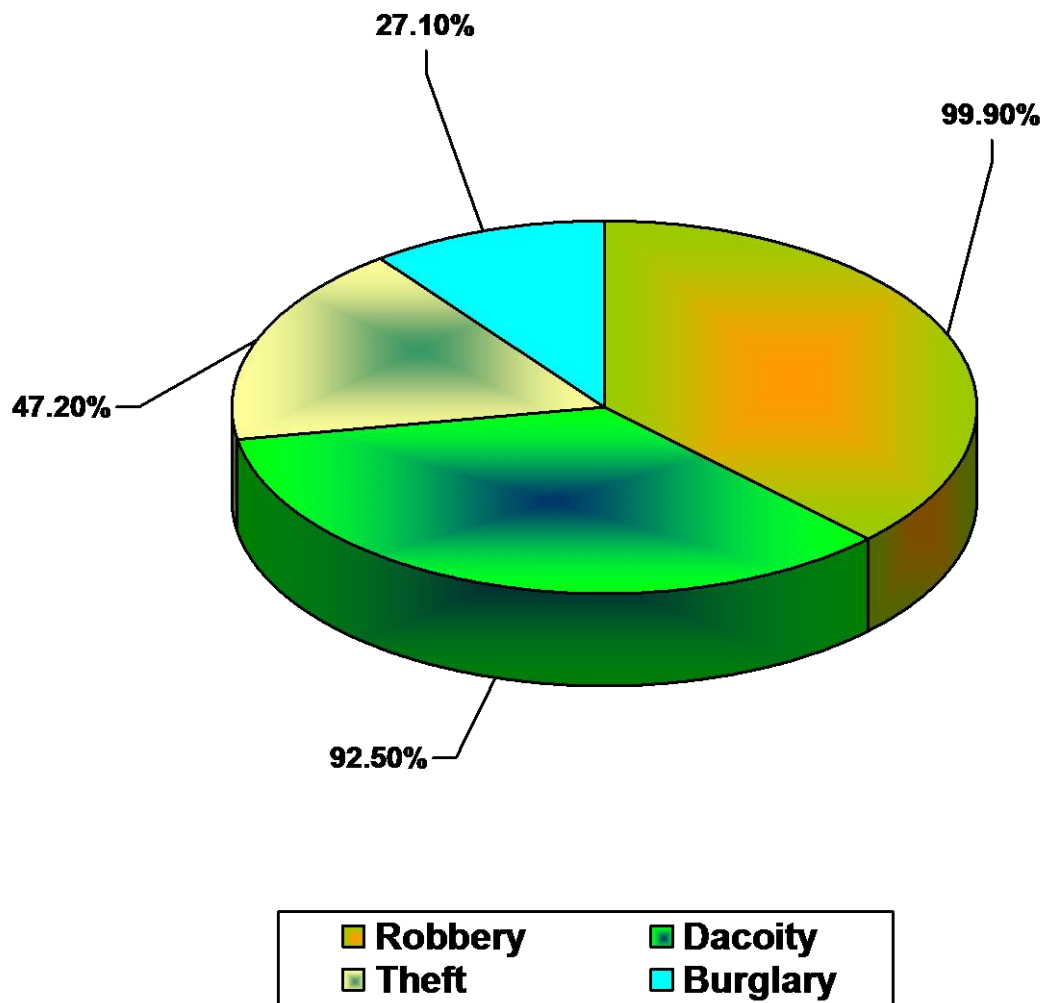


TABLE 2.1

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN & RECOVERED AND
PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS
(2006 TO 2015)

Sr. No.	Year	Total Value of Property (in Lakhs)		Percentage Recovery
		Stolen	Recovered	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	2006	944.23	396.10	41.95
2.	2007	1235.94	382.31	30.93
3.	2008	1353.48	412.11	30.45
4.	2009	1350.71	365.47	27.06
5.	2010	1619.76	590.22	36.44
6.	2011	1925.03	685.14	35.60
7.	2012	2784.59	732.29	26.30
8.	2013	1920.86	655.69	34.1
9.	2014	3309.86	1261.62	38.1
10.	2015	1496.86	570.97	38.1
Percentage change over 2014		-54.8	-54.7	0.1

TABLE 2.2

INCIDENCE OF PROPERTY CASES REPORTED AND % OF
DETECTION DURING -2015 (DISTRICT WISE)

SL. NO	DISTRICT	DACOITY			ROBBERY		
		INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTIO N	INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	Baddi	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
2.	Bilaspur	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
3.	Chamba	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
4.	Hamirpur	0	0	0.0	1	1	100
5.	Kangra	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
6.	Kinnaur	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
7.	Kullu	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
8.	L/Spiti	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
9.	Mandi	0	0	0.0	1	1	100
10.	Shimla	0	0	0.0	2	2	100
11.	Sirmaur	1	1	100	0	0	0.0
12.	Solan	0	0	0.0	1	1	100
13.	Una	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
14.	GRP	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
15.	CID	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
16.	TOTAL	1	1	100	5	5	100

TABLE 2.2 (CONTD.)

SL. NO	DISTRICT	BURGLARY			THEFT		
		INCIDENC E	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION	INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION
(1)	(2)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1.	Baddi	39	15	38.5	37	14	37.8
2.	Bilaspur	36	6	16.7	27	14	51.9
3.	Chamba	63	6	9.5	15	10	66.7
4.	Hamirpur	42	17	40.5	31	20	64.5
5.	Kangra	98	25	25.5	64	24	37.5
6.	Kinnaur	11	4	36.4	12	10	83.3
7.	Kullu	38	15	39.5	30	17	56.7
8.	L/Spiti	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
9.	Mandi	97	37	38.1	62	35	56.5
10.	Shimla	103	33	32.0	108	55	50.9
11.	Sirmaur	36	16	44.4	55	35	63.6
12.	Solan	50	5	10.0	60	29	48.3
13.	Una	59	13	22.0	44	20	45.5
14.	GRP	2	0	0.0	5	1	20.0
15.	CID	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
16.	TOTAL	674	192	28.5	550	284	51.6

TABLE 2.2 (CONTD.)

SL. NO	DISTRICT	Chain Snatching/other snatching			Other Kind of Property Offences not included above		
		INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION	INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION
(1)	(2)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1.	Baddi	0	0	0.0	1	1	100
2.	Bilaspur	0	0	0.0	3	3	100
3.	Chamba	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
4.	Hamirpur	0	0	0.0	8	6	75
5.	Kangra	0	0	0.0	13	2	15.4
6.	Kinnaur	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
7.	Kullu	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
8.	L/Spiti	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
9.	Mandi	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
10.	Shimla	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
11.	Sirmaur	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
12.	Solan	2	0	0.0	0	0	0
13.	Una	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
16.	TOTAL	2	0	0.0	27	12	44

TABLE 2.2 (CONTD.)

SL. NO	DISTRICT	TOTAL		
		INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION
(1)	(2)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1.	Baddi	77	30	39.0
2.	Bilaspur	66	23	34.8
3.	Chamba	78	16	20.5
4.	Hamirpur	82	44	53.7
5.	Kangra	175	51	29.1
6.	Kinnaur	23	14	60.9
7.	Kullu	68	32	47.1
8.	L/Spiti	0	0	0.0
9.	Mandi	160	73	45.6
10.	Shimla	213	90	42.3
11.	Sirmaur	92	52	56.5
12.	Solan	113	35	31.0
13.	Una	103	33	32.0
14.	R&T(GRP)	7	1	14.3
15.	CID	0	0	0.0
16.	TOTAL	1259	494	39.2

MAP- 2.1

**PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY CASES DETECTED
(WORKED OUT) -2015**

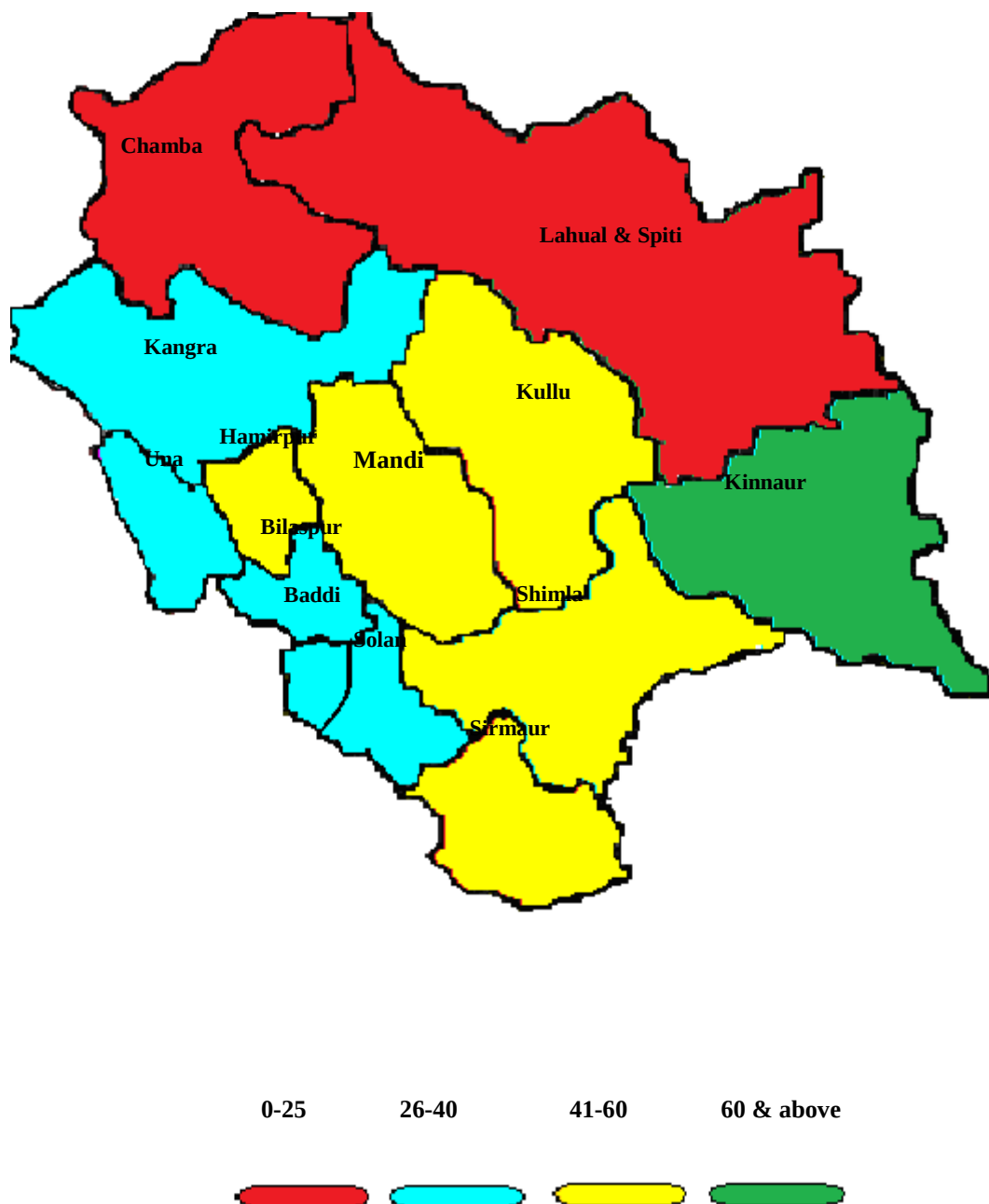


TABLE 2.3
DISTRICT-WISE VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN & RECOVERED AND PERCENTAGE DURING 2015

Sr No	Name of District	BURGLARY			THEFT		
		Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery	Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	Baddi	15731664	7548865	48.0	5923167	2008467	33.9
2.	Bilaspur	5037158	450220	8.9	5799650	1482650	25.6
3.	Chamba	830507	193236	23.3	739825	438033	59.2
4.	Hamirpur	5186920	1917765	37.0	2273430	1885730	82.9
5.	Kangra	9611323	952325	9.9	6021574	1278100	21.2
6.	Kinnaur	1038272	500000	48.2	794050	785050	98.9
7.	Kullu	3797977	1830920	48.2	5226674	4038000	77.3
8.	L/Spiti	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
9.	Mandi	7456787	2982287	40.0	3435209	1960950	57.1
10.	Shimla	9115698	1759143	19.3	9521979	4202404	44.1
11.	Sirmaur	5630460	1215100	21.6	7803391	2433465	31.2
12.	Solan	4835750	76625	1.6	13440066	9004354	67.0
13.	Una	7371578	1077784	14.6	3040160	801445	26.4
14.	GRP	30000	0	0.0	183770	14000	7.6
15.	CID	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
	TOTAL	75674094	20504270	27.1	64202945	30332648	47.2

TABLE 2.3 (CONTD.)
DISTRICT-WISE VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN & RECOVERED AND PERCENTAGE DURING 2015

Sr. No.	Name of District	DACOITY			ROBBERY		
		Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery	Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery
(1)	(2)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1.	PD Baddi	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	Bilaspur	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.	Chamba	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	Hamirpur	0	0	0	5000	5000	100
5.	Kangra	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	Kinnaur	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	Kullu	0	0	0	0	0	0
8.	L/Spiti	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	Mandi	0	0	0	1840	840	45.7
10.	Shimla	0	0	0	518000	518000	100
11.	Sirmaur	16000	14800	92.5	0	0	0
12.	Solan	0	0	0	500000	500000	100
13.	Una	0	0	0	0	0	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	16000	14800	92.5	1024840	1023840	99.9

TABLE 2.3 (CONTD.)

**DISTRICT-WISE VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN &
RECOVERED AND PERCENTAGE DURING 2015**

Sr N o	Name of District	Chain Snatching/other snatching			Other kind of property offences not included above		
		Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery	Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recover ed	% of Recover y
(1)	(2)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
16.	PD Baddi	0	0	0	50000	50000	100
17.	Bilaspur	0	0	0	258106	258106	100
18.	Chamba	0	0	0	0	0	0
19.	Hamirpur	0	0	0	4826688	4001688	82.9
20.	Kangra	0	0	0	3574116	912410	25.5
21.	Kinnaur	0	0	0	0	0	0
22.	Kullu	0	0	0	0	0	0
23.	L/Spiti	0	0	0	0	0	0
24.	Mandi	0	0	0	0	0	0
25.	Shimla	0	0	0	0	0	0
26.	Sirmaur	0	0	0	0	0	0
27.	Solan	60000	0	0	0	0	0
28.	Una	0	0	0	0	0	0
29.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0
30.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	60000	0.0	0	8708910	5222204	59.96

TABLE 2.3 (CONTD.)

**DISTRICT-WISE VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN &
RECOVERED AND PERCENTAGE DURING 2015**

Sr. No.	Name of District	TOTAL		
		Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery
(1)	(2)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1.	PD Baddi	21704831	9607332	44.3
2.	Bilaspur	11094914	2190976	19.7
3.	Chamba	1570332	631269	40.2
4.	Hamirpur	12292038	7810183	63.5
5.	Kangra	19207013	3142835	16.4
6.	Kinnaur	1832322	1285050	70.1
7.	Kullu	9024651	5868920	65.0
8.	L/Spiti	0	0	0.0
9.	Mandi	10893836	4944077	45.4
10.	Shimla	19155677	6479547	33.8
11.	Sirmaur	13449851	3663365	27.2
12.	Solan	18835816	9580979	50.9
13.	Una	10411738	1879229	18.0
14.	GRP	213770	14000	6.5
15.	CID	0	0	0.0
	TOTAL	149686789	57097762	38.1

TABLE 2.4
VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN & RECOVERED
(IN LAKHS) DURING THE LAST 10 YEARS
(2006 TO 2015)

YEAR		THEFT	BURGLARY	DACOITY	ROBBERY	TOTAL
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
2006	STOLEN	603.68	320.44	15.52	4.59	944.23
	RECOVERED	279.32	66.33	30.06	20.39	396.10
2007	STOLEN	797.17	354.70	40.92	43.15	1235.94
	RECOVERED	308.67	53.20	3.55	16.90	382.31
2008	STOLEN	834.75	418.23	80.31	20.19	1353.48
	RECOVERED	247.75	90.90	66.13	7.32	412.11
2009	STOLEN	800.54	485.54	33.14	31.51	1350.71
	RECOVERED	299.32	41.99	23.05	1.12	365.48
2010	STOLEN	983.50	612.69	7.38	16.19	1619.76
	RECOVERED	415.06	160.94	2.50	11.71	590.21
2011	STOLEN	1061.81	849.62	0.10	13.50	1925.03
	RECOVERED	522.47	152.86	0.00	9.80	685.14
2012	STOLEN	906.97	902.99	1.5	23.2	1834.66
	RECOVERED	464.81	137.81	0	16.38	619.00
2013	STOLEN	800.18	727.93	40.46	25.71	1594.28
	RECOVERED	452.97	86.92	29.97	7.9	577.76
2014	STOLEN	1082.93	1165.40	15.70	12.96	2276.99
	RECOVERED	626.19	189.73	6.0	4.58	826.5
2015	STOLEN	642.02	756.74	0.16	10.24	1409.16
	RECOVERED	303.3	205.04	0.15	10.25	10.24

TABLE 2.5
PERCENTAGE RECOVERY IN CASES UNDER THEFT DURING
2015
(BY NATURE OF PROPERTY)

Sr. No	Nature of Property	Number of cases in which property was		% of Recovery (cases)
		Stolen	Recovered	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	Communication and Electric Wire	30	24	80
2.	Cattle Theft	22	9	40.9
3.	Auto Theft,	250	113	45.2
4.	Fire Arms	4	2	50.0
5.	Theft electronic items	116	47	40.5
6.	Cultural Property	18	6	33.3
7.	Other kind of Property	815	293	36.0
8.	Total	1255	494	39.2

TABLE 2.6
DISTRICT WISE VALUE OF CULTURAL PROPERTY
STOLEN DURING 2015

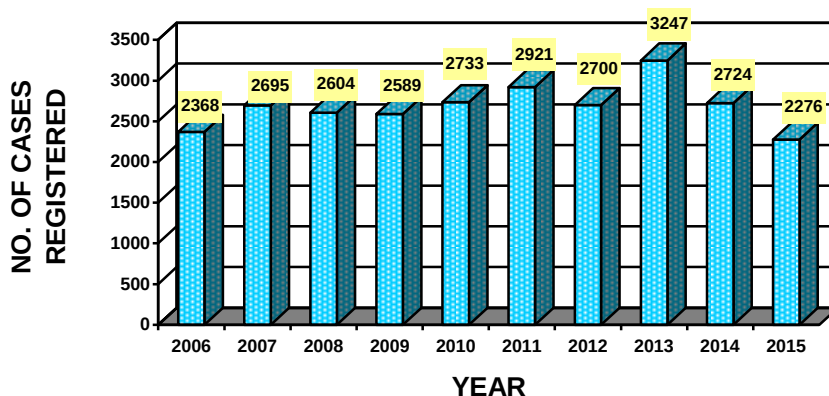
Sr. No.	Name of District	Number of cases in which property was Stolen	Value of stolen property (in Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	PD Baddi	0	0
2.	Bilaspur	3	385000
3.	Chamba	0	0
4.	Hamirpur	0	0
5.	Kangra	2	51200
6.	Kinnaur	0	0
7.	Kullu	0	0
8.	L/Spiti	0	0
9.	Mandi	0	0
10.	Shimla	11	277059
11.	Sirmaur	1	22000
12.	Solan	1	3100
13.	Una	0	0
14.	GRP	0	0
15.	CID	0	0
16.	TOTAL	18	738359

2.6 Crime Against Persons:-

The crime against persons includes 10 different types of crime heads viz. Murder, Culpable Homicide not Amounting to Murder, Attempt to Murder, Rape, Kid & Abd., Hurt, Rioting, Cruelty to Women, Molestation and Dowry deaths.

The analysis reveals that total 2276 incidence of crime against persons have occurred during the years 2015, which shows 16% of the total IPC Crime. The highest percentage of crime against persons over the total IPC recorded in district Sirmaur with 25.7 % followed by Chamba (23.2%), Kinnaur (22.9%), Una (23.1%), Bilaspur and Kullu (22% each), Kinnaur (22.9%), Baddi (20.2 %), Hamirpur (19.0%). The district-wise detail has been calculated and presented in Table 2.7. The district-wise incidence and their percentage over the IPC crime is depicted in Chart 2.5

CHART 2.5
CRIME AGAINST PERSONS FOR THE 10 YEARS
(2006-2015)



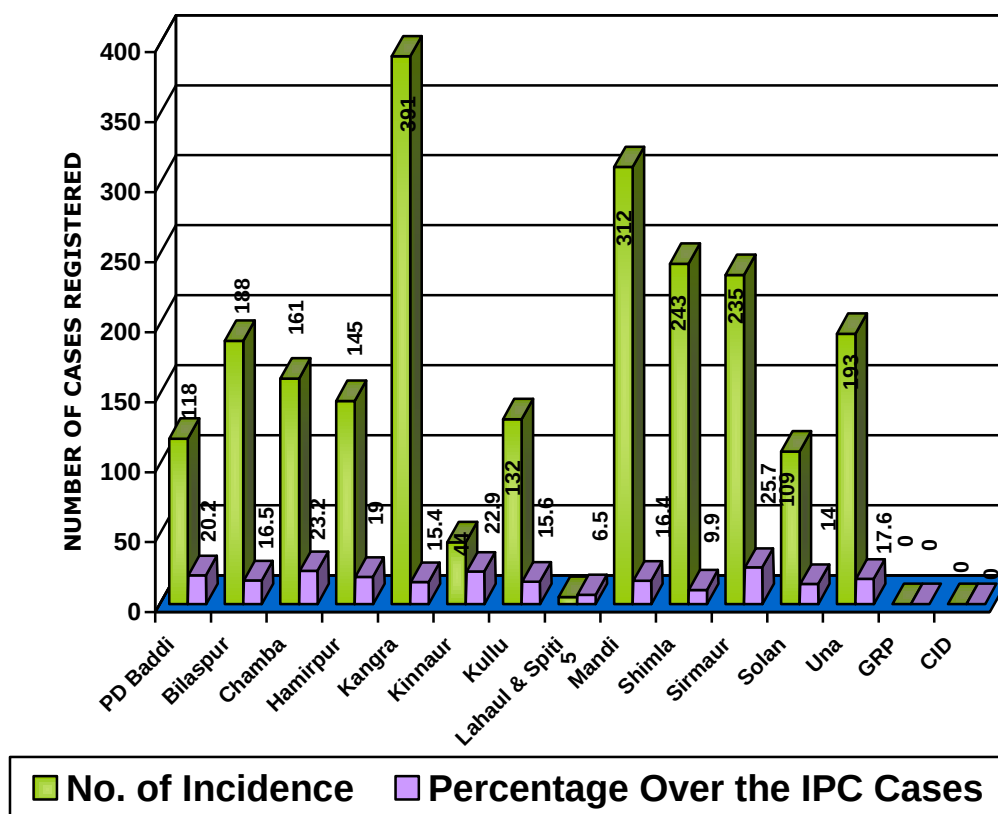
The incidence crime against persons has been recorded highest in district Kangra (391) followed by district Mandi (312), Shimla (243), Sirmaur (235), Una (193), Bilaspur (188), Chamba (161), Hamirpur (145), Kullu (132), Baddi (118), Solan (109), Kinnaur (44) Lahaul &

Spiti (5). The District-wise detail has been calculated and presented in Table 2.8.

The head-wise comparative analysis of incidence of crime against persons for the last 10 years (2006 to 2015) has been reviewed. During the year 2015, 2276 incidence has been recorded which showed a decrease of 448 cases over the previous year. The head-wise detailed figures for the last 10 years are depicted in Table 2.9. Chart 2.6 depicts the total crime against persons and its percentage over the total IPC Crime

CHART 2.6

CRIME AGAINST PERSONS AND ITS PERCENTAGE



The head-wise reported incidence of crime against persons and its review over the previous year has been analyzed and given as under:

(i) Murder:

During the year 2015, 106 incidence of “Murder” were reported which showed a decrease of 24 cases over the previous year. Analysis of the causes has revealed that no organized gang was operating in the State. In most of these cases crime were committed due to land disputes or murder for gain or personal enmity. Generally, sudden provocation or minor altercation was the reasons for commission of most of the murders. There was no class or caste factor involved in the commission of murder.

(ii) Attempt to Murder:

64 incidence of “Attempt to Murder” were reported during the year 2015 against the annual average of about 66 cases. The motive for the commission of this crime is also the same as mentioned under head ‘Murder’

(iii) C.H. not Amounting to Murder:

Only 7 incidence of “C.H. not Amounting to Murder” were reported during the year 2015 which showed a decrease of 2 case over the previous year.

(iv) Rape:

244 incidence of “Rape” were reported during the year 2015 which showed a decrease of 39 cases over the previous year.

(v) Kidnapping and Abduction:-

During the year 2015, 327 cases were registered which showed an increase of 23 cases over the previous year. The analysis shows that about 46.5% incidence of “Kid-Abd.” are reported in 3 districts i.e. Shimla, Kangra and Mandi. The remaining 53.5% cases were reported in the rest of 10 districts of the State.

(vi) Grievous Hurt:

Total 457 incidence of “Grievous Hurt” were reported during 2015. The analysis shows that about 51.9 % incidence of Grievous hurt are reported in 4 districts i.e. Hamirpur, Kangra, Mandi and Una. The remaining 48.1% cases were reported in the rest of 9 districts of the State.

(vii) Rioting:

During the year 2015, 409 incidence of “Rioting” were reported in the State against the 478 incidence of previous year which showed a decrease of 69 cases over the year 2014. The analysis shows that about 53.05 % incidence of rioting are reported in 4 districts i.e. Hamirpur, Sirmaur, Mandi and Bilaspur. The remaining 46.9% cases were reported in the rest of 9 districts of the State.

(viii) Cruelty to Women:

A total of 226 Cases of “Cruelty to Women” were reported in the State during the year 2015 thus showing a decrease of 99 cases over the year 2014. The incidence under this head has been reviewed in detail in the separate chapter “Crime against Women”

(ix) Assault on women:

During the year 2015, 434 incidence of “Molestation” were reported in the State as against the 538 incidence of previous year which showed a decrease of 104 cases over the year 2014. The incidence under this head has been reviewed in detail in the separate chapter “Crime against Women”

(x) Dowry Deaths:

During the year 2015, 2 incidence of “Dowry Deaths” were reported in the State in Chamba and Una districts showing an increase of 1 case over the previous year. The incidence under this head has been reviewed in detail in the separate chapter “Crime against Women”

2.7 Overall Review of Crime Against Person:

The overall review on the incidences of crime against persons are more in districts Kangra, Mandi, Shimla and Sirmaur as compared to the other districts of the State. The reasons for commission of offences under this category are family disputes, land disputes, enmity with neighbours/villagers, domestic violence & sudden provocation.

Some of the facts that have come out during the study review are:-

- (i) Offences of murder have taken place in the entire State with no specific concentration.
- (ii) 89% of the persons involved are locals, the remaining 11% being outsiders.
- (iii) 1.05% of the accused in this crime are in the age-group below 18 years, 46% of the persons involved in the commission of this crime are in the age group of 18 to 30 years, 35% belong to the category of 30-45 years and the remaining 17% are more than 45 years in age.

MAP-2.2
PERCENTAGE OF CRIME AGAINST PERSONS DURING 2015
(DISTRICT WISE)

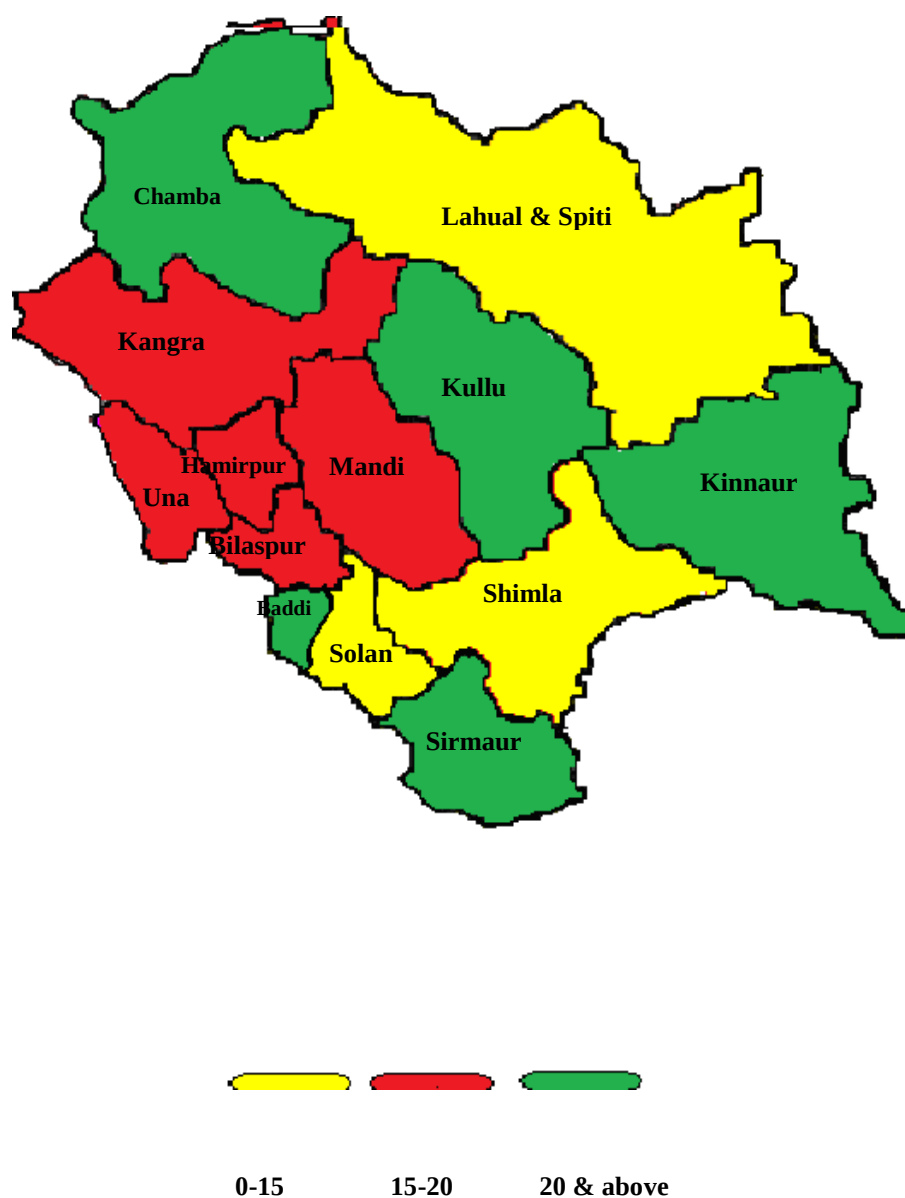


TABLE 2.7
PERCENTAGE OF CRIME AGAINST PERSON OVER THE
TOTAL IPC CRIME FOR THE YEAR 2015

Sr. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	Total Cases of Crime Against Person	Total IPC Crime	Percentage of Crime Against Persons Against Total IPC Crime
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	PD BADDI	118	585	20.2
2	BILASPUR	188	1137	16.5
3	CHAMBA	161	693	23.2
4	HAMIRPUR	145	763	19.0
5	KANGRA	391	2546	15.4
6	KINNAUR	44	192	22.9
7	KULLU	132	847	15.6
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	5	77	6.5
9	MANDI	312	1907	16.4
10	SHIMLA	243	2445	9.9
11	SIRMAUR	235	914	25.7
12	SOLAN	109	778	14.0
13	UNA	193	1097	17.6
14	GRP	0	10	0.0
15	CID	0	16	0.0
16	TOTAL	2276	14007	16.2

TABLE 2.8
DISTRICT WISE AND HEAD WISE CRIME AGAINST
PERSON DURING-2015

Sr. NO.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	Murder	Culpable Homicide	Attempt to murder	Rape	Kid & Abd.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	PD BADDI	5	2	3	7	15
2	BILASPUR	5	0	7	15	26
3	CHAMBA	5	0	2	26	27
4	HAMIRPUR	1	0	3	6	22
5	KANGRA	22	2	12	46	53
6	KINNAUR	5	1	0	8	7
7	KULLU	11	0	4	23	16
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	3	0
9	MANDI	10	0	12	29	43
10	SHIMLA	14	0	8	24	56
11	SIRMAUR	12	1	3	31	27
12	SOLAN	9	0	2	8	13
13	UNA	7	1	8	18	22
14	GRP	0	0	0	0	0
15	CID	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	106	7	64	244	327

TABLE 2.8 (CONTD.)

**DISTRICT WISE AND HEAD WISE AGAINST PERSON
FOR THE YEAR 2015**

Sr. NO.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	Dowry Death	Cruelty to women	Assault On women	Grievous Hurt	Rioting	TOTAL (3 to 12)
(1)	(2)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1	PD BADDI	0	15	19	23	29	118
2	BILASPUR	0	12	45	36	42	188
3	CHAMBA	1	10	28	33	29	161
4	HAMIRPUR	0	11	34	53	15	145
5	KANGRA	0	39	60	85	72	391
6	KINNAUR	0	3	4	6	10	44
7	KULLU	0	14	19	30	15	132
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	1	1	5
9	MANDI	0	25	84	62	47	312
10	SHIMLA	0	26	46	32	37	243
11	SIRMAUR	0	17	52	36	56	235
12	SOLAN	0	10	18	23	26	109
13	UNA	1	44	25	37	30	193
14	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	2	226	434	457	409	2276

TABLE 2.9

**HEADWISE CRIME AGAINST PERSON
DURING 2006-2015**

S. NO.	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Murder	111	127	129	125	132	130	113	104	130	106
2	Culpable Homicide	17	9	5	13	12	6	9	6	9	7
3	Attempt to murder	78	57	59	73	74	50	53	70	63	64
4	Rape	113	158	157	183	160	168	183	250	283	244
5	Kid & Abd.	130	171	151	150	194	212	172	352	304	327
6	Dowry Death	4	7	3	1	2	4	2	0	1	2
7	Cruelty to women	259	342	343	284	275	239	251	328	325	226
8	Assault on women	274	323	293	318	348	331	250	493	538	434
9	Hurt, G/Hurt	814	850	837	851	923	1251	1173	1157	593	457
10	Rioting	568	651	627	591	613	530	494	487	478	409
	TOTAL	2368	2695	2604	2589	2733	2921	2700	3247	2724	2276

CHAPTER-3

TRENDS IN DISPOSAL OF IPC CRIMES AND SLL CRIMES BY POLICE AND COURTS

3.1 Disposal by Police

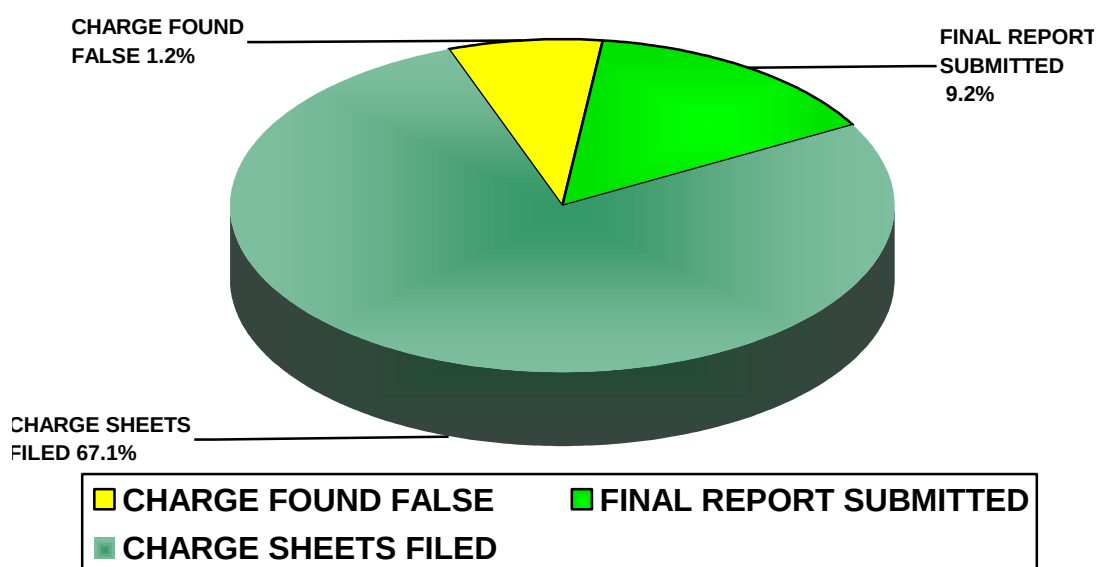
3.1.1 Cases under IPC:

During 2015 total number of 16794 cases including cases pending from the previous years were under investigation. Out of these, approximately 13926 cases were disposed by the Police during the year and 2868 cases remain pending for investigation.

Table-3.1 presents the details of crime head wise police disposal during 2015. Tables-3.2 & 3.3 give district wise details of disposal and percentage of disposal respectively. The percentage and type of disposal of Under Investigation (IPC) cases by police during 2015 is depicted in Chart-3.1.

CHART-3.1

PERCENTAGE DISPOSAL OF UNDER INVESTIGATION (IPC) CASES BY POLICE DURING-2015



Less than 58.3% of the cases relating to C.H. not amounting to murder, Cheating were disposed. They represent the lowest disposal rate. The heads under which disposal of cases remained the highest are Dacoity (100%), Grievous Hurt (95.1%), Other IPC crimes (90.2%), Assault on Women (86%) and (Rape (76.2%),

3.1.2 Pendency:

On an average, 17.1% cases remained under investigation. In the following districts, pendency was the highest and the disposal lowest:-

CID	:	88.2%
GRP	:	71.4 %
Baddi	:	21.1 %
Shimla	:	20.9%
Solan	:	20.1%
Kullu	:	19.1 %
Una	:	18.8%
Hamirpur	:	17.7%
Kangra	:	15.9
Bilaspur	:	15.1 %
Sirmaur	:	14.9%
Kinnaur	:	14.9%

The least pendency/best disposals were seen in:--

Chamba	:	10.2 %
L&S	:	11.2 %
Mandi	:	13%

3.1.3 Charge Sheet Rate of IPC Crimes:

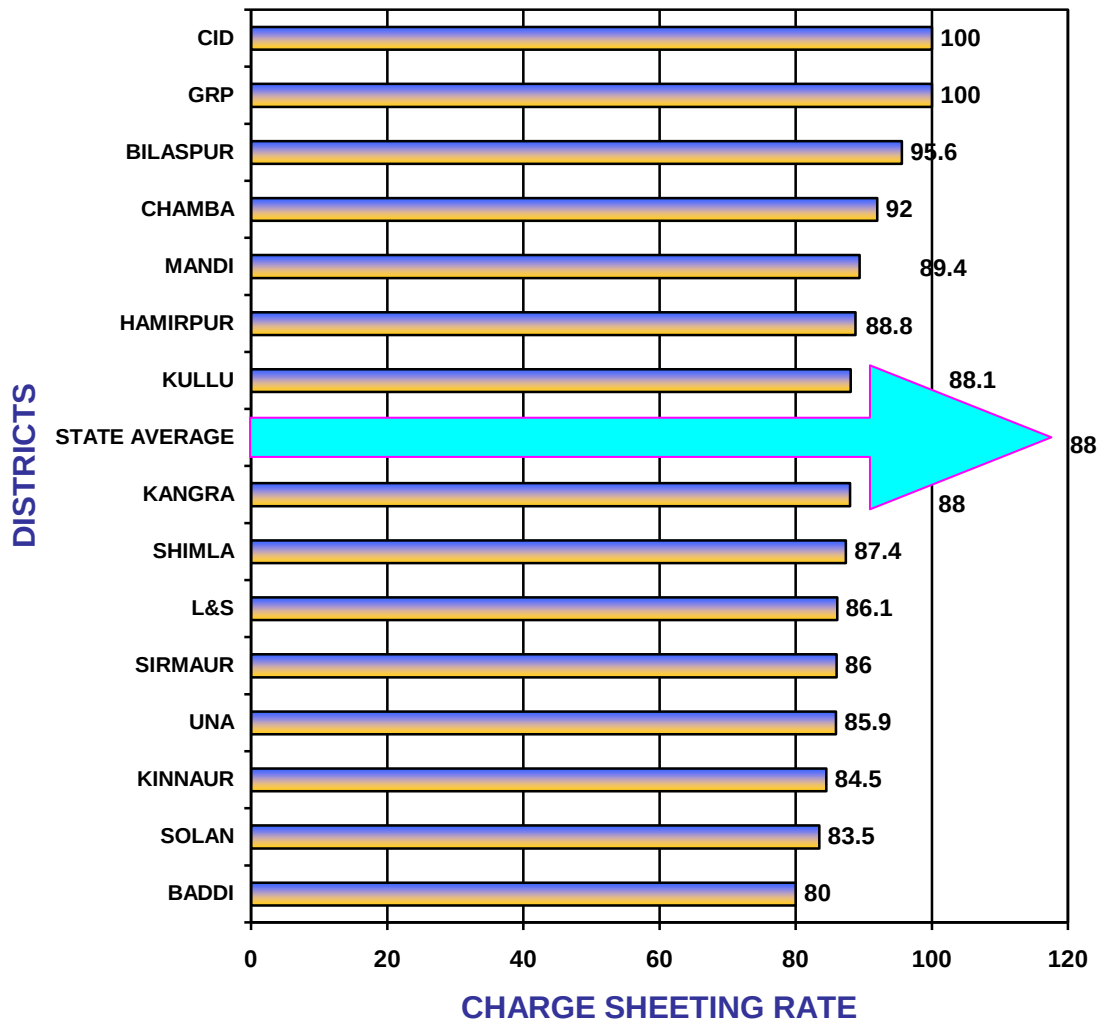
Chart-3.2 depicts the district wise Charge sheeting rate in descending order. The average Charge-sheeting rate for the State is

88.0 The following districts have shown a considerably higher percentage of Charge-Sheeting rate:-

Bilaspur	:	95.6%
Chamba	:	92 %
Mandi	:	89.4%
Hamirpur	:	88.8%

CHART-3.2

**DISTRICT WISE DISPOSAL OF IPC CASES BY POLICE
(CHARGE SHEETING RATE) DURING-2015**



3.1.4 Case Under SLL:

The disposal of SLL cases by Police under different crime heads is available at Table-3.4. Of the total 3779 cases (including the pending cases from the previous year) pending investigation, police disposed 83.7 % cases. Chart-3.3 presents the type of disposal of SLL cases.

CHART-3.3
PERCENTAGE DISPOSAL OF SLL CASES
BY POLICE DURING 2015

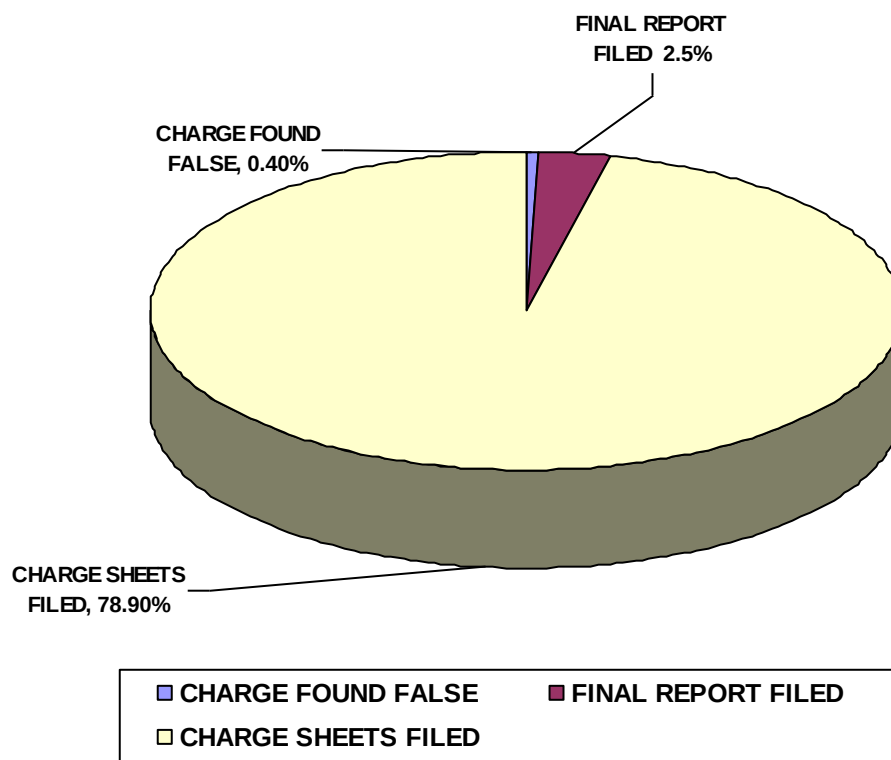
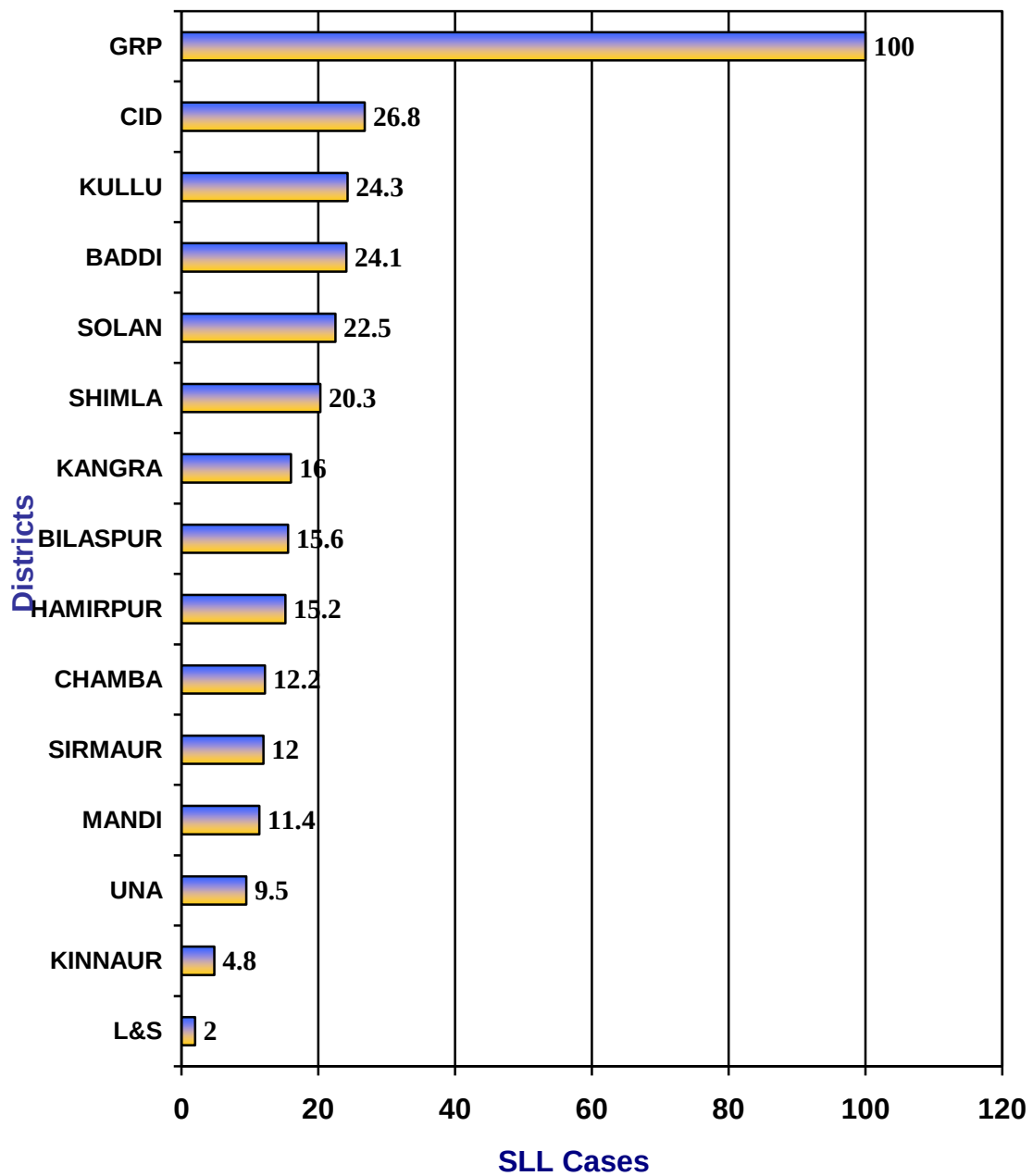


Table-3.5 shows disposal of SLL cases by the police District wise. Totally 613 cases are pending investigation. District having the maximum pendency are:-

Kangra	:	124
Kullu	:	96
Shimla	:	92
Mandi	:	64

District wise pendency details are available in Chart-3.4. In descending order. Percentage of disposal of SLL by the police is present in Table 3.6.

CHART-3.4
DISPOSAL OF SLL CASES BY POLICE (PENDENCY PERCENTAGE) DURING -2015 DISTRICT WISE



3.2 Disposal By Courts

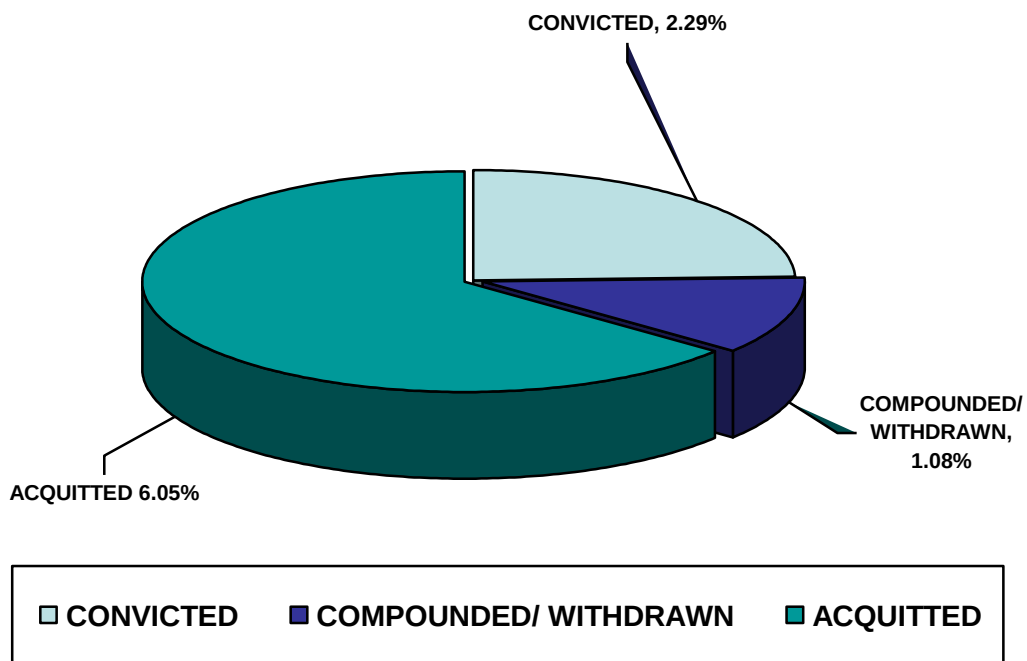
3.2.1 Cases Under IPC:

Disposal of IPC cases by Courts during 2015 is available in Table 3.7. During 2015 there were 84292 cases pending trial (including the pending cases from the previous years). 76349 of IPC cases remained pending trial at end of the year. The percentage of disposals during the year was 8.34% (excluding cases compound/withdrawn by court).

The District wise disposal figures available in Table-3.8 and percentage of disposal is available in Table-3.9. The highest pendency percentage of cases is seen in Kangra District (96.6%). The largest number of cases is also pending trial in Kangra District (16924) which has a pendency of 22.16% of state level. Chart-3.5 depicts percentage disposal of IPC cases by the courts during 2015.

CHART-3.5

PERCENTAGE DISPOSAL OF IPC CASES BY COURTS DURING-2015.



3.2.2 Cases Under SLL:-

Disposal of SLL cases by Courts during 2015 head wise is available in Table-3.10. There were 22855 cases pending trial (including the pending cases from the previous years) at the beginning of 2015. Cases which remained pending trial at end of the year were 20141. The percentage of disposals is 11.9%.

Table 3.11 Shows district wise pendency and its share in the state pendency, Distt. Kangra (9693) followed by Kullu (2608), Shimla (1961) and Mandi (1891) cases. Chart-3.6 Shows percentage disposal of SLL cases by the Courts during 2015.

CHART-3.6

PERCENTAGE DISPOSAL OF SLL CASES BY COURTS DURING 2015

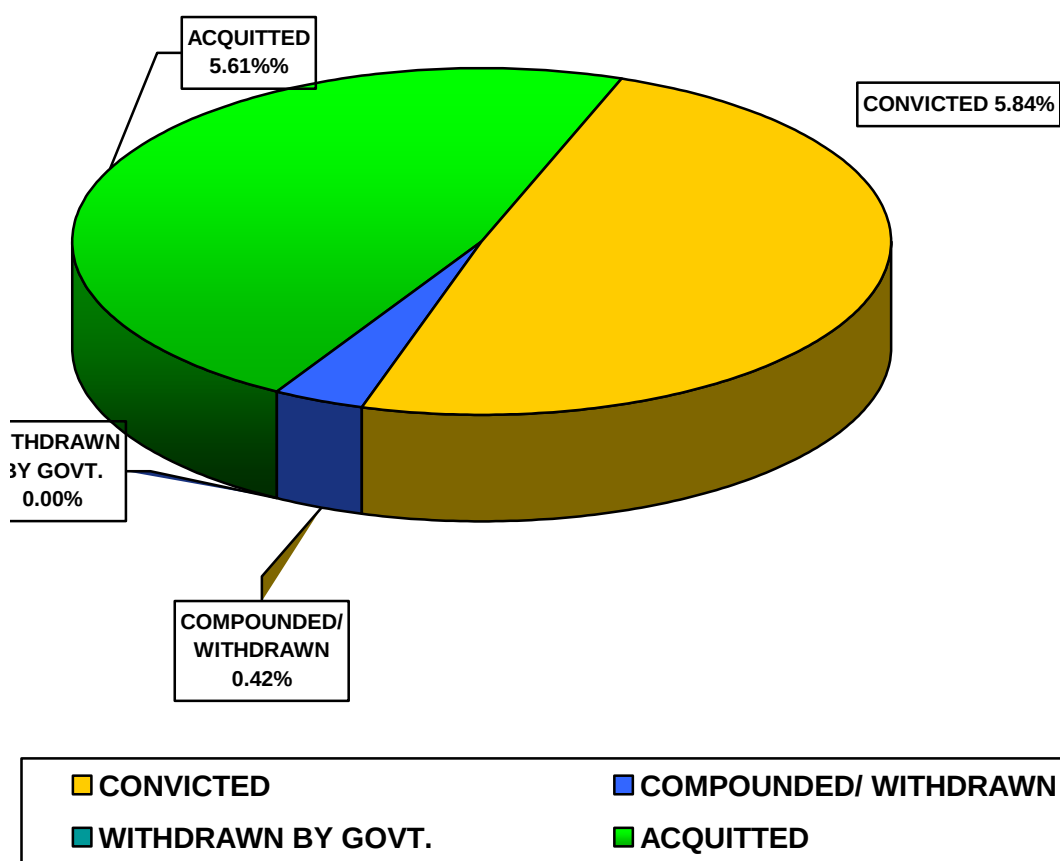


TABLE-3.1
DISPOSAL OF IPC CRIME CASES BY POLICE
DURING 2015 (HEAD-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS		TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR INVESTIGATION INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES IN WHICH				NO. OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION	
				CASES IN FINAL REPORT ENDED AS FALSE	INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED				
					CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC.	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEET WERE NOT LAID BUT FINAL REPORT SUBMITTED		TOTAL (4) (5)+(6)+(7)]
(1)	(2)		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	Murder		159	8	2	95	12	117	42
2.	Attempt To Commit Murder		82	2	1	56	3	62	20
3.	C.H. Not Amounting To Murder		12	0	1	5	1	7	5
4.	Rape	Gang Rape	8	0	1	5	0	6	2
		Other Rape	320	23	2	217	6	248	72
5.	Kidnapping And Abduction		432	177	24	81	37	319	113
6.	Dacoity		1	0	0	1	0	1	0
7.	Robbery		10	0	0	7	1	8	2
8.	Burglary		935	10	1	256	437	704	231
9.	Theft	Auto Theft	333	5	1	78	152	236	97
		Other Thefts	408	25	8	168	115	316	92
10.	Riots		510	35	4	372	2	413	97
11.	Criminal Breach Of Trust		202	34	10	46	21	111	91
12.	Cheating		675	124	32	135	67	358	317
13.	Counterfeiting		4	0	0	3	0	3	1
14.	Arson		114	2	1	43	37	83	31
15.	Grievous Hurt	Grievous Hurt	525	11	3	456	3	473	52
		Acid Attack	2	0	0	2	0	2	0
16.	Dowry Deaths		2	0	0	0	0	0	2
17.	Assault On Women (Sec.354 IPC)		544	42	7	408	11	468	76
18.	Cruelty By Husband & Relatives		295	21	10	188	2	221	74
19.	Causing Death By Negligence	Due To Negligent Driving	894	31	4	365	307	707	187
		Due To Other Causes	73	20	2	27	4	53	20
20.	Incidence of Rash Driving (279&337)		2744	93	24	1888	232	2237	507
21.	Other IPC Crime		7510	257	57	6373	86	6773	737
	Total		16794	920	195	11275	1536	13926	2868

TABLE-3.2
DISPOSAL OF IPC CRIME CASES
BY POLICE DURING 2015
(DISTRICT-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR INVESTIGATION INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES IN WHICH					NO. OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION
			CASES IN FINAL REPORT ENDED AS FALSE	INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED				
				CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC.	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEET WERE NOT LAID BUT FINAL REPORT SUBMITTED	TOTAL (4) (5)+(6)+(7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	PD BADDI	739	42	0	433	108	583	156
2	BILASPUR	1384	108	0	1020	47	1175	209
3	CHAMBA	755	55	0	573	50	678	77
4	HAMIRPUR	887	68	0	588	74	730	157
5	KANGRA	3077	0	195	2106	288	2589	488
6	KINNAUR	221	20	0	142	26	188	33
7	KULLU	965	35	0	657	89	781	184
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	89	0	0	68	11	79	10
9	MANDI	2232	136	0	1614	192	1942	290
10	SHIMLA	2994	176	0	1916	277	2369	625
11	SIRMAUR	1111	96	0	730	119	945	166
12	SOLAN	1014	52	0	633	125	810	204
13	UNA	1295	131	0	790	130	1051	244
14	GRP	14	0	0	4	0	4	10
15	CID	17	1	0	1	0	2	15
	TOTAL	16794	920	195	11275	1536	13926	2868

TABLE-3.2 (CONTD.)

Sr. NO.	DISTRICT	PENDENCY PERCENTAGE (9/3*100)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF PENDENCY TO STATE LEVEL	CHARGE SHEETING RATE (6)/(6+7)*100
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	PD BADDI	21.1	5.4	80.0
2	BILASPUR	15.1	7.3	95.6
3	CHAMBA	10.2	2.7	92.0
4	HAMIRPUR	17.7	5.5	88.8
5	KANGRA	15.9	17.0	88.0
6	KINNAUR	14.9	1.2	84.5
7	KULLU	19.1	6.4	88.1
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	11.2	0.3	86.1
9	MANDI	13.0	10.1	89.4
10	SHIMLA	20.9	21.8	87.4
11	SIRMAUR	14.9	5.8	86.0
12	SOLAN	20.1	7.1	83.5
13	UNA	18.8	8.5	85.9
14	GRP	71.4	0.3	100.0
15	CID	88.2	0.5	100.0
	TOTAL	17.1	100.0	88.0

MAP-3.1
DISPOSAL OF (IPC) CASES BY POLICE DURING 2015

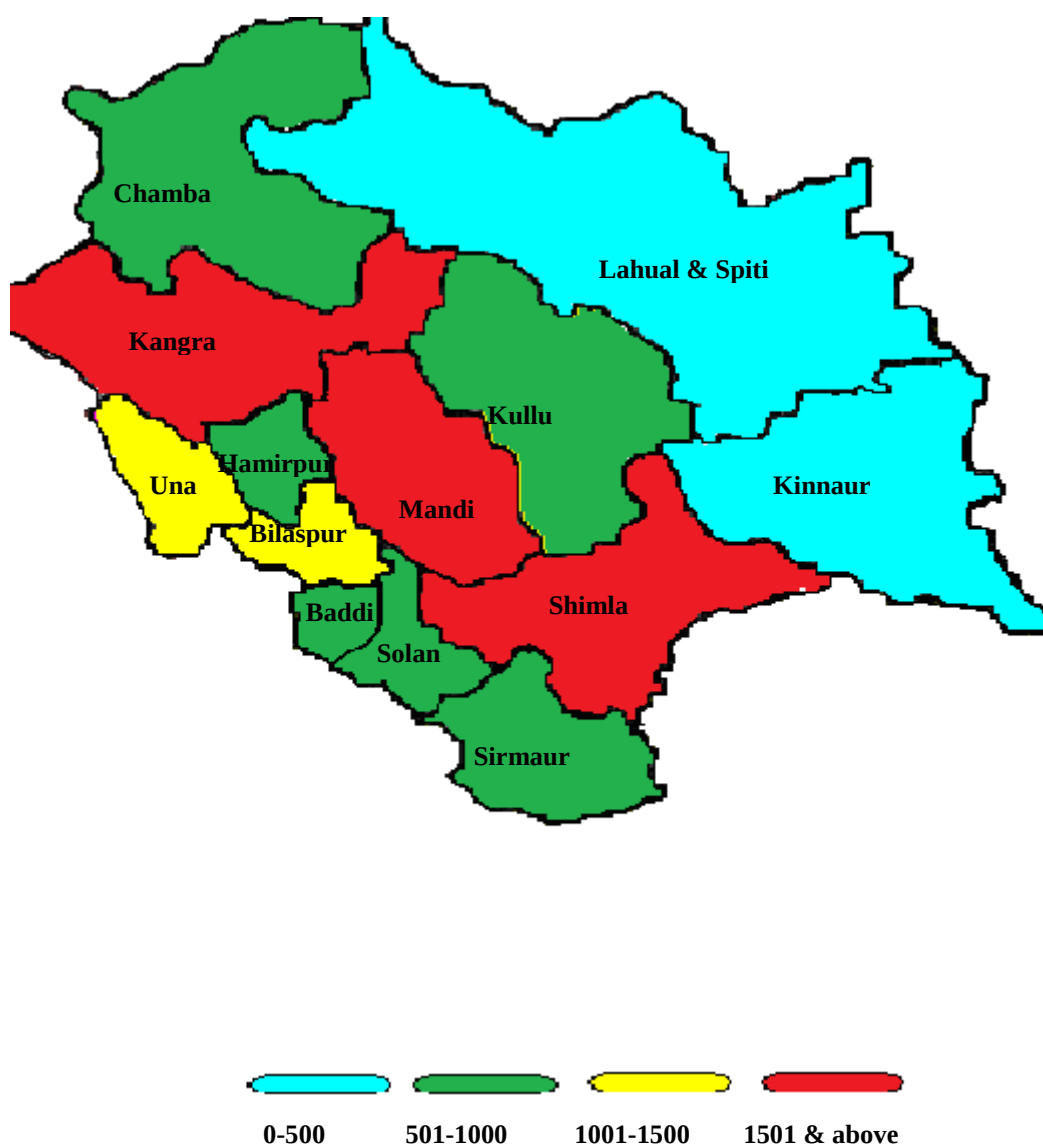


TABLE-3.3
PERCENTAGE OF IPC CRIMES
DISPOSAL BY POLICE DURING 2015
(HEAD-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS		PERCENTAGE OF CASES TO TOTAL CASES FOR INVESTIGATION IN WHICH INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED				PERCENTAGE OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION	CHARGE SHEETING RATE [(COL.5)/(COL.5+6)*100]
			CASES IN FINAL REPORT ENDED AS FALSE	CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEET WERE NOT LAID BUT FINAL REPORT SUBMITTED	TOTAL (3) + (4) + (5) + (6)	
(1)	(2)		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	Murder		5.0	1.3	59.7	7.5	73.6	26.4
2.	Attempt To Commit Murder		2.4	1.2	68.3	3.7	75.6	24.4
3.	C.H. Not Amounting To Murder		0.0	8.3	41.7	8.3	58.3	41.7
4.	Rape	Gang Rape	0.0	12.5	62.5	0.0	75.0	25.0
		Other Rape	7.2	0.6	67.8	1.9	77.5	22.5
5.	Kidnapping And Abduction		41.0	5.6	18.8	8.6	73.8	26.2
6.	Dacoity		0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
7.	Robbery		0.0	0.0	70.0	10.0	80.0	20.0
8.	Burglary		1.1	0.1	27.4	46.7	75.3	24.7
9.	Theft	Auto Theft	1.5	0.3	23.4	45.6	70.9	29.1
		Other Thefts	6.1	2.0	41.2	28.2	77.5	22.5
10.	Riots		6.9	0.8	72.9	0.4	81.0	19.0
11.	Criminal Breach of Trust		16.8	5.0	22.8	10.4	55.0	45.0
12.	Cheating		18.4	4.7	20.0	9.9	53.0	47.0
13.	Counterfeiting		0.0	0.0	75.0	0.0	75.0	25.0
14.	Arson		1.8	0.9	37.7	32.5	72.8	27.2
15.	Grievous Hurt	Grievous Hurt	2.1	0.6	86.9	0.6	90.1	9.9
		Acid Attack	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
16.	Dowry Deaths		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
17.	Assault On Women (Sec.354 IPC)		7.7	1.3	75.0	2.0	86.0	14.0
18.	Cruelty By Husband & Relatives		7.1	3.4	63.7	0.7	74.9	25.1
19.	Death By Negligence	Due To Negligent Driving	3.5	0.4	40.8	34.3	79.1	20.9
		Due To Other Causes	27.4	2.7	37.0	5.5	72.6	27.4
20.	Incidence of Rash Driving /Act(279&337)		3.4	0.9	68.8	8.5	81.5	18.5
21.	Other IPC Crime		3.4	3.4	84.9	1.1	90.2	9.8
	Total		5.5	5.5	67.1	9.1	82.9	17.1

TABLE-3.4
DISPOSAL OF CRIME SLL CASES
BY POLICE DURING 2015
(HEAD-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR INVESTIGATION INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES IN WHICH					NO. OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION
			CASES IN FINAL REPORT ENDED AS FALSE	INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED				
				CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC.	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEET WERE NOT LAID BUT FINAL REPORT SUBMITTED	TOTAL (4) (5)+(6)+ (7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	ARMS ACT	29	0	0	19	3	22	7
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	789	3	0	583	18	604	185
3.	GAMBLING ACT	310	0	0	293	0	293	17
4.	EXCISE ACT	1937	2	0	1727	6	1735	202
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	7	0	0	1	1	2	5
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	12	2	1	4	0	7	5
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	6	0	0	5	0	5	1
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	13	0	0	8	0	8	5
13.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	2	0	0	2	0	2	0
14.	COPY RIGHT ACT	20	3	1	4	1	9	11
15.	POCSO ACT	9	1	0	6	1	8	1
16.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	110	28	7	49	0	84	26
17.	FOREST ACT	158	10	2	70	21	103	55
18.	PROHIBITION OR CHILD MARRIAGE ACT, 2006	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
19.	PROTECTION OF WOMEN FROM DOMESTIC VIOLENCE ACT 2005	16	0	1	10	0	11	5
20.	IT ACT	60	10	0	25	8	43	17
21.	WILD LIFE PROTECTION ACT, 1972	16	1	0	7	7	15	1
22.	PDP Act, 1984	84	7	1	30	25	63	21
23.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	200	6	3	139	4	152	48
	TOTAL	3779	73	16	2982	95	3166	613

TABLE-3.5
DISPOSAL OF CRIME SLL CASES
BY POLICE DURING 2015
(DISTRICT-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR INVESTIGATION INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES IN WHICH					NO. OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION
			CASES IN FINAL REPORT ENDED AS FALSE	INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED				
				CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC.	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEET WERE NOT LAID BUT FINAL REPORT SUBMITTED	TOTAL (4) (5)+(6)+ (7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	BADDI	170	1	0	122	6	129	41
2.	BILASPUR	167	12	0	125	4	141	26
3.	CHAMBA	295	3	0	252	4	259	36
4.	HAMIRPUR	138	12	0	103	2	117	21
5.	KANGRA	773	0	16	608	25	649	124
6.	KINNAUR	21	2	0	16	2	20	1
7.	KULLU	395	4	0	288	7	299	96
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	49	0	0	47	1	48	1
9.	MANDI	561	11	0	468	18	497	64
10.	SHIMLA	453	9	0	340	12	361	92
11.	SIRMAUR	242	8	0	203	2	213	29
12.	SOLAN	111	3	0	80	3	86	25
13.	UNA	305	7	0	265	4	276	29
14.	GRP	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
15.	CID	97	1	0	65	5	71	26
	TOTAL	3779	73	16	2982	95	3166	613

TABLE-3.5 (CONTD.)

S. NO	DISTRICT	PENDENCY PERCENTAGE (9/3*100)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF PENDENCY TO STATE LEVEL	CHARGE SHEETING RATE (6)/(6+7)*100
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	PD BADDI	24.1	6.7	95.3
2	BILASPUR	15.6	4.2	96.9
3	CHAMBA	12.2	5.9	98.4
4	HAMIRPUR	15.2	3.4	98.1
5	KANGRA	16.0	20.2	96.1
6	KINNAUR	4.8	0.2	88.9
7	KULLU	24.3	15.7	97.6
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	2.0	0.2	97.9
9	MANDI	11.4	10.4	96.3
10	SHIMLA	20.3	15.0	96.6
11	SIRMAUR	12.0	4.7	99.0
12	SOLAN	22.5	4.1	96.4
13	UNA	9.5	4.7	98.5
14	GRP	100.0	0.3	0.0
15	CID	26.8	4.2	92.9
	TOTAL	16.2	100.0	96.9

MAP-3.2

DISPOSAL OF (SLL) CASES BY POLICE DURING 2015

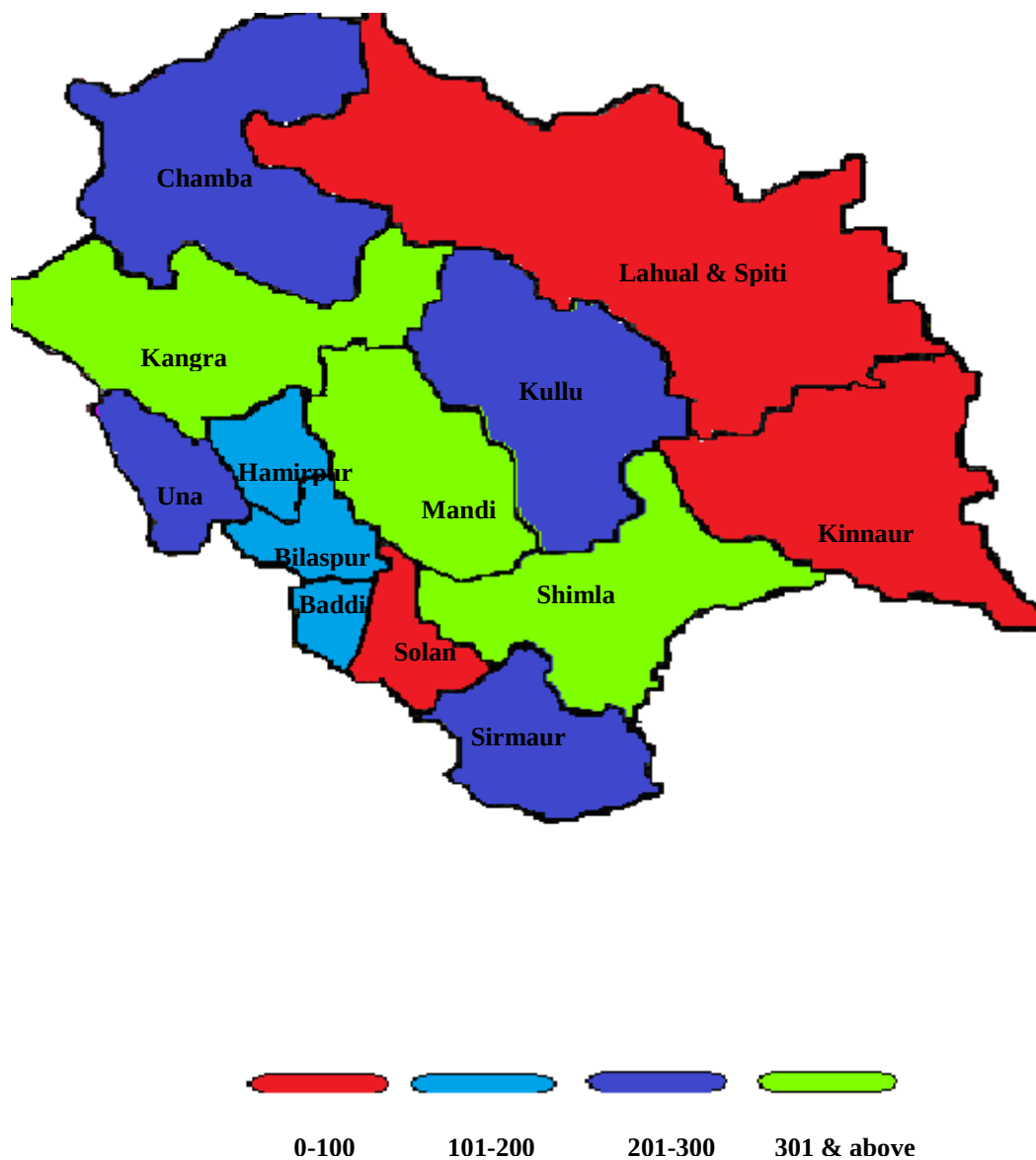


TABLE-3.6
PERCENTAGE OF SLL CRIMES
DISPOSAL BY POLICE DURING 2015
(HEAD-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS		PERCENTAGE OF CASES TO TOTAL CASES FOR INVESTIGATION IN WHICH				PERCENTAGE OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION	CHARGE SHEETING RATE [(COL.5)/ (COL. 5+6)*100]
			INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED					
		CASES IN FINAL REPORT ENDED AS FALSE	CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEET WERE NOT LAID BUT FINAL REPORT SUBMITTED	TOTAL (3) + (4) + (5) + (6)]		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	ARMS ACT	0	0	65.5	10.3	75.8	24.1	86.4
2	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	0.4	0.0	73.9	2.3	76.6	23.4	97.0
3	GAMBLING ACT	0.0	0.0	94.5	0.0	94.5	5.5	100.0
4	EXCISE ACT	0.1	0.0	89.2	0.3	89.6	10.4	99.7
5	PROHIBITION ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
6	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	0.0	0.0	14.3	14.3	28.6	71.4	50.0
7	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	16.7	8.3	33.3	0.0	58.3	41.7	100.0
8	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
9	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
10	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	0.0	0.0	83.3	0.0	83.3	16.7	100.0
11	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
12	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	0.0	0.0	61.5	0.0	61.5	38.5	100.0
13	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100	0.0	100.0
14	COPY RIGHT ACT	15.0	5.0	20.0	5.0	45	55.0	80.0
15	POCSO ACT	11.1	0.0	66.7	11.1	88.9	11.1	85.7
16	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	25.5	6.4	44.5	0.0	76.4	23.6	100.0
17	FOREST ACT	6.3	1.3	44.3	13.3	65.2	34.8	76.9
18	PROHIBITION OR CHILD MARRIAGE ACT, 2006	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	100.0	0.0
19	PROTECTION OF WOMEN FROM DOMESTIC VIOLENCE ACT 2005	0.0	6.3	62.5	0.0	68.8	31.3	100.0
20	IT ACT	16.7	0.0	41.7	13.3	71.7	28.3	75.8
21	WILD LIFE PROTECTION ACT, 1972	6.3	0.0	43.8	43.8	93.9	6.3	50.0
22	PDP Act, 1984	8.3	1.2	35.7	29.8	75	25.0	54.5
23	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	3.0	1.5	69.5	2.0	76	24.0	97.2
	TOTAL	1.9	0.4	78.9	2.5	83.7	16.2	96.9

TABLE-3.7
DISPOSAL OF CRIME IPC CASES
BY COURT DURING 2015
(HEAD-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR TRIAL INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES					PENDING TRIAL
			CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	IN WHICH TRIAL WERE COMPLETED				
				COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL [(5)+ (6)+ (7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	MURDER	432	0	0	14	45	59	373
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	425	0	0	11	17	28	397
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	52	0	0	1	5	6	46
4.	RAPE	820	0	1	23	90	114	706
5.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT RAPE (Sec. 376/511)	8	0	0	1	1	2	6
6.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION	446	0	2	5	47	54	392
7.	DACOITY	22	0	0	1	0	1	21
8.	ROBBERY	83	0	0	2	2	4	79
9.	BURGLARY	1957	0	44	45	120	209	1748
10.	THEFT	2822	0	11	45	201	257	2565
11.	RIOTS	3934	1	70	11	252	333	3601
12.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	559	0	5	8	29	42	517
13.	CHEATING	1380	0	5	10	78	93	1287
14.	COUNTERFEITING	21	0	0	1	1	2	19
15.	ARSON	485	0	4	5	50	59	426
16.	GRIEVOUS HURT	4545	0	82	26	272	380	4165
17.	DOWRY DEATHS	19	0	0	0	1	1	18
18.	ASSAULT ON WOMEN (SEC. 354)	2546	0	28	26	147	201	2345
19.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	1714	3	62	4	104	170	1544
20.	CAUSING DEATH BY NEGLIGENCE (Sec.304A IPC)	2527	0	2	36	255	293	2234
21.	INCIDENCE OF RASH DRIVERING (Sec.237,337)	11550	0	23	271	1028	1322	10228
22.	OTHER IPC	47945	4	572	1388	2353	4313	43632
	TOTAL	84292	8	911	1934	5098	7943	76349

TABLE- 3.8
DISPOSAL OF CRIME IPC CASES
BY COURT DURING 2015
(DISTRICT-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR TRIAL INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES					PENDING TRIAL
			CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	IN WHICH TRIAL WERE COMPLETED				
				COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL [(5)+(6)+(7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	BADDI	2927	0	0	31	199	230	2697
2.	BILASPUR	10191	0	112	201	655	968	9223
3.	CHAMBA	4305	8	149	172	222	543	3762
4.	HAMIRPUR	5272	0	141	39	266	446	4826
5.	KANGRA	17528	0	20	141	443	604	16924
6.	KINNAUR	1404	0	42	9	52	103	1301
7.	KULLU	5632	0	74	94	257	425	5207
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	150	0	1	60	5	66	84
9.	MANDI	12504	0	42	165	978	1185	11319
10.	SHIMLA	9969	0	125	731	992	1848	8121
11.	SIRMAUR	4909	0	59	43	350	452	4457
12.	SOLAN	4481	0	68	91	381	540	3941
13.	UNA	4959	0	78	156	298	532	4427
14.	GRP	44	0	0	1	0	1	43
15.	CID	17	0	0	0	0	0	17
	TOTAL	84292	8	911	1934	5098	7943	76349

TABLE- 3.8 (CONTD)

S. NO	DISTRICT	PENDENCY PERCENTAGE (9/3*100)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF PENDENCY TO STATE LEVEL	CHARGE SHEETING RATE [(7)/(8)*100]
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	PD BADDI	92.1	3.5	86.5
2	BILASPUR	90.5	12.1	67.7
3	CHAMBA	87.4	4.9	40.9
4	HAMIRPUR	91.5	6.3	59.6
5	KANGRA	96.6	22.2	73.3
6	KINNAUR	92.7	1.7	50.5
7	KULLU	92.5	6.8	60.5
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	56.0	0.1	7.6
9	MANDI	90.5	14.8	82.5
10	SHIMLA	81.5	10.6	53.7
11	SIRMAUR	90.8	5.8	77.4
12	SOLAN	87.9	5.2	70.6
13	UNA	89.3	5.8	56.0
14	GRP	97.7	0.1	0.0
15	CID	100.0	0.0	0.0
	TOTAL	90.6	100.0	64.2

MAP-3.3
CONVICTED CASES (IPC) DURING 2015

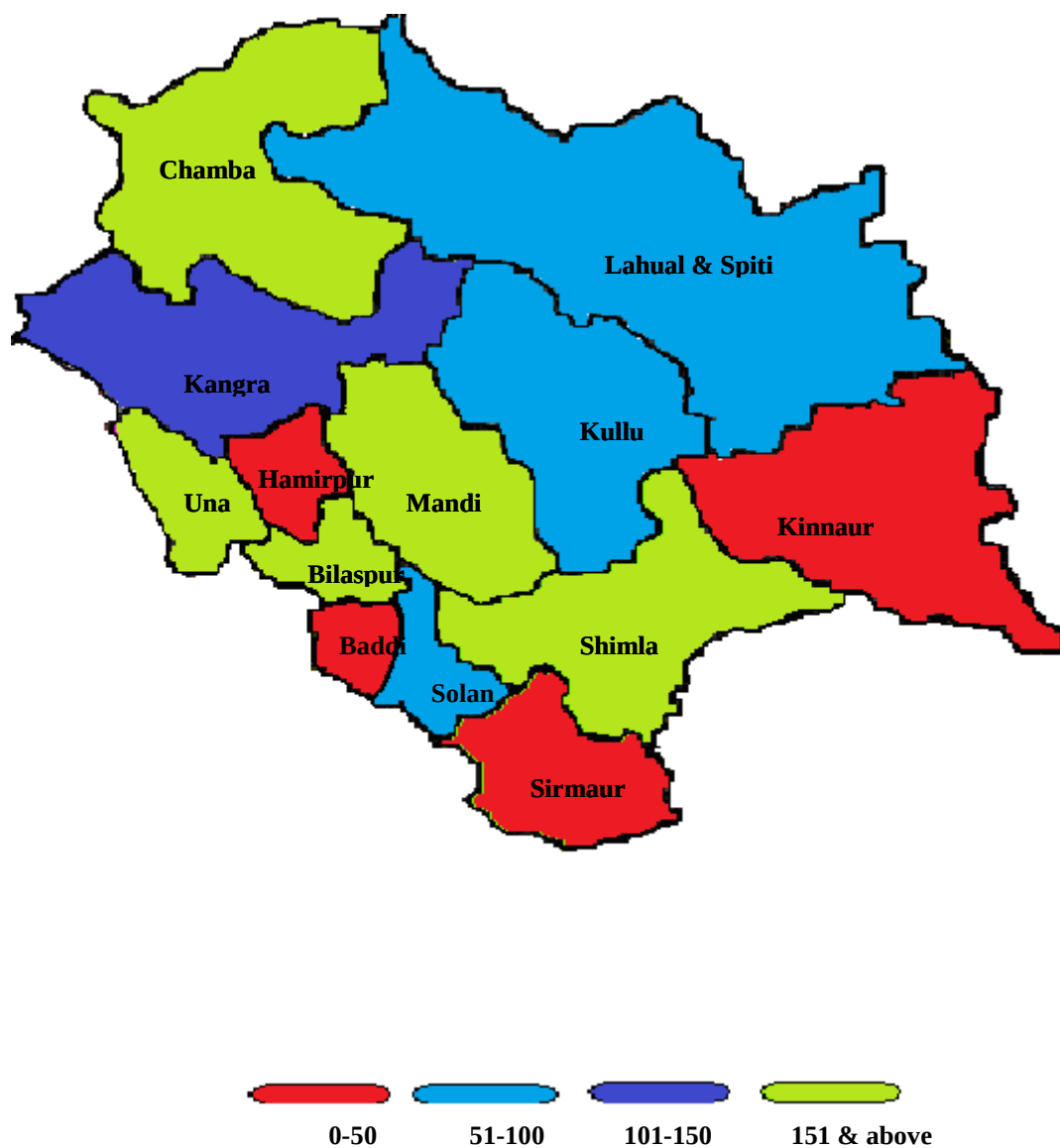


TABLE- 3.9
PERCENTAGE OF IPC CRIMES
DISPOSAL BY COURTS DURING 2015
(HEAD WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	CASES WITHDRAW'N BY GOVT.	PERCENTAGE OF CASES TO TOTAL CASES FOR TRIAL				PENDING TRIAL	CONVICTI ON RATE [(5/7*100)]
			IN WHICH TRIAL WERE COMPLETED					
			COMPOU NDED OR WITHDRA WN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGE D	TOTAL (5)+ (6)]		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	MURDER	0	0	3.24	10.42	13.66	86.34	23.7
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	0	0	2.59	4.00	6.59	93.41	39.3
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	0	0	1.92	9.62	11.54	88.46	16.6
4.	RAPE	0	0.12	2.80	10.98	13.78	86.10	20.3
5.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT RAPE (Sec. 376/511)	0	0.0	12.50	12.50	25	75.00	50.0
6.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION	0	0.4	1.12	10.54	11.66	87.89	9.6
7.	DACOITY	0	0.0	4.55	0.0	4.55	95.45	100.0
8.	ROBBERY	0	0.0	2.41	2.41	4.82	95.18	50.0
9.	BURGLARY	0	2.2	2.30	6.13	8.43	89.32	27.3
10.	THEFT	0	0.4	1.59	7.12	8.71	90.89	18.3
11.	RIOTS	0.03	1.8	0.28	6.41	6.69	91.54	4.2
12.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	0.0	0.89	1.43	5.19	6.62	92.49	21.6
13.	CHEATING	0.0	0.36	0.72	5.65	6.37	93.26	11.3
14.	COUNTERFEITING	0.0	0.0	4.76	4.76	9.52	90.48	50.0
15.	ARSON	0.0	0.82	1.03	10.31	11.34	87.84	9.1
16.	GRIEVOUS HURT	0.0	1.80	0.57	5.98	6.55	91.64	8.7
17.	DOWRY DEATHS	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.26	5.26	94.74	0.0
18.	ASSAULT ON WOMEN (SEC. 354)	0.0	1.10	1.02	5.77	6.79	92.11	15.0
19.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	0.18	3.62	0.23	6.07	6.3	90.08	3.7
20.	CAUSING DEATH BY NEGLIGENCE (Sec.304A IPC)	0.0	0.08	1.42	10.09	11.51	88.41	12.3
21.	INCIDENCE OF RASH DRIVERING (Sec.237,337)	0.0	0.20	2.35	8.90	11.25	88.55	20.9
22.	OTHER IPC	0.01	1.19	2.89	4.91	7.8	91.00	37.1
	TOTAL	0.01	1.08	2.29	6.05	8.34	90.58	27.5

TABLE-3.10
DISPOSAL OF CRIME SLL CASES
BY COURT DURING 2015
(HEAD WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR TRIAL INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES					PENDING TRIAL
			CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	IN WHICH TRIAL WERE COMPLETED				
				COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL [(6)+(7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	ARMS ACT	131	0	0	1	14	15	116
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	2541	0	0	66	362	426	2113
3.	GAMBLING ACT	1526	0	1	112	37	150	1376
4.	EXCISE ACT	14553	0	94	1074	560	1728	12825
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	12	0	0	0	1	1	11
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	24	0	0	1	2	3	21
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	26	0	0	0	0	0	26
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	21	0	0	0	0	0	21
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	186	0	0	1	19	20	166
13.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	13	0	0	0	2	2	11
14.	COPY RIGHT ACT	178	0	0	3	22	25	153
15.	POCSO ACT	22	0	0	2	0	2	20
16.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	258	0	2	0	35	37	221
17.	FOREST ACT	2180	0	0	18	165	183	1997
18.	PROHIBITION OR CHILD MARRIAGE ACT, 2006	8	0	0	0	1	1	7
19.	PROTECTION OF WOMEN FROM DOMESTIC VIOLENCE ACT 2005	16	0	0	0	0	0	16
20.	IT ACT	55	0	0	0	2	2	53
21.	WILD LIFE PROTECTION ACT, 1972	68	0	0	0	11	11	57
22.	PDP Act, 1984	181	0	0	5	12	17	164
23.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	854	0	0	51	38	91	765
	TOTAL	22855	0	97	1334	1283	2714	20141

MAP-3.4
CONVICTED CASES (SLL) DURING 2015

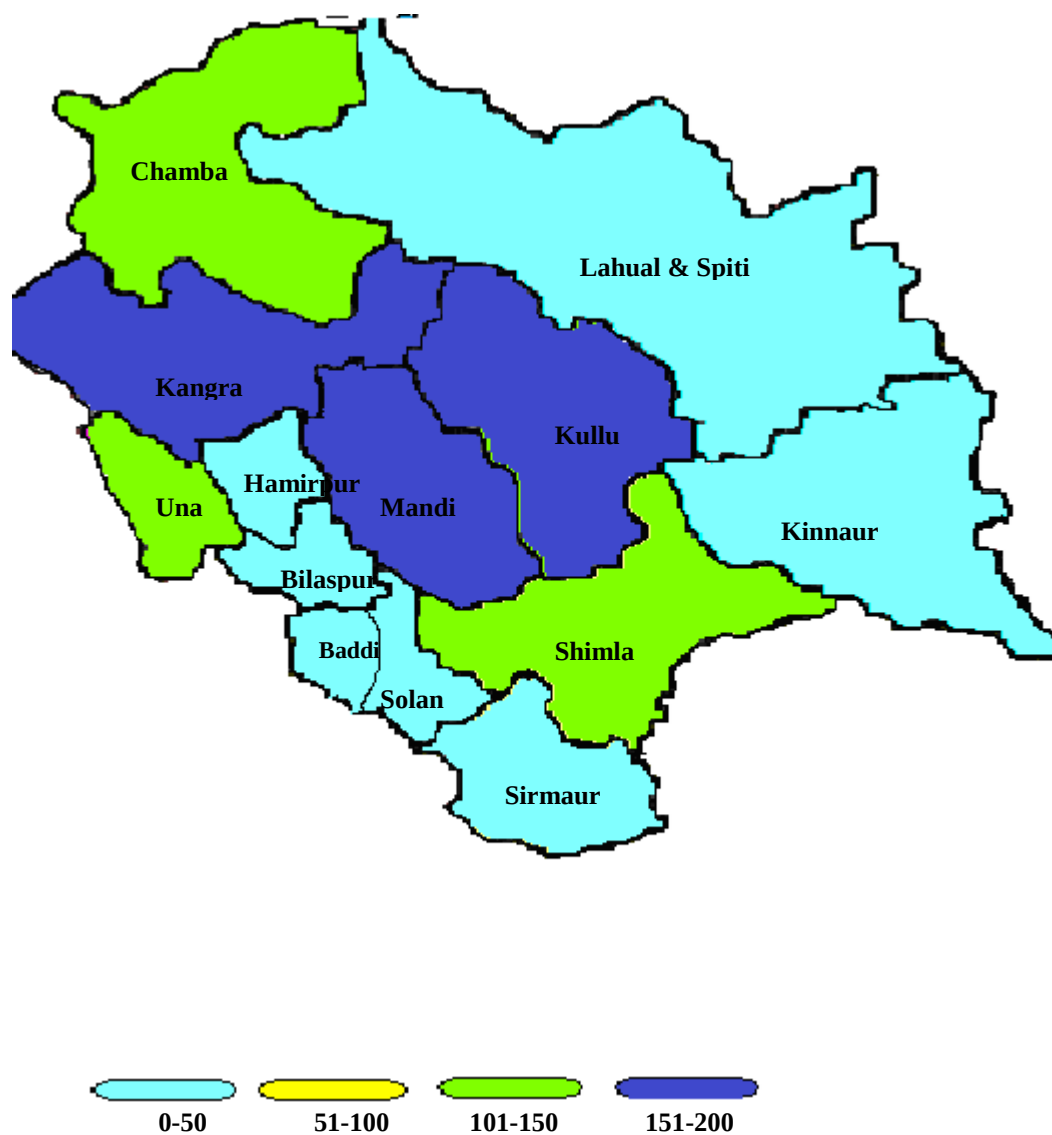


TABLE-3.11
DISPOSAL OF CRIME SLL CASES
BY COURT DURING 2015
(DISTRICT-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR TRIAL INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES					PENDING TRIAL
			CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	IN WHICH TRIAL WERE COMPLETED				
				COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL [(6)+ (7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	BADDI	476	0	47	2	21	70	406
2.	BILASPUR	1360	0	0	27	141	168	1192
3.	CHAMBA	942	0	0	147	70	217	725
4.	HAMIRPUR	590	0	44	2	40	86	504
5.	KANGRA	9693	0	0	344	117	461	9232
6.	KINNAUR	279	0	0	6	12	18	261
7.	KULLU	2608	0	0	184	200	384	2224
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	63	0	0	44	0	44	19
9.	MANDI	1891	0	0	254	264	518	1373
10.	SHIMLA	1961	0	0	130	117	247	1714
11.	SIRMAUR	1070	0	0	37	92	129	941
12.	SOLAN	548	0	0	45	80	125	423
13.	UNA	1211	0	1	107	120	228	983
14.	GRP	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
15.	CID	162	0	5	5	9	19	143
	TOTAL	22855	0	97	1334	1283	2714	20141

TABLE-3.11 (CONTD.)

S. NO	DISTRICT	PENDENCY PERCENTAGE (9/3*100)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF PENDENCY TO STATE LEVEL	CHARGE SHEETING RATE [(7)/(8)*100]
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	BADDI	85.3	2.02	30
2	BILASPUR	87.6	5.92	83.9
3	CHAMBA	77.0	3.60	32.3
4	HAMIRPUR	85.4	2.50	46.5
5	KANGRA	95.2	45.84	25.4
6	KINNAUR	93.5	1.30	66.7
7	KULLU	85.3	11.04	52.1
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	30.2	0.09	0.0
9	MANDI	72.6	6.82	51.0
10	SHIMLA	87.4	8.51	47.4
11	SIRMAUR	87.9	4.67	71.3
12	SOLAN	77.2	2.10	64.0
13	UNA	81.2	4.88	52.6
14	GRP	100.0	0.0	0.0
15	CID	88.3	0.71	47.4
	TOTAL	88.1	100.0	47.3

TABLE-3.12
PERCENTAGE OF SLL CRIMES
DISPOSAL BY COURTS DURING 2015
(HEAD WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	PERCENTAGE OF CASES TO TOTAL CASES FOR TRIAL				PENDING TRIAL	CONVICTION RATE [[5/7*100]]
			IN WHICH TRIAL WERE COMPLETED					
			COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	ONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL (4)+(5)+(6)]		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	ARMS ACT	0	0.0	0.0	0.06	0.06	88.5	0
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	0	0.0	0.29	1.58	1.87	83.2	15.5
3.	GAMBLING ACT	0	0.0	0.49	0.16	0.65	90.2	75.4
4.	EXCISE ACT	0	0.41	4.70	2.45	7.56	88.1	62.2
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	100.0	0.0
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	91.7	0.0
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	0	0.0	0.0	0.01	0.01	87.5	0.0
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	100.0	0.0
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	100.0	0.0
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	100.0	0.0
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	0	0.0	0.0	0.08	0.08	89.2	0.0
13.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	0	0.0	0.0	0.01	0.01	84.6	0.0
14.	COPY RIGHT ACT	0	0.0	0.01	0.10	0.11	86.0	9.1
15.	POCSO ACT	0	0.0	0.01	0.0	0.01	90.9	100.0
16.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	0	0.01	0.0	0.15	0.16	85.7	0.0
17.	FOREST ACT	0	0.0	0.08	0.72	0.8	91.6	10.0
18.	PROHIBITION OR CHILD MARRIAGE ACT, 2006	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	87.5	0.0
19.	PROTECTION OF WOMEN FROM DOMESTIC VIOLENCE ACT 2005	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	100.0	0.0
20.	IT ACT	0	0.0	0.0	0.01	0.01	96.4	0.0
21.	WILD LIFE PROTECTION ACT, 1972	0	0.0	0.0	0.05	0.05	83.8	0.0
22.	PDP Act, 1984	0	0.0	0.02	0.05	0.07	90.6	28.6
23.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	0	0.0	0.22	0.17	0.39	89.6	56.4
	TOTAL	0	0.42	5.84	5.61	11.87	88.1	49.2

CHAPTER-4

CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN

4.1 General:

Crime which are directed specifically against women are characterized as Crime against Women. They may be broadly classified under following two categories :-

1. Crimes against Women Identified under the Indian Penal Code (IPC)

- (i) Murder Sec 302,303 IPC)
- (ii) Culpable Homicide (Sec 304 IPC)
- (iii) Rape (Sec. 376 IPC)
- (iv) Dowry Deaths (Sec304B IPC)
- (v) Kidnapping & Abduction (Sec. 363,366, IPC)
- (vi) Assault on Women with intend to outrage her modesty Sec.354 IPC)
- (vii) Abetment to Commit Suicide (Sec.306 IPC)
- (viii) Cruelty to Women (Sec. 498A IPC
- (ix) Insult to the modesty of Women (Sec.509 IPC)
- (x) Chain Snatching/other snatching

2. Crimes against Women Identified under the Special and Local Laws(SLL)

Although all laws are not gender specific, the provision of law affecting women significantly have been reviewed periodically and amendments carried out to keep pace with the emerging requirements. Some Acts which have special provisions to safeguard women and their interests are

- (i) Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act
- (ii) Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961
- (iii) The Child Marriage Restrain Act.
- (iv) Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act
- (v) Satti Prevention Act.

The Crimes against Women are being closely monitored in the State. Several measures have been undertaken to tackle this social menace. On one hand, special attention is being paid towards prevention of crimes against women by increased police vigil and by harnessing the resources of the community.

Crime against women has minor decreased during the year 2015 in comparison to the previous year, 2014. However, last 10 years annual average of crime against women is 1162. During the year 2015, 1401 cases of crime against women have been registered in the state. As compare to 10 year state average, this increase is due to the fact that in past the women usually hesitated to report the unfortunate incidents, which took place with them and also due to change of law. But now on account of increased awareness and change in social values, ethos and social reassurances being provided by the society, free registration of cases, Opening of Women Police Stations and Suvidha Yojna started by the HP Police Department, Women are more often coming forward to report the offences taking place against them.

HP Police Department has initiated many steps in the recent years to ensure better Police response to the malaise. Five Women Police Stations have been opened at Shimla, Dharamshala, Mandi, Kullu and Baddi to monitor quick disposal of cases of crime against women. A Women Crime Unit has also been constituted at State CID Hdqrs. 2 AHTU's have also been established in Shimla & Kangra in first phase. No particular area is prone to the incidence of such crime in this state. No special organized gang is operative in the state to commit crime against women. In a nutshell, a complete sense of security is prevailing among women folk and they are performing their daily chores without any fear.

4.2 Incidence of Crime Against Women:

Head wise incidence of reported Crimes Against Women during 2014 and 2015 along with percentage variation are given below has been calculated and presented in Table 4.1.

The cases of assault on Women with intend to outrage her modesty and Cruelty to Women together constitute the largest chunk of crime against women (35 %). There were substantial number of instances (17.4%) of rape and (17.05 %) Kidnapping and abduction of women and girls.

The district wise incidence and rate of crimes against women during 2015 is presented in Table 4.2 and Chart 4.3 and Chart 4.4 .

CHART 4.1
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF CRIME AGAINST WOMEN DURING 2015

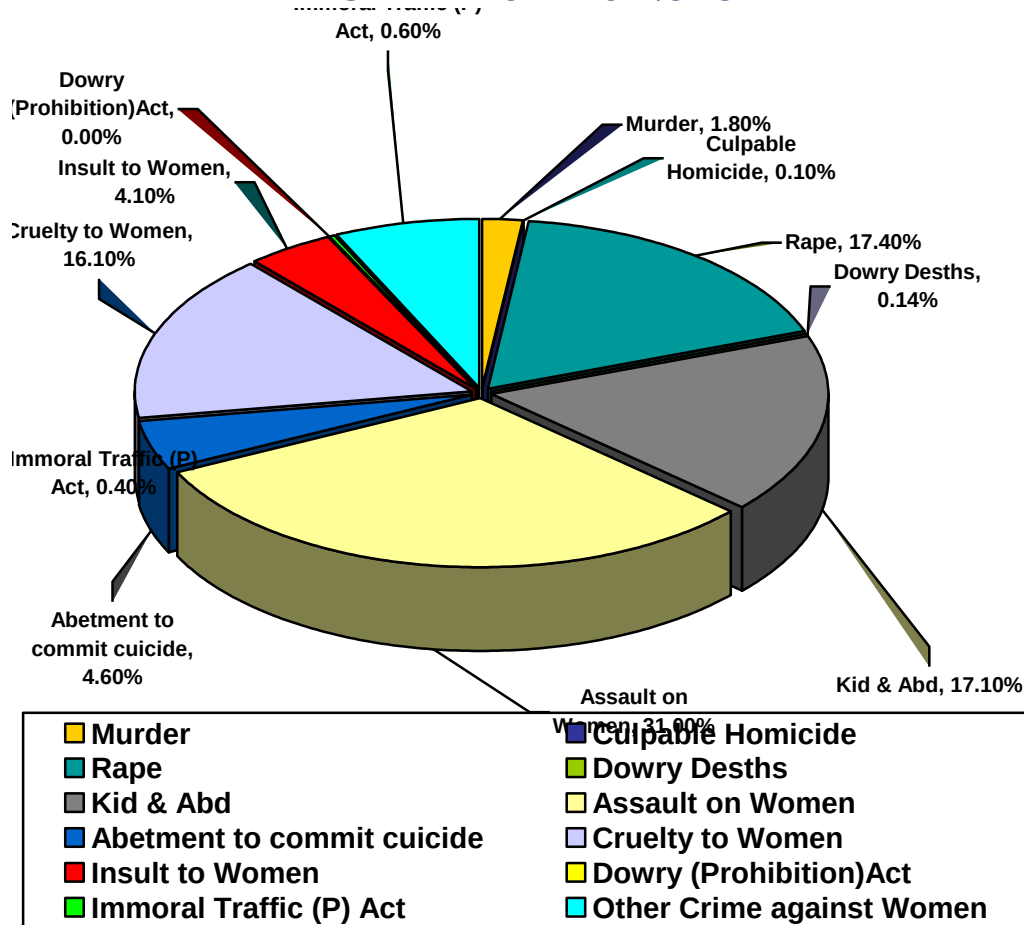
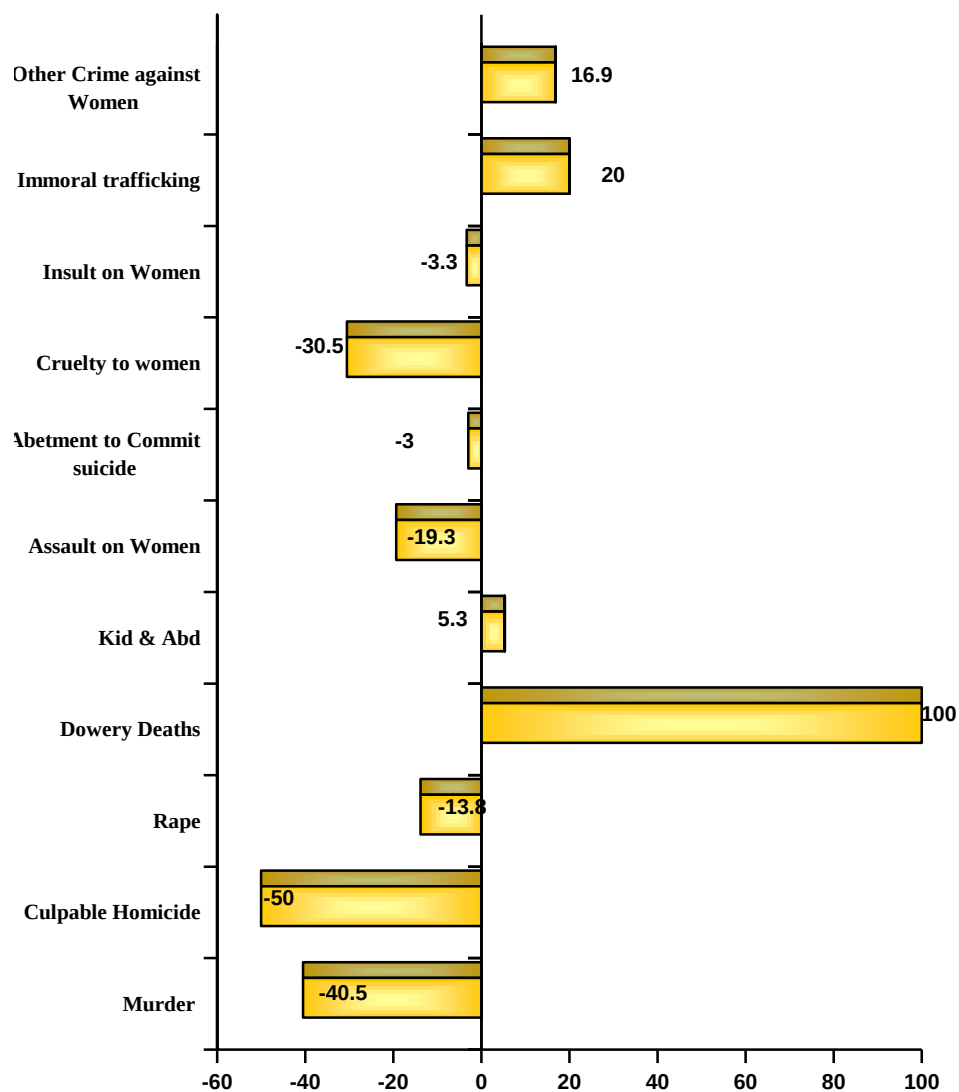


CHART 4.2

VARIATION OF CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN DURING 2015 OVER 2014

DECREASE

INCREASE



VARIATION

CHART 4.3
DISTRICT WISE REGISTRATION AND RATE OF CRIME DURING 2015

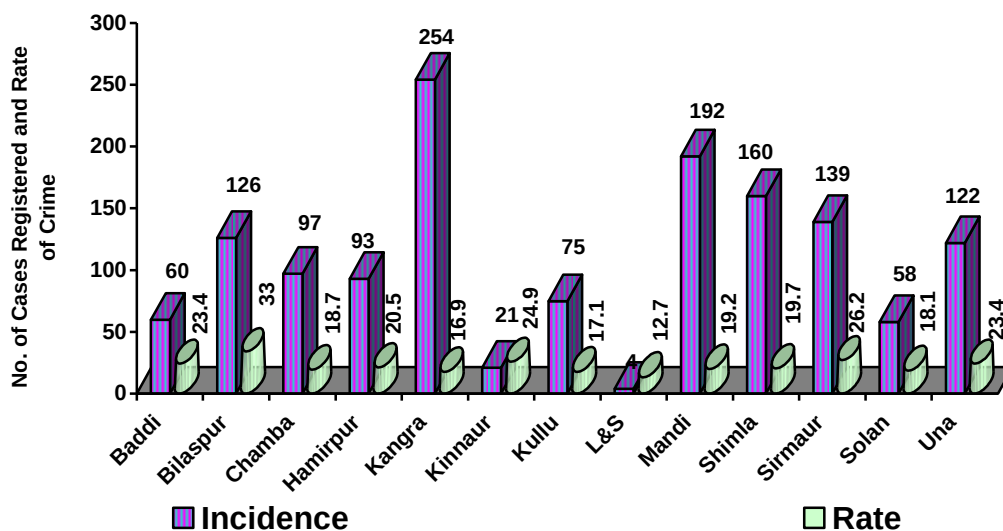
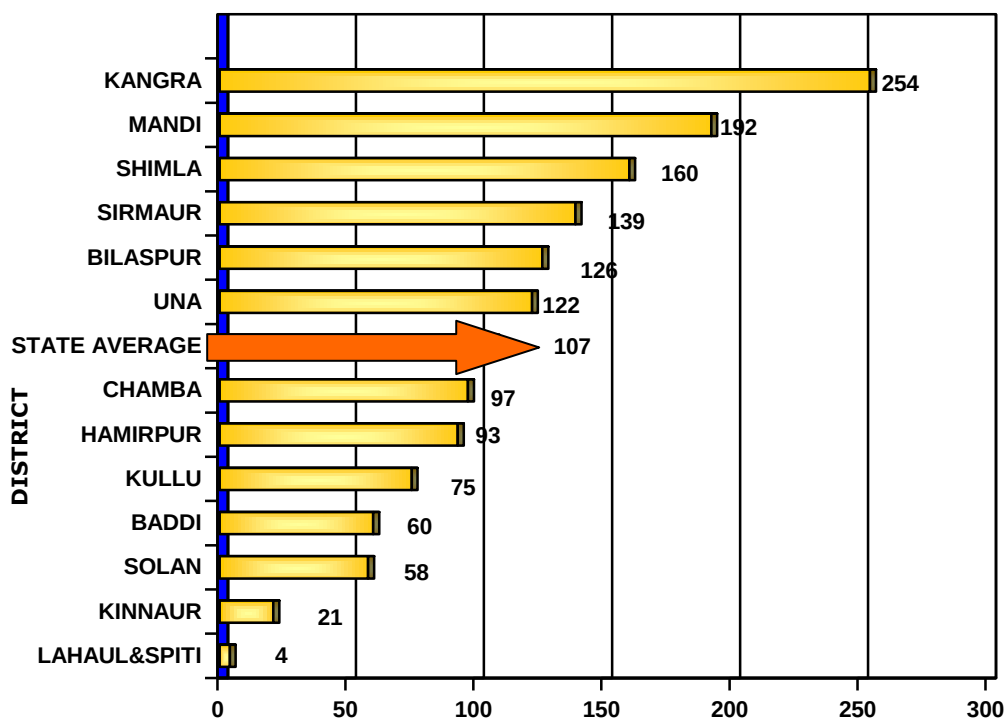


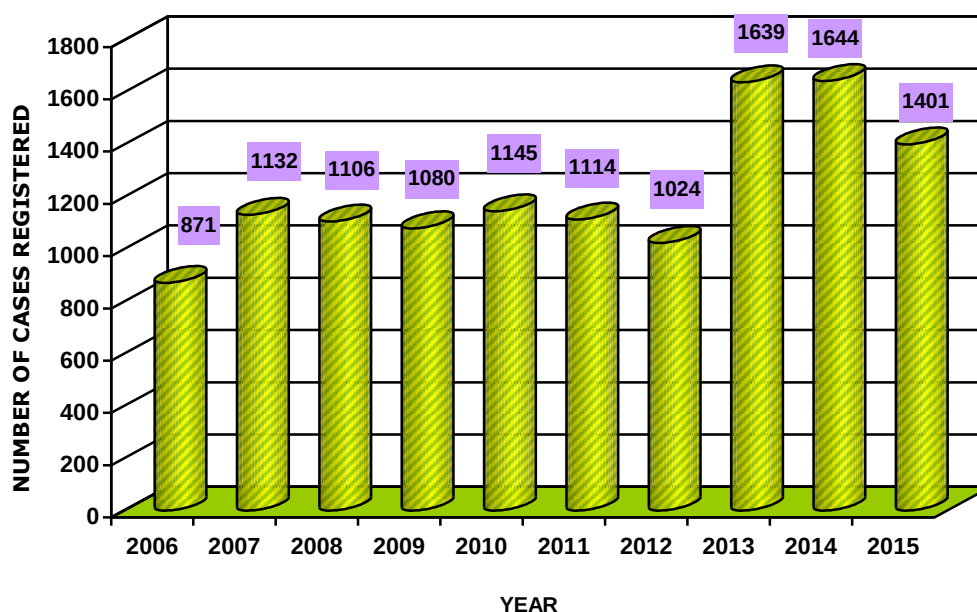
CHART 4.4
DISTRICT WISE CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN WITH STATE AVERAGE DURING 2015



The head wise and district wise incidence, their rate and percentage has been calculated and presented in Table 4.3.

The total figures of crime against women for the last 10 years (2006-2015) are presented in Table 4.4 and Chart 4.5.

CHART 4.5
YEAR WISE CRIME AGAINST WOMEN
DURING 2006-2015



From the analysis of Crime Against Women reported in districts, it is seen that cases of Immoral Trafficking, Kidnapping & Abduction, Dowry Deaths and other crime against women are found reported more in the State during the year 2015. The district remained most prevalent in these incidents is Kangra, Mandi, Shimla, Sirmaur and Bilaspur. The cases of murder remained highest in the Districts Kangra, Kullu, Mandi, Shimla and Solan.

The district which indicate the lowest incidence of crime against women are Lahaul-Spiti (4) Kinnaur (21), Solan (58) Baddi (60), Kullu (75) and Hamirpur (93).

4.3 Head wise incidence of Crime Against Women:

The brief explanation of head wise status of crime against women during the years 2015 is given as under:

(i) Murder: (Decrease 40.5%)

Incidence of Murder cases (25) registered during the year 2015 showed a decrease of 40.5 % over the previous year. Kangra, Kullu (4 cases) districts reported the highest incidence of Murder under this head followed by Mandi, Shimla and Solan (3 each), Bilaspur, Chamba, Una (2 each), Kinnaur and Sirmaur (1each). No incidence under this head was reported in Baddi, Hamirpur and Lahual & Spiti districts.

Reasons:-

1. Property disputes amongst family and relationship to capture the property of women.
2. Land disputes, Enmity with the villagers or other family members.
3. Domestic violence, Torture by In-laws due to various reasons.
4. Illicit love affairs especially in hotels etc to destroy/elope the evidences after rape.
5. Sudden provocation during scuffle.

(ii) Culpable Homicide:

Under this head only 1 incidence was reported in Baddi district (1) in the year 2015. No incidence under this head was reported in rest of the districts.

(iii). Rape : (Decrease 13.8%)

Total 244 cases of Rape were reported which has shown a decrease of 13.8% during 2015 over previous year 2014 (283 cases). The highest incidence of rape was reported in Kangra (46) followed by Sirmaur (31), Mandi (29), Chamba (26), Shimla (24), Kullu (23), Una (18), Bilaspur (15), Kinnaur & Solan (8 each), Baddi (7), Hamirpur (6) and Lahaul & Spiti (3).

Reasons:-

1. Illicit love affairs, intimacy and friendship between both parties and later on matter disclosed.
2. Alluring for marriage and later on due to refusal of parents the matter of marriage do not reach to the compromise resulting in registration of cases.
3. Due to enmity fake registration of rape cases.
4. Rape cases firstly with the consent and later on when caught and seen by husband or any relative the case is registered.
5. Cases of minor girls rape cases are committed forcibly without consent of the girl.
6. In some cases of adult woman sexual intercourse with consent and friendship but case is reported when the matter comes in to the open.
7. Rape in relationship

(iv). Dowry Deaths:

Under this head 2 incidence was reported in Chamba and Una (1 each) districts. No incidence under this head was reported in rest of the districts.

(v). Kidnapping & Abduction: (Increase 5.3%)

During the year 2015, 239 incidence of Kidnapping & Abduction were registered which showed an increase of 5.3% over the previous year. Mandi district reported the highest incidence (38 cases) under this crime head followed by Shimla (36 cases), Kangra (35), Bilaspur (23), Chamba, Sirmaur (20 each), Una (17), Baddi, Solan (12 each), Kullu (11), Hamirpur (10) and Kinnaur (5). No incidence under this head was reported in Lahaul-Spiti district.

Reasons:-

1. Maximum cases are registered due to the reasons that during the young age boys and girls are indulged in love affairs and than the girl is subjected to kidnapping and abduction by the boys to alluring for marriage. Later on due to refusal of parents the matter is not settled, resulting the case is registered.
2. In the first instance the girls and boys are innocent about the consequences of the act of omission due to feeling of enjoyment provocation. Later on the matter of marriage is not settled, hence cases are registered.
3. In some cases boys and girls are fled away because their parents do not give their consent to marry.
4. In some cases kidnapping abduction is forcibly without consent of a girl where the girl is minor for the purpose of marriage or sexual intercourse.

(vi) Assault on women with intend to outrage her modesty (Sec.354) (Decrease 19.3%)

434 Cases of Assault on women with intend to outrage her modesty were registered during the year 2015 showed a decrease of 19.3% over the previous year. Mandi district recorded the highest (84 cases) followed by Kangra (60), Sirmaur (52), Shimla (46) Bilaspur

(45), Hamirpur (34), Chamba (28), Una (25), Baddi, Kullu (19 each), Solan (18) and Kinnaur (4). No incidence under this head was reported in Lahaul & Spiti district.

Reasons:

1. To outrage the modesty of women and girls.
2. Due to increasing trend of obscene films and literature in the market.
3. Due to obscene publication and presentation of material by print media.
4. Due to increasing educational activities, educational institutions and obscene activities by the anti- social elements near educational institutions and residential areas.

(vii) Abetment to Commit Suicide:(Decrease 3%)

The decreasing trend is seen under this head with 3% over the previous year. The highest number of cases were registered in Kangra (22) followed by Hamirpur, Mandi (8 each), Bilaspur (5), Sirmaur (4), Chamba, Shimla (3 each), Baddi (2) and Solan (1). No incidence was reported under this head in rest of the districts.

(viii) Cruelty to Women : (Decrease 30.5%)

226 cases of Cruelty to Women was registered during the year 2015, showed a decrease of 30.5% over the previous year. The analysis revealed that highest number of cases (44) were registered in Una district followed by Kangra (39), Shimla (26), Mandi (25), Sirmaur (17), Baddi (15) Kullu (14), Bilaspur (12), Hamirpur (11), Chamba, Solan (10 each). The lowest incidence was seen in Kinnaur (3) district. No incidence was reported under this head in district Lahaul & Spiti.

Reasons:

1. Torture of married women for the purpose of dowry, her ill health etc.
2. Harassment and torture of women by her in laws i.e. husband, mother in law, father in law etc.

3. Harassment of women in family that she is not capable to do the house hold and agriculture activities.
4. Harassment/torture of women by husband due to the illicit relationship of the husband with other woman in the family or relationship.
5. Torture/harassment of women by husband or other male member of the family under the influence of liquor.
6. Love marriage without the consent of the other family members i.e. father in law and mother in law of the victims.

(ix) Insult to the modesty of Women (Sec.509 IPC) : (decrease: 3.3%)

The decreasing trend is seen under this head by 3.3% over the previous year. The highest number of cases were registered in Bilaspur (13), followed by Kangra (11), Hamirpur (9), Shimla (7), Mandi (5), Kullu (4). The lowest incidence was seen in Una (3), Sirmaur, Solan (2 each), Baddi and Lahaul-Spiti (1 each). No case was reported under this head in Kinnaur and Chamba districts.

(x) Dowry Prohibition Act:

No case under this head was reported in the State during the year, 2015.

(xi) Immoral Trafficking (Increase 20%)

6 cases of Immoral Trafficking were registered during the year 2015, showed an increase of 20% over the previous year. The analysis revealed that highest number of cases (2) were registered in Shimla district followed by Kangra, Sirmaur, Solan and Una (1 each). No case under this head was reported in rest of the districts of the State during the year.

(xii) Other Crime committed against women (Increase 6.7%)

95 cases of other crime against women i.e. Arson, Grievous hurt, Attempt to Commit culpable Homicide, Attempt to Commit Rape etc. were registered during the year 2015, showed an increase of 6.7% over the previous year. The analysis revealed that highest number of cases (34) were registered in Kangra district followed Hamirpur (15), Shimla (12), Sirmaur (10), Bilaspur (8), Chamba (7). The lowest incidence was seen in Baddi, Solan and Una (3 each). No case was reported under this head in Kinnaur, Kullu, Lahaul_spiti and Mandi districts.

In view of the above, it is pertinent to mention here that the trends of offences pertaining to Crime against Women, do take place some times at various places in this state. Hence no particular districts/area is prone for committing such offences. Also no specific gang is active/involved committing such offences.

TABLE 4.1

INCIDENCE OF CRIME AGAINST WOMEN DURING 2014-15

Sr. NO.	CRIME HEAD	2014	2015	Variation in 2015 over 2014	% share in 2015
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	Murder	42	25	-40.5	1.8
2.	Attempt to Commit Murder	10	7	-30.0	0.5
3.	Culpable Homicide	2	1	-50.0	0.1
4.	Rape	283	244	-13.8	17.4
5.	Dowry Deaths	1	2	100	100
6.	Kid & Abd.	227	239	5.3	17.1
7.	Assault on Women with intend to outrage her modesty (sec.354)	538	434	-19.3	31.0
8.	Abetment to commit Suicide	66	64	-3.0	4.6
9.	Cruelty to Women	325	226	-30.5	16.1
10.	Insult to the Modesty of Women (sec. 509 IPC)	60	58	-3.3	4.1
11.	Dowry (Prohibition)Act	2	0	-100.0	0.0
12.	Immoral Traffic (P) Act	5	6	20.0	0.4
13.	Other Crime against Women	83	95	16.9	6.9
	TOTAL	1644	1401	-14.8	100.0

TABLE- 4.2
INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST WOMEN
(DISTRICTWISE) DURING 2015

S. NO .	DISTRICT/ UNIT	INCIDENCE	% OF CONTRIBUTION TO STATE LEVEL TOTAL	POPULATION (LAKHS)	RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZ-ABLE CRIMES	RANK
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1.	BADDI	60	4.3	2.56	23.4	4
2.	BILASPUR	126	9.0	3.83	33.0	1
3.	CHAMBA	97	6.9	5.19	18.7	9
4.	HAMIRPUR	93	6.6	4.55	20.5	6
5.	KANGRA	254	18.1	15.07	16.9	12
6.	KINNAUR	21	1.5	0.84	24.9	3
7.	KULLU	75	5.4	4.37	17.1	11
8.	L & SPITI	4	0.3	0.32	12.7	13
9.	MANDI	192	13.7	9.99	19.2	8
10.	SHIMLA	160	11.4	8.13	19.7	7
11.	SIRMAUR	139	9.9	5.30	26.2	2
12.	SOLAN	58	4.1	3.20	18.1	10
13.	UNA	122	8.7	5.21	23.4	5
14.	GRP	0	0.0	0	0.0	
15.	CID	0	0.0	0	0.0	
	TOTAL	1401	100.0	68.56	20.4	

MAP-4.1
INCIDENCE OF CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN DURING-2015

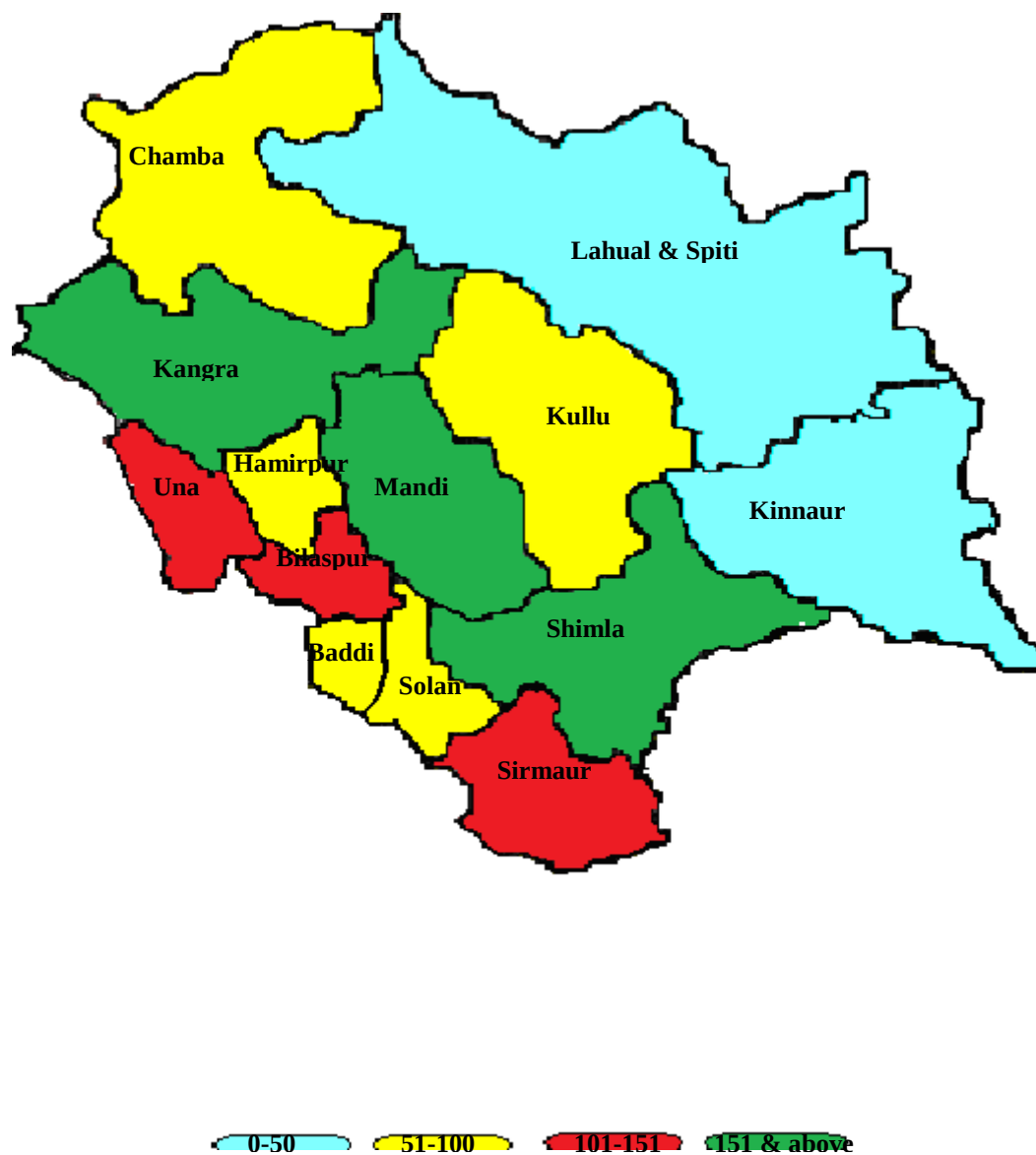


TABLE- 4.3
INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST
WOMEN (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2015

Sr. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPUL- ATION	MURDER			ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER			CULPABLE HOMICIDE		
			I	R	P	I	R	P	I	R	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1.	PD BADDI	256220	0	0	0	0	0	42.9	1	0.39	100
2.	BILASPUR	382056	2	0.52	8.0	3	0.79	0.0	0	0.00	0
3.	CHAMBA	518844	2	0.39	8.0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	454293	0	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	28.6	0	0.00	0
5.	KANGRA	1507223	4	0.27	16.0	2	0.13	0.0	0	0.00	0
6.	KINNAUR	84298	1	1.19	4.0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	0
7.	KULLU	437474	4	0.91	16.0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	0	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	0
9.	MANDI	999518	3	0.30	12.0	0	0.00	14.3	0	0.00	0
10.	SHIMLA	813384	3	0.37	12.0	1	0.12	14.3	0	0.00	0
11.	SIRMAUR	530164	1	0.19	4.0	1	0.19	0.0	0	0.00	0
12.	SOLAN	320450	3	0.94	12.0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	0
13.	UNA	521057	2	0.38	8.0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	0
15.	CID	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	100.0	0	0.00	0
	TOTAL	6856509	25	0.36	100.0	7	0.10	42.9	1	0.01	100

TABLE- 4.3 (CONTD.)

INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST WOMEN (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2015

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION	RAPE			KIDNAPPING & ABDUCTION			ASSAULT ON WOMEN WITH INTEND TO OUTRAGE HER MODESTY (SEC.354)		
			I	R	P	I	R	P	I	R	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
1.	PD BADDI	256220	7	2.73	2.87	12	4.68	5.02	19	7.42	4.38
2.	BILASPUR	382056	15	3.93	6.15	23	6.02	9.62	45	11.78	10.37
3.	CHAMBA	518844	26	5.01	10.66	20	3.85	8.37	28	5.40	6.45
4.	HAMIRPUR	454293	6	1.32	2.46	10	2.20	4.18	34	7.48	7.83
5.	KANGRA	1507223	46	3.05	18.85	35	2.32	14.64	60	3.98	13.82
6.	KINNAUR	84298	8	9.49	3.28	5	5.93	2.09	4	4.75	0.92
7.	KULLU	437474	23	5.26	9.43	11	2.51	4.60	19	4.34	4.38
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	3	9.52	1.23	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
9.	MANDI	999518	29	2.90	11.89	38	3.80	15.90	84	8.40	19.35
10.	SHIMLA	813384	24	2.95	9.84	36	4.43	15.06	46	5.66	10.60
11.	SIRMAUR	530164	31	5.85	12.70	20	3.77	8.37	52	9.81	11.98
12.	SOLAN	320450	8	2.50	3.28	12	3.74	5.02	18	5.62	4.15
13.	UNA	521057	18	3.45	7.38	17	3.26	7.11	25	4.80	5.76
14.	GRP	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
15.	CID	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
	TOTAL	6856509	244	3.56	100.0	239	3.49	100.00	434	6.33	100.00

TABLE- 4.3 (CONTD.)

**INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST
WOMEN (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2015**

Sr. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPUL- ATION	ABETMENT TO COMMIT SUICIDE			CRUELTY TO WOMEN			INSULT TO THE MODESTY OF WOMEN (SEC. 509 IPC)		
			I	R	P	I	R	P	I	R	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)
1.	PD BADDI	256220	2	0.78	3.13	15	5.85	6.64	1	0.39	1.72
2.	BILASPUR	382056	5	1.31	7.81	12	3.14	5.31	13	3.40	22.41
3.	CHAMBA	518844	3	0.58	4.69	10	1.93	4.42	0	0.00	0.00
4.	HAMIRPUR	454293	8	1.76	12.50	11	2.42	4.87	9	1.98	15.52
5.	KANGRA	1507223	22	1.46	34.38	39	2.59	17.26	11	0.73	18.97
6.	KINNAUR	84298	0	0.00	0.00	3	3.56	1.33	0	0.00	0.00
7.	KULLU	437474	0	0.00	0.00	14	3.20	6.19	4	0.91	6.90
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	1	3.17	1.72
9.	MANDI	999518	8	0.80	12.50	25	2.50	11.06	5	0.50	8.62
10.	SHIMLA	813384	3	0.37	4.69	26	3.20	11.50	7	0.86	12.07
11.	SIRMAUR	530164	4	0.75	6.25	17	3.21	7.52	2	0.38	3.45
12.	SOLAN	320450	1	0.31	1.56	10	3.12	4.42	2	0.62	3.45
13.	UNA	521057	8	1.54	12.50	44	8.44	19.47	3	0.58	5.17
14.	GRP	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
15.	CID	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
	TOTAL	6856509	64	0.93	100.00	226	3.30	100.00	58	0.85	100.0

TABLE- 4.3 (CONTD.)

INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST WOMEN (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2015

Sr. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION	DOWRY DEATHS			IMMORAL TRAFIC (P) ACT			OTHER CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST WOMEN		
			I	R	P	I	R	P	I	R	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)
1.	PD BADDI	256220	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	3	1.17	3.16
2.	BILASPUR	382056	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	8	2.09	8.42
3.	CHAMBA	518844	1	0.19	50	0	0.00	0.00	7	1.35	7.37
4.	HAMIRPUR	454293	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	15	3.30	15.79
5.	KANGRA	1507223	0	0	0	1	0.07	16.67	34	2.26	35.79
6.	KINNAUR	84298	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
7.	KULLU	437474	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
9.	MANDI	999518	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
10.	SHIMLA	813384	0	0	0	2	0.25	33.33	12	1.48	12.63
11.	SIRMAUR	530164	0	0	0	1	0.19	16.67	10	1.89	10.53
12.	SOLAN	320450	0	0	0	1	0.31	16.67	3	0.94	3.16
13.	UNA	521057	1	0.001	50	1	0.19	16.67	3	0.58	3.16
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
	TOTAL	6856509	2	0.029	100	6	0.09	100.0	95	1.39	100.00

TABLE 4.4
HEADWISE INCIDENCE OF CRIME AGAINST WOMEN
FOR THE LAST 10 YEARS (2006-2015)

Sr. NO.	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Murder	23	30	36	37	27	34	30	28	42	25
2	Attempt to Commit Murder	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	7
3	Culpable Homicide	1	2	1	1	2	0	0	0	2	1
4	Rape	113	159	157	183	160	168	183	250	283	244
5	Dowry Death	3	7	3	1	2	4	2	0	1	1
6	Kid/Abd.	108	153	137	123	163	191	152	288	227	239
7	Assault on Women	274	324	295	320	348	331	248	493	538	434
8	Abetment to commit Suicide	58	69	83	82	86	79	84	82	66	64
9	Cruelty to Women	256	343	343	284	275	239	251	328	325	226
10	Insult to the modesty of women (Sec. 509 IPC)	31	40	44	37	73	59	63	105	60	58
11	Dowry Prohibitio n Act	2	4	2	4	0	0	0	2	2	0
12	Immoral Traffic (P) Act	-	-	1	1	1	2	6	4	5	6
13	Other Crime against Women	2	1	4	7	8	7	5	59	83	96
	TOTAL	871	1132	1106	1080	1145	1114	1024	1639	1644	1401

CHAPTER-5

CRIME AGAINST CHILDREN

5.1 General:

Includes violations under certain sections of Indian Penal Code. For the purpose of this chapter, the following categories of crimes involving child victims have been included under this head:-

- i). Murder
- ii). Infanticide
- iii). Rape
- iv). Kidnapping and abduction
- v). Foeticide
- vi). Abetment to Suicide
- vii). Exposure and abandonment
- viii). Procurement of minor girls (below 18)
- ix). Buying of minor girls for prostitution (below 18)
- x). Selling of minor girls for prostitution (below 18)
- x). Child Marriage Restraint
- xi). Protection of Children from sexual Offences
- xii). Other crimes committed against Children

5.2 Trends of Crime against Children:

Table 5.1 and Chart 5.1 depicts the percentage distribution of crimes against children during 2015.

Chart 5.2 depicts the district-wise distribution of crimes against children during 2006-2015.

CHART 5.1

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN DURING 2015

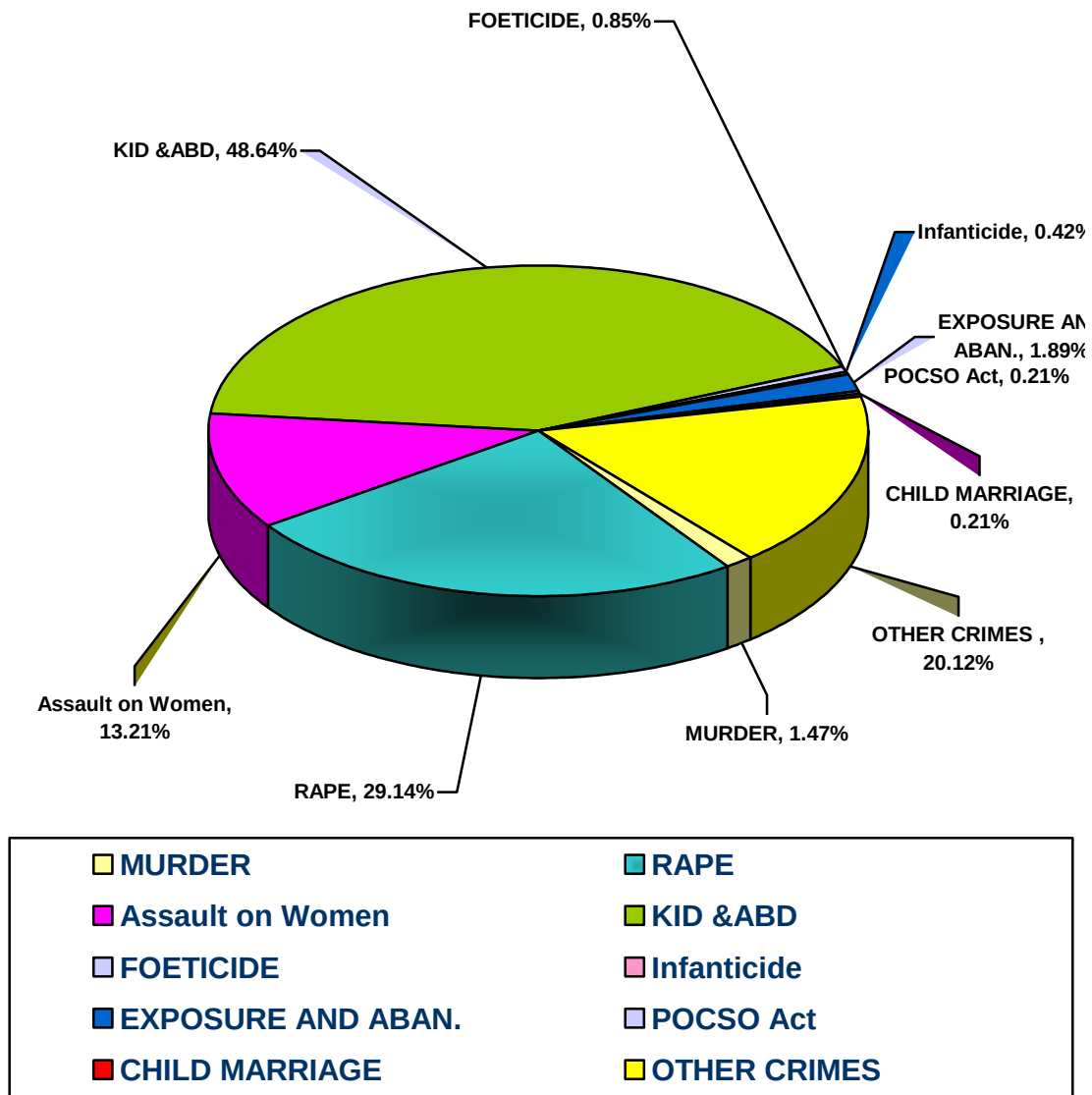
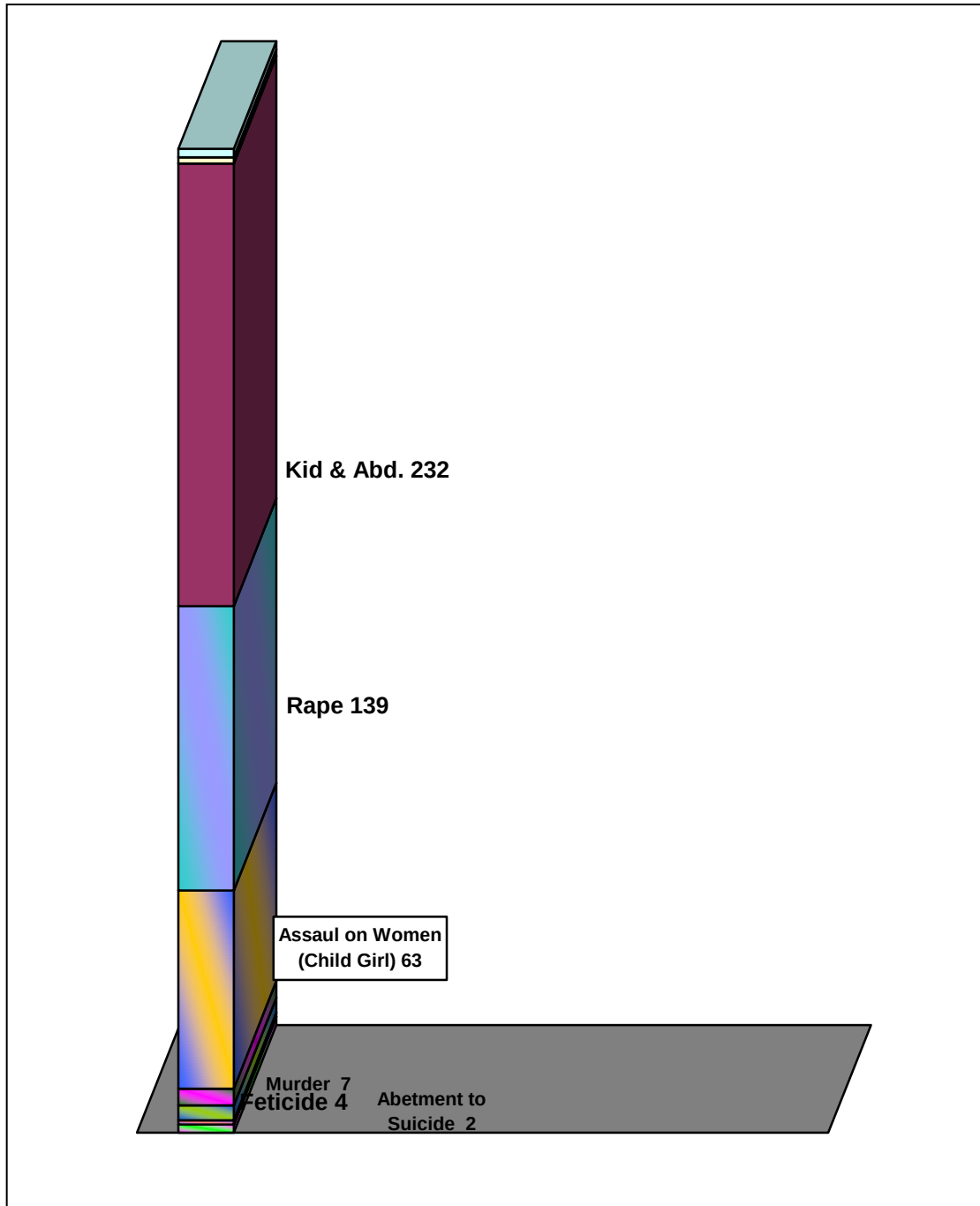


CHART 5.2

INCIDENCE OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN DURING 2014



Total No. of Incidence = 477

5.3 Incidence:

Table 5.1 shows the incidence and rate of Crime Against children, District wise including its rank.

Totally 477 cases were reported in the State under various sections of IPC. “Kidnapping & Abduction” constituted the largest category 232 cases (48.63%) were reported during the year. The maximum number of kidnapping & abduction was reported in Shimla district (44 cases), followed by Kangra (38), Mandi (28), Sirmaur (22), Chamba (20), Hamirpur (18), Kullu (16), Baddi (14), Solan (12), Una (9), Bilaspur (7), Kinnaur (4). No incidence was reported in Lahaul-Spiti district.

The second most prevalent crime against children was Rape which accounted for 139 cases (29.14%). The “Rape” cases were reported highest in Districts Kangra (25), followed by Sirmaur (21), Mandi (16), Chamba, Kullu (13 each), Bilaspur, Shimla (11 each), Una (10), Hamirpur, Kinnaur, Solan (5 each), Baddi (3) and Lahaul-Spiti (1).

The Third most prevalent crime against children was Assault on Women (Girl Child) with intent to outrage her modesty which accounted for 63 cases (13.2%). The “Assault on Women” cases were reported highest in Districts Sirmaur (13), followed by Kangra (11), Hamirpur, Mandi (7 each), Baddi, Kullu (5 each) Solan, Una (4 each), Bilaspur, Chamba (3 each), and Shimla (1). No incidence under this head was reported in Kinnaur and Lahaul-Spiti districts.

Total 9 cases were reported in the State under head “Exposure and Abandonment” Shimla (4), Kangra, Una (2 each), Mandi (1).

Total 7 cases were reported in the State under head “Murder” of Children, Shimla, Sirmaur (2 each), Kangra, Kullu and Solan (1 each).

During the year 2015, 3 cases (Mandi (2), Shimla (1) of Protection of Children from Sexual Offences were reported in the State during the year 2015.

The incidence and percentage contribution of State regarding crimes against children head wise and district wise presented in Table.5.2.

TABLE-5.1

INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN ALONG WITH PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION DURING 2015

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	INCIDENT	RATE	PERCENT AGE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	Murder	7	0.10	1.47
2.	Rape	139	2.03	29.14
3.	Assault on women (Girl child)	63	0.92	13.21
4.	Kid & Abd.	232	3.38	48.64
5.	Infanticide	2	0.03	0.42
6.	Procuration of Minor Girls	0	0.00	0.00
7.	Abetment to Suicide	1	0.01	0.21
8.	Exposure and Abandonment	9	0.13	1.89
9.	Prohibition of Child Marriage Act,2006	1	0.01	0.21
10.	Protection of children from sexual offences act 2012	3	0.04	0.63
11.	Attempt to Murder	3	0.04	0.63
12.	Unnatural offences	4	0.06	0.84
	Other crime committed against Children	13	0.19	2.73
	Total	477	6.96	100.00

TABLE-5.2

INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN (DISTRICT WISE) DURING 2015

Sr No.	NAME OF DISTT.	INCIDE NCE	% CONTRIB- UTION TO STATE LEVEL	POPULA- TION IN LAKHS	RATE OF CRIME	RANK *	RANK **
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	Baddi	22	4.61	2.56	8.6	4	10
2.	Bilaspur	21	4.40	3.83	5.5	10	11
3.	Chamba	36	7.55	5.19	6.9	7	6
4.	Hamirpur	30	6.29	4.55	6.6	8	7
5.	Kangra	81	16.98	15.07	5.4	11	1
6.	Kinnaur	9	1.89	0.84	10.7	2	12
7.	Kullu	38	7.97	4.37	8.7	3	5
8.	L/Spiti	1	0.21	0.32	3.2	13	13
9.	Mandi	64	13.42	9.99	6.4	9	2
10.	Shimla	63	13.21	8.13	7.7	6	3
11.	Sirmaur	61	12.79	5.30	11.5	1	4
12.	Solan	25	5.24	3.20	7.8	5	9
13.	Una	26	5.45	5.21	5.0	12	8
14.	GRP	0	0.00	0	0.0		
15.	CID	0	0.00	0	0.0		
	Total	477	100.00	68.56	7.0		

* RANK ON THE BASIS OF RATE OF INCIDENCE CRIMES (Col.No.6),

** RANK ON THE BASIS OF % SHARE (Col.No.4)

TABLE -5.3

**INCIDENCE (I) AND PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO
STATE (P) OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN
DURING 2015 (HEAD-WISE/DISTRICT-WISE)**

Sr. No.	Name of Distt.	Murder		Rape		Assault on Women (Girl Child)		Kid & Abd	
		I	P	I	P	I	P	I	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1.	Baddi	0	0.00	3	2.16	5	7.94	14	6.03
2.	Bilaspur	0	0.00	11	7.91	3	4.76	7	3.02
3.	Chamba	0	0.00	13	9.35	3	4.76	20	8.62
4.	Hamirpur	0	0.00	5	3.60	7	11.11	18	7.76
5.	Kangra	1	14.29	25	17.99	11	17.46	38	16.38
6.	Kinnaur	0	0.00	5	3.60	0	0.00	4	1.72
7.	Kullu	1	14.29	13	9.35	5	7.94	16	6.90
8.	L/Spiti	0	0.00	1	0.72	0	0.00	0	0.00
9.	Mandi	0	0.00	16	11.51	7	11.11	28	12.07
10.	Shimla	2	28.57	11	7.91	1	1.59	44	18.97
11.	Sirmaur	2	28.57	21	15.11	13	20.63	22	9.48
12.	Solan	1	14.29	5	3.60	4	6.35	12	5.17
13.	Una	0	0.00	10	7.19	4	6.35	9	3.88
14.	CID	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
	TOTAL	7	100.00	139	100.00	63	100.00	232	100.0

TABLE -5.3 CONTD.

INCIDENCE (I) AND PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO STATE (P) OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN DURING 2015 (HEAD-WISE/DISTRICT-WISE)

Sr. No.	Name of Distt.	Infanticide		Procuration of Minor Girls		Abetment to Suicide	
		I	P	I	P	I	P
(1)	(2)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
1.	PD Baddi	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	Bilaspur	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.	Chamba	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	Hamirpur	0	0	0	0	0	0
5.	Kangra	2	100	0	0	0	0
6.	Kinnaur	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	Kullu	0	0	0	0	0	0
8.	L/Spiti	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	Mandi	0	0	0	0	0	0
10.	Shimla	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.	Sirmaur	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.	Solan	0	0	0	0	1	100
13.	Una	0	0	0	0	0	0
14.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	2	100	0	0	1	100

TABLE -5.3 CONTD.

INCIDENCE (I) AND PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO STATE (P) OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN DURING 2015(HEAD-WISE/DISTRICT-WISE)

Sr. No.	Name of Distt.	Exposure and Abandonment		Prohibition of Child Marriage Act, 2006		Protection of Children from Sexual Offences	
		I	P	I	P	I	P
(1)	(2)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)		
1.	PD Baddi	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00
2.	Bilaspur	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00
3.	Chamba	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00
4.	Hamirpur	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00
5.	Kangra	2	22.22	0	0	0	0.00
6.	Kinnaur	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00
7.	Kullu	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00
8.	Lahaul/Spiti	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00
9.	Mandi	1	11.11	1	100	2	66.67
10.	Shimla	4	44.44	0	0	1	33.33
11.	Sirmaur	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00
12.	Solan	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00
13.	Una	2	22.22	0	0	0	0.00
14.	CID	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00
	TOTAL	9	100.00	1	100	3	100.00

TABLE -5.3 CONTD.

INCIDENCE (I) AND PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO STATE (P) OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN DURING 2015 (HEAD-WISE/DISTRICT-WISE)

Sr. No.	Name of Distt.	Attempt to Murder		Unnatural Offences (Sec. 377)		Other Crimes Committed Against Children	
		I	P	I	P	I	P
(1)	(2)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)		
1.	PD Baddi	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
2.	Bilaspur	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
3.	Chamba	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
4.	Hamirpur	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
5.	Kangra	0	0.00	1	25.00	1	7.69
6.	Kinnaur	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
7.	Kullu	1	33.33	0	0.00	2	15.38
8.	Lahaul/Spiti	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
9.	Mandi	2	66.67	1	25.00	6	46.15
10.	Shimla	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
11.	Sirmaur	0	0.00	2	50.00	1	7.69
12.	Solan	0	0.00	0	0.00	2	15.38
13.	Una	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	7.69
14.	CID	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
	TOTAL	3	100.00	4	100.00	13	100.00

CHAPTER-6

ARRESTS

6.1 ARRESTS:

Total 23332 persons (18839 under IPC & 4493 under Local & Special Laws) were arrested during the year 2015 in 17221 cases (14007 IPC + 3214 Local & Special Laws) which is a minor decrease of 0.49% when compared with the arrests of 23447 persons ((19355 under IPC & 4092 under Local & Special Laws) in 2014.

(i) PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CASES:

During the year 2015 as many as 18839 persons were arrested in 14007 cases registered under IPC as against 19355 persons in 2014. Chart 6.1 depicts persons arrested under IPC crimes during 2013-2015.

CHART-6.1

PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC DURING 2013-2015

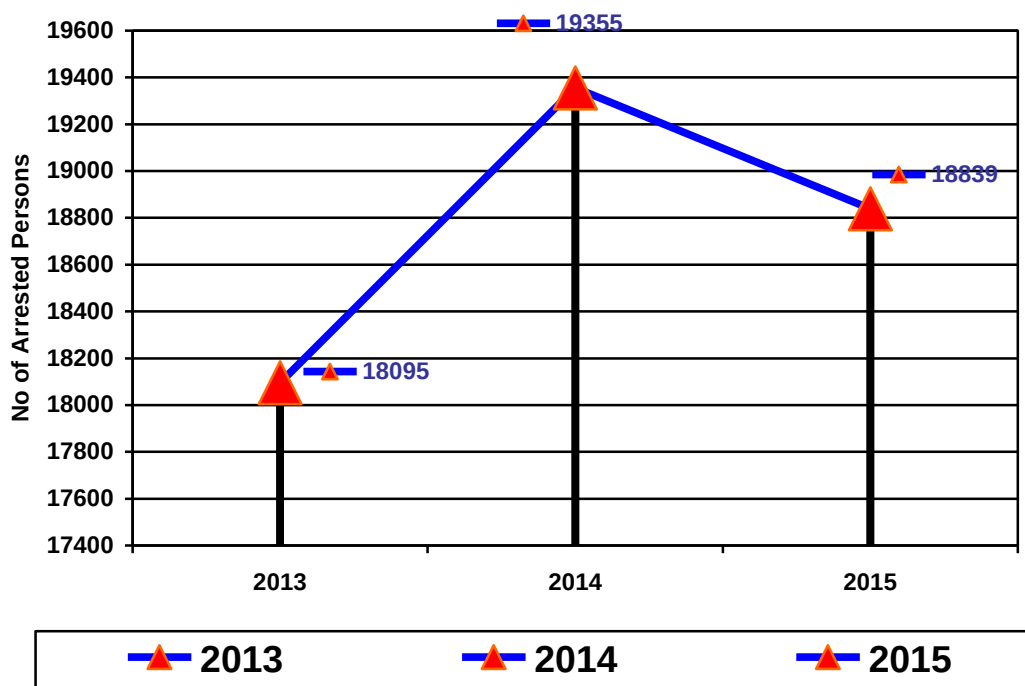


Table 6.1 gives details of arrests made under IPC crime during the last 3 years 2013-2015.

Table 6.2 gives Age-group wise and gender wise break up of persons arrested in districts.

Kangra district tops in arresting 3273 persons in 2546 cases during 2015 followed by Shimla by arresting 2988 persons in 2445 cases and district Mandi by arresting 2872 persons in 1907 cases.

In Sirmaur district 914 cases were registered and arrested 1451 persons. Una district has registered 1097 cases and arrested 1400 persons, Kinnaur district 336 persons were arrested against the registration of 192 cases during the year 2015. The details of persons arrested under IPC crime head wise & gender wise are presented in Table 6.3.

Chart 6.2 depicts age group wise persons arrested under IPC crime during the years 2015 and Chart 6.3 depicts district wise persons arrested under IPC Crime cases during the year 2015 in descending order.

Persons arrested crime head wise /gender wise in districts are presented in Table 6.4. Table 6.5 shows the district wise persons arrested during the year 2013-2015 percentage variation thereon.

CHART- 6.2

AGE-GROUP WISE PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CRIMES DURING 2015

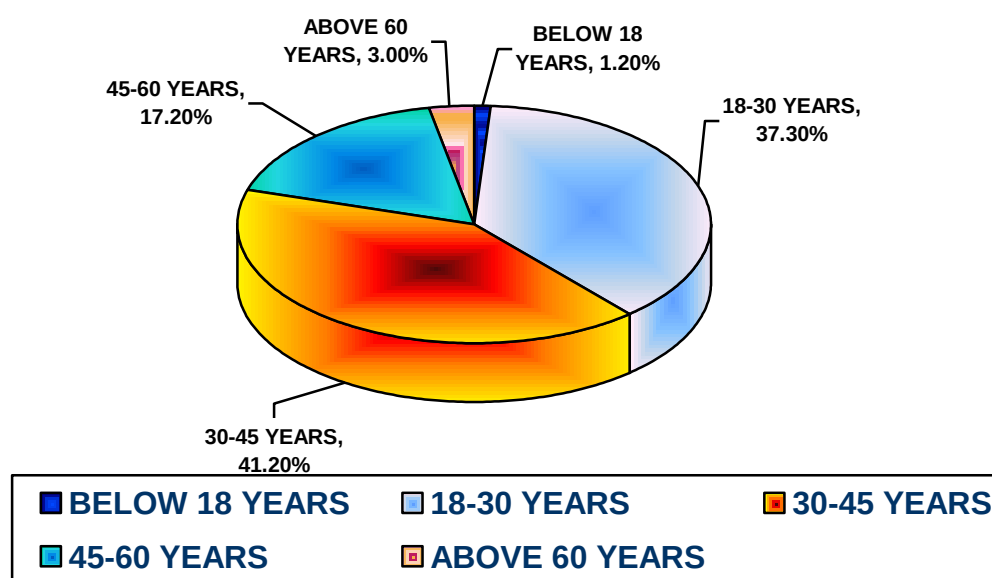
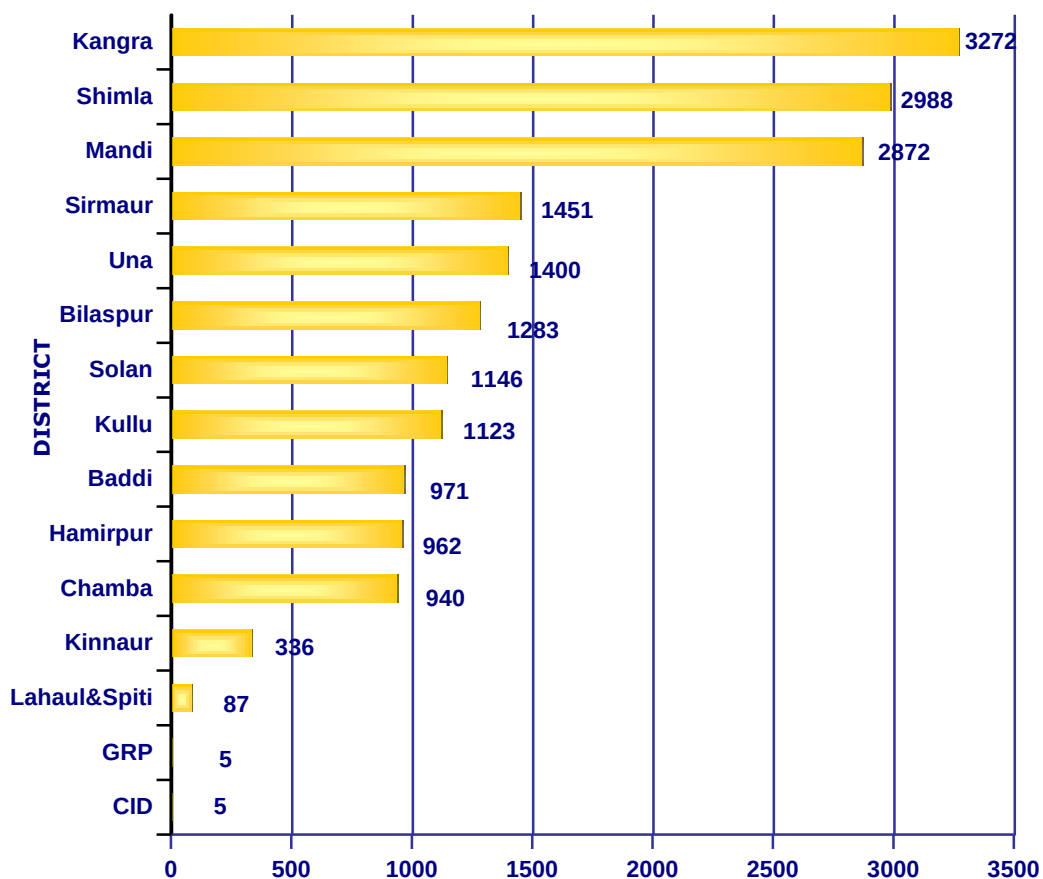


CHART- 6.3

**DISTRICT WISE PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC
CRIMES DURING 2015**



TOTAL NO. OF PERSONS ARRESTED: 18839

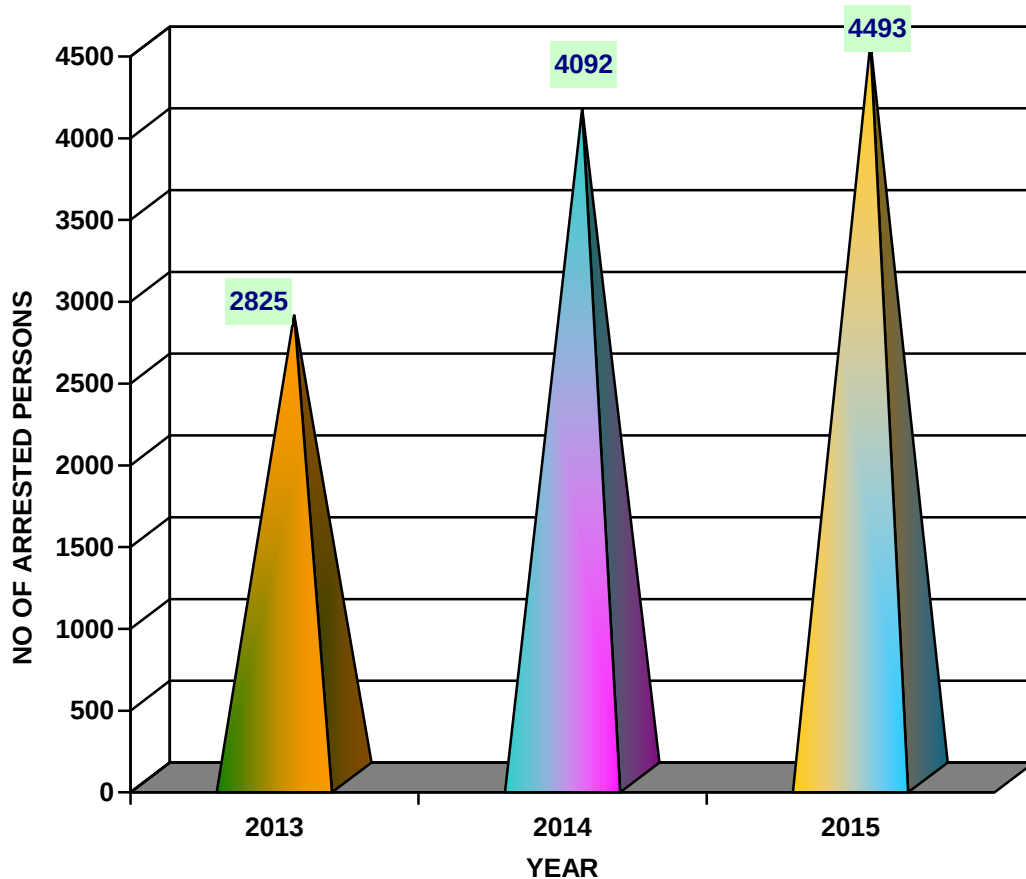
(ii) Persons Arrested Under SLL Cases:

4493 persons were arrested against 3214 SLL Crimes during 2015 as compared to 4092 persons during 2014 with an increase of 8.92%. Persons arrested during 2013-2015 crime head wise and percentage variations (SLL) during 2015 over 2014 are available in Table 6.6

Chart 6.4 depicts persons arrested under SLL Crime during 2013-2015.

CHART 6.4

**PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER SLL CRIMES
DURING 2013-2015**

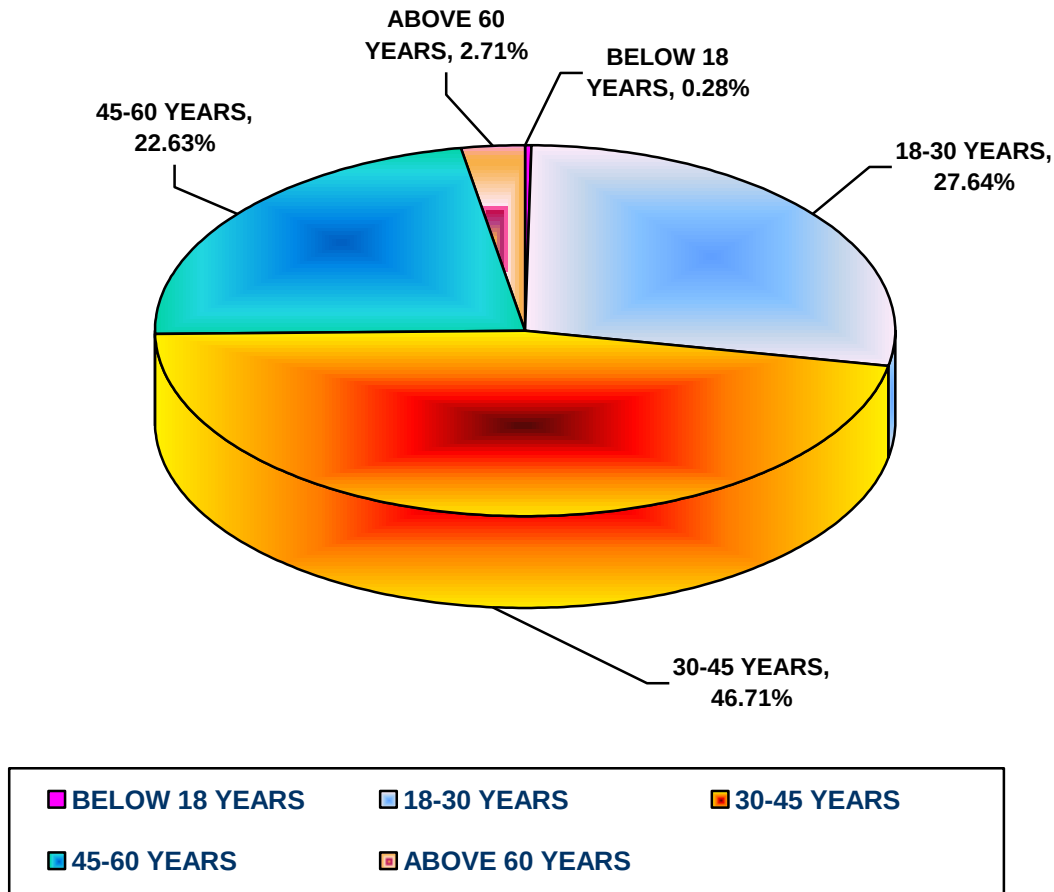


Age group wise / gender wise break up of persons arrested in various districts in HP during 2015 are available in Table 6.7. Crime head wise and gender wise breakup of persons arrested under SLL are presented in Table 6.8 and district wise / Act wise is in Table 6.9

Chart 6.5 depicts Age group wise persons arrested under SLL Crimes during 2015

CHART 6.5

AGE GROUP WISE PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER SLL CRIMES DURING 2015



The Kangra district has arrested the highest number (799) persons with 679 cases registered during the year 2015 followed by Shimla district by arresting (686) persons in (388) cases, Mandi district (567) persons with (470) cases and Kullu (563) with (353) cases registered.

Sirmaur District has registered (203) cases with (309) persons arrested. Chamba has registered 262 cases with (441) persons arrested. Una district has registered (283) cases with 341 persons arrested.

Chart 6.6 depicts district wise persons arrested under SLL during 2015.

CHART 6.6

**DISTRICT WISE PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER SLL
CRIMES DURING 2015**

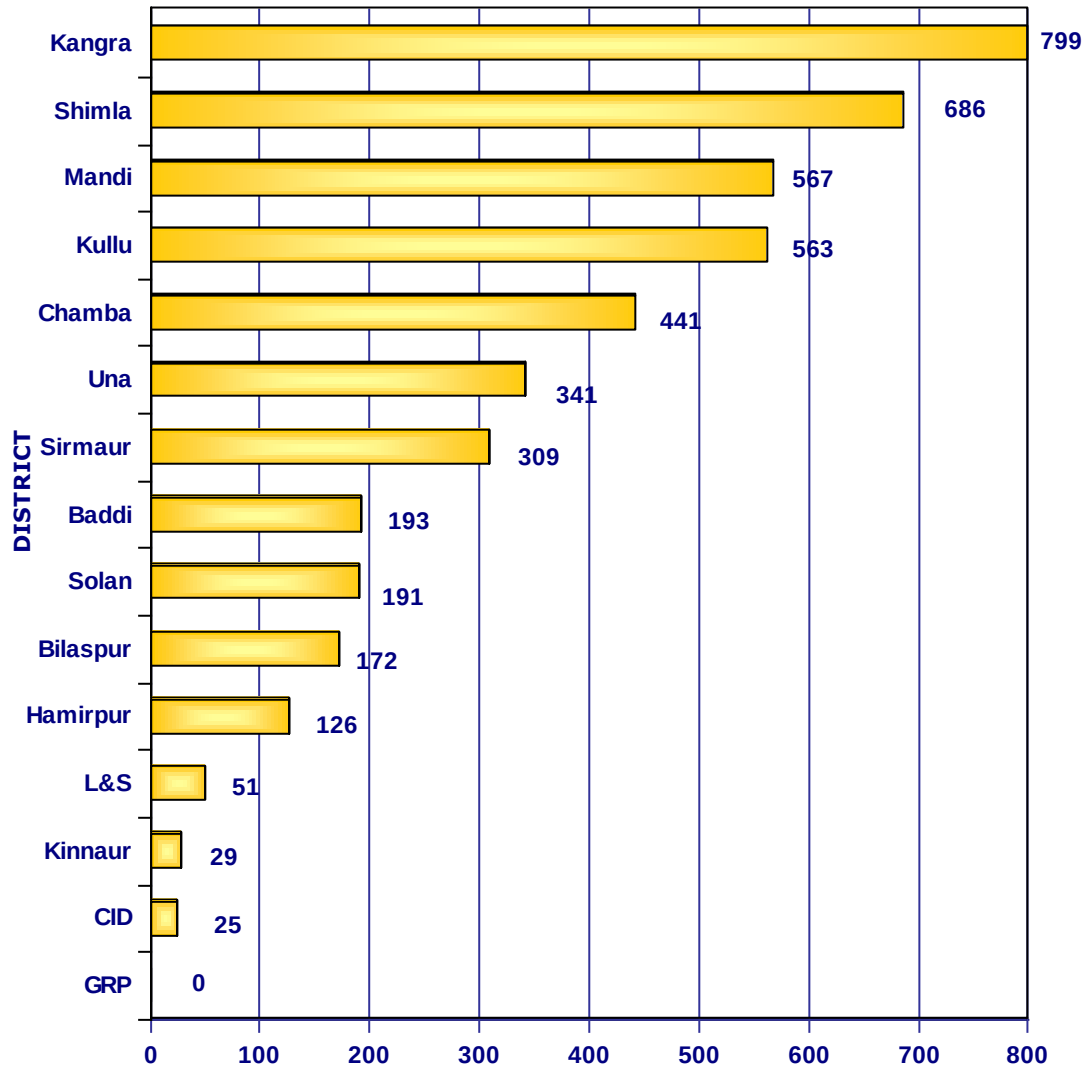


TABLE-6.1

**PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CRIMES FROM 2013
TO 2015 AND % OF VARIATION IN 2015 OVER 2014
(HEAD WISE)**

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	2013	2014	2015	% VARIATION IN 2015 OVER 2014
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	MURDER	148	203	228	12.3
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	159	126	94	-25.4
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	19	13	9	-30.8
4.	RAPE	299	329	299	-9.1
5.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION	138	113	131	15.9
6.	DACOITY	59	12	5	-58.3
7.	ROBBERY	13	27	14	-48.1
8.	BURGLARY	507	724	531	-26.7
9.	THEFT	696	622	460	-26.0
10.	RIOTS	2311	2509	2003	-20.2
11.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	95	102	84	-17.6
12.	CHEATING	345	434	270	-37.8
13.	COUNTERFEITING	28	4	10	150.0
14.	ARSON	96	91	64	-29.7
15.	GRIEVOUS HURT	1465	1006	845	-16.0
16.	DOWRY DEATHS	0	5	6	20.0
17.	ASSAULT ON WOMEN (354 IPC)	565	683	521	-23.7
18.	INSULT TO THE MODESTY OF WOMEN (509 IPC)	54	59	81	37.3
19.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	765	679	517	-23.9
20.	CAUSING DEATH BY NEGLIGENCE (304A)	314	485	471	-2.9
21.	INCIDENCE OF RASH DRIVING (279,337 IPC)	1854	2061	2105	2.1
22.	OTHER IPC	8165	9068	10091	11.3
23.	TOTAL	18095	19355	18839	-2.7

MAP-6.1

PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER (IPC) CRIMES – 2015

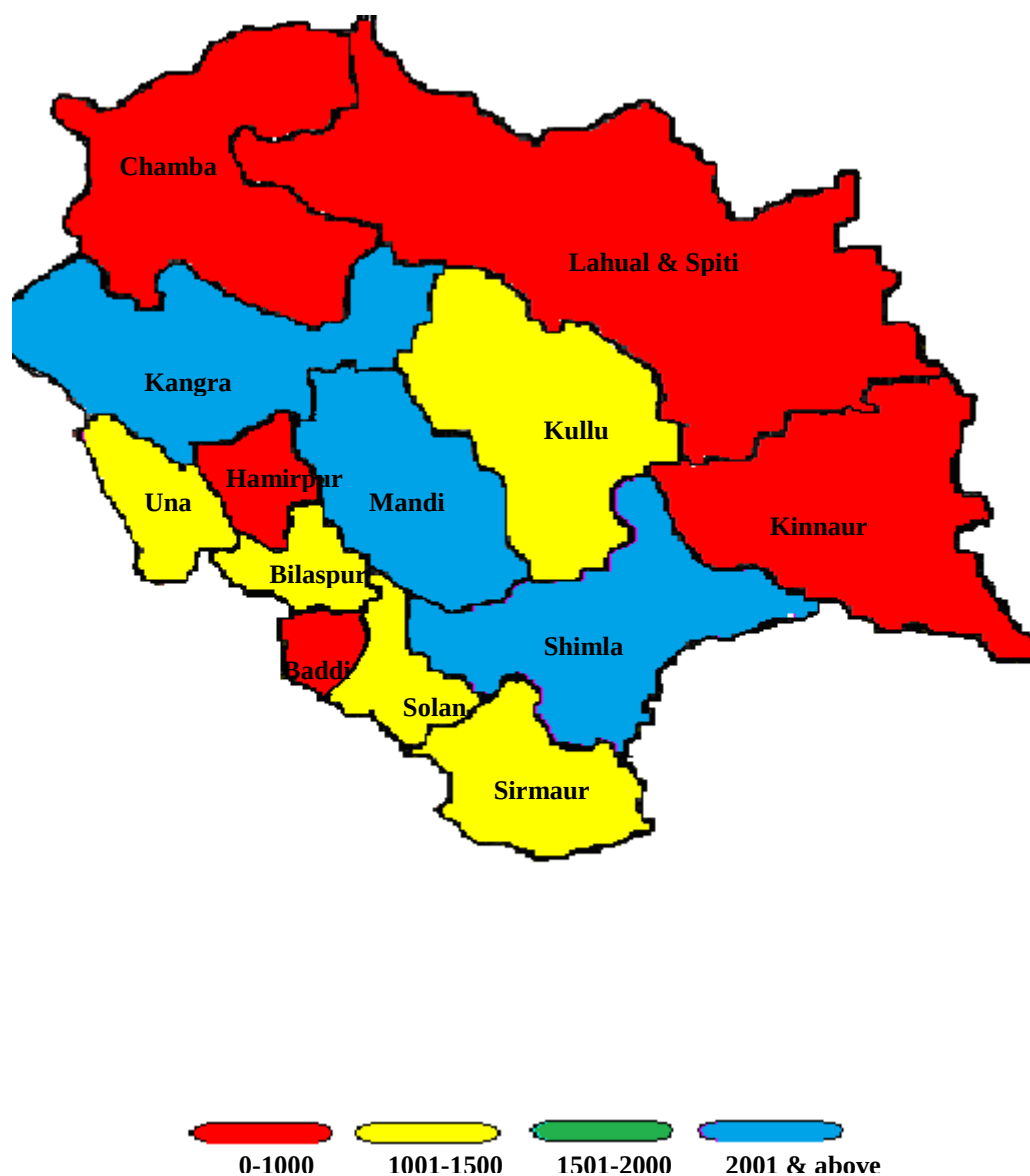


TABLE-6.2

**AGE GROUP WISE/GENDER WISE PERSONS ARRESTED
IN DIFFERENT DISTRICTS UNDER IPC DURING-2015**

SR NO	DISTRICT	BELOW 18 YEARS		18-30 YEARS		30-45 YEARS		45-60 YEARS		ABOVE 60 YEARS		OVER ALL TOTAL		TOTAL
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1.	BADDI	6	0	310	44	413	37	122	13	20	6	871	100	971
2.	BILASPUR	7	0	293	23	576	54	294	24	12	0	1182	101	1283
3.	CHAMBA	4	1	324	36	322	62	114	33	31	10	795	142	940
4.	HAMIRPUR	6	0	263	62	320	98	131	41	24	17	744	218	962
5.	KANGRA	31	0	1003	77	1092	168	747	80	55	20	2928	345	3273
6.	KINNAUR	3	0	129	12	136	15	27	10	2	2	297	39	336
7.	KULLU	20	0	416	38	387	73	149	40	0	0	972	151	1123
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	27	1	37	4	14	2	2	0	80	7	87
9.	MANDI	51	2	855	101	964	217	392	97	142	51	2404	468	2872
10.	SHIMLA	42	1	1366	49	1122	87	224	52	44	1	2798	190	2988
11.	SIRMAUR	21	0	569	55	445	67	235	44	12	3	1282	169	1451
12.	SOLAN	15	0	458	48	339	75	125	31	45	10	982	164	1146
13.	UNA	17	1	428	41	576	79	150	52	41	15	1212	188	1400
14.	GRP	0	0	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	5	0	5
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0	0	5	0	5
	TOTAL	223	5	6442	587	6734	1036	2728	519	430	135	16557	2282	18839
	Percentage against Total	1.2%		37.3%		41.2%		17.2%		3.0%		100.0%		

TABLE-6.3

**PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CRIMES DURING-2015
(CRIME HEAD WISE & GENDER WISE)**

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL (3+4)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	MURDER	214	14	228
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	90	4	94
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	9	0	9
4.	RAPE	286	13	299
5.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION	124	7	131
6.	DACOITY	5	0	5
7.	ROBBERY	14	0	14
8.	BURGLARY	502	29	531
9.	THEFT	438	22	460
10.	RIOTS	1571	432	2003
11.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	83	1	84
12.	CHEATING	242	28	270
13.	COUNTERFEITING	10	0	10
14.	ARSON	56	8	64
15.	GRIEVOUS HURT	723	122	845
16.	DOWRY DEATHS	4	2	6
17.	ASSAULT ON WOMEN (SEC 354 IPC)	487	34	521
18.	INSULT TO THE MODESTY OF WOMEN (509 IPC)	80	1	81
19.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	326	191	517
20.	CAUSING DEATH BY NEGLIGENCE	469	2	471
21.	INCIDENCE OF RASH DRIVING (279,337 IPC)	2102	3	2105
22.	OTHER IPC CRIMES	8722	1369	10091
23.	TOTAL	16557	2282	18839

TABLE-6.4

**DISTRICT WISE PERSONS ARRESTED (IPC)
(CRIME HEAD WISE & GENDER WISE)
DURING-2015**

SR. NO	DISTRICT	MURDER		ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER		C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER		RAPE	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1.	PD BADDI	6	0	2	0	3	0	10	0
2.	BILASPUR	9	1	7	1	0	0	17	0
3.	CHAMBA	12	2	2	0	0	0	26	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	1	0	6	0	0	0	7	0
5.	KANGRA	28	1	17	2	4	0	46	1
6.	KINNAUR	7	1	0	0	0	0	11	4
7.	KULLU	14	1	4	0	0	0	24	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
9.	MANDI	23	2	23	0	0	0	35	6
10.	SHIMLA	61	1	10	1	0	0	27	0
11.	SIRMAUR	28	2	5	0	2	0	54	1
12.	SOLAN	13	3	3	0	0	0	10	0
13.	UNA	12	0	11	0	0	0	18	1
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	214	14	90	4	9	0	286	13

TABLE-6.4 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	KIDNAPPING & ABDUCTION		DACOITY		ROBBERY		BURGLARY	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
1.	BADDI	9	0	0	0	0	0	42	2
2.	BILASPUR	6	1	0	0	0	0	9	0
3.	CHAMBA	9	1	0	0	0	0	76	16
4.	HAMIRPUR	1	0	0	0	2	0	26	1
5.	KANGRA	15	0	0	0	0	0	51	4
6.	KINNAUR	2	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
7.	KULLU	3	0	0	0	0	0	30	2
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	14	1	0	0	1	0	84	2
10.	SHIMLA	40	2	0	0	5	0	80	0
11.	SIRMAUR	18	2	5	0	0	0	35	2
12.	SOLAN	5	0	0	0	6	0	35	0
13.	UNA	2	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	124	7	5	0	14	0	502	29

TABLE-6.4 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	THEFT		RIOTS		CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST		CHEATING	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
1.	BADDI	27	0	108	37	10	0	15	0
2.	BILASPUR	26	0	138	15	0	0	25	0
3.	CHAMBA	13	0	94	36	0	0	4	2
4.	HAMIRPUR	26	1	40	29	7	0	13	5
5.	KANGRA	32	6	264	46	11	0	52	2
6.	KINNAUR	26	0	77	10	1	0	0	0
7.	KULLU	18	0	86	22	2	0	4	1
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	47	8	173	85	6	0	39	5
10.	SHIMLA	108	1	152	14	19	0	26	2
11.	SIRMAUR	47	4	205	66	11	0	24	6
12.	SOLAN	43	2	137	56	13	0	6	3
13.	UNA	23	0	84	16	3	1	34	2
14.	GRP	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	438	22	1571	432	83	1	242	28

TABLE-6.4 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	COUNTERF EITING		ARSON		GRIEVOUS HURT		DOWRY DEATH	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)
1.	BADDI	0	0	0	0	42	12	0	0
2.	BILASPUR	4	0	3	1	41	8	0	0
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	0	0	72	11	1	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	6	0	13	0	70	14	0	0
5.	KANGRA	0	0	12	0	139	24	0	0
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0
7.	KULLU	0	0	3	0	38	9	0	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	0	0	8	5	96	15	0	0
10.	SHIMLA	0	0	11	0	33	8	0	0
11.	SIRMAUR	0	0	3	0	68	3	0	0
12.	SOLAN	0	0	3	0	35	1	0	0
13.	UNA	0	0	0	2	71	17	3	2
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	10	0	56	8	723	122	4	2

TABLE-6.4 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	ASSAULT ON WOMEN		INSULT TO THE MODESTY OF WOMEN		CRUELTY BY HUSBAND AND RELATIVES		CAUSING DEATH BY NEGLIGENCE	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)
1.	BADDI	19	4	2	0	26	17	45	1
2.	BILASPUR	44	0	10	0	19	7	36	0
3.	CHAMBA	26	3	0	0	15	5	29	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	36	3	12	0	18	9	16	0
5.	KANGRA	58	2	11	0	47	35	49	0
6.	KINNAUR	6	0	0	0	4	1	11	0
7.	KULLU	16	0	2	0	17	8	25	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	99	11	10	0	31	16	35	0
10.	SHIMLA	57	0	21	0	39	24	90	0
11.	SIRMAUR	59	4	3	1	29	21	48	0
12.	SOLAN	24	0	3	0	14	10	22	0
13.	UNA	43	7	5	0	67	38	63	1
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	487	34	80	1	326	191	469	2

TABLE-6.4 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	INCIDENCE OF RASH DRIVING		OTHER IPC CRIMES		TOTAL ARRESTED PERSON UNDER IPC		TOTAL
		M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(43)	(44)	(47)	(48)	(49)	(50)	(51)
1.	BADDI	164	0	341	27	871	100	971
2.	BILASPUR	159	0	629	67	1182	101	1283
3.	CHAMBA	60	0	356	66	795	142	937
4.	HAMIRPUR	88	0	356	156	744	218	962
5.	KANGRA	317	2	1775	220	2928	345	3273
6.	KINNAUR	16	0	117	23	297	39	336
7.	KULLU	107	0	579	108	972	151	1123
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	7	0	54	7	80	7	87
9.	MANDI	347	1	1333	311	2404	468	2872
10.	SHIMLA	330	0	1689	137	2798	190	2988
11.	SIRMAUR	187	0	451	57	1282	169	1451
12.	SOLAN	189	0	421	89	982	164	1146
13.	UNA	131	0	613	101	1212	188	1400
14.	GRP	0	0	3	0	5	0	5
15.	CID	0	0	5	0	5	0	5
	TOTAL	2102	3	8722	1369	16557	2282	18839

TABLE-6.5

**PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CRIMES DURING
2013-2015 AND % OF VARIATION IN 2015 OVER 2014
(DISTRICT WISE)**

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	2013	2014	2015	% VARIATION IN 2015 OVER 2014	% CONTRIBUTION TO STATE LEVEL DURING 2015
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1.	BADDI	879	936	971	3.7	5.2
2.	BILASPUR	1458	1261	1283	1.7	6.8
3.	CHAMBA	1298	1432	937	-34.6	5.0
4.	HAMIRPUR	953	1073	962	-10.3	5.1
5.	KANGRA	3436	3417	3273	-4.2	17.4
6.	KINNAUR	257	332	336	1.2	1.8
7.	KULLU	1417	1398	1123	-19.7	6.0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	83	80	87	8.8	0.5
9.	MANDI	2629	2802	2872	2.5	15.2
10.	SHIMLA	1795	2336	2988	27.9	15.9
11.	SIRMAUR	1174	1278	1451	13.5	7.7
12.	SOLAN	1126	1344	1146	-14.7	6.1
13.	UNA	1549	1652	1400	-15.3	7.4
14.	GRP	26	8	5	-37.5	0.0
15.	CID	15	6	5	-16.7	0.0
16.	TOTAL	18095	19355	18839	-2.7	100.0

TABLE-6.6

PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER DIFFERENT (SLL) CRIMES DURING 2013-2015 AND % OF VARIATION IN 2015 OVER 2014 (HEAD WISE)

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	2013	2014	2015	% VARIATION IN 2015 OVER 2014
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	ARMS ACT	33	32	30	-6.3
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	611	811	775	-4.4
3.	GAMBLING ACT	631	882	985	11.7
4.	EXCISE ACT	776	1573	1808	14.9
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	0	0	0	0.0
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	0	1	12	1100.0
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	26	24	63	162.5
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	0	0	0	0.0
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	5	12	0	-100.0
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	7	27	8	-70.4
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0	0	0	0.0
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	18	18	17	-5.6
13.	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT	0	13	0	-100.0
14.	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	0	0	0	0.0
15.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	1	4	0	-100.0
16.	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	0	19	0	-100.0
17.	COPY RIGHT ACT	4	4	11	175.0
18.	POCSO Act, 2012	0	0	2	0.0
19.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	122	121	111	-8.3
20.	FOREST ACT	299	217	206	-5.1
21.	PROHIBITION OF CHILD MARRIAGE ACT, 2006	0	0	4	0.0
22.	PROTECTION OF WOMEN FROM DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	0	0	14	0.0
23.	IT ACT	0	0	33	0.0
24.	PREVENTION OF DAMAGE TO PUBLIC PROPERTY ACT 1984	0	99	108	9.1
25.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	285	217	306	41.0
	TOTAL	2825	4092	4493	9.8

TABLE-6.7

**AGE GROUP WISE/GENDER WISE PERSONS ARRESTED
UNDER SLL DURING-2015**

SR NO	DISTRICT	BELOW 18 YEARS		18-30 YEARS		30-45 YEARS		45-60 YEARS		ABOVE 60 YEARS		OVER ALL TOTAL		TOTAL
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1.	BADDI	0	0	68	1	94	2	28	0	0	0	190	3	193
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	33	0	107	0	28	0	4	0	172	0	172
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	97	0	219	7	97	2	18	1	431	10	441
4.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	33	1	58	3	23	2	6	0	120	6	126
5.	KANGRA	2	0	98	4	277	16	362	9	27	4	766	33	799
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	11	0	12	3	1	2	0	0	24	5	29
7.	KULLU	1	0	186	9	254	34	65	14	0	0	506	57	563
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	7	3	14	15	8	2	2	0	31	20	51
9.	MANDI	7	0	157	10	230	25	99	10	24	5	517	50	567
10.	SHIMLA	2	0	267	14	330	8	56	0	9	0	664	22	686
11.	SIRMAUR	1	0	112	3	108	4	74	1	6	0	301	8	309
12.	SOLAN	0	0	39	3	86	1	53	1	8	0	186	5	191
13.	UNA	0	0	80	1	178	0	72	2	8	0	338	3	341
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	5	0	12	2	6	0	0	0	23	2	25
	TOTAL	13	0	1193	49	1979	120	972	45	112	10	4269	224	4493
	Percentage against Total	0.28		27.64		46.71		22.63		2.71		100		

TABLE-6.8

**PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER (SLL)
LOCAL & SPECIAL LAWS CRIMES DURING-2015
(CRIME HEADWISE & GENDER WISE)**

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL (3+4)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	ARMS ACT	30	0	30
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	747	28	775
3.	GAMBLING ACT	985	0	985
4.	EXCISE ACT	1667	141	1808
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	0	0	0
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	12	0	12
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	43	20	63
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	0	0	0
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	0	0	0
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	6	2	8
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0	0	0
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	17	0	17
13.	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT	0	0	0
14.	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	0	0	0
15.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	0	0	0
16.	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	0	0	0
17.	COPY RIGHT ACT	11	0	11
18.	POCSO Act, 2012	2	0	2
19.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	96	15	111
20.	FOREST ACT	205	1	206
21.	PROHIBITION OF CHILD MARRIAGE ACT, 2006	2	2	4
22.	PROTECTION OF WOMEN FROM DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	14	0	14
23.	IT ACT	33	0	33
24.	PREVENTION OF DAMAGE TO PUBLIC PROPERTY ACT 1984	107	1	108
25.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	292	14	306
	TOTAL	4269	224	4493

TABLE-6.9

PERSONS ARRESTED (SLL) LOCAL & SPECIAL LAWS DURING-2015 (CRIME HEAD WISE & GENDER WISE)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	ARMS ACT		ND&PS ACT		GAMBLING ACT		EXCISE ACT	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	BADDI	4	0	31	0	47	0	78	1
2.	BILASPUR	1	0	33	0	0	0	64	0
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	61	2	129	0	174	3
4.	HAMIRPUR	4	0	22	1	10	0	62	0
5.	KANGRA	0	0	95	12	107	0	474	16
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	2	0	6	0	4	5
7.	KULLU	1	0	149	7	179	0	118	45
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	20
9.	MANDI	0	0	147	4	18	0	242	39
10.	SHIMLA	0	0	102	1	225	0	158	6
11.	SIRMAUR	8	0	44	0	65	0	115	6
12.	SOLAN	0	0	20	0	79	0	50	0
13.	UNA	12	0	33	1	118	0	101	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	8	0	2	0	4	0
	TOTAL	30	0	747	28	985	0	1667	141

TABLE-6.9 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	PROHIBITION ACT		EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT		IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT		FOREIGN REGD. ACT	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1.	BADDI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5.	KANGRA	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	KULLU	0	0	0	0	5	3	0	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10.	SHIMLA	0	0	0	0	29	13	0	0
11.	SIRMAUR	0	0	5	0	2	0	0	0
12.	SOLAN	0	0	0	0	7	4	0	0
13.	UNA	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	0	0	12	0	43	20	0	0

TABLE-6.9 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	PCR ACT (S/C & ST ACT)		INDIAN PASSPORT ACT		ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT		ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
1.	BADDI	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	BILASPUR	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
5.	KANGRA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	KINNAUR	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	KULLU	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
10.	SHIMLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.	SIRMAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.	SOLAN	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
13.	UNA	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	6	2	0	0	17	0	0	0

TABLE-6.9 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT		COPY RIGHT ACT		POCSO ACT		SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
1.	BADDI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	3	0	0	0	4	0
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	5
5.	KANGRA	0	0	5	0	0	0	13	4
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	KULLU	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	1
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	0	0	0	0	1	0	44	3
10.	SHIMLA	0	0	1	0	1	0	4	2
11.	SIRMAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
12.	SOLAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13.	UNA	0	0	2	0	0	0	16	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	0	0	11	0	2	0	96	15

TABLE-6.9 (CONTD.)

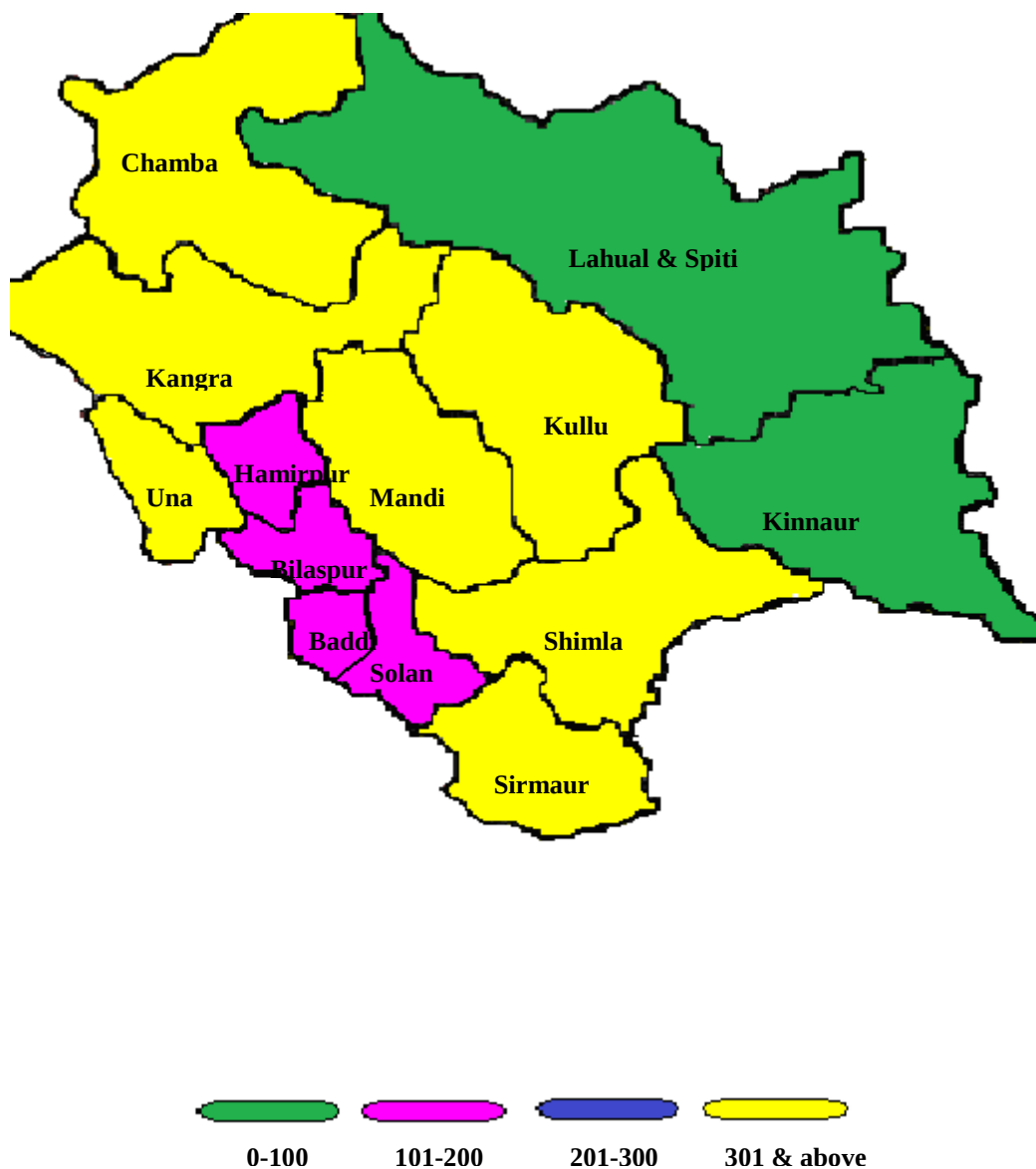
SR. NO.	DISTRICT	FOREST ACT		PROHIBITION OF CHILD MARRIAGE ACT		PROTECTION OF WOMEN FROM DOMESTIC VIOLENCE		IT ACT	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
1.	BADDI	11	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
2.	BILASPUR	4	0	0	0	0	0	17	0
3.	CHAMBA	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
5.	KANGRA	12	0	0	0	14	0	4	0
6.	KINNAUR	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	KULLU	19	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	31	0	2	2	0	0	1	0
10.	SHIMLA	28	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
11.	SIRMAUR	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.	SOLAN	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13.	UNA	25	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	205	1	2	2	14	0	33	0

TABLE-6.9 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	PREVENTION OF DAMAGE TO PUBLIC PROPERTY ACT 1984		OTHER (SLL) CRIME		TOTAL ARRESTED PERSON UNDER SLL		TOTAL
		M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)
1.	BADDI	1	0	14	0	190	3	193
2.	BILASPUR	3	0	40	0	172	0	172
3.	CHAMBA	30	1	4	4	431	10	441
4.	HAMIRPUR	7	0	2	0	120	6	126
5.	KANGRA	7	0	32	1	766	33	799
6.	KINNAUR	5	0	0	0	24	5	29
7.	KULLU	11	0	5	1	506	57	563
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	8	0	31	20	51
9.	MANDI	2	0	26	2	517	50	567
10.	SHIMLA	35	0	78	0	664	22	686
11.	SIRMAUR	0	0	42	2	301	8	309
12.	SOLAN	3	0	13	1	186	5	191
13.	UNA	3	0	22	1	338	3	341
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	6	0	23	2	25
	TOTAL	107	1	292	12	4269	224	4493

MAP-6.2

PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER (SLL) CRIMES -2015



CHAPTER-7

CRIME AGAINST WEAKER SECTIONS OF SOCIETY (SC/ST)

7.1 General:

A complete harmony among different sections of society is prevailing in the State. No particular area of the State is notorious for the commission of offences against the SCs/STs. However sporadic incidents of violence against the members of these communities do take place of and on.

India is a welfare State. It is committed to the welfare and development of its people in general and of vulnerable sections in particular. Equality of status and opportunity to all citizens of the country are guaranteed by the constitution of India which also provides that no individual shall be discriminated against on grounds of religion, caste or sex. Fundamental rights and specific provisions, namely, Articles 38, 39 and 46 in the constitution of India stand testimony to the commitment of the State towards its people. The strategy of the State is to secure distributive justice and allocation of resources to support programmes for social, economic and educational to advancement of the weaker section in general and those of Scheduled Casts and Scheduled Tribes.

7.2 Constitutional Rights:

The Indian Constitution vide Article 15 lays down that no citizen shall on grounds of religion race, sex or place of birth be subjected to any disability or restriction. It also guarantees that every citizen shall have equality of status and opportunity.

7.3. Legal Rights:

To Uphold the constitutional mandate and to safeguard the interests of this section of the society, Special social enactments have come into force from time to time including privileges by way of reservations for them

The major legal enactment sponsored by Centre is:

- (i) Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955; and
- (ii) SC/ST (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989

The Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955 was enacted in furtherance of Article 17 of the Constitution by which untouchability was abolished and its practice in any form is forbidden. Further, in order to check and deter crimes against SC/STs by persons belonging to other communities, the Scheduled Casts and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 was brought into force from 30th January, 1990. These enactments have extended the positive discrimination in favour of SCs and STs to the field of criminal law in as much as they prescribe penalties that are more stringent than for corresponding offences under Indian Penal Code (IPC) and other laws.

In addition, in pursuance of the constitution 65th amendment Act, 1990, National Commission for SCs and STs was constituted w.e.f. 12th March, 1992 with wide functions and powers of Civil Courts to take up matters which are of vital importance for socio-economic development of SCs and STs.

7.4 The Crimes Identified under the Indian Penal Code (IPC) and Local & Special Laws):

- (i) Murder
- (ii) Rape
- (iii) Kidnapping & Abduction
- (iv) Dacoity

- (v) Robbery
- (vi) Arson
- (vii) Hurt
- (viii) PCR Act
- (ix) SC/ST(POA) Act
- (x) Others (Other classified IPC crimes)

7.4.1 Under Special & Local Laws (SLL):

- (i) Protection of Civil Rights Act:1955
- (ii) The SC/STs (Prevention of Atrocities) Act,1989.

The crime under IPC such as 'Murder', 'Hurt', 'Rape etc. or under Special Acts such as PCR Act & SC/ST (P) Act are already included in overall crimes reported under IPC and SLL respectively and have been discussed in details in the preceding chapters. The data specific to crimes against SC/ST discussed in the following paragraphs is a part and parcel of total crimes but analyzed separately for better comprehension.

Population:

As per 2011 census of Himachal Pradesh the Scheduled Castes constituted 28.30 % of total population in the State whiles Scheduled Tribes constituted only 4.08 %. Kangra district with the highest population share (22.03%) also represented the highest share of Scheduled Caste (18.60%) followed by Mandi (17.39%) and Shimla with (12.50%) while the Chamba district represented significantly high share of Scheduled Tribes (72.59%) followed by Kinnaur (23%) and Lahaul & Spiti (9.90%).

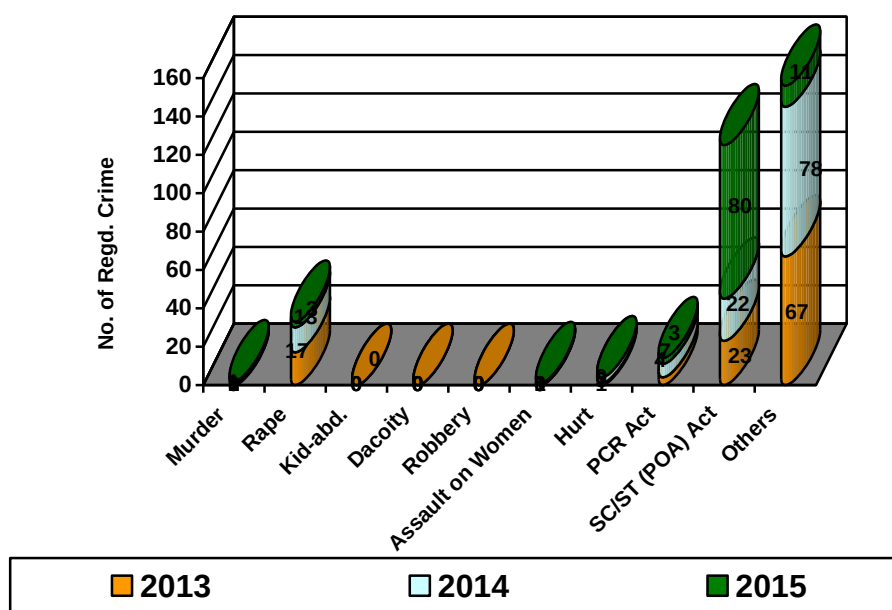
7.5 Incidence of Crimes against Weaker Section (SC/ST):

The incidence of these crimes (IPC+SLL) was reported to be 101 in the State during 2015. The Head wise details of crime against weaker section for the last 3 years including % change over

the previous years is presented in Table 7.1. The Chart 7.1 depicts the head wise pictorial position of the crime incidence. The district wise and head wise incidence including the rate of crime has been calculated and presented in Table 7.2.

CHART 7.1

INCIDENCE OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST WEAKER SECTIONS (SC/ST) DURING 2013-2015



The above data reflects that the incidence of most of the SC/ST (POA) Act and other crimes has been increased.

7.6 Head-wise Crime:

Under most of the heads of IPC no incidence has been found registered during the year 2015. The head wise detailed analysis of all crime heads under which the cases have been found registered during the years are given below:

(i) Murder:

During the years 2015, 1 incidence was reported under head murder against weaker sections in the state.

(ii) Rape:

During the years 2015, 3 incidence of rape in Bilaspur, Lahaul& Spiti and Una districts (1 each) was reported under crime against weaker sections showed an decrease of 10 cases over the previous year 2014. No case under this head was registered in rest of the districts.

(iii). SC/ST Protection of Civil Rights Act:

During the year 2015, 3 incidence of PCR Act was reported in Bilaspur, Kinnaur & Mandi (1 each) districts under this head which showed a decrease of 4 cases over the previous year 2014. No case under this head was registered in rest of the districts.

(iv). SC/ST(Prevention Of Atrocities) Act, 1989:

During the years 2015, 80 incidences were reported under this head showed an increase of 58 case over the previous year 2014. Mandi (26) followed by Hamirpur (16), Kangra (12), Una (8), Shimla (7 cases), Kinnaur (6), Bilaspur (3) and Sirmaur (2). No incidence under this head was reported in rest of the districts.

(v) Other IPC:

During the years 2015, 11 incidences (Una 8 cases, Bilaspur 3 cases) were reported under other heads against the 79 registration for the previous year. No case under this head was registered in rest of the districts.

TABLE 7.1

**HEAD WISE INCIDENCE OF CRIME AGAINST SC/ST
AND PERCENTAGE VARIATION FOR THE YEAR 2013 TO 2015**

Sr.No .	CRIME HEADS	YEAR			PERCENTAGE VARIATION IN	
		2013	2014	2015	2014 over 2013	2015 over 2014
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	PCR Act.	4	7	3	75.0	-57.1
2	Murder	0	1	1	0	0.0
3	Attempt to commit murder	0	0	1	0	0.0
4	Rape	17	13	3	-23.5	-76.9
5	Assault on women (SC/ST)	0	0	2	0	0.0
6	Insult to the modesty of women	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	Kidnapping & Abduction	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
0	Dacoity	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
9	Robbery	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
10	Grievous Hurt	1	3	0	200.0	-100.0
11	Others IPC	67	79	11	16.4	-86.1
12	SC/ST (POA) Act	23	22	80	-4.3	263.6
13	IPC Crime (in which SC/ST (POA) Act is not applied	0	0	0	0	0.0
	TOTAL	112	125	101	11.6	-19.2

TABLE- 7.2

**INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME AGAINST SC/ST
(DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2015**

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION (IN LAKHS)	PCR Act		Murder		Attempt to commit murder		Rape	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	BADDI	2.56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Bilaspur	3.83	1	0.3	0	0.0	1	0.3	1	0.3
3	Chamba	5.19	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
4	Hamirpur	4.55	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
5	Kangra	15.07	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
6	Kinnaur	0.84	1	1.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
7	Kullu	4.37	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
8	L/Spiti	0.31	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	3.2
9	Mandi	10.0	1	0.1	1	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0
10	Shimla	8.13	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
11	Sirmaur	5.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
12	Solan	3.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
13	Una	5.21	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.2
14	GRP	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
15	CID	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	TOTAL	68.56	3	0.04	1	0.01	1	0.01	3	0.04

TABLE- 7.2 (CONTD.)

**INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME AGAINST SC/ST
(DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2015**

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION (IN LAKHS)	Assault on women (SC/ST)		Insult to the modesty of women		Kidnapping & abduction		Dacoity	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16))	(17)	(18)	(19)
1	BADDI	2.56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Bilaspur	3.83	2	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Chamba	5.19	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Hamirpur	4.55	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Kangra	15.07	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Kinnaur	0.84	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Kullu	4.37	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	L/Spiti	0.31	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Mandi	10.00	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Shimla	8.13	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	Sirmaur	5.3	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	Solan	3.2	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	Una	5.21	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	GRP	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	CID	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	68.56	2	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0

TABLE- 7.2 (CONTD..)

**INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME AGAINST SC/ST
(DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2015**

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION (IN LAKHS)	Robbery		Grievous Hurt		Other IPC Crime	
			I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
1	BADDI	2.56	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Bilaspur	3.83	0	0	0	0	3	0.8
3	Chamba	5.19	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
4	Hamirpur	4.55	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
5	Kangra	15.07	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
6	Kinnaur	0.84	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
7	Kullu	4.37	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
8	L/Spiti	0.31	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
9	Mandi	10	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
10	Shimla	8.13	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
11	Sirmaur	5.3	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
12	Solan	3.2	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
13	Una	5.21	0	0	0	0	8	1.5
14	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
15	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
	TOTAL	68.56	0	0	0	0	11	0.16

TABLE- 7.2 (CONTD..)

**INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME AGAINST SC/ST
(DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2015**

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION (IN LAKHS)	SC/ST (POA) Act Only		IPC Crime (in which SC/ST (POA) Act is not applied		Total	
			I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
1	BADDI	2.56	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Bilaspur	3.83	3	0.8	0	0	11	2.9
3	Chamba	5.19	0	0.0	0	0	0	0.0
4	Hamirpur	4.55	16	3.5	0	0	16	3.5
5	Kangra	15.07	12	0.8	0	0	12	0.8
6	Kinnaur	0.84	0	0.0	0	0	1	1.2
7	Kullu	4.37	6	1.4	0	0	6	1.4
8	L/Spiti	0.31	0	0.0	0	0	1	3.2
9	Mandi	10	26	2.6	0	0	28	2.8
10	Shimla	8.13	7	0.9	0	0	7	0.9
11	Sirmaur	5.3	2	0.4	0	0	2	0.4
12	Solan	3.2	0	0.0	0	0	0	0.0
13	Una	5.21	8	1.5	0	0	17	3.3
14	GRP	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0.0
15	CID	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0.0
	TOTAL	68.56	80	1.17	0	0	101	1.47

CHAPTER-8

SUICIDAL DEATHS

8.1 General :

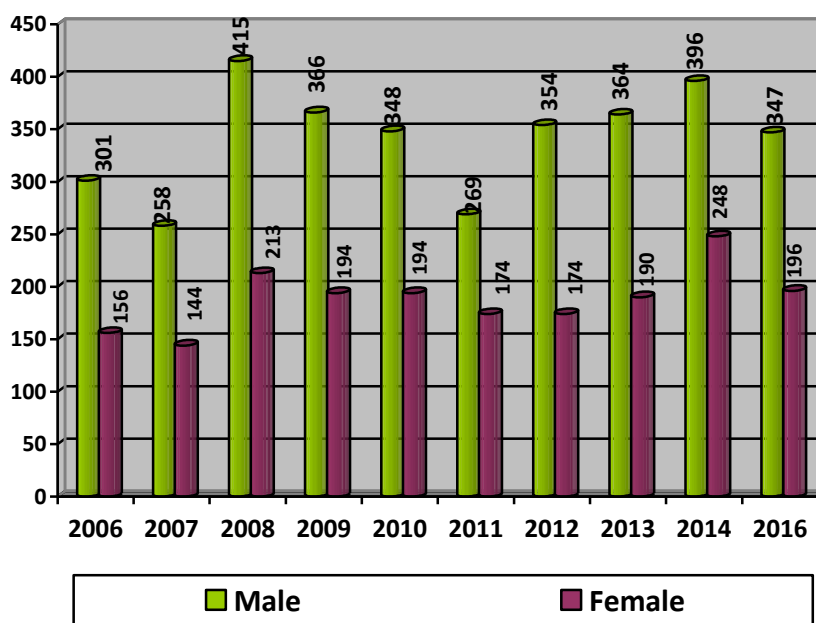
According to Oxford dictionary, 'suicide' means 'the act of killing oneself intentionally'. The 'suicide' word has its origin from Latin word 'sui' (of oneself) plus 'cardere' [kill]. It is a step which is taken by one normally in an emotionally or mentally weak moment when he or she feels coping with life is impossible

The number of Suicides reported in Himachal Pradesh during 2015 was 543 as against 644 in 2014 indicating a decrease of 15.7%.

Kangra District recorded the highest number of suicides during 2015 (156) followed by Mandi (78), Hamirpur, Shimla (53 each), Sirmaur, Una (45 each). Remaining districts reported below 40 cases of suicides. Suicides during 2006-2015 is presented in Chart 8.1

CHART 8.1

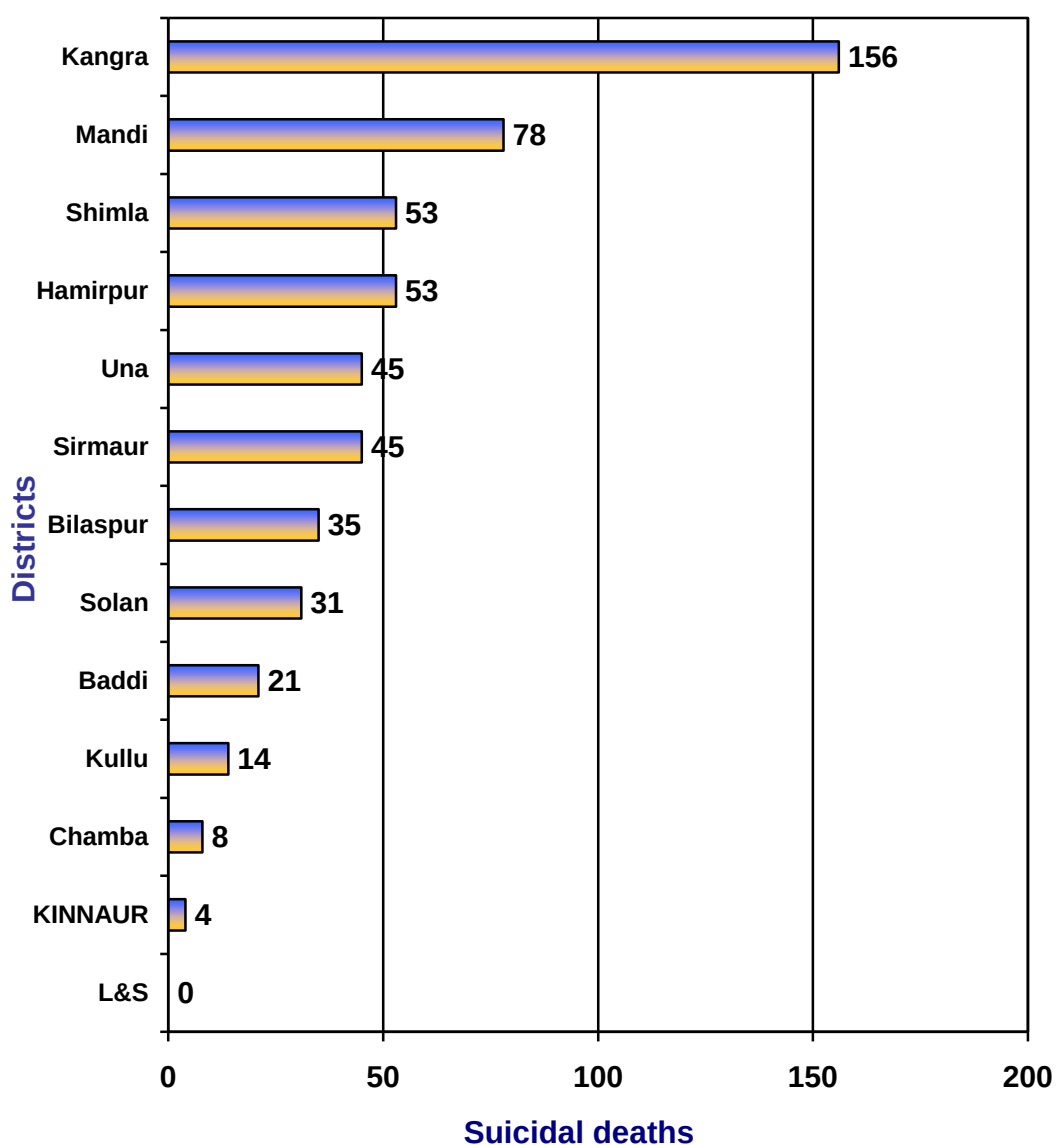
SUICIDE CASES (MALE AND FEMALE) DURING 2006-2015



District-wise break-up of suicides during 2015 is available in Table 8.1. Comparative Suicidal deaths for the last 10 years (2006-2015) including male and female is depicted in Table 8.1. Chart 8.2 depicts the district wise incidence of suicidal deaths during 2015.

CHART-8.2

DISTRICT WISE SUICIDE INCIDENCE DURING THE YEAR 2015



8.2. Suicide Rate per lac persons:

The following table shows district-wise suicide rate per lac population during 2014 & 2015:-

Distt	Population (2011)	Suicide Cases		Rate per Lac	
		2014	2015	2014	2015
Baddi	256220	28	21	10.9	8.2
Bilaspur	382056	26	35	6.8	9.2
Chamba	518844	19	8	3.7	1.5
Hamirpur	454293	69	53	15.2	11.7
Kangra	1507223	172	156	11.4	10.4
Kinnaur	84298	2	4	2.4	4.7
Kullu	437474	12	14	2.7	3.2
L/Spiti	31528	1	0	3.2	0.0
Mandi	999518	111	78	11.1	7.8
Shimla	813384	69	53	8.5	6.5
Sirmaur	530164	40	45	7.5	8.5
Solan	320450	40	31	12.5	9.7
Una	521057	55	45	10.6	8.6
GRP	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	6856509	644	543	9.4	7.9

From the above table it is revealed that there has been a decrease of over 15.7% (from 644 to 543) in suicide cases during the year 2015 over the year 2014. The major decrease has been witnessed in the districts of Baddi (from 28 to 21), Chamba (from 19 to 8), Hamirpur (69 to 53), Kangra (from 172 to 156), Mandi (111 to 78), Shimla (69 to 53), Solan, 40 to 31) and Una (from 55 to 45). However, there has been an increase in Bilaspur (from 40 to 45) Kinnaur (from 2 to 4), Kullu (from 12 to 14) and Sirmaur (from 40 to 45).

District-wise percentage of suicide cases:-

The following table shows the percentage of suicide cases as compared to the percentage of the population of the district:

District	Population Percentage	Percentage of Suicide Cases	
		2014	2015
Baddi	3.74	4.3	3.9
Bilaspur	5.57	4.0	6.4
Chamba	7.57	3.0	1.5
Hamirpur	6.63	10.7	9.8
Kangra	21.98	26.7	28.7
Kinnaur	1.23	0.3	0.7
Kullu	6.38	1.9	2.6
L/Spiti	0.46	0.2	0.0
Mandi	14.58	17.2	14.4
Shimla	11.86	10.7	9.8
Sirmaur	7.73	6.2	8.3
Solan	4.67	6.2	5.7
Una	7.60	8.5	8.3
GRP	0	0.0	0.0
Total	68.56	100	100

The analysis of the above table reveals that percentage of suicide deaths in the districts of Baddi, Hamirpur, Kangra, Mandi, Solan and Una has remained higher than the percentage of the population of the district concerned the years 2015. In other words, these 6 districts are more prone to suicidal deaths as compared to other 7 districts of state.

8.3 Suicide Cases:- (Males Versus Females):

The following table gives District-wise number of males and females committing suicide and their percentage to the total cases for 2014 and 2015:-

Year Distt	2014				2015			
	Male	% against Total	Fe-male	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total
Baddi	14	2.17	14	2.17	15	2.8	6	1.1
Bilaspur	15	2.33	11	1.71	23	4.2	12	2.2
Chamba	6	0.93	13	2.02	5	0.9	3	0.6
Hamirpur	46	7.14	23	4.34	29	5.3	24	4.4
Kangra	96	14.91	76	11.80	94	17.3	62	11.4
Kinnaur	1	0.16	1	0.16	2	0.4	2	0.4
Kullu	11	1.71	1	0.16	13	2.4	1	0.2
L/Spiti	1	0.16	0	0.00	0	0.0	0	0.0
Mandi	67	10.40	44	6.83	52	9.6	26	4.8
Shimla	46	7.14	23	3.57	35	6.4	18	3.3
Sirmaur	24	3.73	16	2.48	30	5.5	15	2.8
Solan	29	4.50	11	1.71	24	4.4	7	1.3
Una	40	6.21	15	2.33	25	4.6	20	3.7
GRP	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.0	0	0.0
Total	396	61.5	248	38.5	347	63.9	196	36.1

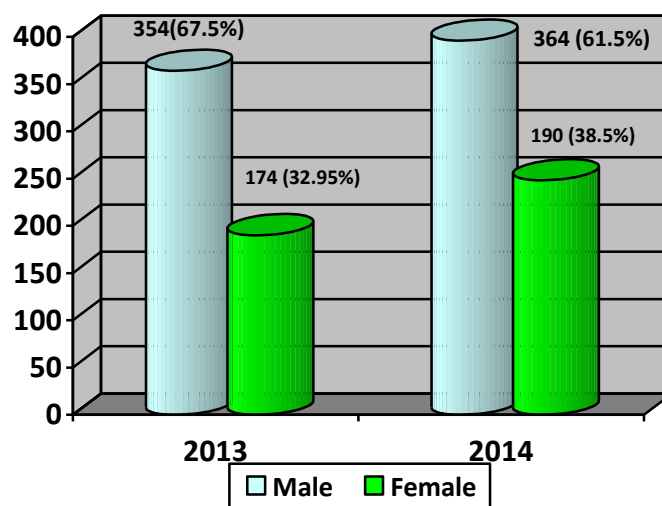
It is revealed from the above table that the number of males committing suicide outnumber the females (61.5% males as against 38.5% females in 2014 and 63.9 % males as against 36.1% females in 2015).

It is further revealed that there has been decrease of 12.4% in the male suicide cases (from 396 to 347) as against 21 % decrease in

the number of female suicides (248 to 196) during the year 2015 as compared to the year 2014.

CHART-8.3

NO. OF MALE AND FEMALE SUICIDE VICTIMS AND THEIR % AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING THE YEARS-2013 & 2014



8.4 Social Status of Suicide Victims:

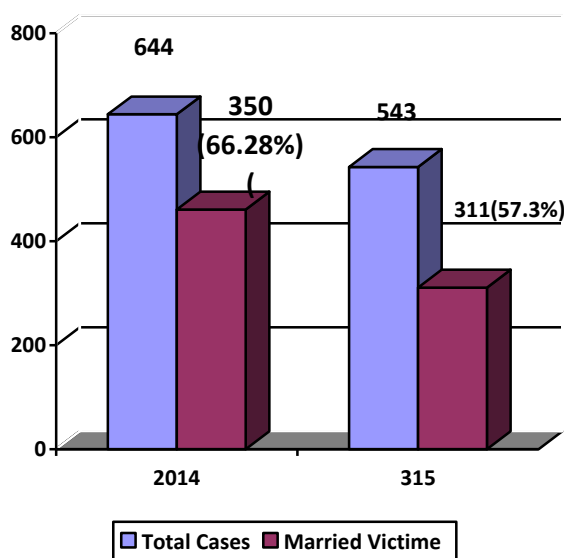
The following table shows the number and percentage of unmarried/married/separated/divorcee suicide victims for 2014 and 2015:

Year Status	2014				2015			
	Male	%against Total	Fe- male	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe- male	%against Total
Never Married	67	10.4	44	6.8	93	17.1	48	8.8
Married	274	42.5	187	29.0	196	36.1	115	21.2
Widow /Widower	7	1.1	3	0.5	12	2.2	10	1.8
Divorcee	4	0.6	3	0.5	0	0.0	5	0.9
Separated	0	0.0	0	0.0	12	2.2	6	1.1
Others	39	6.1	9	1.4	30	5.5	12	2.2
Status not known	5	0.8	2	0.3	4	0.7	0	0.0
Total:	396	61.5	248	38.5	347	63.9	196	36.1

From the above table it is revealed that most of those who committed suicide whether males or females were **Married** (71.6% in 2014 and 57.2% in 2015).

CHART-8.4

NO. OF MARRIED SUICIDE VICTIMS IN HP AND THEIR %AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING -2014 & 2015



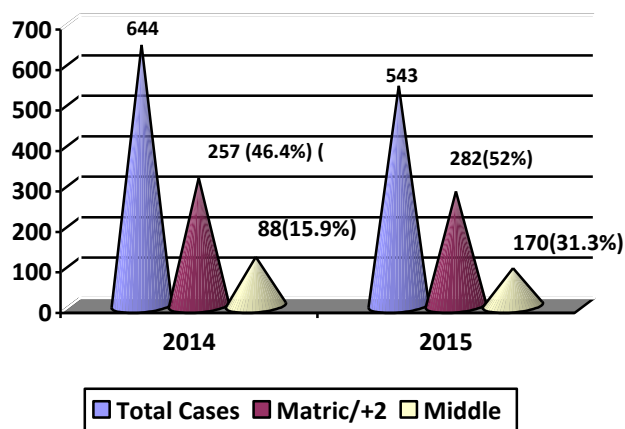
8.5 Educational Status of Suicide Victims:

The following table gives the educational status of the suicide victims for the years 2014 and 2015.

Year Status	2014				2015			
	Male	% against Total	Fe-male	% against Total	Male	% against Total	Fe-male	% against Total
No Education	50	7.8	28	4.3	43	7.9	16	2.9
Primary	45	7.0	37	5.7	37	6.8	20	3.7
Middle	74	11.5	46	7.1	64	11.8	34	6.3
Matric/+2	195	30.3	120	18.6	170	31.3	112	20.6
Diploma	5	0.8	1	0.2	10	1.8	3	0.6
Graduate & Above	16	2.5	10	1.6	7	1.3	7	1.3
Professional (MBA etc.)	2	0.3	0	0.0	2	0.4	0	0.0
Status not Known	9	1.4	6	0.9	14	2.6	4	0.7
Total:	396	61.5	248	38.5	347	63.9	196	36.1

CHART-8.5

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH EDUCATIONAL STATUS AND THEIR % AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING 2014 & 2015



8.6 Causes of Suicide:

The following table gives the details of various causes responsible for the suicides during 2014 and 2015:-

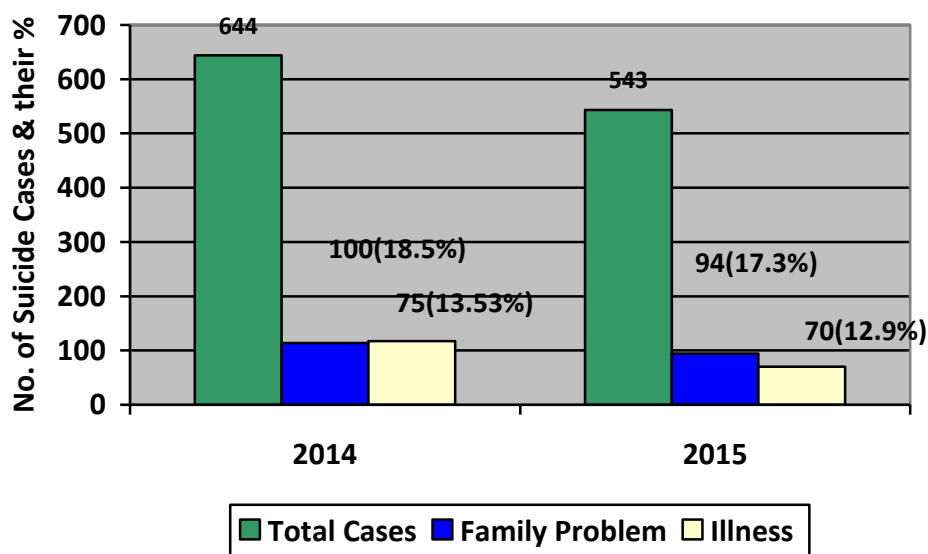
Year Status	2014				2015			
	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total
Bankruptcy or sudden change in economic status	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Marriage related issues	43	6.7	43	6.7	18	3.3	27	5.0
Failure in examination	3	0.5	3	0.5	7	1.3	6	1.1
Impotency/infertility	0	0	0	0	8	1.5	3	0.6
Family Problems	69	10.7	43	6.7	49	9.0	45	8.3
Illness	71	11.0	43	6.7	48	8.8	22	4.1
Death of dear person	1	0.2	4	0.6	1	0.2	1	0.2
Drug abuse/addiction	10	1.6	0	0.0	13	2.4	0	0.0
Fall in Social Reputation	2	0.3	0	0.0	2	0.4	0	0.0
Love Affairs	15	2.3	15	2.3	11	2.0	6	1.1

Year Status	2014				2015			
	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total
Poverty	0	0	0	0	3	0.6	1	0.2
Un-employment	4	0.6	1	0.2	10	1.8		0.0
Property dispute	15	2.3	11	1.7	20	3.7	3	0.6
Suspected/illicit relation	8	1.24	4	0.62	7	1.3	1	0.2
Physical Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	1.3	1	0.2
Professional/Career Problem	0	0	0	0	7	5.9	1	0.2
Causes not Known	99	15.4	49	7.6	32	20.4	25	4.6
Other Causes	56	8.7	32	5.0	111	3.3	54	9.9
Total:	396	61.5	248	38.5	347	63.9	196	36.1

The causes that top the list which led to suicides are Family problems (17.4% in 2014) and (17.3% in 2015), followed by illness (17.7% in 2014 and 12.9% in 2016).

CHART-8.6

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH 'FAMILY PROBLEMS' & 'ILLNESS' AS CAUSES AND THEIR %AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING -2014 & 2015



8.7 Age Profile of Suicide Victims:

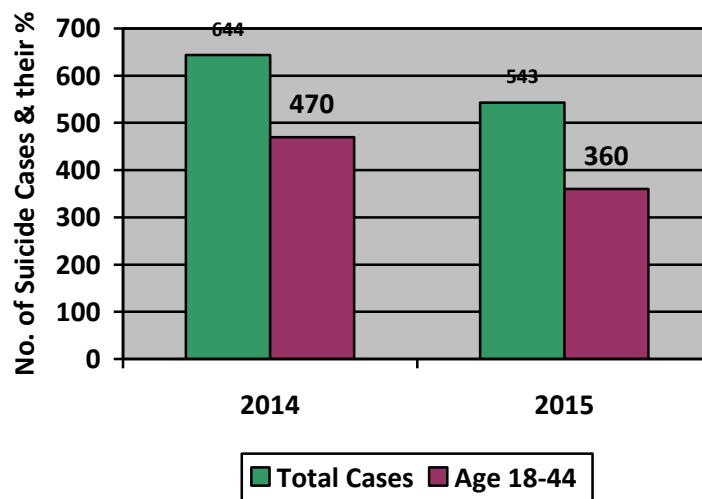
The following table gives the details of age groups of the suicide victims for the year 2014 and 2015:-

Age Group	2014				2015			
	Male	% against Total	Fe-male	% against Total	Male	% against Total	Fe-male	% against Total
Below 14 Yrs	6	0.9	4	0.6	2	0.37	3	0.55
Above 14 & below 18 yrs	10	1.6	17	2.6	13	2.4	13	2.4
18-30	144	22.4	97	15.1	106	19.5	70	12.9
30-45	150	23.3	79	12.3	122	22.5	62	11.4
45-60	64	9.9	38	5.9	81	14.9	40	7.4
60 and above	22	3.4	13	2.0	23	4.2	8	1.5
Total:-	396	61.5	248	38.5	347	63.9	196	36.1

The analysis shows that the age profile of most of the suicide victims both men and women falls into two age-groups of 18-30 and 30-45 years. Thus it can be said that most people who commit suicide do so in the prime of their lives between 18 to 45 years of age (72.98% in 2014 and (66.3% in 2015) This fact can be co-related to the reasons for suicide i.e. 'family problems' and 'illness'.

CHART-8.7

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH AGE GROUP 18 TO 45 IN MALE & FEMALE AND THEIR %AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING THE YEARS-2014 & 2015



8.9 Profession Profile of Suicide Victims:

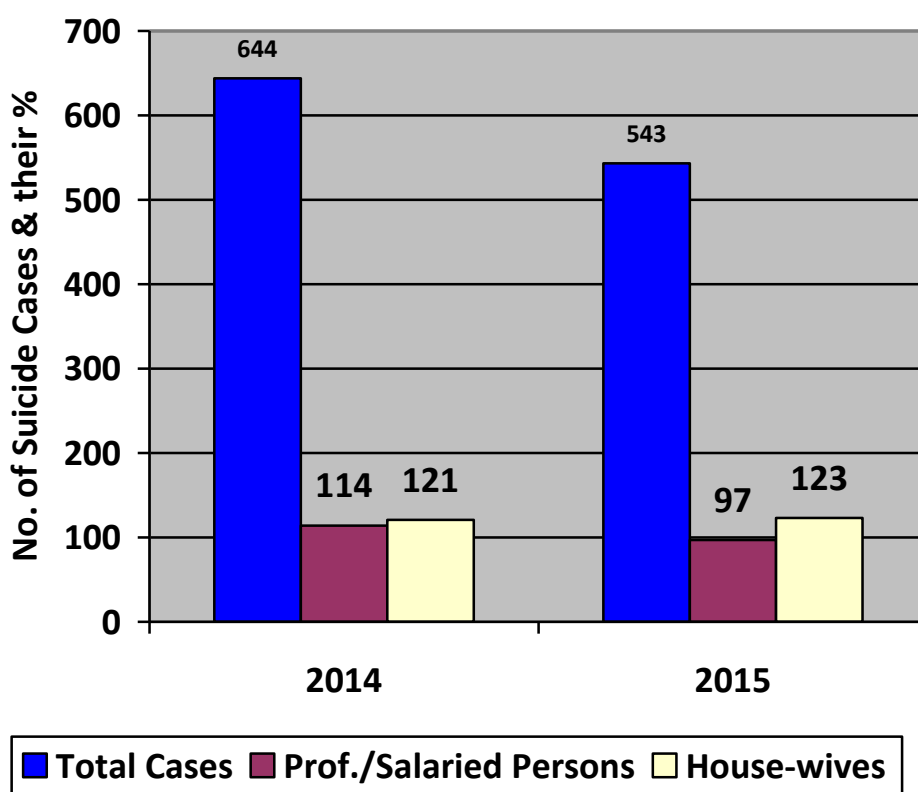
The following table gives the profession profile of the suicide victims for 2014 and 2015:

Year Status	2014				2015			
	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	% against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%agai nst Total
Housewives	0	0.0	121	18.8	0	0	123	22.7
Professional/Salaried persons	44	6.8	5	0.8	45	8.3	6	1.1
Students	24	3.7	22	3.4	25	4.6	18	3.3
Un-Employed Persons	92	14.3	22	3.4	36	6.6	1	0.2
Business	23	3.6	0	0.0	26	4.8	2	0.4
Agriculture/ Farming	65	10.1	4	0.6	45	8.3	1	0.2
Daily wage earner	1	0.2	1	0.2	24	4.4	2	0.4
Retired person	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	0.4	0	0.0
other	147	22.8	73	11.3	144	26.5	43	7.9
Total:-	396	61.5	248	38.5	347	63.9	196	36.1

Another aspect that is brought forth is that those who committed suicide were mostly **Professional/Salaried persons** and Agriculture/ Farming (8.3% each) in case of males and **housewives** in case of females (22.7%). This fact can again be co-related to the age profile falling within 18-45 years.

CHART-8.8

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH MALES PROFESSIONAL/SALARIED PERSONS, FARMING PROFESSION AND FEMALES AS HOUSEWIVES DURING THE YEARS-2014 & 2015



8.10 Means Adopted in Suicide Cases:

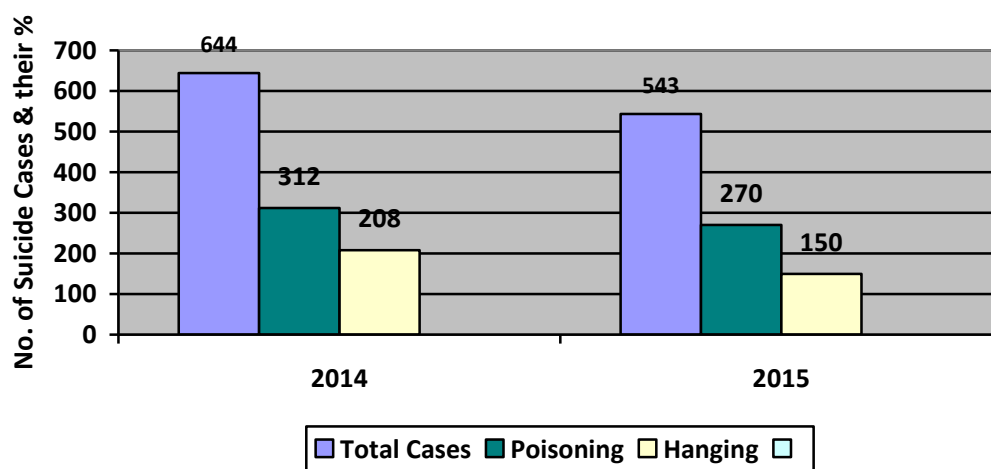
The following table gives the details of various means adopted for committing suicides during the years 2014 and 2015.

Year Status	2014				2015			
	Male	%against Total	Fe- male	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe- male	%against Total
By Consuming sleeping pills	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	0.9	0	0
By Drowning	12	1.9	13	2.0	12	2.2	5	0.9
By fire/self immolation	12	1.9	15	2.3	0	0.0	3	0.6
By Fire-Arms	3	0.5	0	0.0	1	0.2	0	0.0
Hanging	152	23.6	56	8.7	110	20.3	40	7.4
By Poison	196	30.4	116	18.0	155	28.5	115	21.2
By Self Inflicting Injury	0	0	0	0	2	0.4	0	0.0
By Jumping	2	0.3	2	0.3	3	0.6	4	0.7
By touching electric wires	0	0.0	4	0.6	1	0.2	0	0.0
Other Means	19	3.0	42	6.5	58	10.7	29	5.3
Total:-	396	61.5	248	38.5	347	63.9	196	36.1

The means adopted for committing suicide range over several methods from drinking too much to jumping from high places. However, the maximum number have committed suicide by **consuming poison**. (48.4% in 2014 and 49.7% in 2015.) This is followed by hanging (32.3% in 2014 and 27.6% in 2015).

CHART-8.9

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH 'POISON' & 'HANGING' AS MEANS ADOPTED DURING THE YEARS-2014 & 2015



8.11. Conclusions:

- (i) There has been a decrease in the suicide cases, both in male & female cases during the year 2015 as against the year 2014.
- (ii) The districts of Kangra, Mandi Hamirpur, Shimla and Una were found more prone to suicidal deaths as compared to the other 8 districts of the state.
- (iii) The major cause of suicides remained 'family problems' followed by 'Illness'. 'Unemployment' is certainly not one of the major causes of suicides as it contributes less than 20 % to total suicide cases.
- (iv) Most of the female suicide victims were house-wives. The farmers/agriculturists do not form major group of suicide victims as this group contributes only 8.5% to total suicide cases.
- (v) The majority of the suicide victims were married and in the age group of 18 to 45 years.
- (vi) The most popular means for committing suicide remained taking 'poison' followed by 'hanging'.

TABLE 8.1

DISTRICT WISE SUICIDAL DEATHS DURING 2015

Sr. No.	DISTRICT	NO. OF SUICIDAL DEATHS		
		Male	Female	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	PD BADDI	15	6	21
2	Bilaspur	23	12	35
3	Chamba	5	3	8
4	Hamirpur	29	24	53
5	Kangra	94	62	156
6	Kinnaur	2	2	4
7	Kullu	13	1	14
8	L/Spiti	0	0	0
9	Mandi	52	26	78
10	Shimla	35	18	53
11	Sirmaur	30	15	45
12	Solan	24	7	31
13	Una	25	20	45
14	GRP	0	0	0
Total		347	196	543

MAP-8.1
SUICIDES – 2015

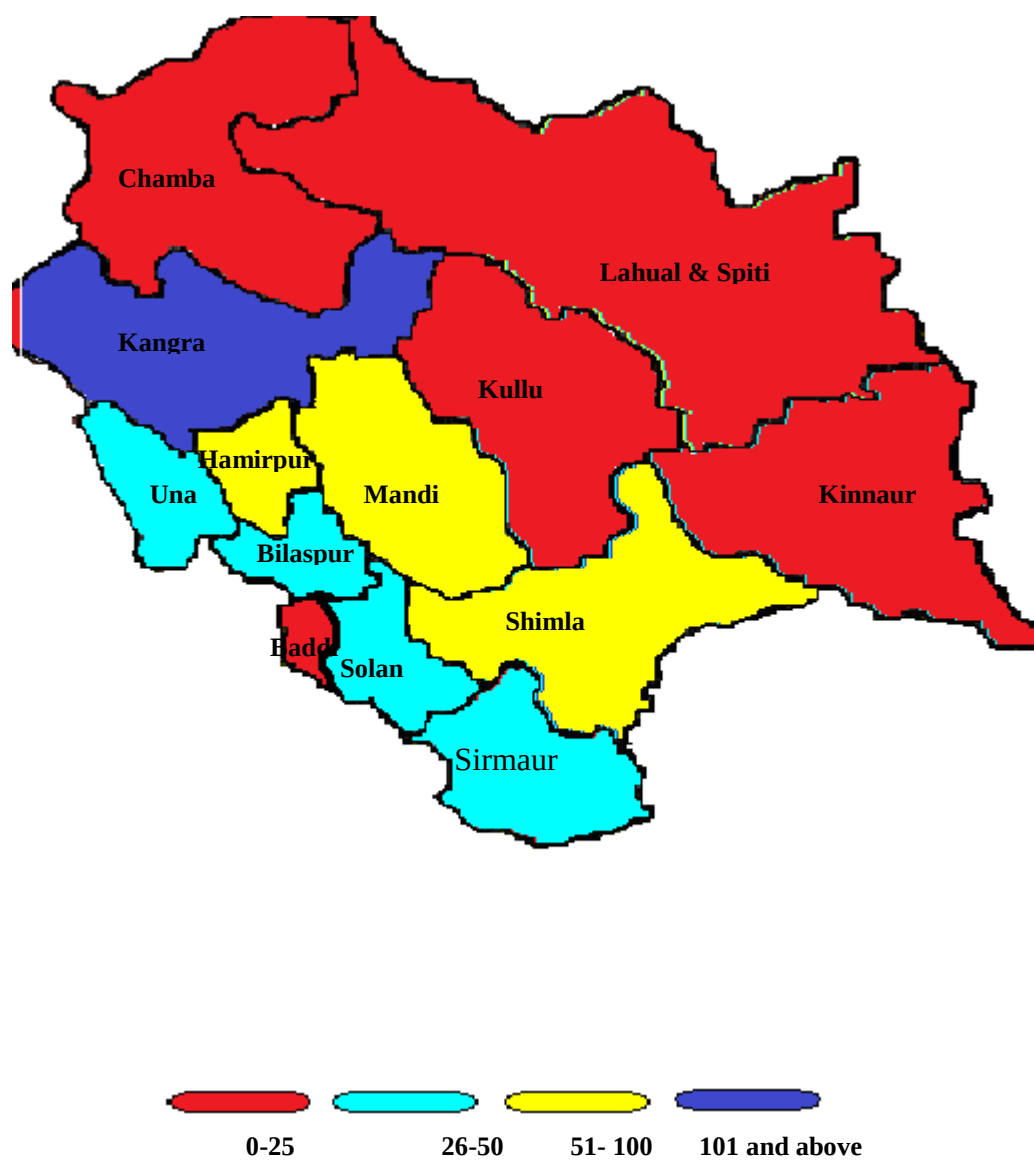


TABLE 8.2

**COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF SUICIDES
DURING 2006-2015**

Sr. No.	Years	Male	Female	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	2006	301	156	457
2	2007	258	144	402
3	2008	415	213	628
4	2009	366	194	560
5	2010	348	194	542
6	2011	269	174	443
7	2012	354	174	528
8	2013	364	190	554
9	2014	396	248	644
10	2015	347	196	543
% CHANGES IN 2015 OVER 2014		-12.37%	-21%	-15.7%

CHAPTER-9

ACCIDENTAL DEATHS

9.1 General:

Incidents of road accidents in Himachal Pradesh show fluctuating trends. The break-up of accidents for the last ten years is shown in Table-9.1

TABLE-9.1

NUMBER OF ROAD ACCIDENTS ACCORDING TO TYPE OF VEHICLES FROM 2006 TO 2015

Sl No	TYPE OF VEHICLES	YEAR										(%) TYPE OF VEHICLE
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	
1.	TRUCK/ LORRY	431	375	332	308	296	265	409	408	478	472	15.7
2.	BUS	631	680	529	362	378	342	212	209	260	267	8.9
3.	CAR/JEEP/ TAXI/ TEMPO	1190	1341	1173	1094	1103	1198	916	1122	1119	1201	39.9
4.	THREE/ TWO WHEELERS	650	677	730	734	684	642	928	829	839	725	24.1
5.	OTHERS	325	324	353	580	611	652	434	413	362	345	11.5
	TOTAL	3227	3397	3117	3078	3072	3099	2899	2981	3058	3010	100.0

CAR/JEEP/TAXI/TEMPO account for the largest number of accidents. During the year 2015, 39.9 % of the road accidents were attributed to CAR/JEEP/TAXI/TEMPO. During the year 2014, 36.6% road accidents involved light vehicles (LMVs). District wise comparative statement of road accidents during 2014-2015 is presented in Table-9.2. 3010 road accidents were reported during the year 2015 out of which 2229 fatalities, 781 accidents were fatal.

9.2 Accidental Deaths :

CAR/JEEP/TAXI/TEMPOS were responsible for 47% of accidental deaths during 2015. Out of 1096 persons who died due to accidents, as many as 514 were involved in accidents with these type of vehicles. Table-9.2 gives

details of road accidental deaths for the year 2015 with break-up of types of vehicles and due to other reasons. Shimla District reported the highest (202) accidental deaths followed by Mandi (137) Kullu (104), Una (101) and Sirmaur (95). Chart-9.1 depicts road accidents occurred during 2006–2015.

Percentage of road accidental deaths according to type of vehicles during the years 2015 is presented in Chart-9.2.

CHART-9.1
NUMBER OF ROAD ACCIDENTS (2006-2015)

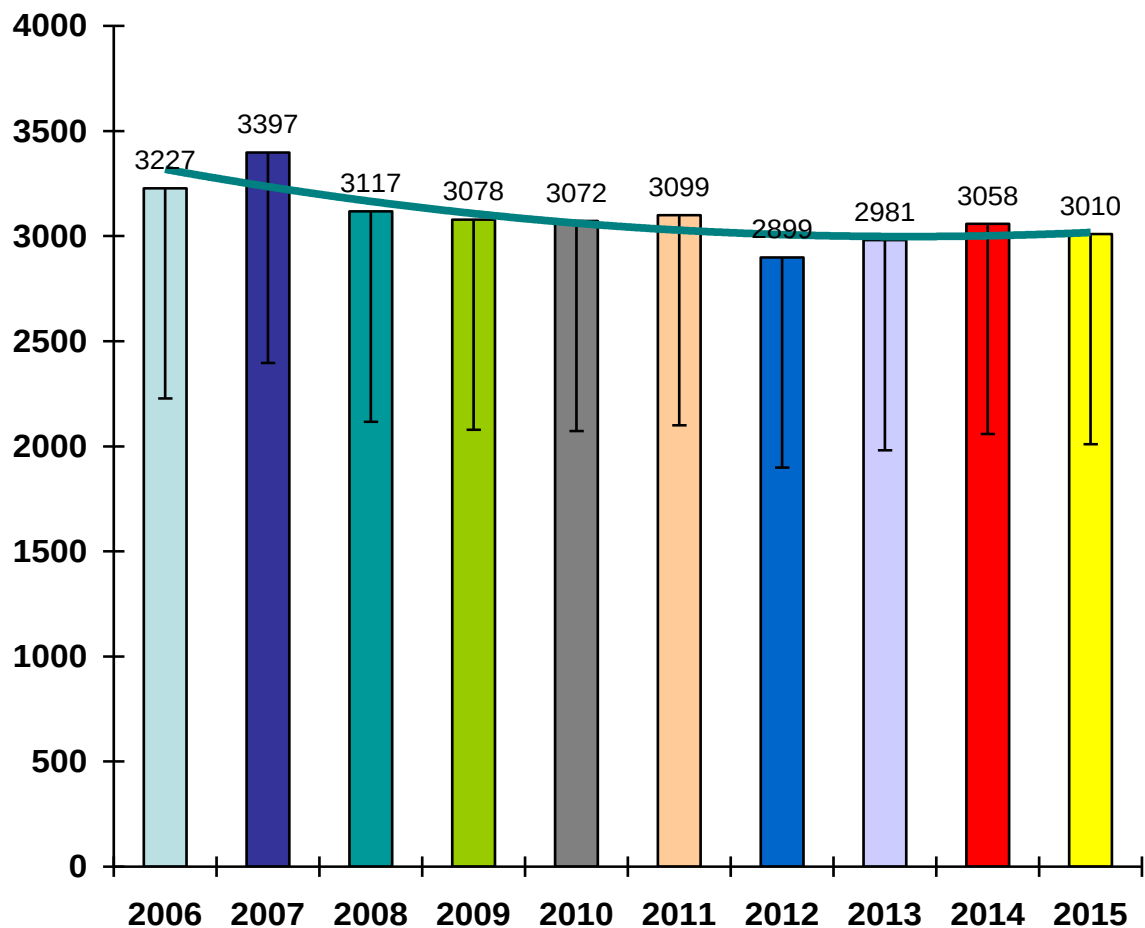


CHART-9.2

PERCENTAGE OF ROAD ACCIDENTAL DEATHS (ACCORDING TO TYPE OF VEHICLES DURING 2015)

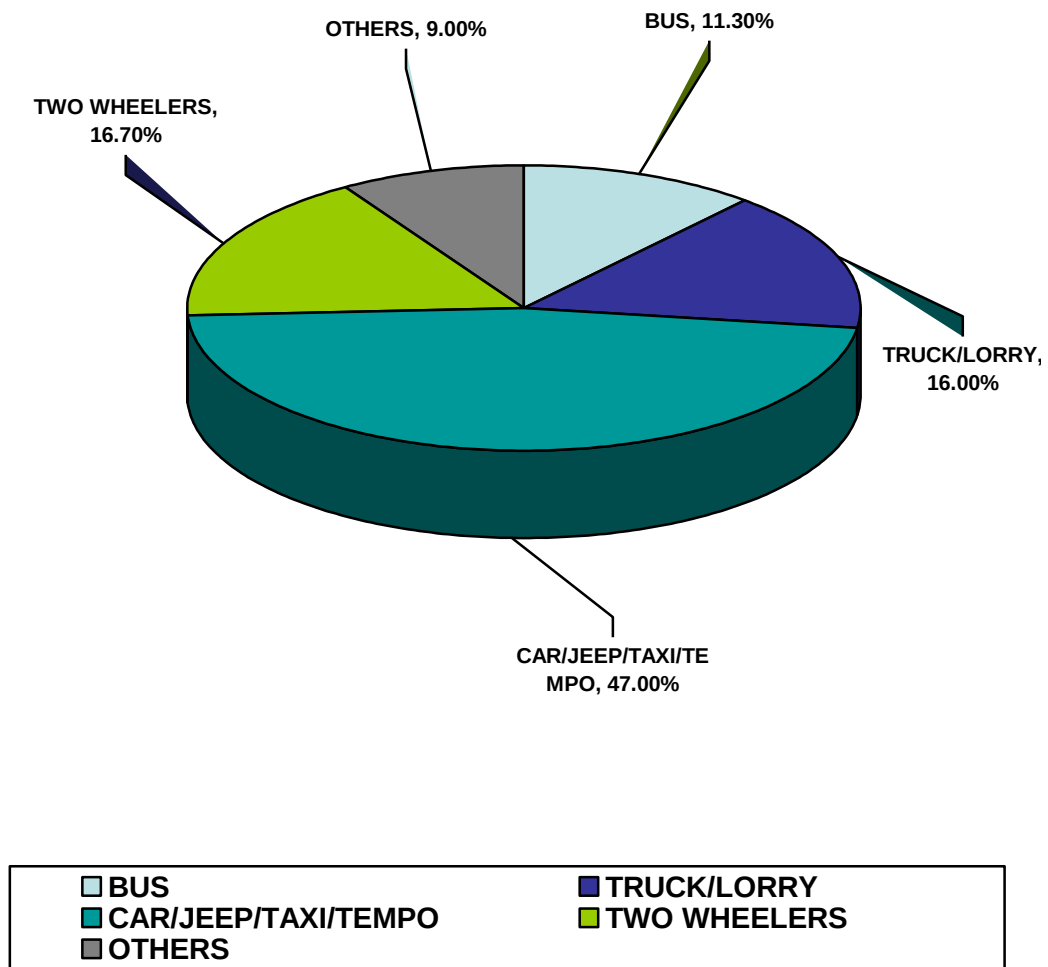


TABLE 9.2
ROAD ACCIDENTAL DEATHS ACCORDING TO
TYPES OF VEHICLES -2015

Sl. No.	NAME OF DISTRICT	TYPE OF VEHICLES					
		TRUCK/ LORRY	BUS	CAR/JEEP/ TAXI/ TEMPO	Three/Two WHEELERS	OTHERS	TOTAL
1.	Baddi	31	4	14	9	18	76
2.	Bilaspur	18	4	17	9	7	55
3.	Chamba	25	12	40	8	3	88
4.	Hamirpur	3	3	13	20	2	41
5.	Kangra	14	11	22	23	20	90
6.	Kinnaur	3	25	20	3	0	51
7.	Kullu	4	14	67	19	0	104
8.	L/Spiti	2	0	6	0	0	8
9.	Mandi	15	23	66	25	8	137
10.	Shimla	23	10	153	12	4	202
11.	Sirmaur	12	7	48	26	2	95
12.	Solan	7	4	23	8	6	48
13.	Una	18	7	25	21	30	101
TOTAL		175	124	514	183	100	1096
Percentage against Total		16%	11.3%	47%	16.7%	9%	100%

MAP-9.1

ROAD ACCIDENTAL DEATHS DURING -2015

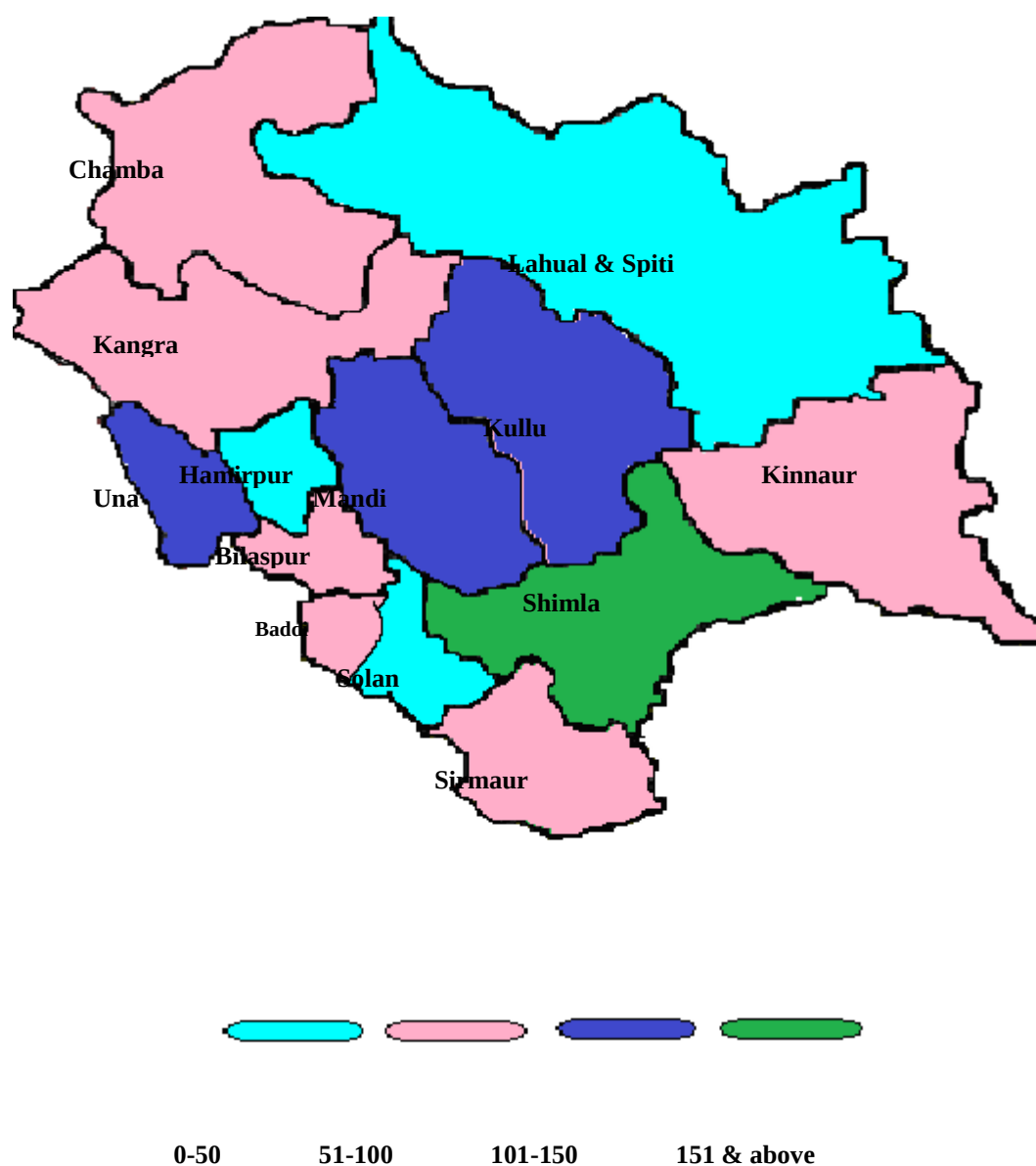


TABLE-9.3

DISTRICT-WISE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF ROAD ACCIDENTS CASES FOR THE YEAR 2014 & 2015.

SR. No.	NAME OF DISTRICT	FATAL		NON FATAL		TOTAL	
		2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015
1.	Baddi	60	59	140	108	200	167
2.	Bilaspur	40	42	188	178	228	220
3.	Chamba	41	47	98	68	139	115
4.	Hamirpur	45	35	107	107	152	142
5.	Kangra	98	81	413	402	511	483
6.	Kinnaur	26	23	22	14	48	37
7.	Kullu	56	60	110	125	166	185
8.	Lahual /Spiti	5	3	9	10	14	13
9.	Mandi	79	60	322	370	401	430
10.	Shimla	98	130	321	331	419	461
11.	Sirmaur	87	54	151	211	238	265
12.	Solan	55	44	228	193	283	237
13.	Una	51	94	208	161	259	255
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL		741	732	2317	2278	3058	3010

CHART-9.3
DISTRICT WISE TOTAL ACCIDENTS
(FATAL AND NON FATAL DURING 2015)

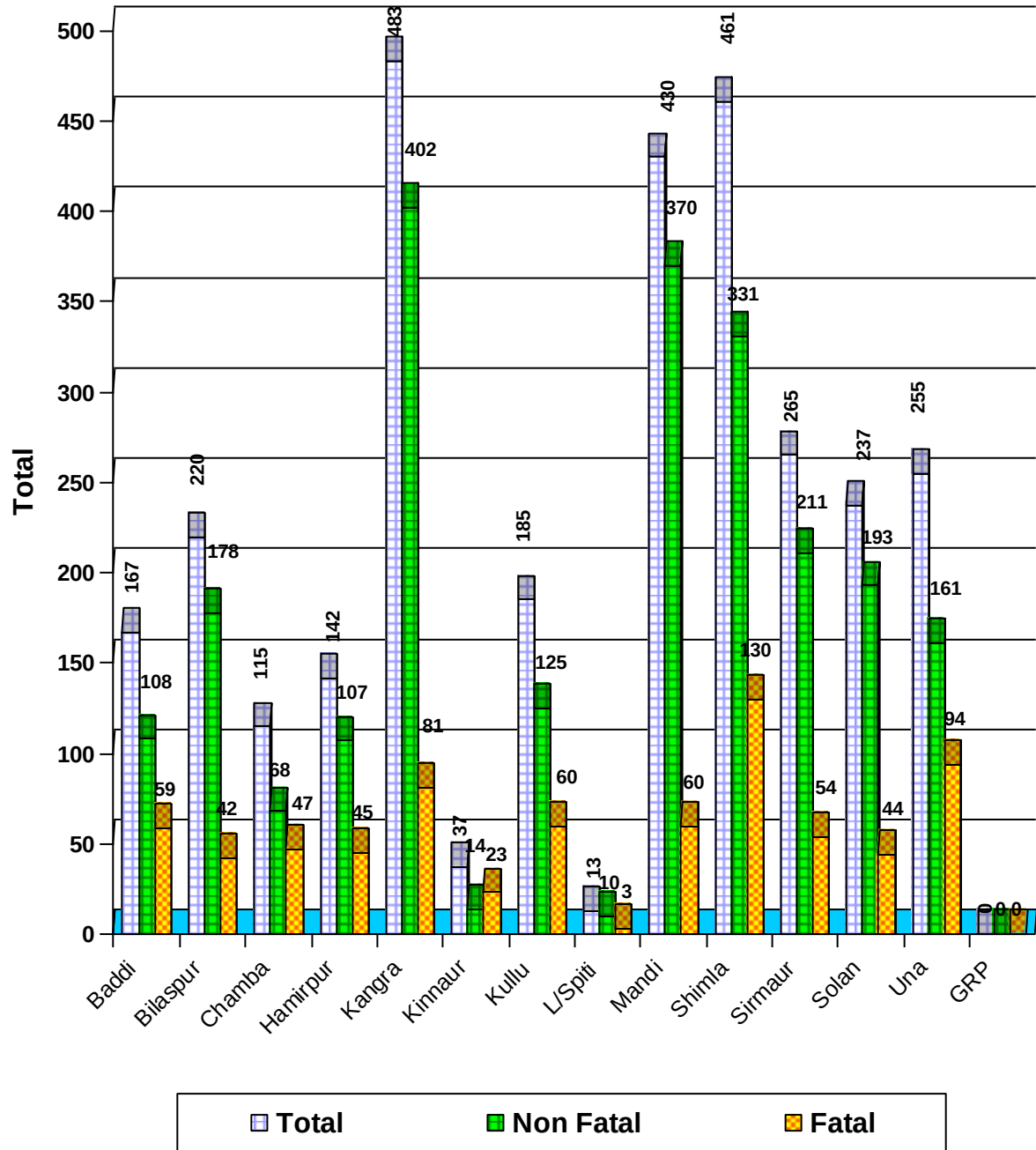


TABLE 9.4

ROAD ACCIDENTS CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO CLASSIFICATION OF ROAD DURING 2015

Sr. No.	Classification of Road	No. of Cases	No. of persons injured			No. of person died		
			Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
1.	National Highway	1184	1407	365	1722	319	50	369
2.	State Highway	710	1171	235	1406	244	29	273
3.	Expressways	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	Other Roads	1116	1461	469	1930	405	49	454
	Total	3010	4039	1069	5108	968	128	1096

TABLE 9.5

ROAD ACCIDENTS CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO CAUSES DURING 2015

Sr. No.	Cause	No. of Cases	No. of persons injured			No. of person died		
			Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
1.	Dangerous/Over-taking/Careless/etc.	1539	1929	663	2592	432	65	497
2.	Over speeding	1164	1704	299	2003	437	45	482
3.	Driving under influence of drug/alcohol	51	80	9	89	12	1	13
4.	Defect in Mechanical condition of Motor Vehicle	53	77	26	103	28	5	33
5.	Animal Crossing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	Poor visibility	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	Others causes of weather condition	45	90	32	122	23	5	28
8.	Lack of road infrastructure	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	Vehicles Parking at road shoulders	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10.	Cause not known	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.	Other causes	158	159	40	199	36	7	43
	Total	3010	4039	1669	5108	968	128	1096

CHAPTER-10

CYBER CRIMES

10.1. Definition of Cyber Crime:

“Any illegal action in which a computer is a tool or object of crime, in other words, any crime, the means or purpose of which is to influence the function of computer.”

Computer and Tele-communications are the key areas of cyber crimes. In cyber crimes, the Computer is used in the following two ways:-

- i.) Computer as a target
- ii.) Computer as a tool

The computer becomes a target of cyber crime when, by way of hacking or intrusion, the criminals access a computer with a motive to impair, damage or alter the system. The hacking can evolve into other substantive violations, for example, alteration of accounts, drawl of money etc. by cyber intrusion into a bank.

Computer becomes a tool for cyber crime when it becomes a convenient method to commit crimes affecting large scale net-works and programmes such as introducing virus into large scale reservation or financial network or unauthorizedly obtaining classified information from data stored in defense and security computers.

10.2 Classification of computer crimes:

The most accepted classification of computer crimes is as follows:

- (i) Computer related frauds.
- (ii) Computer forgery.
- (iii) Damage to computer data of computer programmes.
- (iv) Computer sabotage.

- (v) Unauthorized access.
- (vi) Unauthorized interception
- (vii) Unauthorized reproduction of a protected computer programmes
- (viii) Unauthorized reproduction of a topography
- (ix) Alteration of computer data or computer programmes
- (x) Computer espionage
- (xi) Unauthorized use of a computer
- (xii) Unauthorized use of a protected computer programmes.

10.3. Incidence of Computer Crime:

During the year 2015, 50 cases under Cyber Crimes (IT Act only) were registered in the State and during 2014 this figure was 37. Chart 10.1 depicts the incidence of Cyber Crimes reported from 2013-2015. Table 10.1 carries the district-wise details of cases registered under IT Act. Table 10.2 gives the details of Cyber Crimes registered and persons arrested under I.T. Act during 2013-2015 :-

CHART-10.1

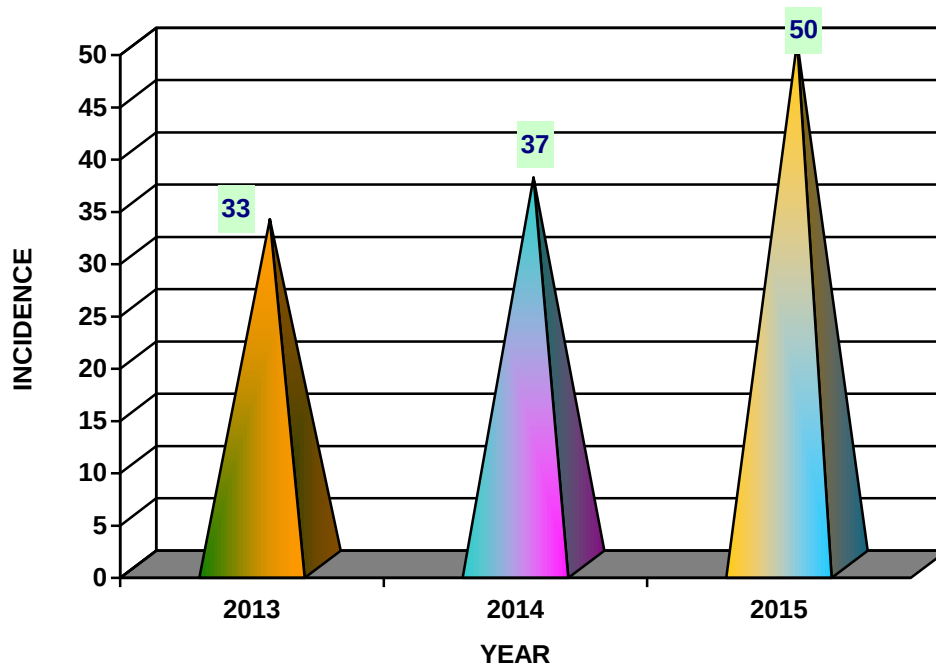


TABLE-10.1

INCIDENCE OF CASES REGISTERED UNDER CYBER CRIMES IN DISTRICTS DURING 2013-2015 AND PERCENTAGE VARIATION

Sr. NO.	DISTRICT	IT ACT			
		2013	2014	2015	% Variation in 2015 over 2014
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
1.	PD BADDI	3	3	3	0
2.	BILASPUR	2	3	21	600
3.	CHAMBA	2	4	0	-100
4.	HAMIRPUR	3	4	2	-50
5.	KANGRA	2	3	9	200
6.	KINNAUR	1	1	1	0
7.	KULLU	2	0	2	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	1	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	4	5	4	-20
10.	SHIMLA	5	5	5	0
11.	SIRMAUR	1	0	0	0
12.	SOLAN	1	4	1	-75
13.	UNA	2	0	2	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	4	5	0	-100
16.	TOTAL	33	37	50	35.1

TABLE-10.2

Cyber Crimes/Cases Registered and Persons Arrested under IT Act during 2013-2015

Sr. No.	Crime Head (offences under IT Act)	Cases Registered			% Variation in 2015 Over 2014	Persons Arrested		
		2013	2014	2015		2013	2014	2015
1	Tampering Computer Source documents(Sec 65)	1	2	3	50	10	2	2
2	Computer related offences Sec. 66A to E)	14	20	34	70	0	10	25
3.	Cyber Terrorism	0	0	0	0		0	0
4.	Publication/transmission of obscene/ sexually explicit Act etc. in electronic form (Sec 67 and 67A to C)	18	10	7	-30	11	5	4
5.	Intentionally or knowingly with the order of controller (sec.68)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	Failure to provide information stored in computer resource or failure to provide access to intercept or monitor or decrypt the information	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	Failure to access by the public or cause to be blocked for access by public any information generated, transmitted received, stored or hosted in any computer resource (sec.69A)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8.	Intermediary or any person in-charge of computer resource not providing technic assistance to any agency authorized by Govt. to enable online enable access to computer resource sec.69B)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	Un-authorized access/ attempt to access to protected computer system (sec.70)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10.	Misrepresentation/suppression of fact for obtaining license or Electronic Signature certificate (sec.71)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.	Others	0	5	6	20	0	0	7
12	Total	33	37	50	35	21	17	38

CHAPTER-11

DETECTION UNDER NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCE (ND&PS) ACT.

11.1 General:

A drug is a substance intended for use as a medicine for the alleviation of human and animal suffering either alone or in the form of a medical preparation. A drug when modify one or more of its functions. This would include not only medication meant for the treatment of the patients but also other pharmacologically active substances. In other words a drug is a substance that can cause change in man's body or way of thinking and feeling.

In Himachal Pradesh there are total 17495 villages out of which 402 villages of the following five Districts are the natural habitants of cannabis where it grows naturally. Analysis reveals that these five districts of the State have been identified by the drug traffickers for cultivation and transporting of Cannabis at national and international level.

Name of Distt.	Number of Panchayats	Number of Villages
Kullu	50	227
Mandi	11	136
Shimla	35	52
Kinnaur	29	44
Chamba	119	631
Kangra	9	20

11.2 Narcotic Drugs:

In general, Narcotics drug can be defined as a awareness of sensory impulses, especially pain, by the brain. In large doses it caused stupor (Condition of insensibility), coma or convulsion. These would include:

- (i) Cannabis preparations like Bhang, Ganja and Charas.
- (ii) Opium and Opium alkaloids like morphine.

- (iii) Coca alkaloids like Cocaine.
- (iv) Synthetic narcotic drugs like pethidine.

11.3 Psychotropic Drugs:

The Greek word Phycho means “Soul” and “Trope” means ‘Turning’, and drug having peculiar affinity for or effect on mind (Mind altering). The term psychotropic drug include:

- 1) Hallucinogens: There are both natural and synthetic Drugs like LSD (Lysergic acid Diethylamide) and tetrahydrocannabinols.
- 2) Hypnotics: Secobarbitone, Phenobarbitone.
- 3) Stimulants: These drugs induce and excitement in the body like amphetamines cocaine.
- 4) Tranquillizers: Methaqualone, Mandrax, etc.
- 5) Depressants: Under this class would fall drugs which are pain killers, analgesics, sedatives, like barbiturates, opiates.

11.4 Important (ND&PS) Drugs:

- Opium
- Morphine
- Codeine
- Heroin
- Cocaine
- Cannabis
- Ganja
- Hashish
- Marijuana
- Synthetic Drugs
- LSD etc.

11.5 Seizer of Drugs :

The detail of drugs seized/recovered during the last 5 years and the case registered thereon is given in the below mentioned Table.

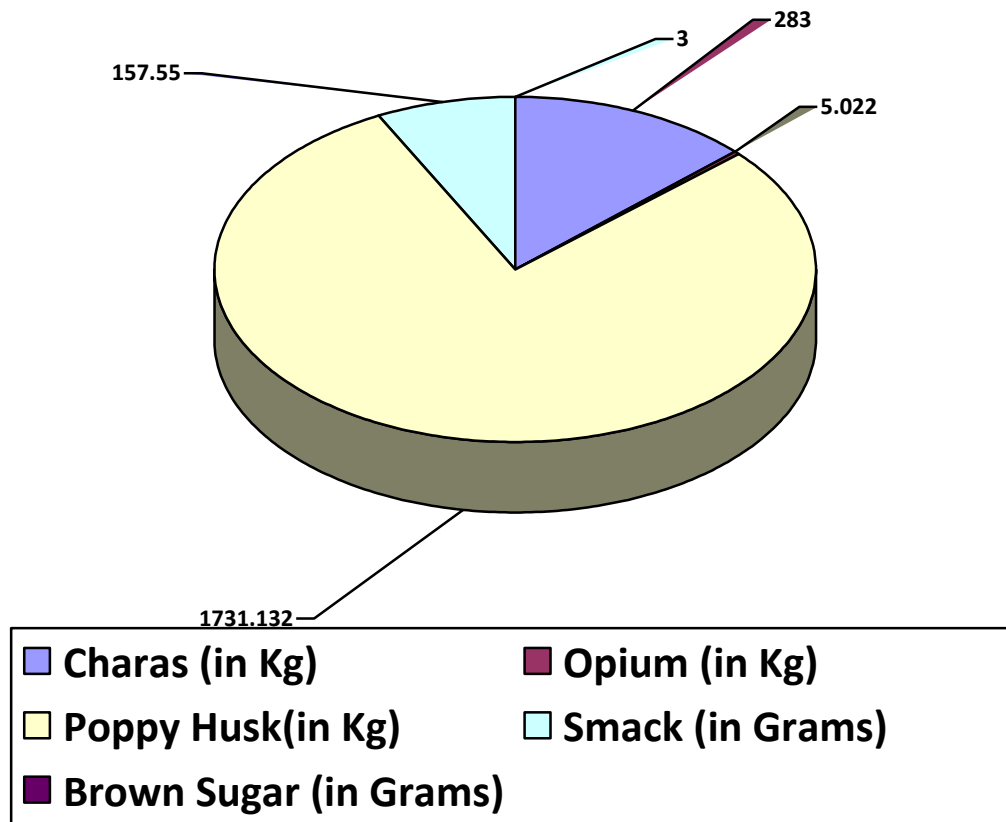
CASES REGISTERED AND CONTRABANDS SEIZED UNDER ND&PS ACT FROM THE YEAR 2011 TO 2015

Sr. No.	Type of Drugs	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
1.	Cases Regd.	570	513	531	644	622
2.	Charas (in Kgs.)	290.583	278.811	314.4	356.963	283.434
3.	Opium (in Kgs.)	11.214	1.229	1.819	8.279	5.022
4.	Poppy Husk (Kgs.)	1044.406	1850.349	793.1	1192.059	1731.13
5.	Poppy Plants (Nos.)/Bighas	403.07 Bighas	153625 in 35.06 Bighas	8958 Plants	33.04 Bighas	7.06
6.	Smack Brown Sugar (Grams)	9.886	.025 c smack, 106 Grams B/sugar, 3 tube LSD	190.9 Grams Smake, 6.52 Grams B/Sugar	Smack=206.213 Grams B/Sugar=41 gm Mdm=18 gm Amphetamine Powder = 20gm	Smak-157.550 B/Sugar =3 gm Mdm=17 1.105 gm
7.	Ganja (in Kgs.)	20.150	6.845	3.54	0	0.835
8.	Cannabis Plants	13327 Bighas	Destructed in 4674.76 Bighas	82235918	1919.07 Bighas	3004.05 bigha
9.	Cocaine/Crack (in Gms.)	6.607	0.57 grams and 264 mg	65 gms	69 gm	2.065g
10.	Prohibited drugs	Capsule 13091, Tablets 1694, Rxcop Syrup 360,	Capsule 68442, Tablets 47436, Rxcop Syrup 3312 Inj, MDM 13 gm Amphetamine Powder =330	Capsule 101433, Tablets 31568, Injection 2049, Rxcop Syrup 9242	Capsule 42615, Tablets 24540, Rxcop Syrup 14086, MDM 18 gm Amphetamine Powder = 20gm	Capsule 88788, Tablets 188463, Rxcop Syrup 3280

The drug-wise detection during the year 2015 according to the above mentioned table is presented in the chart 11.1. The major

detection of poppy husk (1731.13Kgs) has been made during the year 2015 followed by Charas (283.434 Kgs.) Opium 5.022 Kgs. Detection of other drugs i.e. Smack 157.550 gms, Brown Sugar 3 gms has been made during the year 2015

CHART-11.1
QUANTITY OF DETECTED DRUGS UNDER
ND&PS ACT DURING 2015



11.6 Detailed Analysis :

The Incidence of (622) under the ND&PS Act showed a decrease of 3.41% over 2014. Cases under this Act constituted 19.4% against the total Local & Special Law reported cases during the year 2015. The highest incidence (120) under this head were reported in Kullu district followed by Mandi (119), Kangra (93), Shimla (80), Chamba (56), Sirmaur (35), Baddi & Bilaspur (25 each), Una (23),

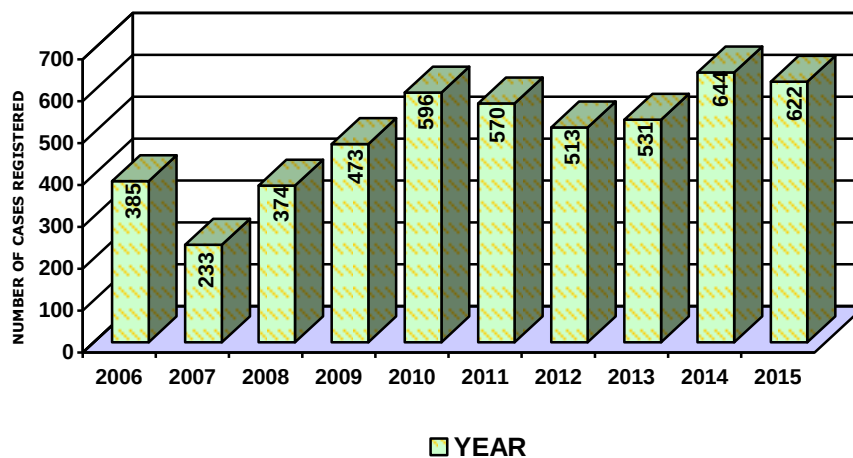
Hamirpur (20), Solan (15), CID (9) and Kinnaur (2). No case under this Act was reported in Lahaul & Spiti District.

The main concentration on the incidence registered under this Act remains on District Mandi and Kullu with 38.4 % of the total registered cases. The analysis reveals that the main source / area of drugs are Kullu, Mandi, Kangra, Shimla and Chamba. Further couriers of this contraband are mostly agriculturists, laborers and poor people.

Of the total persons apprehended under this Act, 82.2 % belong to Himachal Pradesh and 17.8% were outsiders. Study of age profile shows that mostly adults between 18-30 years of age are involved (49.5%). About 34.4% were in the age group of 30-45 years. Above 45 years were 16.1%.

The participation of children below 18 years is negligible (1.2%). Only three Foreigner was involved in this activity. Previous 10 Years (2006-2015) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-11.1

CHART-11.2
DETECTION UNDER ND&PS ACT DURING (2006-2015)



CHAPTER-12

POLICE STRENGTH, INFRASTRUCTURE AND EXPENDITURE

12.1 Police Strength:

The sanctioned strength of the Police personnel in the Himachal Pradesh during the year 2015 was 18578 while actual strength is 15887. Total strength of (GOs) Class-I is 298, which includes 89 IPS and 172 HPS. Total Class-II GOs are 28. The strength of executive force is 17078 which includes 2088 NGOs Grade-I : Inspectors (270), Sub-Inspectors (680) Asstt. Sub-Inspectors (1138). The strength of Head Constables and Constables is 14990, (HCs-2898 and Const.-12092). The strength of ministerial staff (Class-III is 628, Class-IV 546 and other Whole time, Daily Wagers and Part Timers) is 427. The rank wise detailed sanctioned position and actual strength is presented in Table 12.1.

TABLE-12.1

TOTAL SANCTIONED AND ACTUAL POLICE STRENGTH IN HIMACHAL PRADESH AS ON 31-12-2015

SR.No.	Rank	Class of Post	Sanctioned Strength	Posted Strength	Vacancy
1.	IPS	I	89	71	18
2.	HPS	I	172	158	14
3.	GOs in CTS	I	1	0	1
4.	Admn. Officer	I	1	0	1
5.	Private Secretary	I	2	2	0
6.	Supdt. Grade-I	I	8	8	0
7.	Doctors	I	9	6	3
8.	Joint Director	I	2	2	0
9.	District Attorney	I	1	0	1
10.	Dy. District Attorney	I	4	3	1
11.	Asstt. Distt. Attorney	I	7	4	3
12.	Law Officer	I	1	0	1
13.	Dy. Controller	I	1	1	0
I	Total G.Os.		298	255	43

1	Supdt. Grade-II	II	19	19	0
2	Lecturers	II	5	0	5
3	S.O. (Audit)	II	4	3	1
II	Total Class -II		28	22	6
1	Inspectors	III	270	217	53
2	Sub-Inspectors	III	680	612	68
3	Asstt.Sub-Inspectors	III	1138	903	235
4	Head Constables	III	2898	2317	581
5	Constables	III	12092	10606	1486
III	Total :	III	17078	14655	2423
	MINISTERIAL STAFF				
1	Personal Assistants	III	2	1	1
2	Sr. Assistants	III	81	76	5
3	Clerks	III	134	93	41
4	Sr. Scale Stenographer	III	14	14	0
5	Jr. Scale Stenographer	III	10	9	1
6	Steno Typists	III	71	28	43
7	Restorer	III	2	1	1
8	Coaches	III	3	0	3
9	Computer	III	1	1	0
10	Forensic Assistant	III	1	0	1
11	Electronic Technician	III	1	0	1
12	Computer Instructor	III	1	0	1
13	Librarian	III	1	0	1
14	Compounder	III	1	0	1
15	Pharmacist	III	13	1	12
16	Nursing Assistant	III	6	0	6
17	Foreman	III	1	0	1
18	Electrician	III	2	0	2
19	Fitter	III	1	1	0
20	Mechanic	III	1	0	1
21	Painter	III	1	1	0
22	Welder	III	1	1	0
23	Cook	III	279	230	49
IV	Total :	III	628	457	171

	FOLLOWERS (CLASS-IV)				
1.	Sweeper	IV	175	172	3
2.	Mali	IV	15	14	1
3.	Syce	IV	10	9	1
4.	Painter	IV	3	2	1
5.	Tailor	IV	10	7	3
6.	Carpenter	IV	14	12	2
7.	Barber	IV	55	44	11
8.	Washermen	IV	73	69	4
9.	Water Carrier	IV	116	115	1
10.	Cobbler	IV	16	11	5
11.	Mason	IV	4	3	1
12.	Kennelmen	IV	1	1	0
13.	Chowkidar	IV	2	2	0
14.	Blacksmith	IV	1	1	0
15.	Plumber	IV	2	1	1
16.	Nursing Orderly	IV	2	1	1
17.	Khalasi	IV	3	3	0
18.	Ward Servant	IV	2	2	0
19.	Frash	IV	2	1	1
20.	Peon	IV	33	26	7
21.	Book Binder	IV	3	0	3
22.	Daftari	IV	3	2	1
23.	Jamadar	IV	1	0	1
V	TOTAL CLASS-IV	IV	546	498	48
TOTAL (I+II+III+IV+V)			18578	15887	2691
	Whole –Time Contingent paid, Daily Wagers, Part-Time	IV	427	248	179
	GRAND TOTAL →		19005	16135	2870

12.2 Police Districts and Sub-divisions:

During the year 2015, there were 1 Zone, 3 Ranges (Northern, Southern & Central), 13 Districts (including one Police District at Baddi), 30 Police Sub-Divisions, 113 Police Stations (including 2 Police Stations of GRP and one Police Station of CID. Detailed summary is given in Table 12.2.

12.3 Police Housing:

The details of different types of available Police housing are depicted in Table 12.3.

12.4 Police Budget:

The budget allocation for Police department in Himachal Pradesh for the last 3 years is depicted in Table 12.4. During the budget year 2013-2014 Himachal Pradesh Police Budget account for 2.5 % of the total budget for Himachal Pradesh.

12.5 Equipment & Transport:

The district wise number and type of available equipment with Himachal Pradesh, during 2015 are presented in Table 12.5. There are 78 HF Sets, 975 VHF Sets, 1512 Willkie Talkies and 17 other equipment available with the Himachal Police Department.

At present the total available (fleet) strength in Himachal Pradesh Police is 474 Motor Cycles, 200 (Gypsy/Jeep/Bolero/Tata Mobiles), 145 Heavy Vehicles and 32 Vans & others. The district wise detail summary is given in Table 12.6.

TABLE-12.2

**NUMBER OF POLICE DISTRICTS, SUB DIVISIONS, POLICE STATION
AND POLICE POSTS DURING 2015**

SR. NO.	NAME OF DISTRICT	NO. OF SUB DIVISIONS	NO. OF POLICE STATIONS	NO. OF POLICE POSTS	
				Permanent	Temporary
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	BILASPUR	2	7	5	0
2.	CHAMBA	2	8	10	5
3.	HAMIRPUR	1	5	4	0
4.	KANGRA	6	18	13	7
5.	KINNAUR	0	4	4	4
6.	KULLU	2	8	5	2
7.	LAHUAL & SPITI	1	3	3	0
8.	MANDI	3	12	13	3
9.	SHIMLA	5	18	20	5
10.	SIRMAUR	2	8	6	0
11.	SOLAN	2	8	8	2
12.	BBN	2	5	1	1
13.	UNA	2	6	6	1
14.	GRP	0	2	2	0
15.	CID	0	1	0	0
	TOTAL	30	110	100	30

TABLE-12.3

**TYPE WISE AVAILABLE POLICE HOUSING IN
HIMACHAL PRADESH POLICE DURING 2015**

SR. NO	TYPE-III QUARTERS	TYPE-I & II QUARTERS	BARRACKS AVAILABILITY
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1	328	2374	45 % availability out of total posted strength of NGO G-I & II

TABLE-12.4

**BUDGET ALLOTMENT NON-PLAN TO POLICE DEPARTMENT FOR THE
LAST THREE YEAR AND THE PERCENTAGE SHARE OF POLICE
DEPARTMENT OUT OF THE TOTAL STATE BUDGET.**

SR. NO	YEAR	RUPEES IN CRORES		
		STATE BUDGET (in lacs)	POLICE BUDGET	PERCENTAGE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	2012-2013	18695.11	500.08	2.67
2	2013-2014	24594.95	613.27	2.49
3	2014-2015	33688.08	739.15	2.19
4	2015-2016	31316.31	797.47	2.55

TABLE-12.5

**DISTRICT WISE AVAILABLE EQUIPMENT IN
HIMACHAL PRADESH POLICE DURING 2015**

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	H.F 25 WT	V.H.F 25 WATT	WALKIE TALKIE 5 WATTS	OTHER WIRELESS EQUIPMENT			TOTAL
					BEST	POLNET	SAT PHONE	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	PD BADDI	1	35	74	-	-	-	110
2.	BILASPUR	2	53	81	-	1	-	137
3.	CHAMBA	22	105	159	-	1	1	288
4.	HAMIRPUR	2	54	130	-	1	-	187
5.	KANGRA	7	124	166	-	1	-	298
6.	KINNAUR	14	30	12	1	1	-	58
7.	KULLU	9	74	124	-	1	-	208
8.	LAHUAL & SPITI	20	43	38	-	1	2	104
9.	MANDI	4	80	103	-	1	-	188
10.	SHIMLA	10	171	334	1	1	2	519
11.	SIRMAUR	5	54	79	-	1		139
12.	SOLAN	2	80	108	-	1	-	191
13.	UNA	2	87	112	-	1	-	202
14.	GRP	-	1	12	-	0	-	13
15.	STATE CID	-	5	8	-	0	-	13

Battalion								
1	1 st IRBn. Bangarh	1	30	12		-	-	43
2	2 nd IRBn Sakoh	3	14	10		-	-	27
3	3 rd IRBn Pandoh	5	5	18	1	-	-	29
4	4 th IRBn J/Beri	2	7	34		-	-	43
5	5 th IRBn Bassi	1	20	20		-	-	41
6	6 th IRBn Gariwala	1	10	10		-	-	21
7	1 st HPAP Bn. Junga	-	1	-		-	-	1
	CTS HQ	1	35	158		-	-	194
Total		114	1118	1802	3	12	5	3054

TABLE-12.6

**NUMBER OF AVAILABLE TRANSPORTS SUPPORT DURING-2015
(DISTRICT WISE)**

S. NO.	DISTRICT UNIT	CARS	GYPSY JEEP/ TAVERA, T-MOBILE BOLERO & QUAILS	OTHERS (M. VAN)	HEAVY VEHICLES	MOTOR CYCLE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1.	Shimla	03	25	01	08	56
2.	Solan	01	12	02	05	28
3.	Sirmaur	03	09	01	05	24
4.	Kinnaur	01	07	00	03	25
5.	Bilaspur	01	09	02	04	25
6.	Mandi	03	13	04	7	48
7.	Kullu	01	14	02	05	32
8.	L & S	00	05	01	01	11
9.	Hamirpur	01	08	01	04	20
10.	Kangra	02	22	04	06	44
11.	Chamba	01	16	00	04	38
12.	Una	03	09	00	03	22
13.	BBN Baddi	00	09	01	02	18
14.	IG -SR	00	01	00	00	01
15.	IG -NR	00	01	00	00	02
16.	IG -CR	00	01	00	00	02
17.	Ist HPAP Bn. Junga	02	01	00	14	03
18.	Ist IRBn Bangarh	01	03	02	17	02
19.	2 nd IRBn Sakoh	01	03	02	20	03
20.	3 rd IRBn Pandoh	01	03	02	22	03
21.	4 th IRBn Jangalbari	01	01	01	06	03

22.	5 th IRbn. Bilaspur	00	00	00	00	02
23.	Mahila IRB Bassi	01	01	00	00	00
24.	6 th IRBn. Sirmaur	00	00	01	00	00
25.	C&TS	01	01	01	02	04
26.	TTR	03	01	01	00	04
27.	CID	05	17	01	02	24
28.	PTC Daroh	01	04	01	05	19
29.	HP IPS	00	01	00	00	02
30.	AP&T	03	00	00	00	03
31.	PHQ	09	03	01	00	06
	TOTAL	49	200	32	145	474

NUMBER OF AVAILABLE TRANSPORTS SUPPORT MEDIUM & HEAVEY VEHICLES DURING-2015 (DISTRICT/UNIT WISE)

Sr. No.	Name Unit/District	Sanctioned	Total			
			MMV	HMV	Ambulance	Total
1	Shimla	4	7	-	-	7
2	Solan	4	6	-	1	7
3	Baddi	4	3	1	-	4
4	Sirmaur	4	6	-	-	6
5	Kinnaur	3	3	-	-	3
6	Bilaspur	4	4	1	-	5
7	Mandi	4	6	1	1	8
8	Kullu	4	5	1	-	6
9	Hamirpur	4	4	1	-	5
10	Lahaul & Spiti	3	-	2	-	2
11	Kangra	4	6	-	1	7
12	Una	4	2	1	-	3
13	Chamba	4	5	1	-	6
14	Shimla Distt.Hdqrs	2	-	-	-	-
15	Police Headquarters	-	-	-	-	-
16	C.I.D.	3	3	-	-	3
17	AP&T	-	-	-	-	-
18	PTC Daroh	1	3	2	-	5
19	HPIPS	1	1	-	-	1
20	DIG/SR	-	-	-	-	-
21	DIG/CR	-	-	-	-	-
22	DIG/NR	-	-	-	-	-
23	AIG/R&T	1	-	-	-	-
24	SP C&TS	3	2	-	-	2
25	Ist H.P.A.P. Bn Junga	14	5	-	-	5
26	Ist IRBn Bangarh	25	10	1	-	11
27	2 nd IRBn Sakoh	25	9	-	-	9
28	3 rd IRBn Pandoh	25	5	2	-	7
29	4 th IRBn Jungalberi	25	6	3	-	9

30	5 th IRBn.	-	8	3	-	11
31	6 th IRB	-	7	-	-	7
	Total	175	105	20	3	128

**FLEET STRENGTH/PRESENT HOLDING OF THE LIGHT MOTOR VEHICLES
DURING, 2015**

Sr. No.	Name of Unit/District	Sanctioned Fleet Strength	Present holding	Excess	Deficiency
1.	Shimla	26+4=30	33	03	
2.	Solan	14	17	03	
3.	Baddi	08	12	04	
4.	Sirmaur	12	16	04	
5.	Kinnaur	06	08	02	
6.	Bilaspur	12	14	02	
7.	Mandi	15	22	07	
8.	Kullu	12	14	02	
9.	Hamirpur	09	11	02	
10.	Lahaul & Spiti	06	06	-	
11.	Kangra	24	32	08	
12.	Una	10	13	03	
13.	Chamba	13	16	03	
14.	Police Hqrs.	14	13	-	-1
15.	C I D	25+3=28	28	-	-
16.	AP&T HQ	03	03	-	-
17.	PTC Daroh	04+4=8 (04Nos HPIPS)	07	-	-1
18.	DIG/SR	01	01	-	
19.	DIG/CR	01	01	-	
20.	DIG/NR	01	01	-	
21.	Traffic Tourist & Railways	08	04	-	-4
22.	C&TS(Wireless)	05	04	-	-1
23.	Ist HPAP Bn	06	04	-	-2
24.	Ist IRBn	07	05	-	-2
25.	2 nd IRBn	07	05	-	-2
26.	3 rd IRBn	07	06	-	-1
27.	4 th IRBn	07	05	-	-2
28.	5 th IRBn (Mahila)	00	04	04	-
29.	6 th IRBn.	07	04	-	-3
	Total	267+4+3+7=281	309	47	19

DISTRICT / UNIT WISE DISTRIBUTION OF MOTOR CYCLES AS PER FLEET STRENGTH APPROVED BY HP GOVT. HOME DEPARTMENT

Sr.No.	Name of District/Unit	Sanctioned Fleet Strength	Total present holding	Excess	Deficiency
1	Shimla	57	56	-	01
	Shimla Distt. HQ	05	00	-	05
2	Solan	31	30	-	01
3	Sirmaur	25	25	-	-
4	Kinnaur	18	18	-	-
5	Bilaspur	22	25	03	-
6	Mandi	38	48	10	-
7	Kullu	24	32	08	-
8	Hamirpur	17	20	03	-
9	L&S	13	11	-	02
10	Kangra	49	49	-	-
11	Una	21	24	03	-
12	Chamba	34	34	-	-
13	BBN Baddi	14	18	04	-
14	HQ	05	06	01	-
15	CID	18	21	03	-
16	AP&T	02	03	01	-
17	DIG/SR	01	01	-	-
18	DIG/CR	01	01	-	-
19	DIG/NR	01	01	-	-
20	TTR	23	05		18
21	C&TS	04	04	-	-
22	HPIPS	02	02	-	-
23	PTC	10	19	09	-
24	Ist Bn Junga	03	03	-	-
25	Ist IRBn Bangarh	03	05	02	-
26	2 nd IRBn Sakoh	03	03	-	-
27	3 rd IRBn Pandoh	03	02	-	-1
28	4 th IRBn J/Beri	03	03	-	-
29	5 th IRBn BPR	00	03	3	-
30	6 th IRBn	00	03	3	-
	Total	450	475	53	28

ANNEXURE-I

OTHER IPC CRIMES

The following are the important sections of law in Other IPC cases under which cognizance are taken up by Police.

1. 323 IPC R/W 190 (b) Cr.PC., Causing simple hurt by means of simple weapon.
2. 411 IPC receiving stolen property
3. 465,466,467,468,469,471,472,473,475,476,477, 477 (A) IPC Forgery.
4. 160 IPC Affray
5. 294 (b) IPC
6. 283 IPC Act endangering human life
7. 377 IPC Unnatural offences
8. 417,419,420 & 493 IPC cheating
9. 328, 329-IPC (Poison)
10. 224 IPC Escaping from Police custody
11. 384- IPC Extortion
12. 318- IPC Infanticide
13. 355 IPC-assault with criminal force with intent to dishonour
14. 306 IPC abetment of suicide
15. 332, 353 IPC Assaulting public servant while on duty
16. 429 IPC
17. 447,448,449,450,452 IPC-Trespass
18. 506 (i) & 506 (ii) IPC-Intimidation
19. 509 IPC-Insulting the modesty of a women

ANNEXURE-II

SPECIAL AND LOCAL LAWS

1. The Essential Commodities (Special provisions) Amendment Act 1993
2. The Essential commodities Act, 1995
3. SC/ST Prevention of (Atrocities) Act 1989
4. SC,ST (Prevention of Atrocities) Rules 1995
5. Protection of Civil Rights Act 1955
6. The Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1966
7. Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988
8. Railways Act, 1989
9. Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956 (Act No.104/56 as amended upto Act 44/86)
10. The Dowry Prohibition Act, 1986
11. The Telegraph Wires (Unlawful Possession) Act, 1950
12. The Official secrets Act, 1923
13. The Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967
14. The Foreigners Order, 1948
15. The Indian Extradition Act, 1973
16. The National security Act, 1980
17. The Customs Act, 1962
18. Juvenile justice Act, 1986 and Juvenile Justice Act, 2000
19. Anti Hijacking Act, 1982
20. The Prize Competitions Act, 1955

21. The Prize Chits and Money Circulation Schemes (Banning) Act, 1978
22. The Prisoners (Attendance in Courts) Act, 1955
23. The Bonded Labour System (Abolition) Act and Rules 1976
24. The Essential Services Maintenance Act, 1961 (Act XL of 1981)
25. The Prevention of Damage to Public Property Act, 1984 (Act III of 1984)
26. The prevention of Cruelty to animals Act, 1960
27. The Arms Act, 1981
28. Arms rules 1997
29. The Explosives Act, 1984
30. The Indian Explosives Rules 1998
31. The Explosive Substances Act, 1908
32. The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Act, 1985
33. The Wild Life (Protection) Amendment Act, 1993
34. The Identification of Prisoner's Act, 1920
35. The Railway property (Unlawful Possession) Act, 1966
36. Antiquities and Art Treasure Act, 1972
37. The foreigners Act, 1964 (Act XXXI of 1964)
38. The Electricity Act, 1910
39. Motor Vehicles Act, 1988
40. The Probation of Offenders Act, 1958
41. The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993
42. The Central M.V. Rules, 1995
43. The Copy Right (Amendment) Act, 1992
44. Prevention of Insults to National Honour Act, 1971

45. The Telegraph Act, 1885.
46. The Post Office Act, 1898
47. The Wireless Telegraphy Act, 1933
48. Contempt's of Courts Act, 1971
49. The Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867
50. The Ancient Monuments and Archaeological sites and Remains Act, 1958
51. The Petroleum Act, 1934
52. The General Clauses Act, 1897 (Central)
53. The Cinematography Act, 1952
54. The Police Forces (Restriction of Rights)Act, 1966
55. The Police (Incitement to Disaffection) Act, 1922
56. The Passports (Amendment) Act, 1993
57. The Citizenship Act, 1955
58. The Atomic Energy Act, 1962
59. The Army Act, 1950
60. The Cattle Trespass Act, 1981
61. The Fisheries Act, 1897
62. Representation of the People Act 1950 and Conduct of Election Rules-1961
63. The Indian Passport Rules 1950
64. Consumer Protection Act, 1986
65. Environment Protection Act, 1986
66. Land Acquisition Act, 1894
67. Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act,1983

68. The Water (Prevention and Control Pollution) Act, 1977
69. The Employees State Insurance Act, 1948
70. The Plantation Labour Act, 1951
71. The Family Courts Act, 1984
72. The Special Marriage Act, 1954
73. The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
74. The Hindu Succession Act, 1956
75. The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 (Amended in 1995)
76. The Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1971
77. The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970
78. The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
79. The Child Marriage Restraint (Amendment) Act, 1929
80. The Factories Act, 1948
81. Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986
82. Advocates Act 1961
83. Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981
84. Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944
85. Companies Act, 1956
86. Criminal Law (Amendment) Ordinance, 1944
87. Criminal Law (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946
88. Departmental Enquiries (Enforcement of Attendance of Witnesses and Production of Documents) Act, 1972
89. Disturbed Areas (Special Courts) Act, 1976
90. Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1949
91. The Forests Act, 1927

92. Mental Health Act, 1987
93. Poisons Act, 1934
94. Police Act, 1949
95. Prevention of Black Marketing and Maintenance of Supplies of Essential Commodities Act, 1980
96. Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954
97. Prevention of Food Adulteration Rules, 1955
98. Prevention of Seditious Meetings Act, 1911
99. The Public Gambling Act, 1867
100. Standards of Weights and Measures (Enforcement) Act, 1985
101. Terrorist Affected Areas (Special Courts) Act, 1984
102. Trade and Merchandise Marks Act, 1958
103. The Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000
104. The pre-Natal Diagnostic Technique (Regulation, Prevention & Misuse) Act, 1994
105. Information Technology Act, 2000
106. POCSO Act, 2012

ANNEXURE-III

HIMACHAL PRADESH ACT

1. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act, 1968.
2. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act, 1972.
3. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act, 1973.
4. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act No. 26 Of 1976.
5. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act No. 36 Of 1976.
6. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act, 1978.
7. Himachal Pradesh Roadside Land Control Act, 1969
8. Himachal Pradesh Silk worn Seeds Control Act, 1968.
9. Himachal Pradesh State Aid To Industries Act, 1968
10. Himachal Pradesh Tenancy & Land Reforms Act, 1972
11. Foreign Marriage Act, 1969
12. Himachal Pradesh Tolls (Repealing) Act, 1972
13. Himachal Pradesh Tolls Act, 1975
14. Himachal Pradesh Town And Country Planning Act, 1977
15. Himachal Pradesh Transfer Of Land (Regulation) Act, 1969.
16. Himachal Pradesh University Act, 1970
17. Himachal Pradesh Urban Rent Control Act, 1987
18. Himachal Pradesh Utilization Of Lands Act, 1973.
19. Himachal Pradesh Vaccination Act, 1968
20. Himachal Pradesh Vehicles (Bridge Tolls) Act, 1968
21. Himachal Pradesh Village & Small Town Patrol Act, 1964
22. Foreigners Law (Appl.& Amendment) Act, 1962
23. Himachal Pradesh War Awards Act, 1972
24. Himachal Pradesh Warehouses Act, 1976
25. Himachal Pradesh Water Supply Act, 1968
26. Indian Forest (H.P Second Amendment) Act, 1991
27. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1969.
28. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1976.

29. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1978.
30. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1988.
31. Forward Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1952
32. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1991.
33. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1992.
34. Indian Treasure Trove (H.P Amendment) Act, 1972.
35. Land Acquisition (H.P Amendment) Act, 1986.
36. Local Authorities (H.P Amendment) Act, 1973.
37. Local Authorities (H.P Amendment) Act, 1976.
38. Press & Regn. Of Books & Newspapers (H.P Amendment) Act,1973
39. Prisons (H.P Amendment) Act, 1973
40. Provincial Insolvency (H.P Amendment) Act, 1969
41. Provincial Small Cause Courts (H.P Amendment)Act, 1969.
42. General Clauses Act,1897
43. Public Gambling (H.P Amendment) Act, 1976
44. Public Waifs (Extension of Limitation) (H.P Amend.) Act,1977
45. Public Waifs (Extension of Limitation) (H.P Amend.) Act,1984
46. Public Waifs (Extension of Limit) (H.P Amend.) Act,1974
47. Punjab Excise (H.P Amendment) Act, 1965
48. Punjab Excise (H.P Amendment) Act No. 3 Of 1989
49. Punjab Excise (H.P Amendment) Act No. 4 Of 1989
50. Punjab Excise (H.P Amendment) Act, 1995
51. Punjab Gen. Sales Tax (H.P Amend. & Validation) Act,1968.
52. Punjab Pre-Emption (H.P Amendment) Act, 1987.
53. Gift Tax Act, 1958
54. Punjab Profes.Trades,Callings & Emp.Taxn.(HP Repl.)Act, 1968
55. Punjab Profes.Trades,Callings & Emp.Taxn.(HP Repl.)Act, 1968
56. Punjab Security Of State (H.P Amendment) Act, 1980
57. Punjab Security Of State (H.P Amendment) Act, 1984

58. Redemption Of Mortgages (H.P Amendment) Act, 1971
59. Registration (H.P Amendment) Act. 1969
60. Registration (H.P Amendment) Act. 1981.
61. Salaries & Allowances Of Deputy Ministers (H.P) Act, 1971
62. Salaries & Allowances Of Ministers (H.P) Act, 1971
63. Societies Registration (H.P Amendment) Act, 1973.
64. Societies Registration (H.P Amendment) Act, 1992.
65. Gold Control Act,1968
66. Stage Carriage (H.P Amendment) Act, 1973.
67. Suits Valuation (H.P Amendment) Act, 1969
68. Usurious Loans (H.P Amendment) Act, 1969.
69. Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act 2013
70. Domestic Violence Act 2005.

CRIME IN HIMACHAL PRADESH-2014

GLOSSARY

Arrest Rate:

Number of arrests per lakh of population.

Charge sheeting Rate:

Percentage of cases charge sheeted to cases in which investigations were completed.

Cognizable Offences:

A cognizable case means a case in which, a police officer may in accordance with the first schedule of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1973 or under any other Law for the time being in force, arrest without warrant.

Conviction Rate:

Percentage of cases that resulted in conviction to the number of cases in which trials were completed during a year.

Crime Against Women:

Rape, Dowry deaths, molestation, Cruelty by husband and relatives, Sexual harassment, Kidnapping & abduction of women and girls, dowry Prohibition Act.

Crime Rate:

Incidence of crime per lakh of population.

Disposal Rate by Police:

Percentage of cases investigated and challaned to total cases meant for investigation during the year.

Disposal Rate by Courts:

Percentage of cases disposed to total cases pending/trial during a year.

Indian Penal Code:

A Penal Code for India listing out the offences and their punishments (Act No. XLV of 1860).

Local Law:

A law applicable only to a particular state/part of India.

Offence:

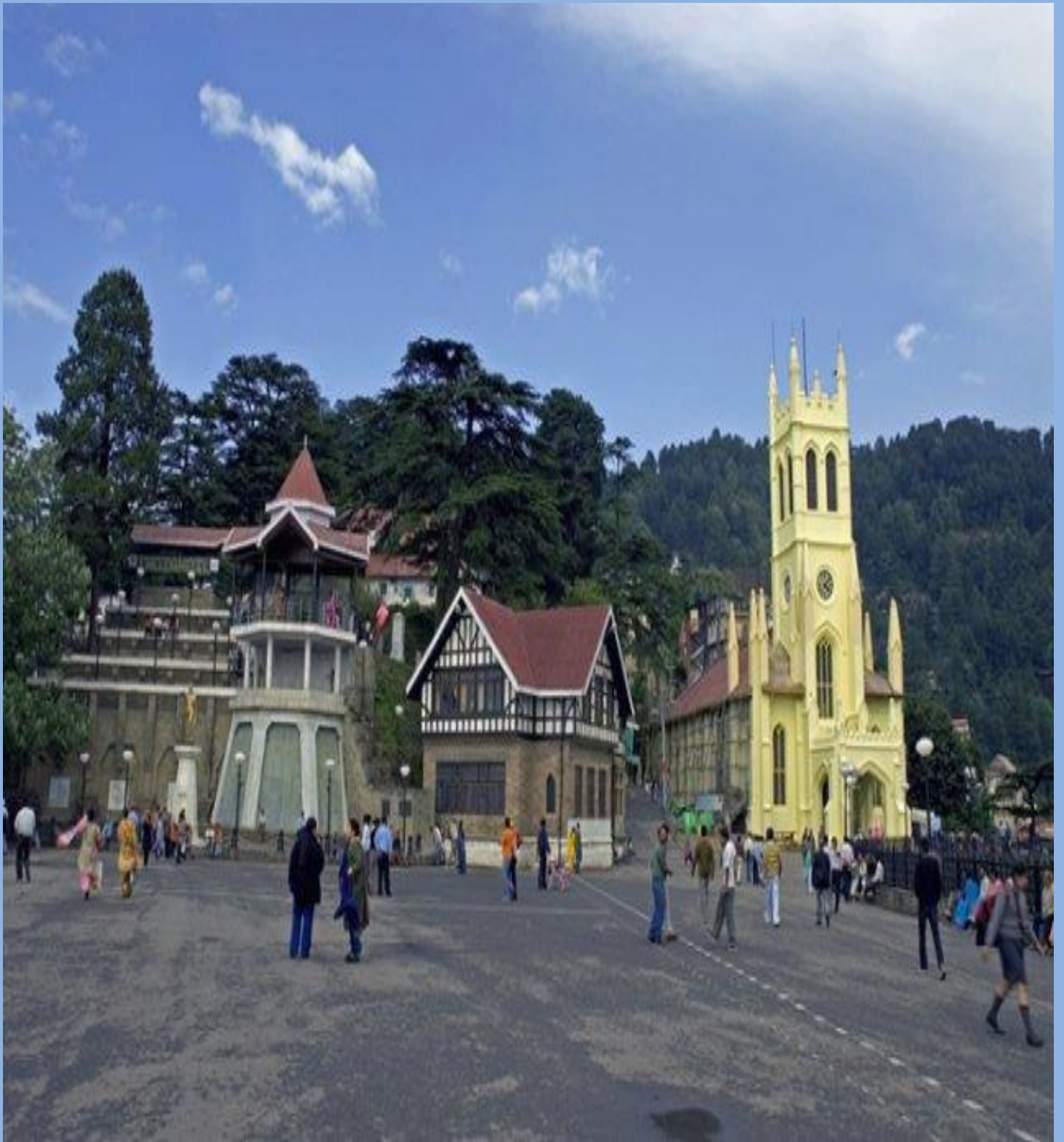
The word offence means any act or omission made punishable by any law for the time being in force.

Property Offence:

Include Burglary, Theft, Dacoity and Robbery.

Special law :

A law applicable to a particular subject.



**VIEW OF 'THE RIDGE' SHIMLA
HIMACHAL PRADESH**