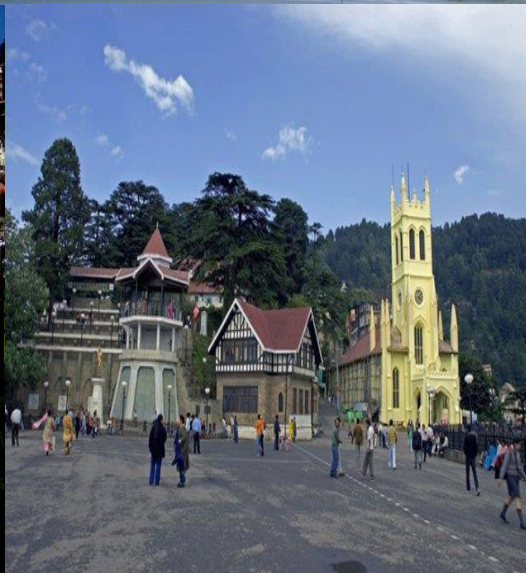
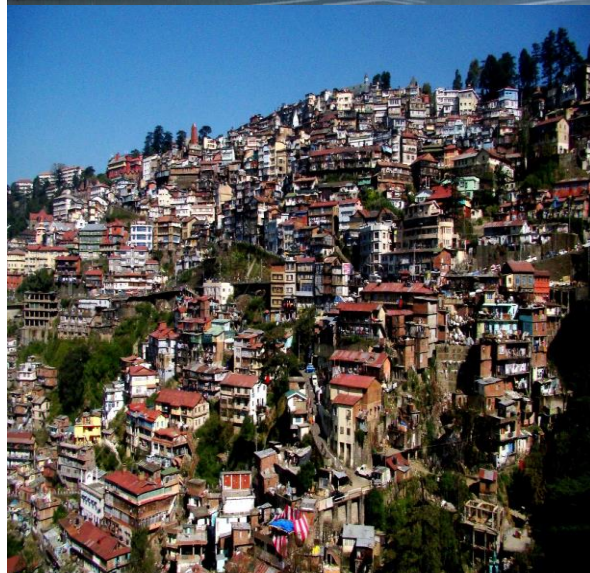




HIMACHAL PRADESH CRIME REVIEW 2014



STATE CRIME RECORDS BUREAU
CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT
HIMACHAL PRADESH

HIMACHAL PRADESH CRIME REVIEW 2014



**STATE CRIME RECORDS BUREAU
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PREFACE



Himachal Pradesh, “Crime Review-2014” is the seventh issue being published by State CID, SCRB. Efforts have been made to collect, present and analyze the data. Our endeavour was to make available maximum details by way of statistical tables, graphs/charts and brief interpretation wherever possible.

The job of data interpretation of crime is increasingly becoming important tool to forecast future trends for proper law enforcement and therefore, mere presentation of statistics does not serve the purpose anymore. It is our objective to collect accurate, meaningful and relevant statistics which would contribute towards formulation of focused Crime Control Policies in the State.

The Officers and the staff of State Crime Records Bureau, H.P have made significant contribution towards the preparation of this seventh issue of Crime Review because of which it has become possible to bring this 7th issue in such a comprehensive manner.

I am sure this effort will go a long way in helping the police officers besides providing information to all stakeholders.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Sanjay Kumar', with a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

**(Sanjay Kumar), IPS
Director General of Police,
CID, Himachal Pradesh, Shimla-2**

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HIMACHAL PRADESH AT A GLANCE

1.	Area	:	55,673 Sq. Kms.	
2.	Border	:	Jammu& Kashmir, Punjab, Haryana, Uttrakhand	
3.	Population	:	2001 Census	2011 Census
			60,77,900	68,56,509
4.	Gender:- Male (50.80%)	:	34,83,393	
	Female (49.19%)	:	33,73,116	
5.	Sex Ratio (Per 1000 male)	:	968 Female	
5.	Population Density	:	109 (per square km.)	
5.	Literacy Rate	:	77 %	
6.	Per Capita Income	:	Rs.39,819	
7.	National Highways	:	7 (1493 Kms.)	
8.	State Highways	:	19,985 Kms.	
9.	Total No. of Districts	:	12	
10.	Snow Bound Districts	:	5	
11.	Border with J&K	:	216 Kms.	
12.	Seismic Zone	:	Zone-V (Highly Prone)	

PROFILE OF HIMACHAL PRADESH POLICE

1. Zone	:	1
2. Ranges	:	3
3. Police Districts	:	13
4. Police Sub-divisions	:	28
5. Police Stations	:	107
6. Railway Police Stations	:	2
7. CID Police Station	:	1
8. Highest Police Station	:	12000 Ft. (Kaza)
9. Police Posts (Permanent)	:	101
10. Police Posts (Temporary)	:	30
11. Battalions & India Reserve Battalions:		7 (1+6)
12. HP Institute of Police Studies	:	1
13. Police Training College	:	1
14. Total Police Strength	:	Sanctioned = 18820 Actual = 15828
15. Police Population (Per Thousand of Population)	:	2.3
16. Police: Density (Per 100 Sq. Km.)	:	27.94

SNAPSHOTS -2014

<p>❖ IPC Cases : 14160 Increase of 3%</p> <p>❖ SLL Cases : 2962 Increase 49.4%</p> <p>❖ Total Crimes Increase : 8.83% IPC Crime Rate : 206.5 SLL Crime Rate : 43.2</p> <p>❖ Persons arrested Under IPC : 19355 Under SLL : 4092</p> <p>❖ An average of 1.36 persons arrested per IPC Case.</p> <p>❖ Disposal by Police IPC Cases : 83.7% SLL Cases : 83.6 %</p> <p>❖ Charge Sheetting Rate IPC Cases : 86.6% SLL Cases : 96.8 %</p> <p>❖ Conviction Rate IPC Cases : 26.5% SLL Cases : 40%</p> <p>❖ Increase In Murder: 25%</p> <p>❖ Increase in Rapes : 13.2 %</p> <p>❖ Decrease in Burglary : 5.15%</p> <p>❖ Decrease in Theft : 20.3%</p>	<p>❖ Crime Against Children : 467 Increase : 6.13%</p> <p>❖ NDPS Act Cases Increase : 21.3%</p> <p>❖ Cyber Crime Cases Reported : 37</p> <p>❖ Road Accident : 3058 Increase : 2.6% Deaths :1215 Increase : 15%</p> <p>❖ Suicides : 644 Increase : 16.2%</p> <p>❖ Police Personnel killed on Duty : 0 Injured on Duty : 0</p> <p>❖ Civilians killed in Police Firing:0</p> <p>❖ Deaths in Police Custody :</p> <p>❖ Housing to Police Satisfaction rate Gazetted Officers : 23.19% Upper Subordinates : 19.29% Lower Subordinates : 16.71%</p>
--	---

CHAPTER-1

INCIDENCE AND RATE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES IN HIMACHAL PRADESH

1.1 General:

The Himachal Pradesh is a hilly and peaceful state. There are sporadic incidents of crime taking place, but no particular area of any district of this State is notorious for any class or category of crime. There has not been any abnormal fluctuation in the incidence of crime in the State.

The crime situation has remained peaceful and well under control during the year 2014 throughout the State of Himachal Pradesh. No alarming increase was noticed under any major head of crime.

1.2. The Parameters for Review and Analysis of Crime:-

The following parameters have been adopted while analyzing the crime for the year 2014:-

- ➡ Geographical spread.
- ➡ Reasons for commission of crime especially in offences against persons.
- ➡ Investigative process followed.
- ➡ Recovery of property.
- ➡ Profile of criminals.

1.3. Reported Incidence of Cognizable Crimes:

The ten years trends of incidence and rate of total cognizable crime under Indian Penal Code (IPC) and Local and Special Laws (2013-2014) is presented in Table-1.2 at the end of the chapter. Total numbers of 17122 cognizable crime cases were reported during the year 2014. This comprise of 14160 cases under IPC and 2962 cases under (SLL) Local & Special Law. (Table-1.1 and Chart-1.1 & 1.2)

CHART-1.1

**INCIDENCE OF TOTAL REGISTERED CRIME
FOR THE LAST 10 YEAR (2005-2014)**

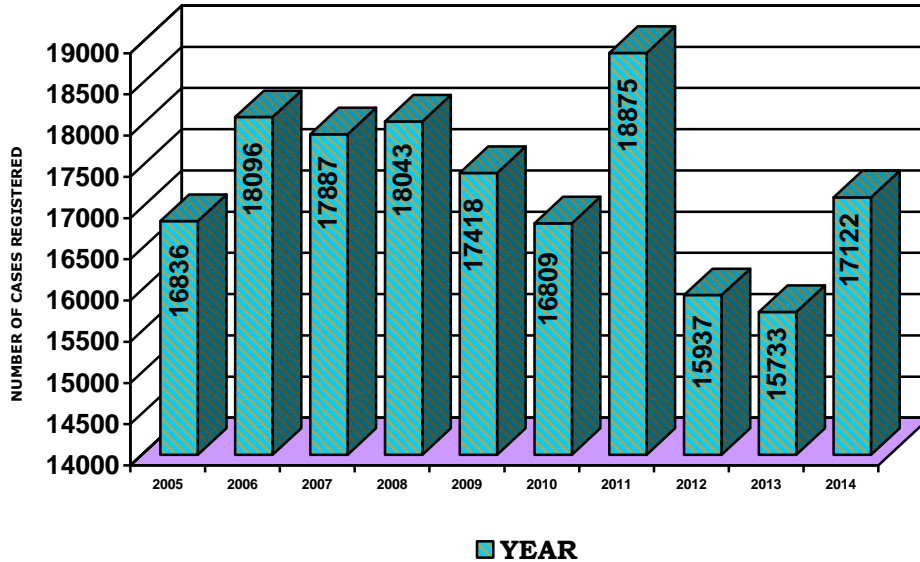
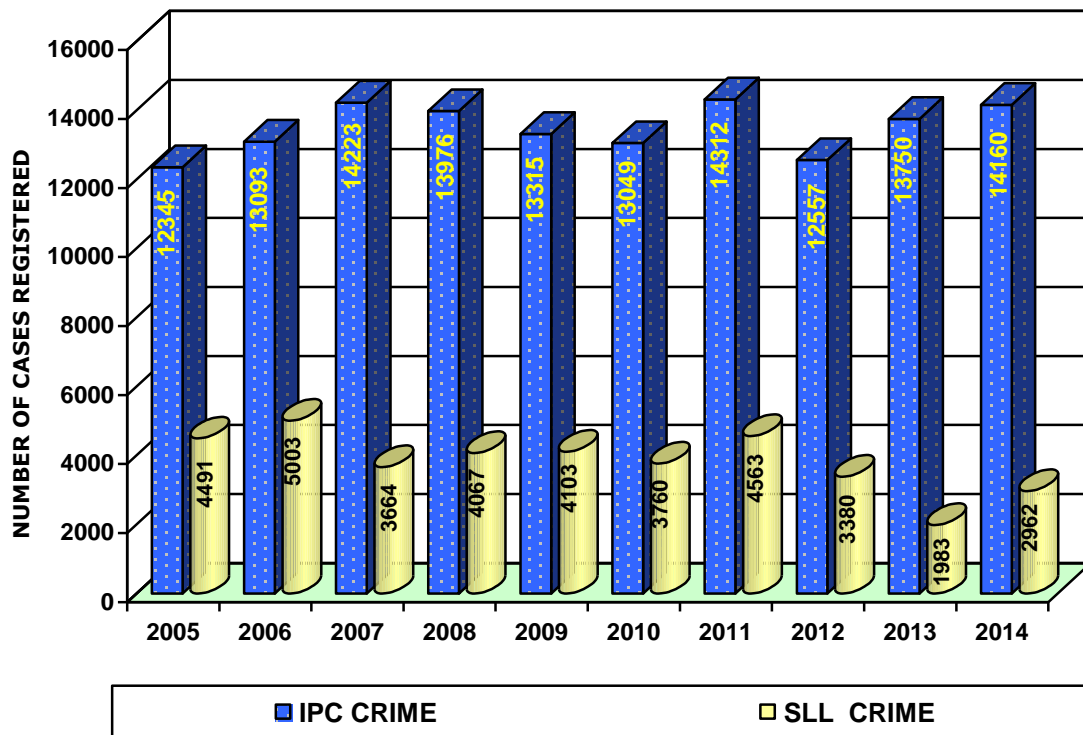


CHART-1.2

**INCIDENCE OF TOTAL IPC AND LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW
CRIME FOR THE LAST 10 YEAR (2005-2014)**



1.4. Crime Trends:

1.4.1. Crime Incidence:

During the year 2014, cases of cognizable crime have increased by 8.83% (1389) as compared to the registration of cognizable crime cases of the corresponding year. The registration in IPC crimes have recorded an increase of 3% and Special & Local Laws crime have recorded an increase of 49.4% in 2014 as compared to the previous year 2013.

Total 14160 IPC cases were reported in the State during the year 2014, as against 13750 cases of 2013 (3% increase). District Kangra, Mandi and Shimla have recorded crime incidence between 1500 to 3000 IPC cases in each, district Bilaspur and Una have recorded crime between 1000 to 1500 IPC cases each, Baddi, Chamba, Hamirpur, Kullu, Sirmaur and Solan have recorded crime between 500 to 1000 IPC cases each. The crime in districts Kinnaur, Lahaul & Spiti, Railway & Traffic Unit and CID Unit have remain below the figure of 300 cases. The district wise detailed volume of crime is depicted in the Table-1.3.

1.4.2. District-wise IPC Crimes Trends:

The highest incidence of IPC cases was reported in District Kangra (2698 cases) followed by Shimla (1957), Mandi (1939), Bilaspur (1185) Una (1083), Solan (947), Kullu (914), Sirmaur (872), Hamirpur (845), Chamba (761), Baddi (651), Kinnaur (211) and Lahaul & Spiti (84). The detail of number of districts falling under different ranges with incidence of IPC crimes during the year 2014 is presented in Table-1.3.

1.5. Crime Pattern: (IPC Crimes)

As compared to 2013, this year incidences of Murder, Culpable Homicide, Rape, Robbery, molestation, Dowry Death and Other IPC cases have shown increase while Attempt to murder,

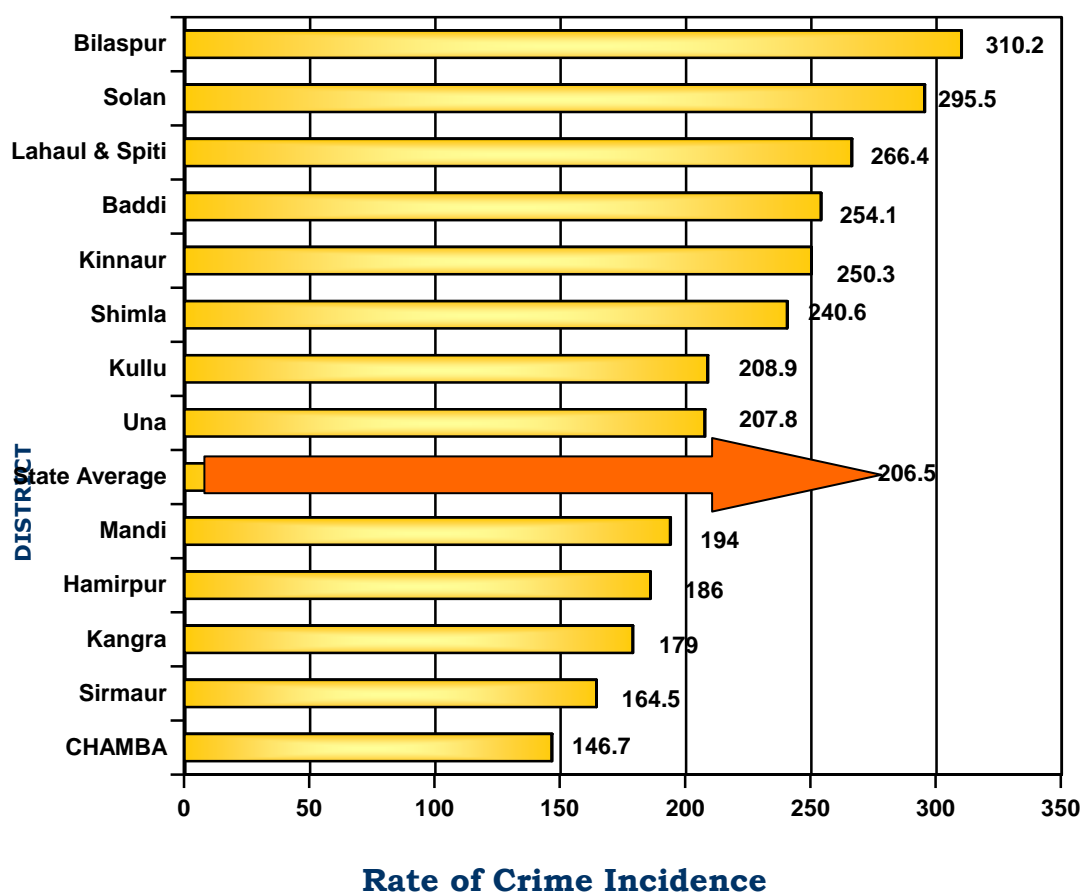
Kidnapping & abduction, Dacoity, Burglary, Theft, Hurt and Rioting cases have reported a decrease.

1.6. Crime Rate:

The Crime Rate, District wise is presented in Table-1.4. The average IPC Crime Rate in the State for 2014 was 206.5. The Crime Rate was the highest in Bilaspur (310.2) followed by Solan (295.5), Lahaul & Spiti (266.4), Baddi (254.1), Kinnaur (250.3), Shimla (240.6), Kullu (208.9) and Una (207.8). The lowest crime rate were found to be in districts Chamba (146.7), Sirmaur (164.5), Kangra (179.0), Hamirpur (146.0) and Mandi (194.0). (Chart-1.3) and Table 1.4.

CHART-1.3

RATE OF IPC CRIME (DISTRICT-WISE) DURING-2014



1.7. Head Wise Analysis of IPC Offences:

The head wise analysis of IPC offences is presented in Table-1.5. The head wise statistics indicates the following trends:-

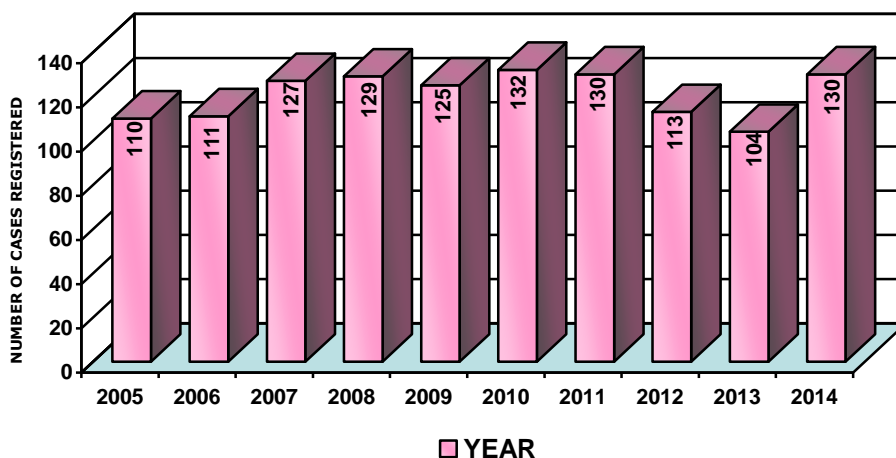
(i) Murder : (Increase 25 %)

The incidence of murder (130) in 2014 increased by 25 % as compared to the previous year 2013. Highest incidence of murder was reported in Kangra (30 cases) district, contributing 0.18 % of the total cases. Other districts which reported more than 10 cases were Shimla (18) , Mandi (15), Baddi (13) and Hamirpur (12). The lowest incidence of murder was reported in districts Kullu and Una (9 each), Chamba (8), Sirmaur (6), Solan (5), Bilaspur (4), Kinnaur, Lahaul & Spiti (2 each) and GRP (1). Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.4.

The analysis of the causes has revealed that no organized gang was operating in the State. In most of these cases crime was committed due to land disputes or murder for gain or personal enmity. Generally, sudden provocation or minor altercations were the reasons for commission of most of the murders. There was no class or caste factor involved in the commission of murder.

CHART-1.4

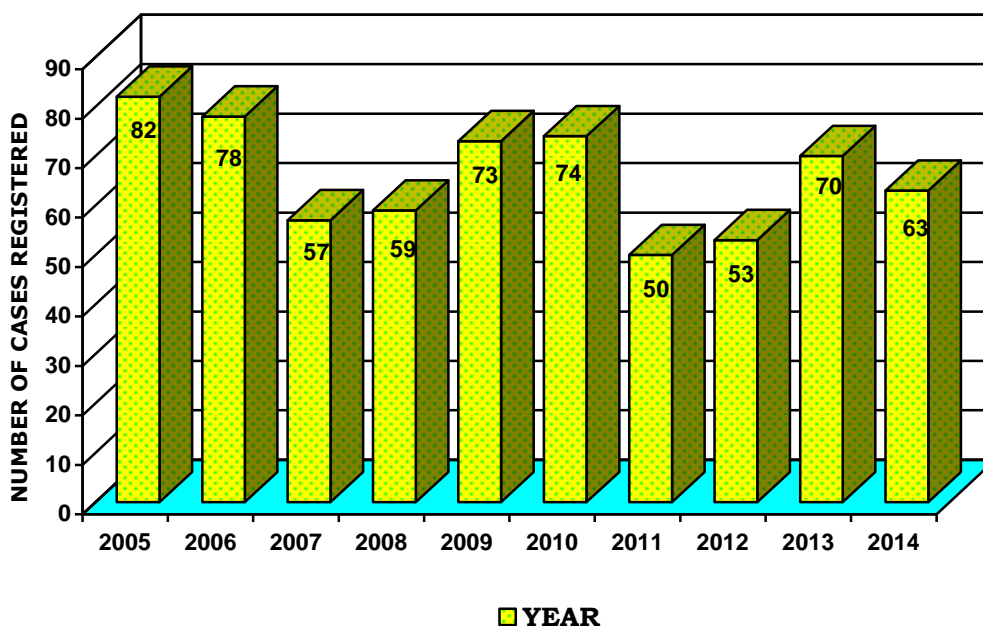
INCIDENCE OF MURDER DURING (2005-2014)



(ii) Attempt to commit Murder: (Decrease 10%)

The incidence (63) of Attempt to Commit Murder during this year has decreased by 10 percent. The higher incidence of cases under this head was reported in Shimla (15) followed by Kangra (11), Bilaspur (9), Mandi (6) and Chamba (5). The lowest incidence under this head was reported in Hamirpur, Kullu (4 each), Baddi and Sirmaur (3 each), Una (2) and solan (1). No incidence under this head was reported in Kinnaur and Lahaul & Spiti districts. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.5.

CHART-1.5
INCIDENCE OF ATTEMPT TO MURDER
DURING (2005-2014)

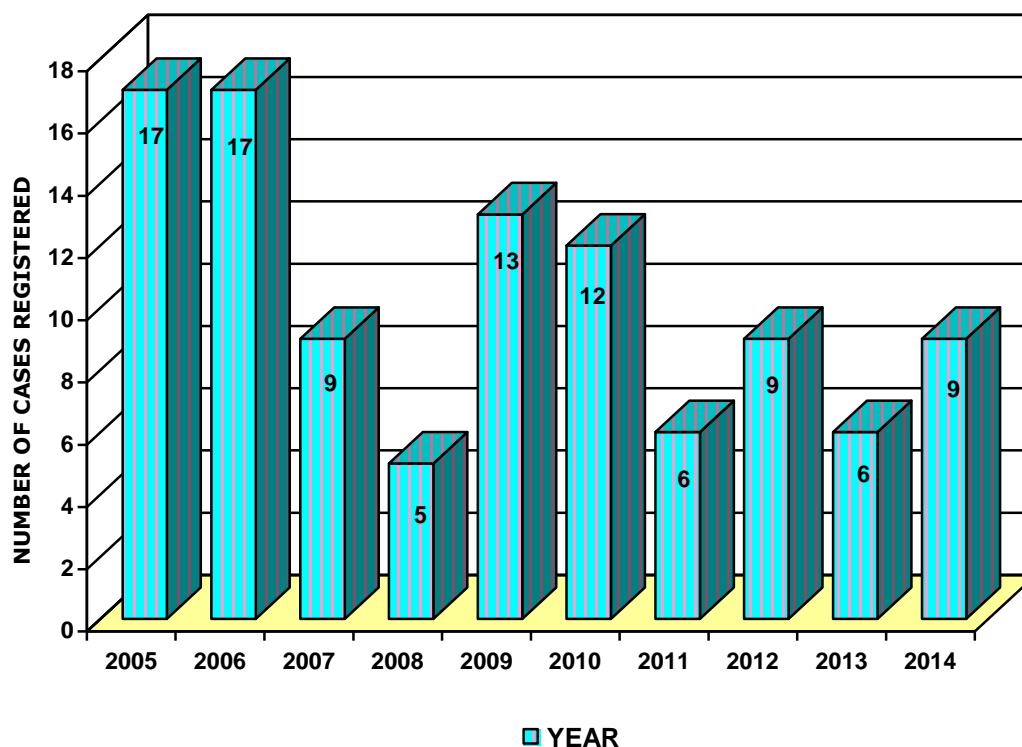


(iii). C.H. not Amounting to Murder: (increased 50%)

9 cases of Culpable Homicide not Amounting to Murder were reported during the year, showing an increase of 50% percent over the previous year (6 cases). The highest incidence (3 cases) was reported in Shimla district followed by Kangra and Una (2 each), Chamba and Sirmaur (1 each). No incidence under this head was

reported in remaining districts of the state. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.6.

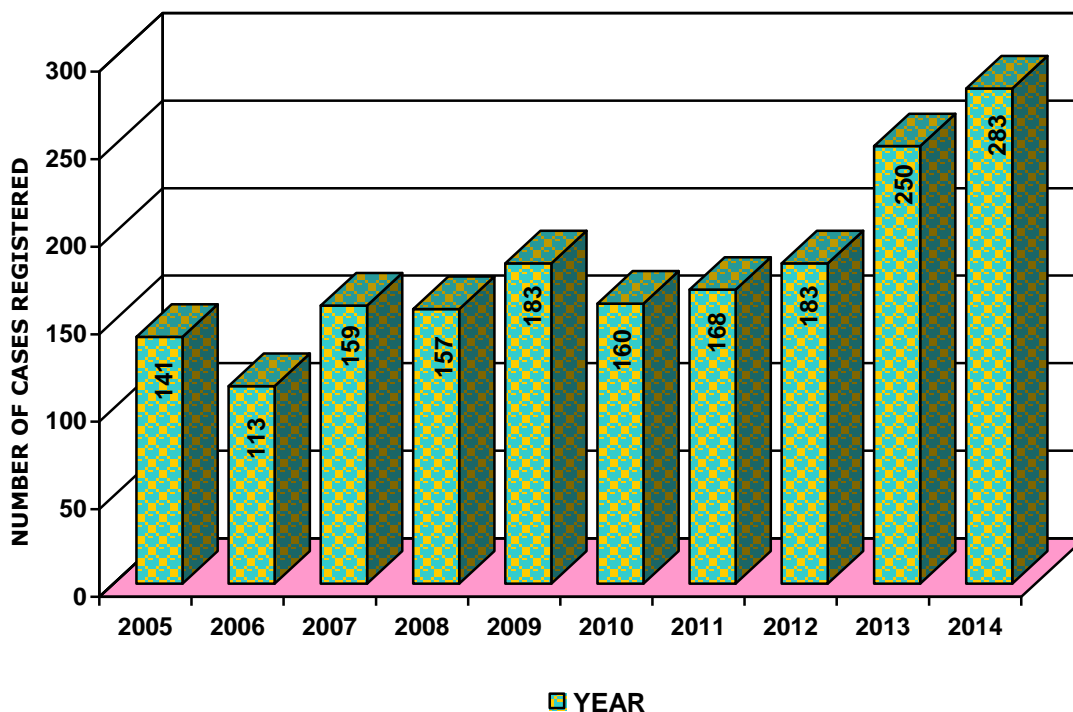
CHART-1.6
INCIDENCE OF C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER
DURING (2005-2014)



(iv). Rape : (Increase 13.2%)

Total 283 cases of Rape were reported which has shown an increase of 13.2 percent during 2014 over previous year 2013 (250 cases). The highest incidence of rape was reported in Mandi (47) followed by Kangra (43), Shimla (39), Sirmaur (28), Chamba, Una (23 each), Kullu, Solan (16 each), Bilaspur (15), Hamirpur (13), Kinnaur (10), Baddi (9) and CID (1) . No incidence under this head was reported in district Lahaul & Spiti. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1. 7.

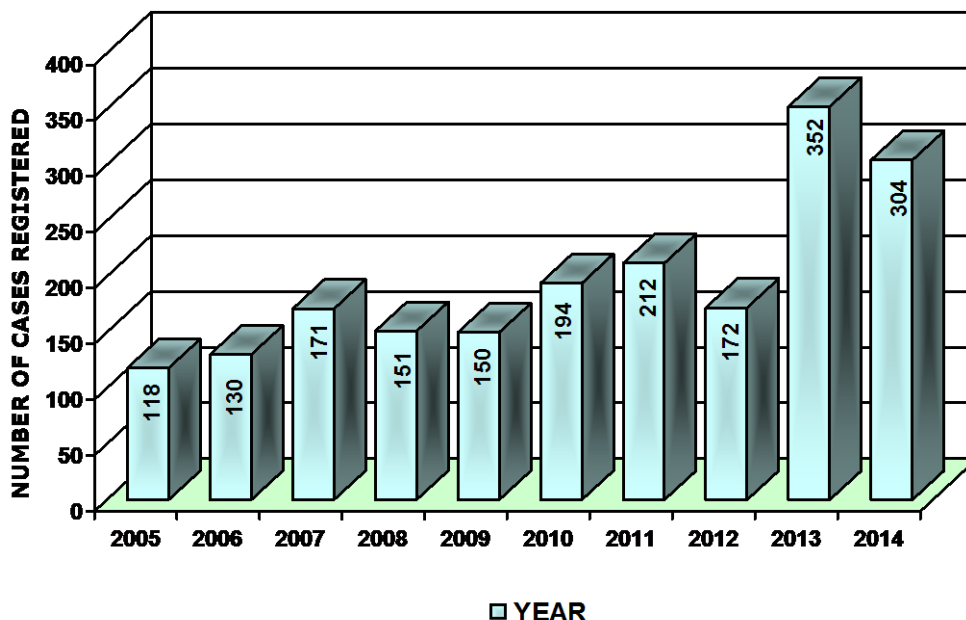
CHART-1.7
INCIDENCE OF RAPE DURING (2005-2014)



(v). Kidnapping and abduction: (Decrease 13.64 %)

During the year 2014 a total number of 304 cases of Kidnapping and Abduction were reported with a decrease of 13.64 percent as compared to previous year 2013. The highest incidences were reported in Bilaspur and Mandi (46 each) followed by Shimla (39), Kangra (32), Kullu, Solan (24 each), Chamba (20), (Sirmaur (19), Hamirpur (18), Una (16) and Baddi (14). The lowest number of cases was reported in Kinnaur (5) and Lahaul & Spiti (1). Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.8.

CHART-1.8
INCIDENCE OF KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION
DURING (2005-2014)



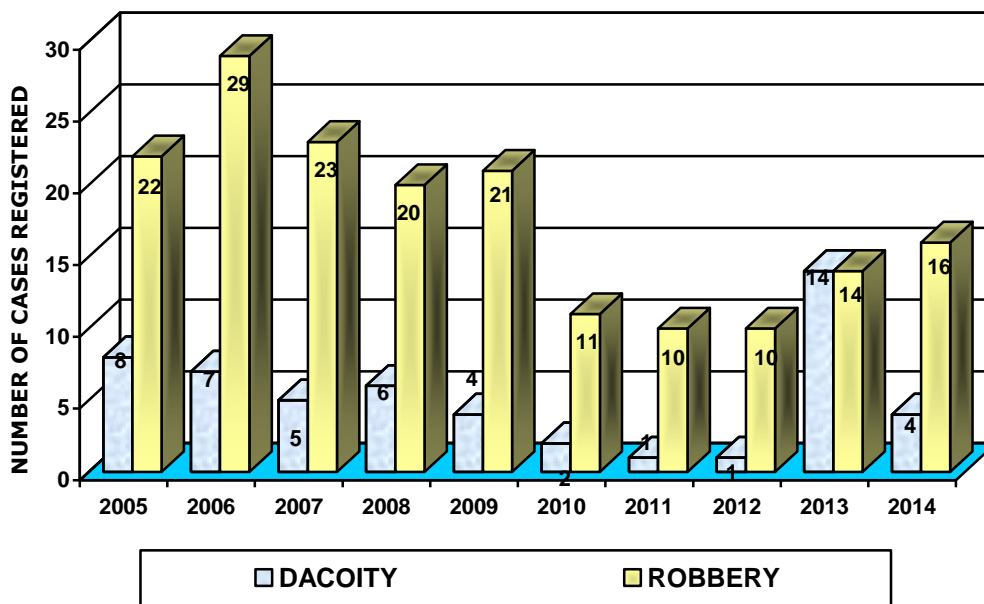
(vi). Dacoity

Total 4 cases of Dacoity were reported during the year 2014 as compared to 14 cases of previous year. One each incidence under this head was reported in Kangra, Mandi, Solan and Una. No incidence under this head was reported in remaining districts of State. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.9.

(vii). Robbery

During the year 2014, 16 cases of Robbery were registered in the State. The highest incidence was reported in Shimla (6) followed by Baddi (3), Kangra, Sirmaur (2 each), Chamba, Kinnaur and Una (1 each). No case under this head was reported in rest of the districts of State. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.9.

CHART-1.9
INCIDENCE OF DACOITY AND ROBBERY
DURING (2005-2014)



(viii). Burglary : (Decrease 5.16%)

The incidence of Burglary (884) recorded a decrease with 5.16% during the year 2014 as compared with 2013. The highest number of Burglary cases (149) was reported in Shimla district followed by Kangra (141), Solan (104), Chamba (98), Mandi (76), Kullu (55) and Sirmaur (50). The remaining districts have reported less than 50 cases under this head. The crime rate was the highest at 47.45 in Kinnaur district and the lowest at 3017 in Lahaul & Spiti district as against the State average of 12.89. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.10.

(ix). Theft: (Decrease 20.3%)

The incidence of Theft (652) recorded a decrease of 20.3% during the year 2014 over the previous year. Shimla district has reported highest incidence (116 cases) followed by Kangra (107), Solan (73) and Mandi (57). The remaining districts have reported less than 50 cases. The crime rate was the highest in Solan (22.78) district

and the lowest (3.17) in Lahaul & Spiti district as against the State average of 9.51. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.11.

CHART-1.10
INCIDENCE OF BURGLARY DURING (2005-2014)

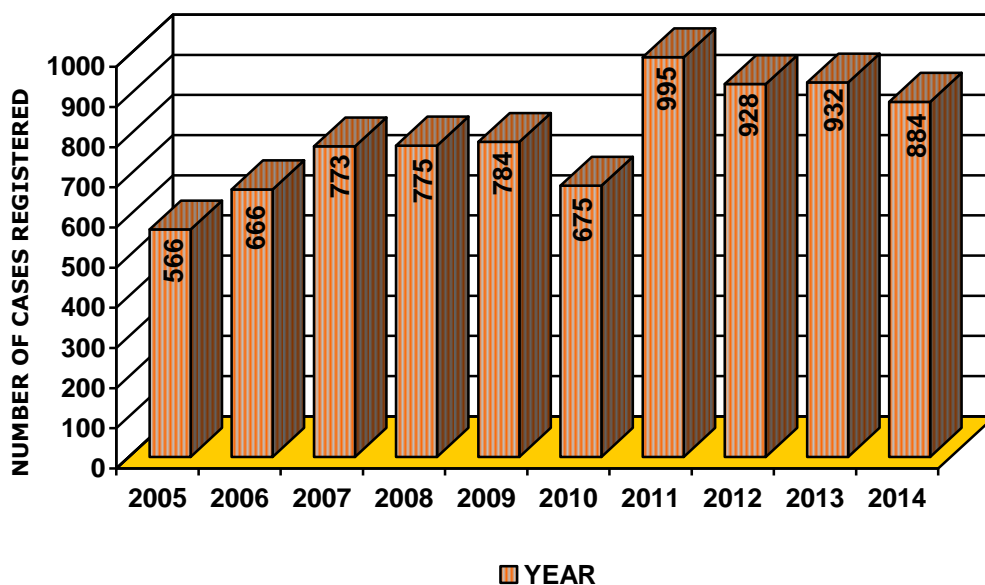
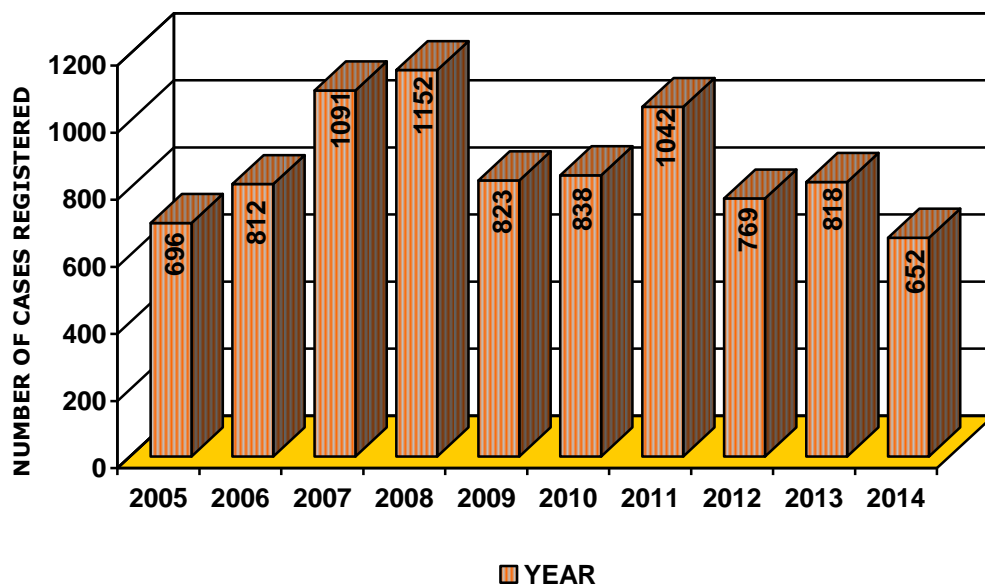


CHART-1.11
INCIDENCE OF THEFT DURING (2005-2014)

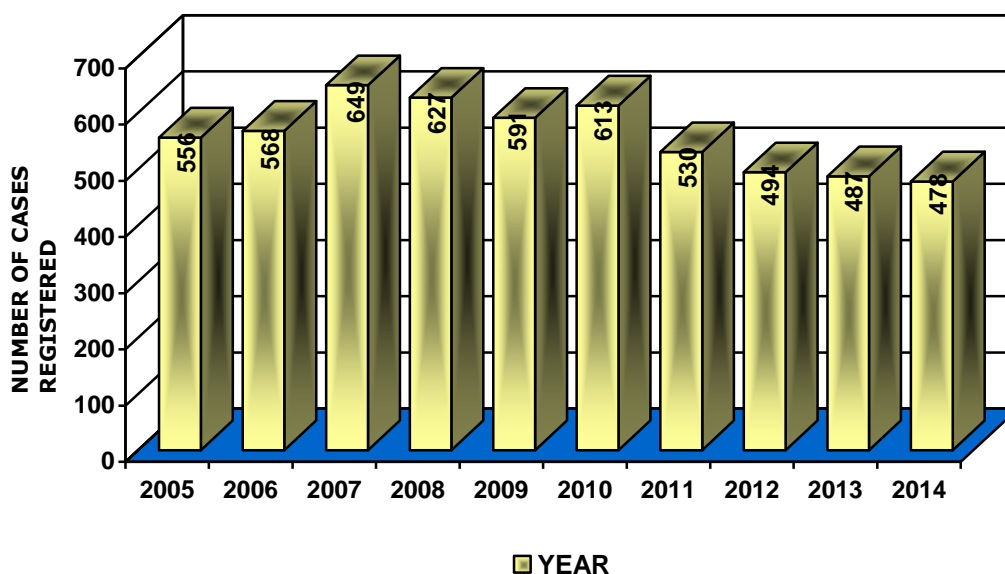


(x). Riots: (Decrease 1.85%)

Incidence of Riots (478) registered during the year 2014 recorded a minor decrease of 1.85% over the previous year 2013. The highest incidence was reported from Shimla, Kangra (78 each) districts followed by Mandi (51), Baddi (42), Sirmaur (41), Chamba, Una (38 each), Bilaspur (36), Solan (30) and Kullu (26). The lowest number of cases was reported in Hamirpur (14) and Kinnaur (6). No incidence under this head was reported in Lahaul & Spiti district. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.12.

CHART-1.12

INCIDENCE OF RIOTING DURING (2005-2014)



(xi). Grievous Hurt

A total number of 593 cases under head Grievous Hurt were reported during 2014. However, 1157 cases of simple Hurt and Grievous hurt were registered during 2013. Kangra district has reported the highest incidence (117) under head grievous hurt followed by Una (67), Kullu (66), Mandi (65), Chamba (59), Bilaspur (54), Hamirpur (46), Shimla (35), Sirmaur (33), Solan (21) and Baddi (17). The least number of cases were reported in Kinnaur (12) and

Lahaul & Spiti (1). Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.13.

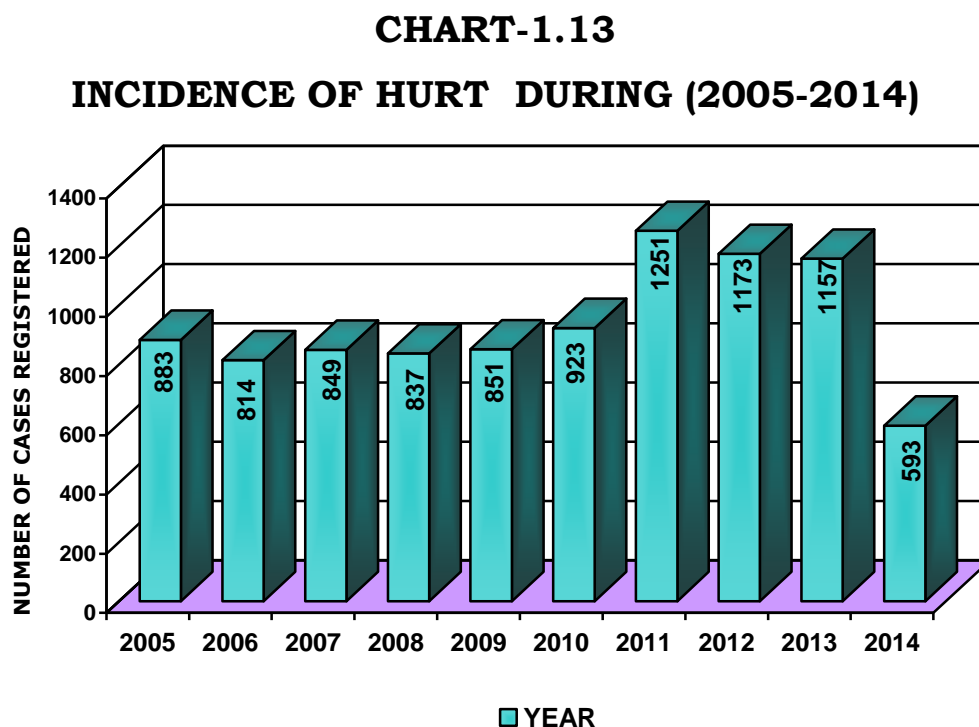
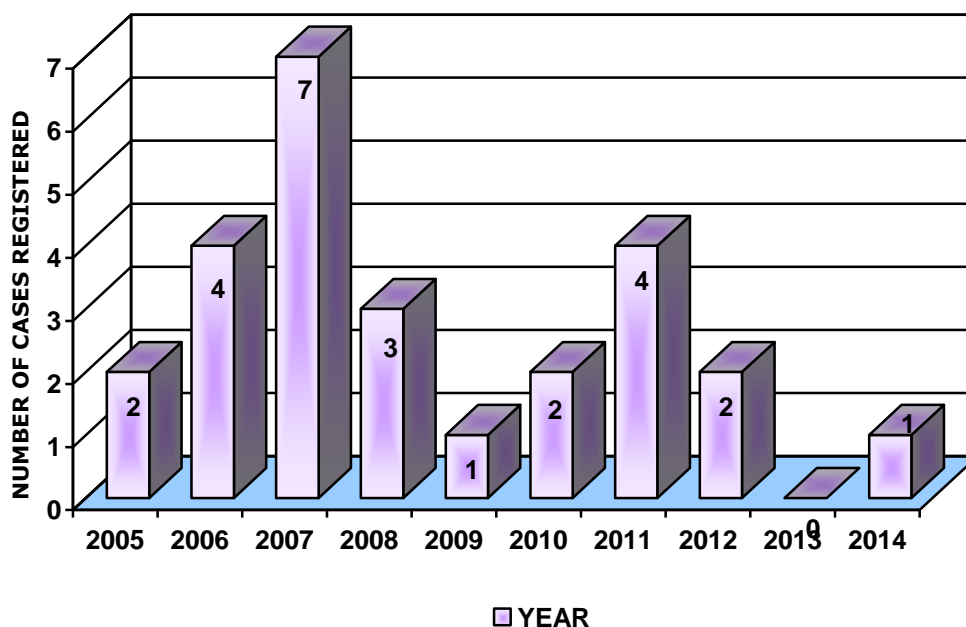


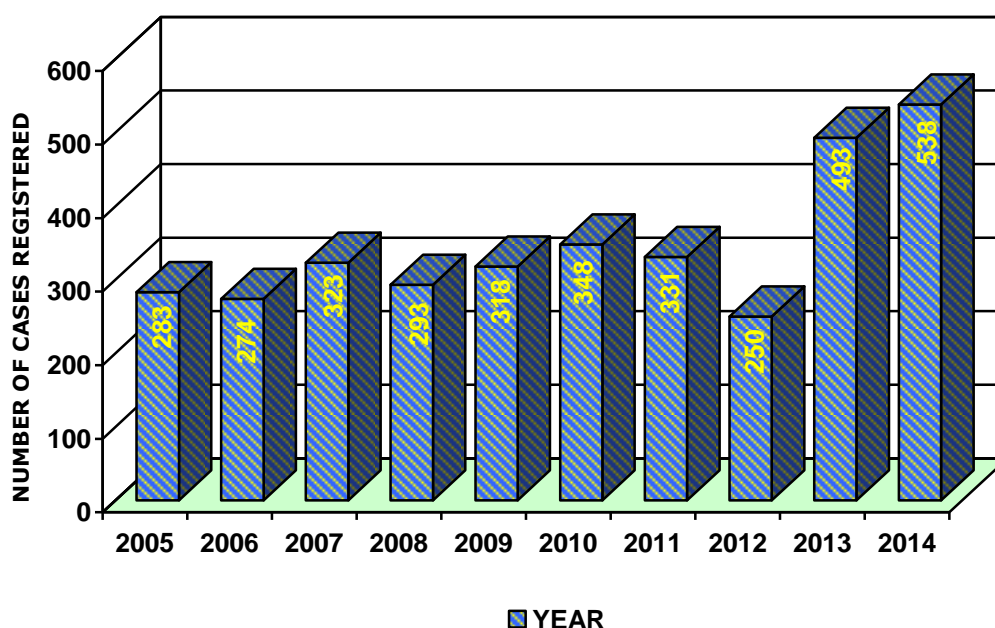
CHART-1.14
INCIDENCE OF DOWRY DEATH DURING (2005-2014)



(xii). Dowry Death

Only 1 case under this head was reported in Una district as compare to 2 cases of previous year. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.14.

CHART-1.15
INCIDENCE OF MOLESTATION DURING (2005-2014)



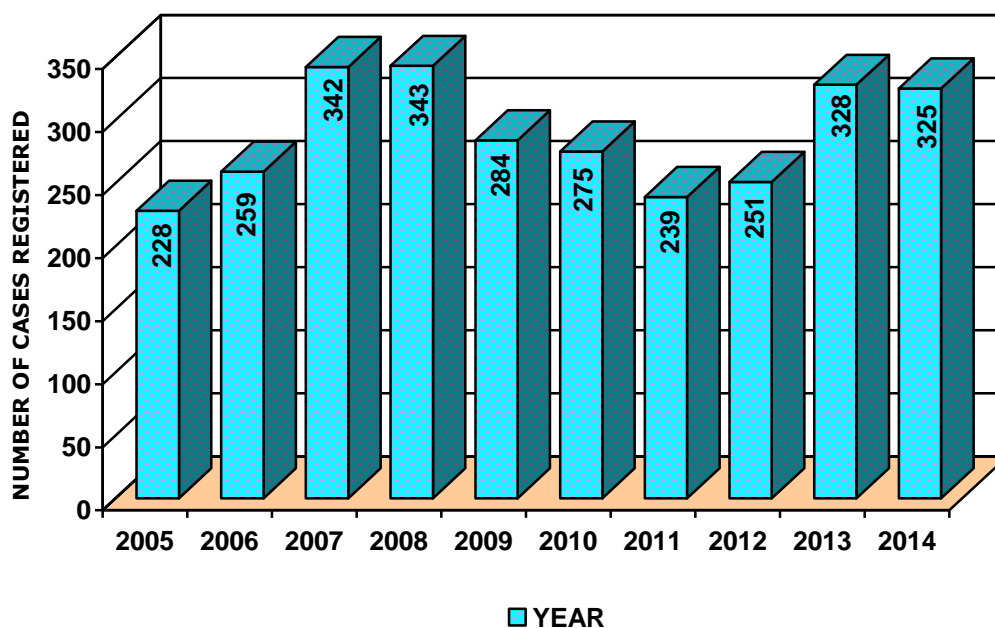
(xiii). Molestation: (Increase 9.13 %)

538 cases were reported during the year, showing an increase of 9.13% over the previous year. 101 cases were reported in Mandi District followed by Kangra (79), Bilaspur (72), Shimla (64), Sirmaur (46), Kullu (35), Hamirpur (32), Solan, Una (31 each) and Chamba (27). The lowest number of cases were reported in Baddi (15) and Kinnaur (5). No incidence under this head was reported in Lahaul & Spiti District. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.15.

(xiv). Cruelty to women: (Decrease 0.91%)

325 cases were reported during the year, showing a decrease of 0.91 % over the previous year. 62 cases were reported in Una district followed by Mandi (50), Kangra (46), Hamirpur, Shimla (27 each), Bilaspur (25), Sirmaur (24), Kullu (21), Baddi (19) and Solan (12). The lowest number of cases were reported in districts Chamba (9) and Kinnaur (3). No incidence under this head was reported in Lahaul & Spiti District. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.16.

CHART-1.16
INCIDENCE OF CRUELTY TO WOMEN
DURING (2005-2014)

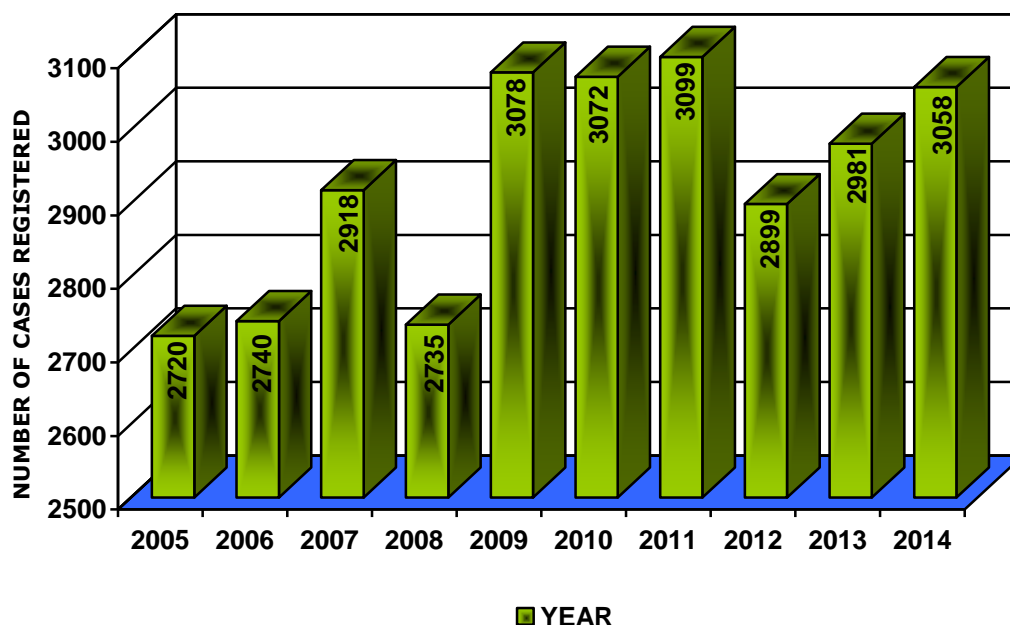


(xv). Accidents : (Increase 2.6%)

3058 cases were reported during the year, showing an increase of 2.6% as compared to the previous year. 511 cases were reported in Kangra district followed by Shimla (415), Mandi (401), Solan (283), Una (263), Sirmaur (238), Bilaspur (228), Baddi (200), Kullu (166) and Hamirpur (152). The lowest number of cases were reported in Chamba (139) followed by Kinnaur (48) and Lahaul &

Spiti (14). Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.17.

CHART-1.17
INCIDENCE OF ACCIDENTS DURING (2005-2014)



(xvi). Other IPC Crimes: (Increase 18.77 %)

Cognizable IPC Crimes which do not fall under any of the above specified categories are termed as “Other IPC Crimes”. As many as 6822 other IPC crimes accounting for 48.2% of the total IPC crimes were registered in the State during 2014. Total 48.2% incidence of other IPC were reported in the State against the total IPC crime.

Incidence of IPC Crimes (Head-wise) along with percentage share is presented in Table-1.6. Ten year trend in percentage change (head-wise) is presented in Table-1.7. District-wise and head wise details of IPC offences are available in Table-1.8 and Table-1.9. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.18 and percentage of Other IPC cases against IPC cases for the last 10 years is presented in Chart. 1.19.

CHART-1.18
INCIDENCE OF OTHER IPC DURING (2005-2014)

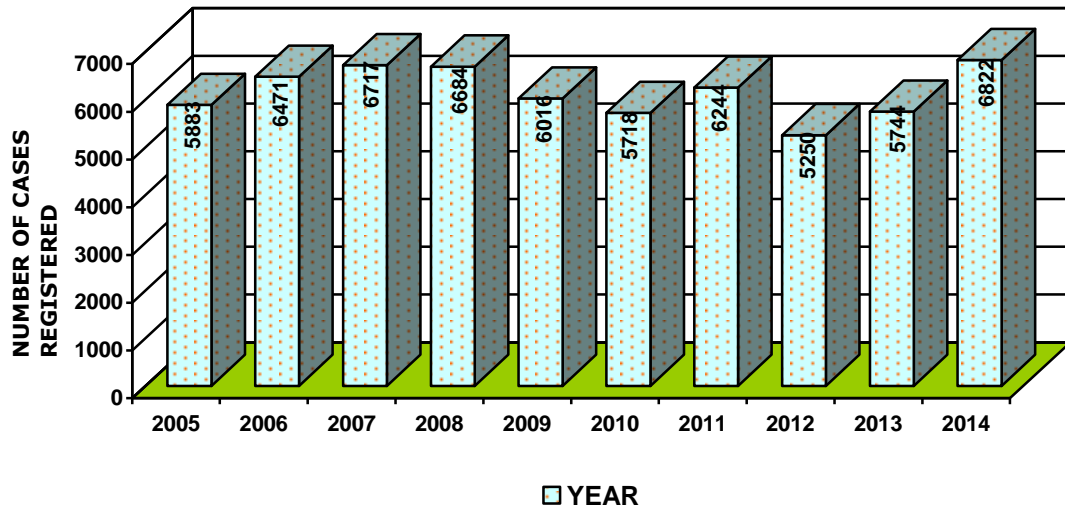


CHART-1.19
PERCENTAGE OF OTHER IPC CASES AGAINST TOTAL IPC FOR THE LAST 10 YEAR (2005-2014)

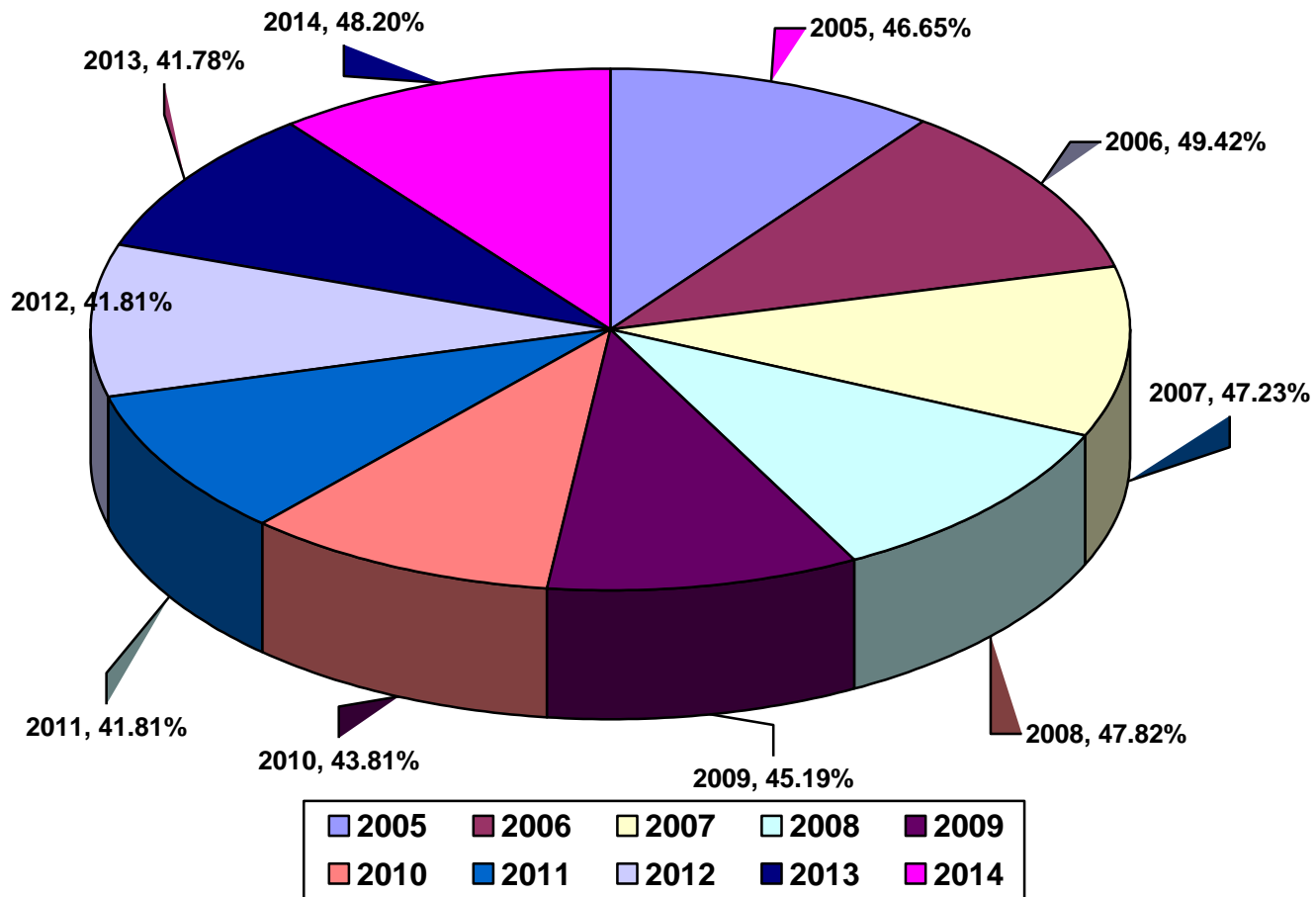
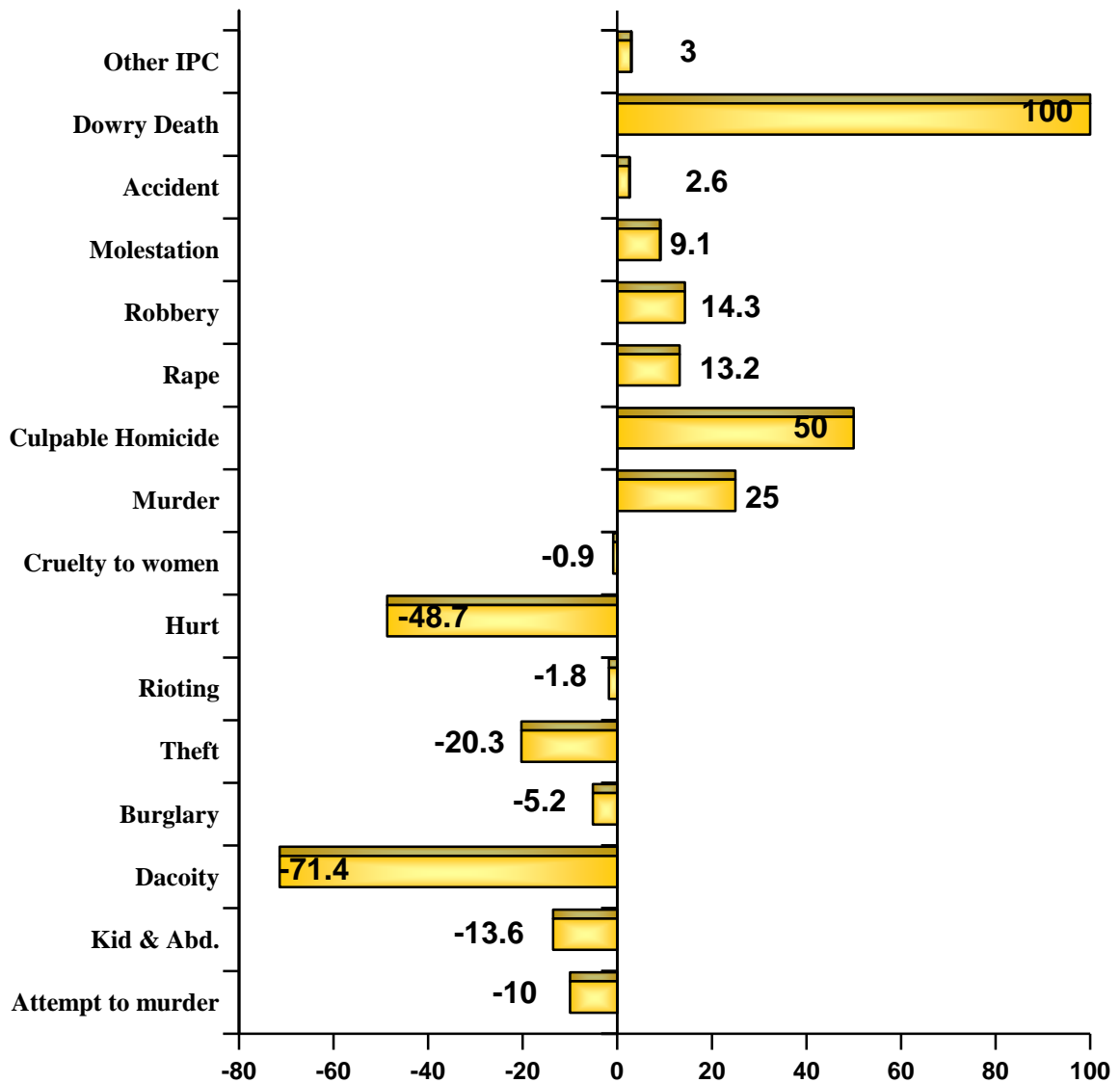


CHART-1.20
PERCENTAGE VARIATION OF IPC CRIMES FOR THE
YEAR 2014 OVER 2013

DECREASE

INCREASE



% VARIATION OF IPC CRIMES

1.8 Crimes Under Local And Special Laws:

A list of Special and Local Laws is available at the Annexure-1. Incidence and rate of cognizable LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW crimes during 2005 to 2014 are presented in Table-1.10.

A total of 2962 cognizable LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) crimes were registered in the State during 2014. The head-wise percentage distribution of various cognizable crimes under Local & Special Law for 10 years from 2005 to 2014 is presented in Table-1.11. There is an increase of 49.4% in registration over the previous year.

The crime head-wise incidence and rate of cognizable Local & Special Law crimes in different districts are presented in Table-1.12.

Incidence of Local & Special Law cases under important Special and Local Laws is discussed below:-

1.8.1 Head Wise Analysis of SLL Offences:

(i) Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act (ND&PS) : (Increase 21.3%)

The Incidence of (644) under the ND&PS Act showed an increase of 21.3% over 2013. Cases under this Act constituted 21.8% against the total Local & Special Law reported cases during the year 2014. The highest incidence (143) under this head were reported in Mandi district followed by Kullu (103), Shimla (72), Kangra (58), Chamba (56), CID (55), Sirmaur (40), Una (29), Baddi (26), Bilaspur (24), Hamirpur (23), Solan (12) and Kinnaur (3). No case under this Act was reported in Lahaul & Spiti District.

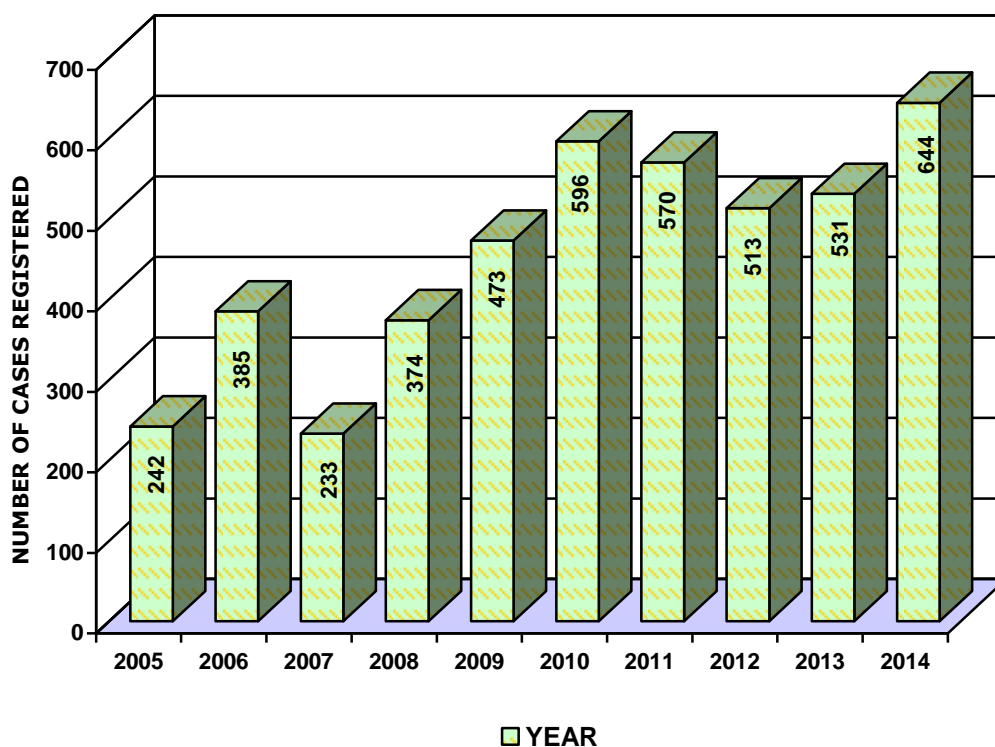
The main concentration on the incidence registered under this Act remains on District Mandi and Kullu with 38.2 % of the total registered cases. The analysis reveals that the main source / area of

drugs are Kullu, Mandi, Kangra, Shimla and Chamba. Further couriers of this contraband are mostly agriculturists, laborers and poor people.

Of the total persons apprehended under this Act, 78.2 % belong to Himachal Pradesh and 21.8% were outsiders. Study of age profile shows that mostly adults between 18-30 years of age are involved (47.8%). About 38.3% were in the age group of 30-45 years. Above 45 years were 13.9%.

The participation of children below 18 years is negligible (1.5%). Only two Foreigners were involved in this activity. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.21

CHART-1.21
DETECTION UNDER ND&PS ACT DURING (2005-2014)

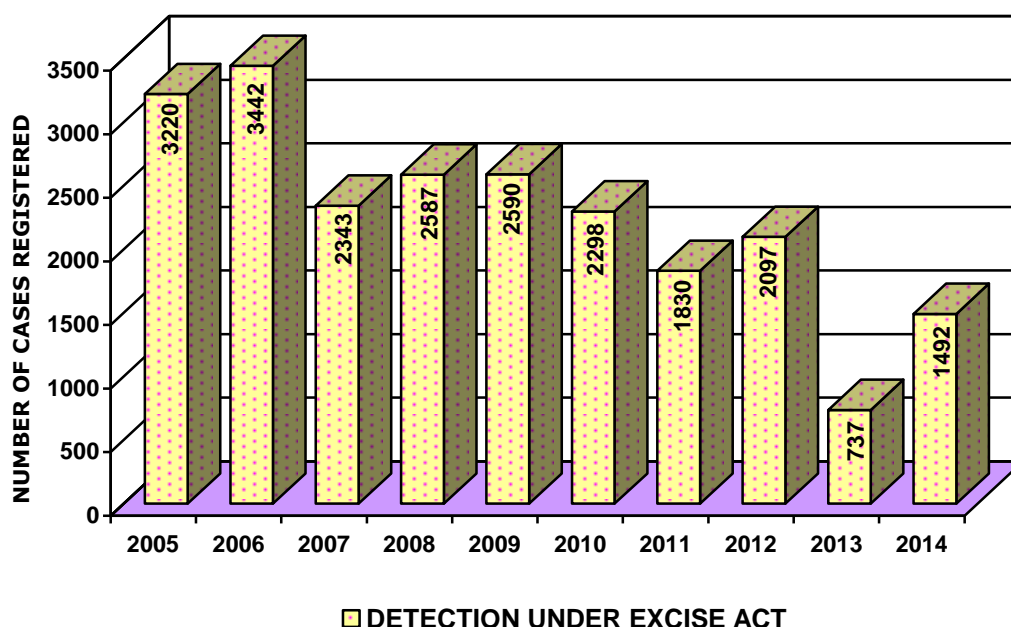


(ii). Excise Act: (Increase 102.4%)

The incidence (1492) under the Excise Act showed a huge increase of 102.4% over 2013. Cases under this Act contributed 50%

against the total LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) reported cases during the year 2014. The highest incidence (315) cases were reported in Mandi district followed by Kangra (294), Kullu (153), Chamba (131), Sirmaur (101), Shimla (91), Una (76), Baddi (67), Hamirpur (62), Solan (58), Bilaspur (57), and PS CID (41). The lowest incidence under this Act was seen in Lahaul-Spiti (38), Kinnaur (7) and GRP (1). Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.22

CHART-1.22
DETECTION UNDER EXCISE ACT DURING (2005-2014)

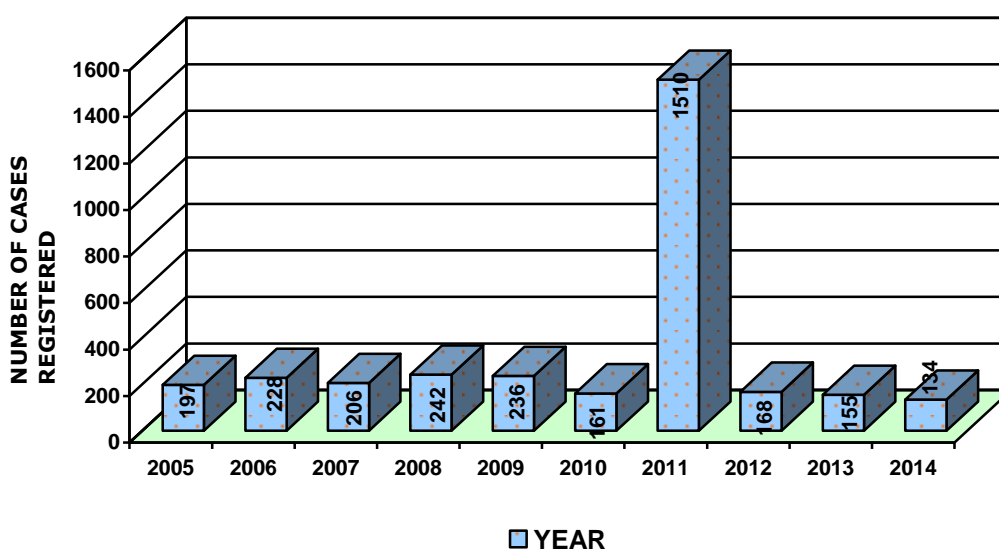


(iii). Forest Act: (Decrease 13.55%)

The Incidence of (134) under the Forest Act showed a decrease of 13.55% over 2013. Chamba districts have reported the highest incidence (18) followed by Kullu (17), Kangra, Mandi (16 each), Sirmaur (11), Shimla (10), Bilaspur and Una (9 each), PS CID (8), Baddi (6) and Kinnaur (5). The lowest incidence under this Act was seen in Solan (4), Hamirpur, GRP (2 each) and Lahaul & Spiti (1),

The analysis reveals that majority of cases have been registered in Districts Chamba, Kullu Kangra, Mandi and Sirmaur. The encroachment on Forest Land, forest produce involved is timber, fuel wood, Guchhi, Resin, Walnut bark, Birch Bark, Brahmi leave and other herbal plants etc. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.23 .

CHART-1.23
DETECTION UNDER FOREST ACT DURING (2005-2014)



(iv). Protection of Civil Rights Act.

7 cases were registered under Protection of Civil Rights Act in Bilaspur, Kinnaur, Mandi (2 each) and Baddi (1). No case under this Act was reported in rest of the districts of the State. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.24.

(v) SC/ST (Prevention of Atrocities) Act.

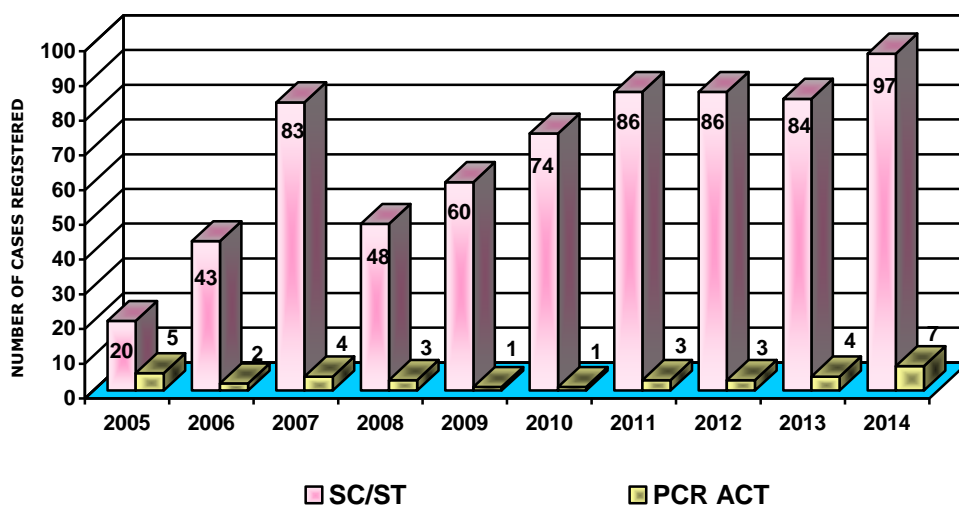
97 cases were registered under the SC/ST Prevention of Atrocities Act as against 84 cases of previous year. The highest incidence (19 each) cases were reported in Mandi and Shimla districts followed by Kangra (13), Sirmaur(12), Hamirpur (11), Una (10), Bilaspur (5), Chamba, Kullu (3 each. The lowest incidence under this

Act was seen in Baddi and Solan districts (1 each). No incidence under this Act was reported in Kinnaur and Lahaul & Spiti districts.

The analysis reveals that crime under this head is high in districts Mandi, Shimla, Kangra, Sirmaur and Hamirpur. The most common reason for registering cases under these Acts is a feeling of being hurt when one is called by derogatory name. This comprises of 59% of the total cases registered. 17 % of the cases were registered because of land and water disputes. 5% were registered due to not allowing access to temples. The remaining were for election related matters and miscellaneous reasons. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.24.

CHART-1.24

CASES REGISTERED UNDER SC/ST & PCR ACT DURING (2005-2014)



(vi) Other Local & Special Law Cases: (including Arms Act, Gambling Act, Wild life Act, PDP Act, EC Act etc)

588 Local & Special Law cases reported come under the Acts mentioned above. These have shown an increase of 24.6% over the previous year. The highest incidence was reported from district Una (138).

During 2014 total number of 2962 cognizable crimes were reported in the state under various heads of (SLL) Local & Special Laws which shows an increase of 49.4% of the previous year.

It is observed that 5 specified crime heads accounted for 80 % of the total SLL crimes while the remaining 20% were clubbed as other SLL crimes. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.25

CHART-1.25
CASES UNDER OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL)
CASES DURING (2005-2014)

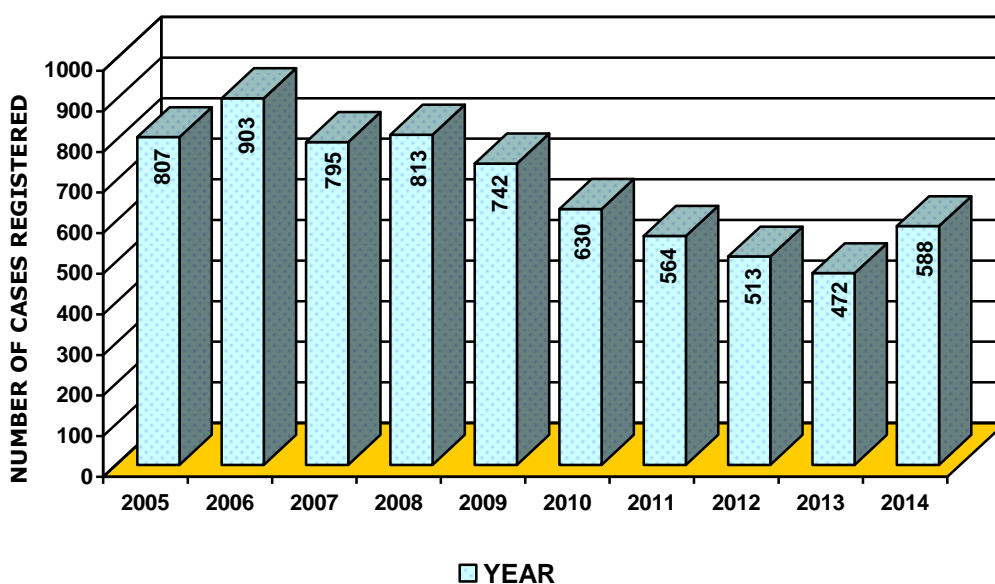
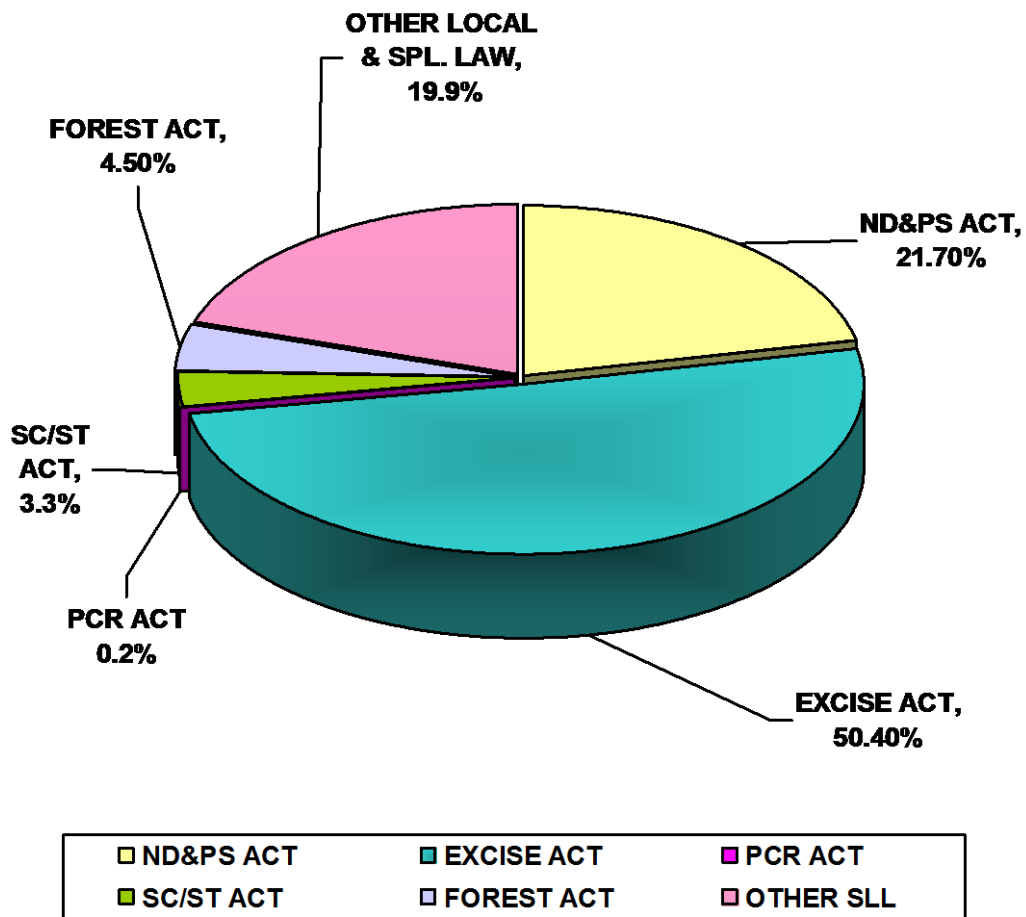


Table-1.13 presents incidence and rate of total Local & Special Law Crimes district wise. Table-14 gives district wise/Local & Special Law (SLL) Crime Head wise break-up of incidence and rate of Local & Special Law Crimes. The percentage distribution of Local & Special law cases is presented in Chart 1.26.

CHART-1.26
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF SLL CASES
DURING 2014



MAP-1.1
INCIDENCE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES
(IPC+SLL) DURING -2014

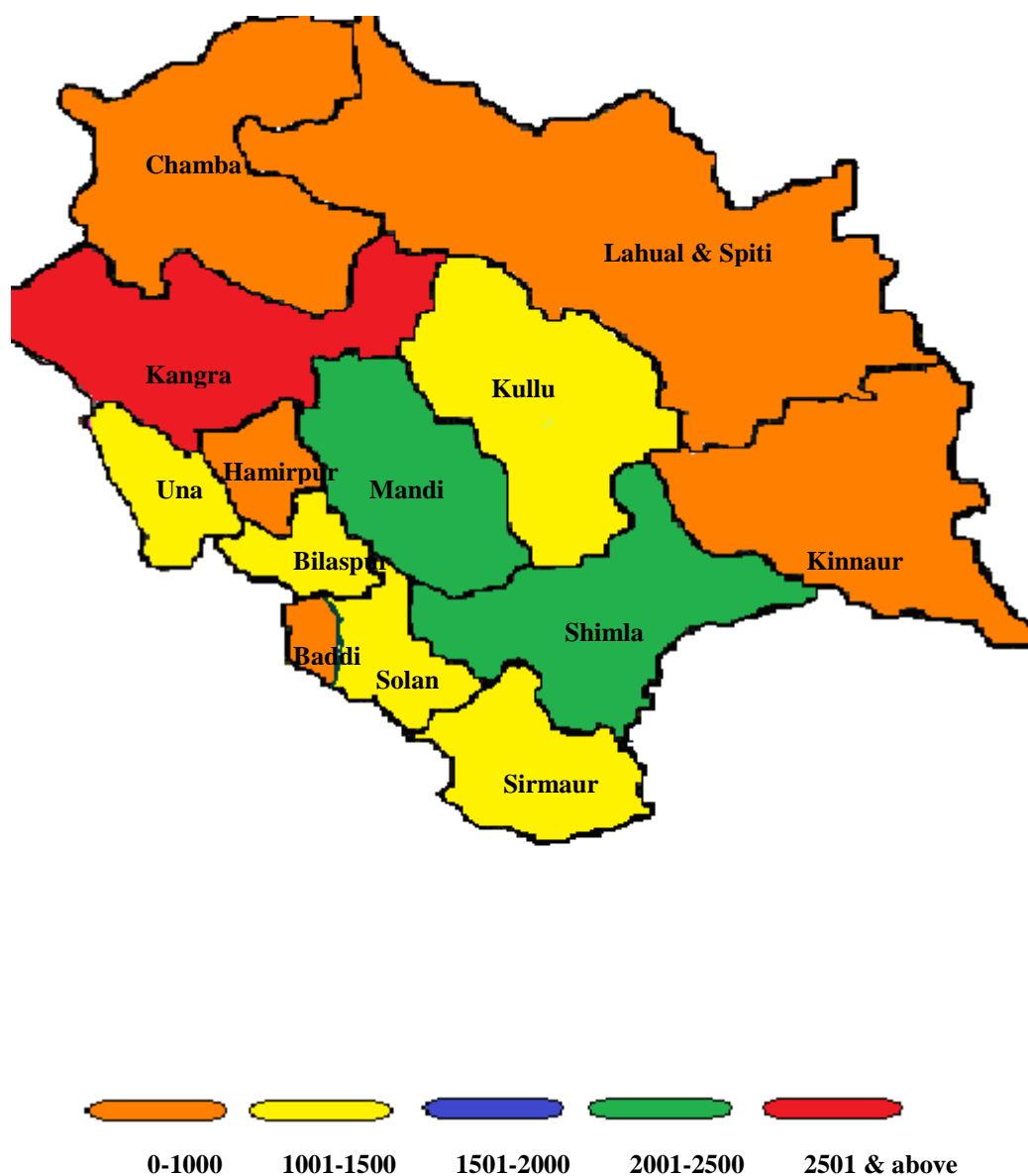


TABLE-1.1
INCIDENCE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES
(IPC+SLL) DURING -2014

Sr. NO.	DISTRICT	NO. OF CASES REGISTERED UNDER IPC & SLL DURING -2014		
		IPC	SLL	TOTAL
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	PD BADDI	651	141	792
2.	BILASPUR	1185	116	1301
3.	CHAMBA	761	234	995
4.	HAMIRPUR	845	117	962
5.	KANGRA	2698	469	3167
6.	KINNAUR	211	20	231
7.	KULLU	914	326	1240
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	84	39	123
9.	MANDI	1939	533	2472
10.	SHIMLA	1957	242	2199
11.	SIRMAUR	872	234	1106
12.	SOLAN	947	98	1045
13.	UNA	1083	262	1345
14.	GRP	9	3	12
15.	CID	4	128	132
16.	TOTAL	14160	2962	17122

TABLE-1.2
INCIDENCE & RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIME UNDER INDIAN PENAL CODE (IPC)
AND SLL (2005-2014)

S.NO.	YEAR	INCIDENCE			PERCENTAGE OF IPC CRIME TO TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIME	RATIO (SLL: IPC)
		IPC	SLL	TOTAL		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5) (3+4)	(6)	(7)
1	2005	12345	4491	16836	73.33	1 : 2.75
2	2006	13093	5003	18096	72.35	1 : 2.62
3	2007	14223	3664	17887	79.52	1 : 3.88
4	2008	13976	4067	18043	77.46	1 : 3.44
5	2009	13315	4103	17418	76.44	1 : 3.24
6	2010	13049	3760	16809	77.63	1 : 3.47
7	2011	14312	4563	18875	75.83	1 : 3.14
8	2012	12557	3380	15937	78.80	1 : 3.72
9	2013	13750	1983	15733	87.4	1 : 6.96
10	2014	14160	2962	17122	82.8	1 : 4.78

TABLE-1.3

INCIDENCE LEVEL OF IPC CRIME IN DISTRICTS DURING-2014

Sr. NO.	INCIDENCE RANGE	NUMBER OF DISTRICT	NAME OF DISTRICT	CASES REGISTERED IN 2014
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	Between 2000 to 3000	1	Kangra	2698
2	Between 1500 to 2000	2	Mandi	1939
			Shimla	1957
3	Between 1000 to 1500	3	Bilaspur	1185
			Una	1083
4	Between 500 to 1000	4	Solan	947
			Kullu	914
			Sirmaur	872
			Hamirpur	845
			Chamba	761
			Baddi	651
5	Below 500	5	Kinnaur	211
			Lahaul & Spiti	84
			GRP	9
			CID	4
			Total	14160

TABLE-1.4

**DISTRICT WISE RATE OF IPC CRIME DURING 2014
HIMACHAL PRADESH AVERAGE RATE : 206.5**

DISTRICTS WITH IPC CRIME RATE ABOVE THE STATE LEVEL AVERAGE			DISTRICTS WITH IPC CRIME RATE BELOW THE STATE LEVEL AVERAGE		
Sr. NO.	DISTRICT	RATE	Sr. NO.	DISTRICT	RATE
(1).	(2).	(3).	(4).	(5).	(6).
1	BILASPUR	310.2	1	MANDI	194.0
2	SOLAN	295.5	2	HAMIRPUR	186.0
3	LAHAUL & SPITI	266.4	3	KANGRA	179.0
4	BADDI	254.1	4	SIRMAUR	164.5
5	KINNAUR	250.3	5	CHAMBA	146.7
6	SHIMLA	240.6			
7	KULLU	208.9			
8	UNA	207.8			

MAP-1.2
RATE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES (IPC) DURING – 2014

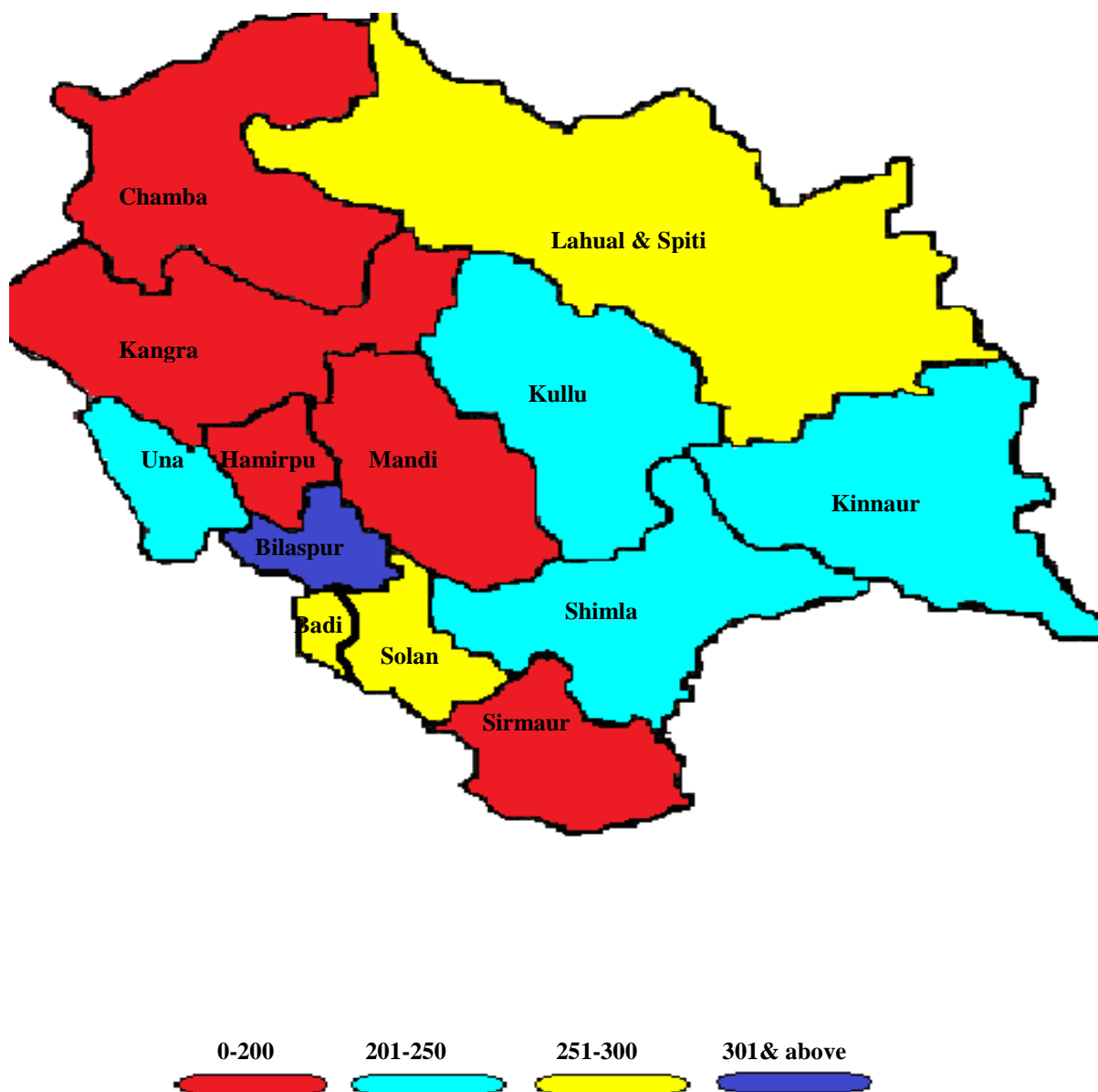


TABLE-1.5
COGNIZABLE CRIMES (IPC) UNDER DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS
DURING 2005- 2014

Sr. NO	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Murder	110	111	127	129	125	132	130	113	104	130
2	Attempt to Murder	82	78	57	59	73	74	50	53	70	63
3	Culpable Homicide	17	17	9	5	13	12	6	9	6	9
4	Rape	141	113	158	157	183	160	168	183	250	283
5	Kid & Abd.	118	130	171	151	150	194	212	172	352	304
6	Dacoity	8	7	5	6	4	2	1	1	14	4
7	Robbery	22	29	22	20	21	11	10	10	14	16
8	Burglary	596	666	773	775	784	675	995	928	932	884
9	Theft	696	812	1091	1152	823	838	1042	769	818	652
10	Rioting	556	568	651	627	591	613	530	494	487	478
11	Hurt	883	814	850	837	851	923	1251	1173	1157	593
12	Dowry Death	2	4	7	3	1	2	4	2	0	1
13	Molesta- tion	283	274	323	293	318	348	331	250	493	538
14	Cruelty to Women	228	259	342	343	284	275	239	251	328	325
15	Accident	2720	2740	2918	2735	3078	3072	3099	2899	2981	3058
16	Other IPC offences	5883	6471	6717	6684	6016	5718	6244	5250	5744	6822
	TOTAL	12345	13093	14221	13976	13315	1 3 0 4 9	1 4 3 1 2	12557	13750	1 4 1 6 0

TABLE-1.6
INCIDENCE AND RATE OF TOTAL IPC CRIME (HEAD-WISE)
ALONG WITH PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION
DURING 2014

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	INCIDENT	RATE	PERCENT AGE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	Murder	130	1.9	0.9
2	Attempt to Murder	63	0.9	0.4
3	Culpable Homicide	9	0.1	0.1
4	Rape	283	4.1	2.0
5	Kid & Abd.	304	4.4	2.1
6	Dacoity	4	0.1	0.0
7	Robbery	16	0.2	0.1
8	Burglary	884	12.9	6.2
9	Theft	652	9.5	4.6
10	Rioting	478	7.0	3.4
11	Hurt	593	8.6	4.2
12	Dowry Death	1	0.0	0.0
13	Molestation	523	7.6	3.7
14	Cruelty to Women	325	4.7	2.3
15	Accident	3058	44.6	21.6
16	Other IPC offences	6837	99.7	48.3
	TOTAL	1 4 1 6 0	206.5	100.0

TABLE-1.7
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF COGNIZABLE (IPC) CRIMES
UNDER DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS DURING 2005 TO 2014.

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Murder	0.89	0.85	0.89	0.92	0.94	1.01	0.91	0.90	0.8	0.9
2	Attempt to Murder	0.66	0.60	0.40	0.42	0.55	0.57	0.35	0.42	0.5	0.4
3	Culpable Homicide	0.14	0.13	0.06	0.04	0.10	0.09	0.04	0.07	0.0	0.1
4	Rape	1.14	0.86	1.11	1.12	1.37	1.23	1.17	1.46	1.8	2.0
5	Kid &Abd.	0.96	0.99	1.20	1.08	1.13	1.49	1.48	1.37	2.6	2.1
6	Dacoity	0.06	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.1	0.0
7	Robbery	0.18	0.22	0.15	0.14	0.16	0.08	0.07	0.08	0.1	0.1
8	Burglary	4.83	5.09	5.44	5.55	5.89	5.17	6.95	7.39	6.8	6.2
9	Theft	5.64	6.20	7.67	8.24	6.18	6.42	7.28	6.12	5.9	4.6
10	Rioting	4.50	4.34	4.58	4.49	4.44	4.70	3.70	3.93	3.5	3.4
11	Hurt	7.15	6.22	5.98	5.99	6.39	7.07	8.74	9.34	8.4	4.2
12	Dowry Death	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.02	0.07	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.0	0.0
13	Molesta- tion	2.29	2.09	2.27	2.10	2.39	2.67	2.31	1.99	3.6	3.7
14	Cruelty to Women	1.85	1.98	2.40	2.45	2.13	2.11	1.67	2.00	2.4	2.3
15	Accident	22.03	20.93	20.52	19.6	23.1	23.5 4	21.65	23.09	21.7	21.6
16	Other IPC offences	47.65	49.42	47.23	47.82	45.2	43.8 2	43.63	41.81	41.8	48.3
	TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.00	100.0	100.0

TABLE-1.8
INCIDENCE & RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES
(IPC DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2014

SR. NO.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	INCIDENCE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES (IPC)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO STATE LEVEL TOTAL	POPULATION (IN LAKHS)	RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES	RANK OF CRIMINALITY
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	PD BADDI	651	4.6	2.56	254.1	4
2	BILASPUR	1185	8.4	3.83	310.2	1
3	CHAMBA	761	5.4	5.19	146.7	13
4	HAMIRPUR	845	6.0	4.55	186.0	10
5	KANGRA	2698	19.1	15.07	179.0	11
6	KINNAUR	211	1.5	0.84	250.3	5
7	KULLU	914	6.5	4.37	208.9	7
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	84	0.6	0.32	266.4	3
9	MANDI	1939	13.7	9.99	194.0	9
10	SHIMLA	1957	13.8	8.13	240.6	6
11	SIRMAUR	872	6.2	5.30	164.5	12
12	SOLAN	947	6.7	3.20	295.5	2
13	UNA	1083	7.6	5.21	207.8	8
14	GRP	9	0.1	0	0.0	
15	CID	4	0.0	0	0.0	
	TOTAL	14160	100.0	68.56	206.5	

MAP-1.3

INCIDENCE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES (IPC) DURING – 2014



TABLE-1.9
INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF IPC CRIMES UNDER DIFFERENT
HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2014

SR. NO.	DISTRICT / UNIT	POPULATION	MURDER		ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER		CULPABLE HOMICIDE		RAPE	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	PD BADDI	256220	13	5.07	3	1.17	0	0.00	9	3.51
2	BILASPUR	382056	4	1.05	9	2.36	0	0.00	15	3.93
3	CHAMBA	518844	8	1.54	5	0.96	1	0.19	23	4.43
4	HAMIRPUR	454293	12	2.64	4	0.88	0	0.00	13	2.86
5	KANGRA	1507223	26	1.73	11	0.73	2	0.13	43	2.85
6	KINNAUR	84298	2	2.37	0	0.00	0	0.00	10	11.86
7	KULLU	437474	9	2.06	4	0.91	0	0.00	16	3.66
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	2	6.34	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
9	MANDI	999518	15	1.50	6	0.60	0	0.00	47	4.70
10	SHIMLA	813384	18	2.21	15	1.84	3	0.37	39	4.79
11	SIRMAUR	530164	6	1.13	3	0.57	1	0.19	28	5.28
12	SOLAN	320450	5	1.56	1	0.31	0	0.00	16	4.99
13	UNA	521057	9	1.73	2	0.38	2	0.38	23	4.41
14	GRP	0	1	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
15	CID	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	0.00
	TOTAL	6856509	130	1.90	63	0.92	9	0.13	283	4.13

TABLE-1.9 (CONTD.)
INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF IPC CRIMES UNDER DIFFERENT
HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2014

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULA- TION	Kid & Abd.		Dowry Death		Cruelty to Women		Molestation	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	PD BADDI	256220	14	5.46	0	0.00	19	7.42	15	5.85
2	BILASPUR	382056	46	12.04	0	0.00	25	6.54	72	18.85
3	CHAMBA	518844	20	3.85	0	0.00	9	1.73	27	5.20
4	HAMIRPUR	454293	18	3.96	0	0.00	27	5.94	32	7.04
5	KANGRA	1507223	32	2.12	0	0.00	46	3.05	79	5.24
6	KINNAUR	84298	5	5.93	0	0.00	3	3.56	5	5.93
7	KULLU	437474	24	5.49	0	0.00	21	4.80	35	8.00
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	1	3.17	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
9	MANDI	999518	46	4.60	0	0.00	50	5.00	101	10.10
10	SHIMLA	813384	39	4.79	0	0.00	27	3.32	64	7.87
11	SIRMAUR	530164	19	3.58	0	0.00	24	4.53	46	8.68
12	SOLAN	320450	24	7.49	0	0.00	12	3.74	31	9.67
13	UNA	521057	16	3.07	1	0.19	62	11.90	31	5.95
14	GRP	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
15	CID	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
	TOTAL	6856509	304	4.43	1	0.01	325	4.74	538	7.80

TABLE-1.9 (CONTD.)

INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF IPC CRIMES UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2014

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION	Grievous HURT		RIOTING		ACCIDENT		THEFT	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	PD BADDI	256220	17	6.63	42	16.39	200	78.06	41	16.00
2	BILASPUR	382056	54	14.13	36	9.42	228	59.68	39	10.21
3	CHAMBA	518844	59	11.37	38	7.32	139	26.79	31	5.97
4	HAMIRPUR	454293	46	10.13	14	3.08	152	33.46	32	7.04
5	KANGRA	1507223	117	7.76	78	5.18	511	33.90	107	7.10
6	KINNAUR	84298	12	14.24	6	7.12	48	56.94	11	13.05
7	KULLU	437474	66	15.09	26	5.94	166	37.95	49	11.20
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	1	3.17	0	0.00	14	44.40	1	3.17
9	MANDI	999518	65	6.50	51	5.10	401	40.12	57	5.70
10	SHIMLA	813384	35	4.30	78	9.59	415	51.02	116	14.26
11	SIRMAUR	530164	33	6.22	41	7.73	238	44.89	48	9.05
12	SOLAN	320450	21	6.55	30	9.36	283	88.31	73	22.78
13	UNA	521057	67	12.86	38	7.29	263	50.47	46	8.83
14	GRP	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	0.00
15	CID	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
	TOTAL	6856509	593	8.65	478	6.97	3058	44.6	652	9.51

TABLE-1.9 (CONTD.)

INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF IPC CRIMES UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2014

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION	BURGLARY		DACOITY		ROBBERY		OTHER IPC	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	PD BADDI	256220	32	12.49	0	0.00	3	1.17	243	94.84
2	BILASPUR	382056	45	11.78	0	0.00	0	0.00	612	160.19
3	CHAMBA	518844	98	18.89	0	0.00	1	0.19	302	58.21
4	HAMIRPUR	454293	44	9.69	0	0.00	0	0.00	451	99.28
5	KANGRA	1507223	141	9.35	1	0.07	2	0.13	1502	99.65
6	KINNAUR	84298	40	47.45	0	0.00	1	1.19	68	80.67
7	KULLU	437474	55	12.57	0	0.00	0	0.00	443	101.26
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	1	3.17	0	0.00	0	0.00	64	202.99
9	MANDI	999518	76	7.60	1	0.10	0	0.00	1023	102.35
10	SHIMLA	813384	149	18.32	0	0.00	6	0.74	953	117.16
11	SIRMAUR	530164	50	9.43	0	0.00	2	0.38	333	62.81
12	SOLAN	320450	104	32.45	1	0.31	0	0.00	346	107.97
13	UNA	521057	49	9.40	1	0.19	1	0.19	472	90.59
14	GRP	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	7	0.00
15	CID	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	3	0.00
	TOTAL	6856509	884	12.89	4	0.06	16	0.23	6822	99.50

TABLE-1.10

INCIDENCE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES UNDER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) IN DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS DURING 2005 TO 2014

S. NO	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	ND & PS ACT	242	385	233	374	473	596	570	513	531	644
2	EXCISE ACT.	3220	3442	2342	2587	2590	2298	1830	2097	737	1492
3	P.C.R ACT	5	2	4	3	1	1	3	3	4	7
4	SC/ST ACT.	20	43	83	48	61	74	86	86	84	97
5	FOREST ACT	197	228	205	242	236	161	1510	168	155	134
6	OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CRIMES	807	903	799	813	742	630	564	513	472	588
	TOTAL	4491	5003	3666	4067	4103	3760	4563	3380	1983	2962

TABLE-1.11

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES UNDER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) IN DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS DURING 2005 TO 2014

S. NO	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	ND & PS ACT	5.39	7.70	6.36	9.20	11.53	15.9	12.49	15.18	26.8	21.7
2	EXCISE ACT.	71.70	68.80	63.88	63.61	63.12	61.1	40.11	62.04	37.2	50.4
3	P.C.R ACT	0.11	0.04	0.11	0.07	0.02	0.0	0.07	0.09	0.2	0.2
4	SC/ST ACT.	0.45	0.86	2.26	1.18	1.49	2.0	1.88	2.54	4.2	3.3
5	FOREST ACT	4.39	4.56	5.59	5.95	5.76	4.3	33.09	4.97	7.8	4.5
6	OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CRIMES	17.97	18.05	21.79	19.99	18.08	16.8	12.36	15.18	23.8	19.9
	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE-1.12

CRIME HEAD WISE INCIDENCE AND CRIME RATE OF LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CASES IN DISTRICTS DURING 2014

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	STATE LEVEL		DISTRICT WITH THE HIGHEST	
		INCIDENCE	RATE	INCIDENCE	RATE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1	ND & PS ACT	644	9.4	Mandi (143)	2.09
2	EXCISE ACT.	1492	21.8	Mandi (315)	4.59
3	P.C.R ACT	7	0.1	Bilaspur (2) Kinnaur (2) Mandi (2)	0.03
4	SC/ST ACT.	97	1.4	Mandi(19) Shimla (19)	0.28
5	FOREST ACT	134	2.0	Chamba (18)	0.26
6	OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CRIMES	588	8.6	Una (138)	2.01
	TOTAL	2962	43.2		

TABLE-1.13

INCIDENCE & RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES (SLL) LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW DISTRICT WISE DURING-2014

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	INCIDENCE OF TOTAL COGNIZ-ABLE CRIMES (LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBU-TION TO STATE LEVEL TOTAL	POPULATION	RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZ-ABLE CRIMES	RANK OF CRIMIN-ALITY
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	PD BADDI	141	4.8	256220	55.03	3
2	BILASPUR	116	3.9	382056	30.36	10
3	CHAMBA	234	7.9	518844	45.10	6
4	HAMIRPUR	117	4.0	454293	25.75	12
5	KANGRA	469	15.8	1507223	31.12	8
6	KINNAUR	20	0.7	84298	23.73	13
7	KULLU	326	11.0	437474	74.52	2
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	39	1.3	31528	123.70	1
9	MANDI	533	18.0	999518	53.33	4
10	SHIMLA	242	8.2	813384	29.75	11
11	SIRMAUR	234	7.9	530164	44.14	7
12	SOLAN	98	3.3	320450	30.58	9
13	UNA	262	8.8	521057	50.28	5
14	GRP	3	0.1	0	0.00	
15	CID	128	4.3	0	0.00	
	TOTAL	2962	100.0	6856509	43.20	

MAP-1.4

INCIDENCE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES (SLL) DURING – 2014

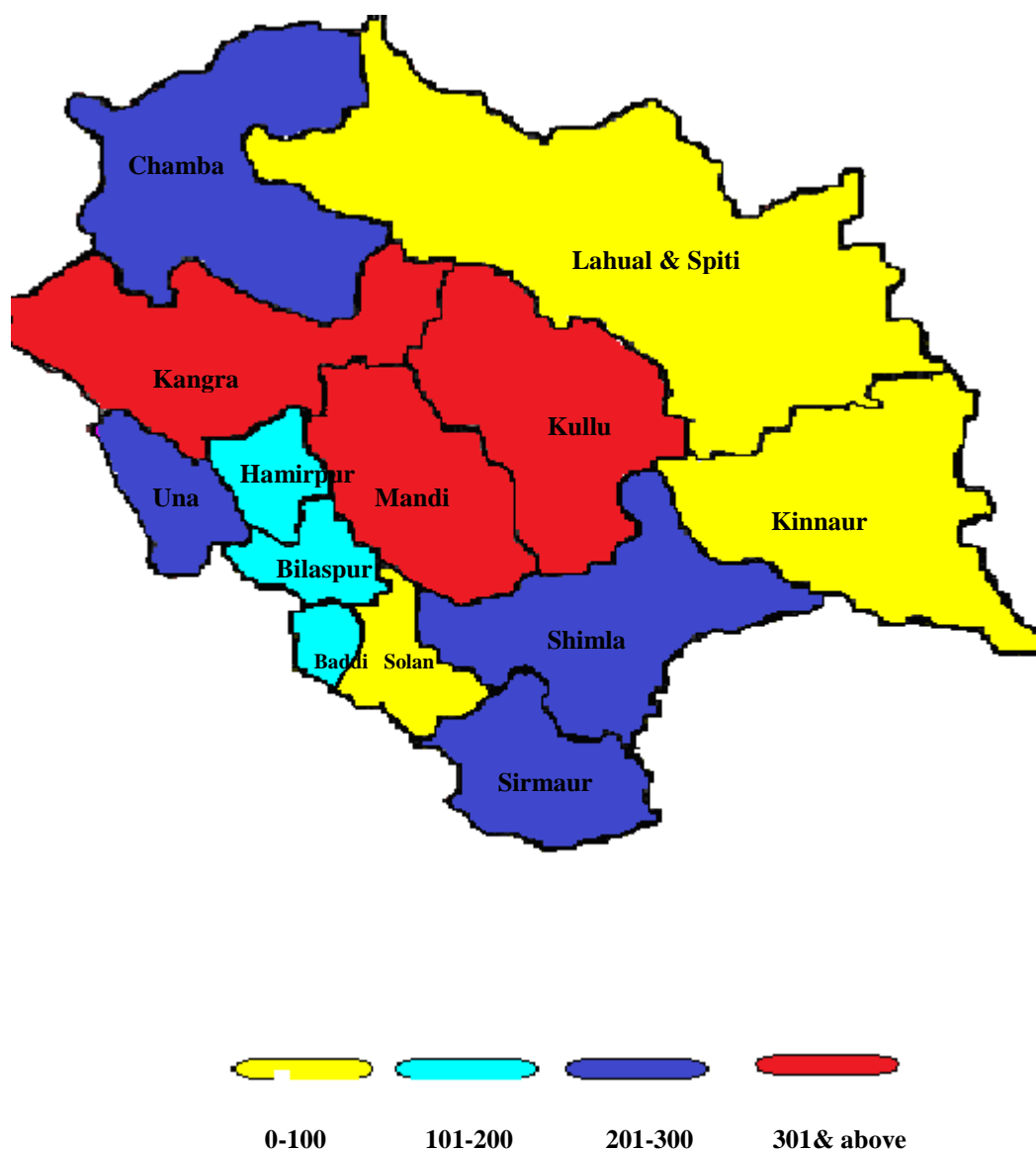


TABLE-1.14
INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CRIMES
UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2014

SR. NO.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION	ND&PS ACT		EXCISE ACT		PCR ACT	
			I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	PD BADDI	256220	26	10.1	67	26.1	1	0.4
2	BILASPUR	382056	24	6.3	57	14.9	2	0.5
3	CHAMBA	518844	56	10.8	131	25.2	0	0.0
4	HAMIRPUR	454293	23	5.1	62	13.6	0	0.0
5	KANGRA	1507223	58	3.8	294	19.5	0	0.0
6	KINNAUR	84298	3	3.6	7	8.3	2	2.4
7	KULLU	437474	103	23.5	153	35.0	0	0.0
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	0	0.0	38	120.5	0	0.0
9	MANDI	999518	143	14.3	315	31.5	2	0.2
10	SHIMLA	813384	72	8.9	91	11.2	0	0.0
11	SIRMAUR	530164	40	7.5	101	19.1	0	0.0
12	SOLAN	320450	12	3.7	58	18.1	0	0.0
13	UNA	521057	29	5.6	76	14.6	0	0.0
14	GRP	0	0	0.0	1	0.0	0	0.0
15	CID	0	55	0.0	41	0.0	0	0.0
	Total	6856509	644	9.4	1492	21.8	7	0.1

TABLE-1.14 (CONTD.)

**INCIDENCE (I) RATE I OF LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) CRIMES
UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2014**

SR NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULA- TION	SC/ST (PROEV. OF ATROCITIES) ACT		FOREST ACT		OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAWS		TOTAL CRIME UNDER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1	PD BADDI	256220	1	0.4	6	2.3	40	15.6	141	55.0
2	BILASPUR	382056	5	1.3	9	2.4	19	5.0	116	30.4
3	CHAMBA	518844	3	0.6	18	3.5	26	5.0	234	45.1
4	HAMIRPUR	454293	11	2.4	2	0.4	19	4.2	117	25.8
5	KANGRA	1507223	13	0.9	16	1.1	88	5.8	469	31.1
6	KINNAUR	84298	0	0.0	5	5.9	3	3.6	20	23.7
7	KULLU	437474	3	0.7	17	3.9	50	11.4	326	74.5
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	0	0.0	1	3.2	0	0.0	39	123.7
9	MANDI	999518	19	1.9	16	1.6	38	3.8	533	53.3
10	SHIMLA	813384	19	2.3	10	1.2	50	6.1	242	29.8
11	SIRMAUR	530164	12	2.3	11	2.1	70	13.2	234	44.1
12	SOLAN	320450	1	0.3	4	1.2	23	7.2	98	30.6
13	UNA	521057	10	1.9	9	1.7	138	26.5	262	50.3
14	GRP	0	0	0.0	2	0.0	0	0.0	3	0.0
15	CID	0	0	0.0	8	0.0	24	0.0	128	0.0
	TOTAL	6856509	97	1.4	134	2.0	588	8.6	2962	43.2

CHAPTER-2

INCIDENCE OF CRIME AGAINST PROPERTY AND PERSONS IN HIMACHAL PRADESH

2.1 Crime against Property:

Offences under this head include the cases of **Theft, Burglary, Robbery & Dacoity**. The head wise analysis of crime against property has been done for the year 2014 and given as under:-

(i) Theft and Burglary:

During the year 2014, 652 cases of theft and 884 cases of burglary were found registered which showed a decrease of 166 cases in theft and 48 cases in burglary over the year 2013. The cases of both these heads have been categorized under major head namely:- Auto theft, theft of Cash and Jewellery, Cable theft, theft of electronic items and theft of other materials.

Incidence of theft cases is concentrated mostly in the 4 districts i.e Shimla Kangra, Mandi, and Solan. The analysis further shows that most of the cases took place in rural areas, Shimla being an exception 62 % of the persons involved in these crimes were local residents, 38 % being outsiders.

As far as the age profile goes 53 % of those involved in theft cases are in the age group of 18 to 30 years. 47.3% involved in burglary are also of the same age group.

(ii) Robbery and Dacoity:

During the year 2014, 20 each cases of robbery and dacoity were found registered. The cases of robbery is concentrated only in 4 districts namely; Shimla (6), Baddi (3) Kangra and Sirmaur

(2 each). On the other hand dacoity is concentrated only in 4 districts namely; Kangra, Mandi, Solan and Una (1 each).

2.2 Value of Property Stolen and Recovered:

During the year 2014, property valued 2276.99 lakhs was reported stolen in 1556 cases as compared to 1594.30 lakhs in 1778 cases for the corresponding year.

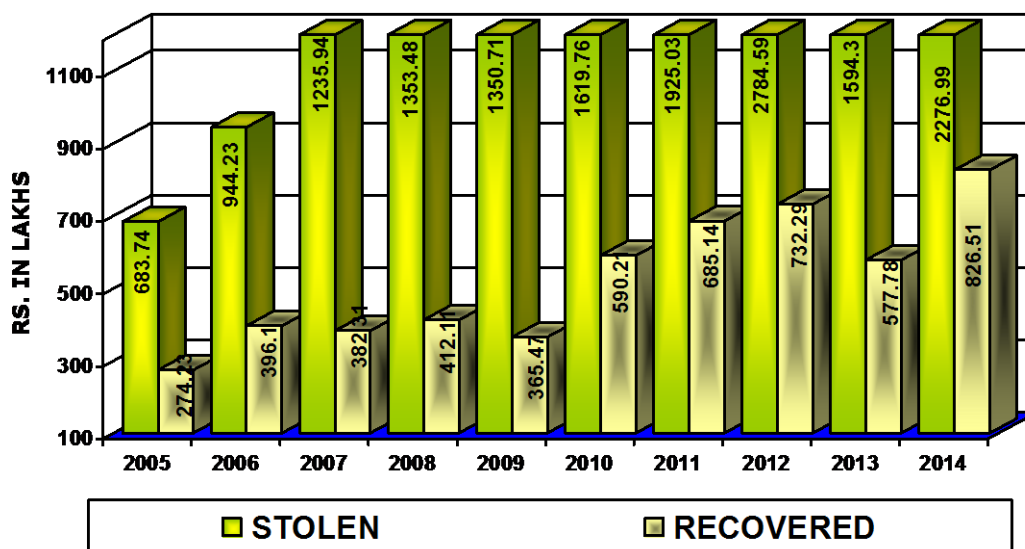
Property worth Rs. 826.5 lakhs was recovered during 2014. The percentage of recovery is 36%. The value of property recovered showed an increase of 9% over the previous year.

The details of property stolen and recovered, along with the percentage of recovery from the last 10 years (2005 to 2014) and variation are given in Table 2.1 .

The Chart 2.1 depicts the value of property stolen and recovered during 2005 to 2014.

CHART-2.1

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED DURING THE PERIOD 2005-2014

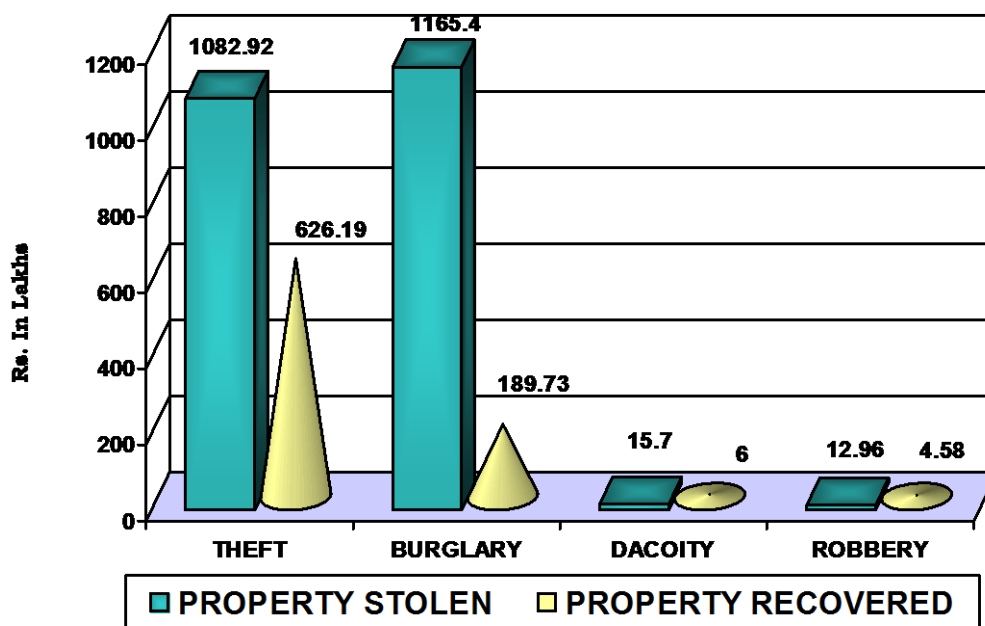


The Incidence of property cases reported and percentage of detection during 2014, head wise and district wise is available in Table 2.2.

Chart 2.2 represents the crime head wise, property stolen and recovered, during the year 2014.

CHART-2.2

**STOLEN AND RECOVERED PROPERTY
CRIME HEADWISE DURING 2014**



Crime head-wise and district-wise value of property stolen recovered including percentage of recoveries presented in Table 2.3.

District Kangra reported the highest value of property stolen (Rs. 4,82,77,729/-) followed by Baddi (Rs.3,84,31,558/-), Shimla (Rs. 3,16,04,450/-), Solan (Rs.2,43,13,986/-), Una (Rs. 1,97,57,785/-), Kullu (Rs. 1,58,38,583/-), Bilaspur (Rs.1,38,04,379/-) and Mandi (Rs. 1,19,61,766/-). Rest of Districts reported less than 1 crore value of property stolen.

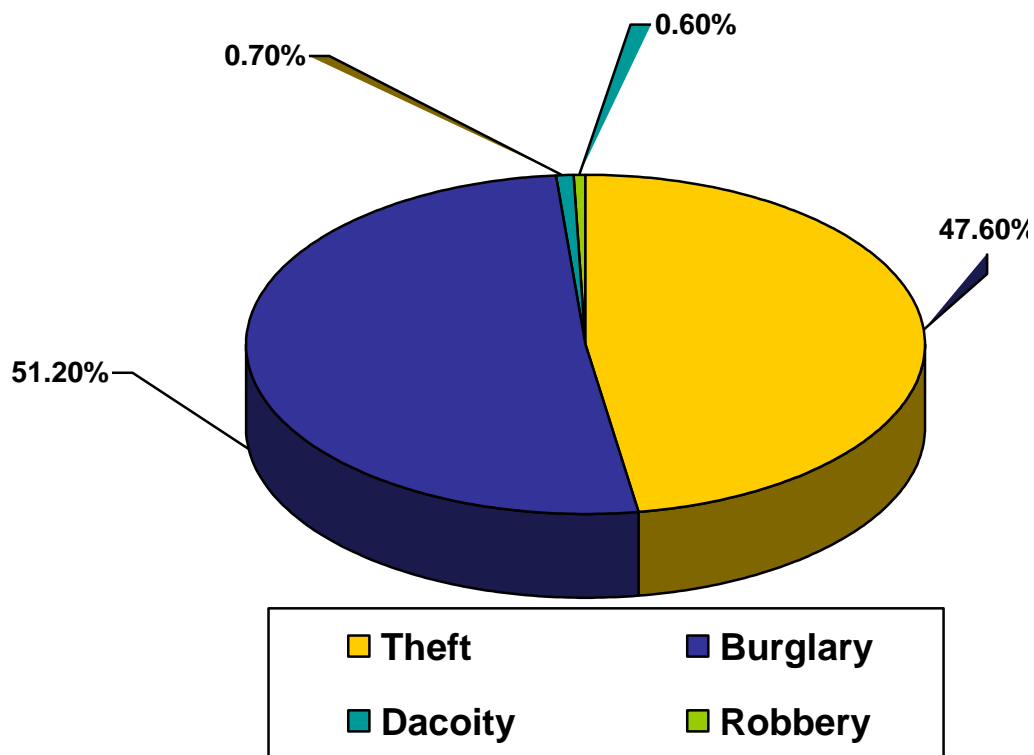
The highest value of recovery was seen from Police District Baddi (Rs. 2,18,86,938/-) followed by Shimla (Rs. 1,05,00,993/-), Kangra (Rs. 87,31,292/-), Solan (Rs. 86,47,975/-) and Bilaspur (Rs. 82,74,196/-).

In Lahaul Spiti District 100 % of the stolen property was recovered followed by Chamba (63%), Bilaspur (59.9 %), Baddi (57.0%) and Mandi (48.7%).

Chart 2.3 represents the crime head wise percentage of property stolen during the year 2014.

CHART-2.3

**PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY STOLEN
(HEAD WISE) DURING THE YEAR 2014**



2.3 Category of Offences (Incidence and Value):

Among 4 different types of property crimes, the maximum value of property (Rs.1165.40 Lakhs) and share (51.20%) were seen under head Burglary. The minimum value of Rs. 4.58 Lakhs and share (0.6%) was seen under the category of crime under Robbery.

The maximum value of property was recovered in Theft cases (75.8%) followed by Burglary (23%) Dacoity (0.7%) and Robbery

(0.6%). The Theft cases have shown a high recovery percentage (57.8%) followed by Dacoity (38.2%), Robbery (35.3%) and Burglary (16.3%). The crime head-wise value of property stolen and recovered over the last 10 years (2005 to 2015) is presented in Table 2.4 .

2.4 Nature of Property :

Nature of property under head theft and burglary have been classified into four different categories viz. Auto Theft, Theft of cash and Jewellery, Cable theft, Theft of electronic items. Properties other than the above specified categories are clubbed as Other theft. The category wise number of cases in which property was found stolen and recovered therein and percentage thereof has been calculated and presented in Table 2.5.

2.5 Cultural Property:

Total Rs 61.54 lakhs worth of Cultural Property was stolen during 2014 in 38 cases. This constitutes 2.7% of total property lost. Statistics of Cultural Property stolen during 2014 are available in Table 2.6. The highest incidence 18 cases were reported in Shimla district followed by Mandi and Solan (7 each), Sirmaur (5) and Kullu (1).

Cases, where the most valuable properties were stolen, were reported in Shimla District property worth (Rs.46,60,000/-) stolen in 18 cases). In Solan District, in 7 cases properties worth Rs.3,40,000/- were stolen.

The value of the property stolen by nature of property district wise during 2014, is presented in Table 2.6

CHART-2.4

**CRIME HEAD WISE PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY
RECOVERED DURING THE YEAR 2014**

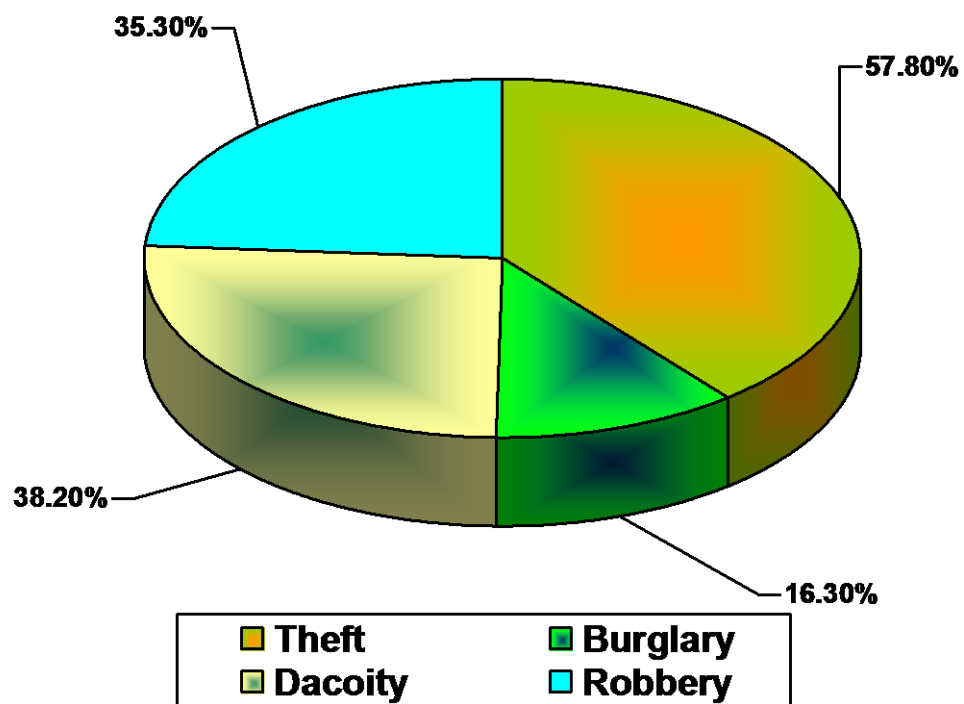


TABLE 2.1

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN & RECOVERED AND
PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS
(2005 TO 2014)

Sr. No.	Year	Total Value of Property (in Lakhs)		Percentage Recovery
		Stolen	Recovered	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	2005	683.74	274.23	40.11
2.	2006	944.23	396.10	41.95
3.	2007	1235.94	382.31	30.93
4.	2008	1353.48	412.11	30.45
5.	2009	1350.71	365.47	27.06
6.	2010	1619.76	590.22	36.44
7.	2011	1925.03	685.14	35.60
8.	2012	2784.59	732.29	26.30
9.	2013	1920.86	655.69	34.1
10.	2014	3309.86	1261.62	38.1
Percentage change over 2013		72.31	92.41	11.7

TABLE 2.2

INCIDENCE OF PROPERTY CASES REPORTED AND % OF
DETECTION DURING -2014 (DISTRICT WISE)

SL. NO	DISTRICT	DACOITY			ROBBERY		
		INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION	INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	Baddi	0	0	0.0	3	2	0.0
2.	Bilaspur	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
3.	Chamba	0	0	0.0	1	0	0.0
4.	Hamirpur	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
5.	Kangra	1	1	100.0	2	1	50.0
6.	Kinnaur	0	0	0.0	1	1	0.0
7.	Kullu	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
8.	L/Spiti	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
9.	Mandi	1	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
10.	Shimla	0	0	0.0	6	6	0.0
11.	Sirmaur	0	0	0.0	2	2	0.0
12.	Solan	1	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
13.	Una	1	0	0.0	1	1	100.0
14.	GRP	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
15.	CID	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
16.	TOTAL	4	1	25.0	16	13	81.3

TABLE 2.2 (CONTD.)

SL. NO	DISTRICT	BURGLARY			THEFT		
		INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION	INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION
(1)	(2)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1.	Baddi	32	11	34.4	41	13	31.7
2.	Bilaspur	45	9	20.0	39	27	69.2
3.	Chamba	98	10	10.2	31	21	67.7
4.	Hamirpur	44	9	20.5	32	20	62.5
5.	Kangra	141	26	18.4	107	49	45.8
6.	Kinnaur	40	11	27.5	11	6	54.5
7.	Kullu	55	19	34.5	49	14	28.6
8.	L/Spiti	1	1	100.0	1	1	100.0
9.	Mandi	76	25	32.9	57	36	63.2
10.	Shimla	149	25	16.8	116	58	50.0
11.	Sirmaur	50	18	36.0	48	27	56.3
12.	Solan	104	24	23.1	73	33	45.2
13.	Una	49	12	24.5	46	14	30.4
14.	GRP	0	0	0.0	1	0	0.0
15.	CID	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
16.	TOTAL	884	200	22.6	652	319	48.9

TABLE 2.2 (CONTD.)

SL. NO	DISTRICT	TOTAL		
		INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION
(1)	(2)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1.	Baddi	76	26	34.2
2.	Bilaspur	84	36	42.9
3.	Chamba	130	31	23.8
4.	Hamirpur	76	29	38.2
5.	Kangra	251	77	30.7
6.	Kinnaur	52	18	34.6
7.	Kullu	104	33	31.7
8.	L/Spiti	2	2	100.0
9.	Mandi	134	61	45.5
10.	Shimla	271	89	32.8
11.	Sirmaur	100	47	47.0
12.	Solan	178	57	32.0
13.	Una	97	27	27.8
14.	R&T(GRP)	1	0	0.0
15.	CID	0	0	0.0
16.	TOTAL	1556	533	34.3

MAP- 2.1

**PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY CASES DETECTED
(WORKED OUT) -2014**

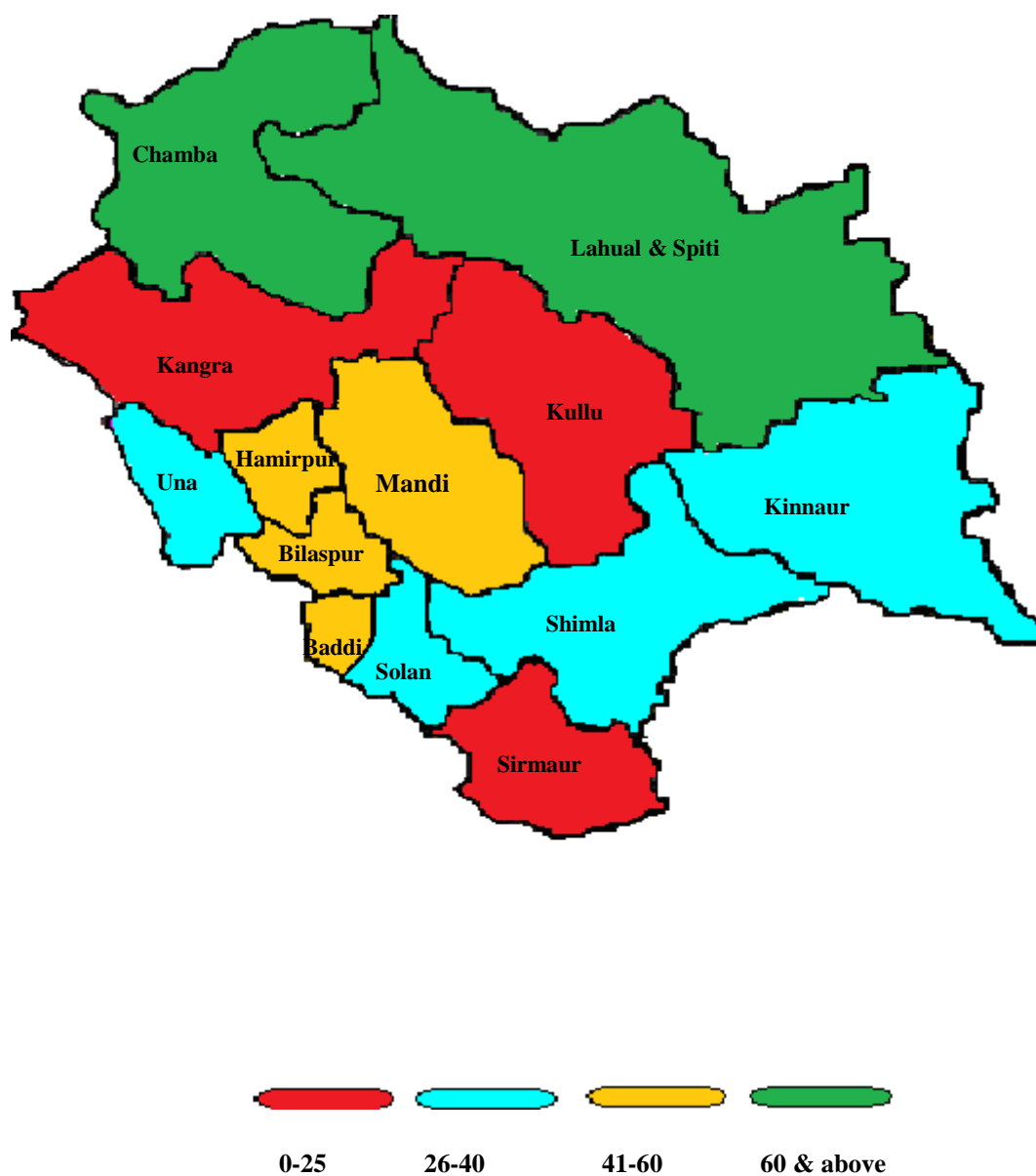


TABLE 2.3

**DISTRICT-WISE VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN &
RECOVERED AND PERCENTAGE DURING 2014.**

Sr No	Name of District	THEFT			BURGLARY		
		Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery	Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	Baddi	33668820	20637042	61.3	4309738	1171591	27.2
2.	Bilaspur	9882226	7395226	74.8	3922153	878970	22.4
3.	Chamba	1745526	1614940	92.5	1578219	478723	30.3
4.	Hamirpur	1725951	1203851	69.8	5958805	2257900	37.9
5.	Kangra	11295631	5393822	47.8	35750828	2486200	7.0
6.	Kinnaur	937028	727861	77.7	2402965	431940	18.0
7.	Kullu	3952082	2503882	63.4	11886501	1180538	9.9
8.	L/Spiti	108000	108000	100.0	12099	12099	100.0
9.	Mandi	4931367	3549088	72.0	6730399	2276637	33.8
10.	Shimla	11977820	5778600	48.2	19491030	4657423	23.9
11.	Sirmaur	3715908	1758908	47.3	5427275	399237	7.4
12.	Solan	14501389	6887895	47.5	9792397	1760080	18.0
13.	Una	9805940	5060350	51.6	9277845	982445	10.6
14.	GRP	45000	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
15.	CID	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
	TOTAL	108292688	62619465	57.8	116540254	18973783	16.3

TABLE 2.3 (CONTD.)

DISTRICT-WISE VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN &
RECOVERED AND PERCENTAGE DURING 2014.

Sr N o	Name of District	DACOITY			ROBBERY		
		Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery	Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recover ed	% of Recover y
(1)	(2)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1.	PD Baddi	0	0	0	453000	78305	0
2.	Bilaspur	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.	Chamba	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	Hamirpur	0	0	0	0	0	0
5.	Kangra	600000	600000	100	631270	251270	39.8
6.	Kinnaur	0	0	0	20000	20000	100.0
7.	Kullu	0	0	0	0	0	0
8.	L/Spiti	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	Mandi	300000	0	0	0	0	0
10.	Shimla	0	0	0	135600	64970	47.9
11.	Sirmaur	0	0	0	32650	19650	60.2
12.	Solan	20200	0	0	0	0	0
13.	Una	650000	0	0	24000	24000	100.0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
	TOTAL	1570200	600000	38.2	1296520	458195	35.3

TABLE 2.3 (CONTD.)

DISTRICT-WISE VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN &
RECOVERED AND PERCENTAGE DURING 2014.

Sr No	Name of District	TOTAL		
		Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery
(1)	(2)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1.	PD Baddi	38431558	21886938	57.0
2.	Bilaspur	13804379	8274196	59.9
3.	Chamba	3323745	2093663	63.0
4.	Hamirpur	7684756	3461751	45.0
5.	Kangra	48277729	8731292	18.1
6.	Kinnaur	3359993	1179801	35.1
7.	Kullu	15838583	3684420	23.3
8.	L/Spiti	120099	120099	100.0
9.	Mandi	11961766	5825725	48.7
10.	Shimla	31604450	10500993	33.2
11.	Sirmaur	9175833	2177795	23.7
12.	Solan	24313986	8647975	35.6
13.	Una	19757785	6066795	30.7
14.	GRP	45000	0	0.0
15.	CID	0	0	0.0
	TOTAL	227699662	82651443	36.3

TABLE 2.4

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN & RECOVERED
(IN LAKHS) DURING THE LAST 10 YEARS
(2005 TO 2014).

YEAR		THEFT	BURGLARY	DACOITY	ROBBERY	TOTAL
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
2005	STOLEN	425.97	228.13	13.02	16.62	683.74
	RECOVERED	211.01	41.48	12.68	9.05	274.23
2006	STOLEN	603.68	320.44	15.52	4.59	944.23
	RECOVERED	279.32	66.33	30.06	20.39	396.10
2007	STOLEN	797.17	354.70	40.92	43.15	1235.94
	RECOVERED	308.67	53.20	3.55	16.90	382.31
2008	STOLEN	834.75	418.23	80.31	20.19	1353.48
	RECOVERED	247.75	90.90	66.13	7.32	412.11
2009	STOLEN	800.54	485.54	33.14	31.51	1350.71
	RECOVERED	299.32	41.99	23.05	1.12	365.48
2010	STOLEN	983.50	612.69	7.38	16.19	1619.76
	RECOVERED	415.06	160.94	2.50	11.71	590.21
2011	STOLEN	1061.81	849.62	0.10	13.50	1925.03
	RECOVERED	522.47	152.86	0.00	9.80	685.14
2012	STOLEN	906.97	902.99	1.5	23.2	1834.66
	RECOVERED	464.81	137.81	0	16.38	619.00
2013	STOLEN	800.18	727.93	40.46	25.71	1594.28
	RECOVERED	452.97	86.92	29.97	7.9	577.76
2014	STOLEN	1082.93	1165.40	15.70	12.96	2276.99
	RECOVERED	626.19	189.73	6.0	4.58	826.5

TABLE 2.5

PERCENTAGE RECOVERY IN CASES UNDER THEFT
DURING 2014
(BY NATURE OF PROPERTY)

Sr. No	Nature of Property	Number of cases in which property was		% of Recovery (cases)
		Stolen	Recovered	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	Communication and Electric Wire	54	31	57.4
2.	Cattle Theft	30	18	60.0
3.	Auto Theft,	249	116	46.6
4.	Theft electronic items	128	55	43.0
5.	Cultural Property	38	13	34.2
6.	Other kind of Property	1057	300	28.4
7.	Total	1556	533	34.3

TABLE 2.6

**DISTRICT WISE VALUE OF CULTURAL PROPERTY
STOLEN DURING 2014**

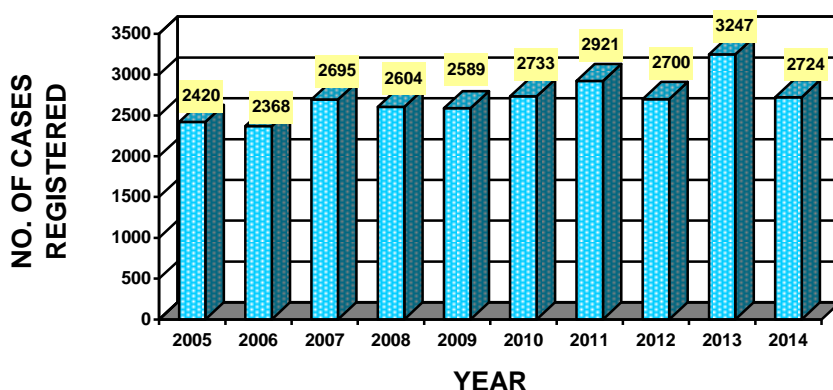
Sr. No.	Name of District	Number of cases in which property was Stolen	Value of stolen property (in Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	PD Baddi	0	0
2.	Bilaspur	0	0
3.	Chamba	0	0
4.	Hamirpur	0	0
5.	Kangra	0	0
6.	Kinnaur	0	0
7.	Kullu	1	180000
8.	L/Spiti	0	0
9.	Mandi	7	651500
10.	Shimla	18	4660000
11.	Sirmaur	5	323000
12.	Solan	7	340000
13.	Una	0	0
14.	GRP	0	0
15.	CID	0	0
16.	TOTAL	38	6154500

2.6 Crime Against Persons:-

The crime against persons includes occenfes 10 different types of crime heads viz. Murder, Culpable Homicide not Amounting to Murder, Attempt to Murder, Rape, Kid & Abd., Hurt, Rioting, Cruelty to Women, Molestation and Dowry deaths.

The analysis reveals that total 2724 incidence of crime against persons have occurred during the years 2013, which shows 19% of the total IPC Crime. The highest percentage of crime against persons over the total IPC recorded in district Chamba with 25 % followed by Sirmaur (23.2%), Una (23.1%), Bilaspur and Kullu (22% each), Kinnaur (20.4%), Baddi (20.3 %), Hamirpur and Mandi (19.6% each). The district-wise detail has been calculated and presented in Table 2.7. The district-wise incidence and their percentage over the IPC crime is depicted in Chart 2.5

CHART 2.5
CRIME AGAINST PERSONS FOR THE 10 YEARS
(2005-2014)

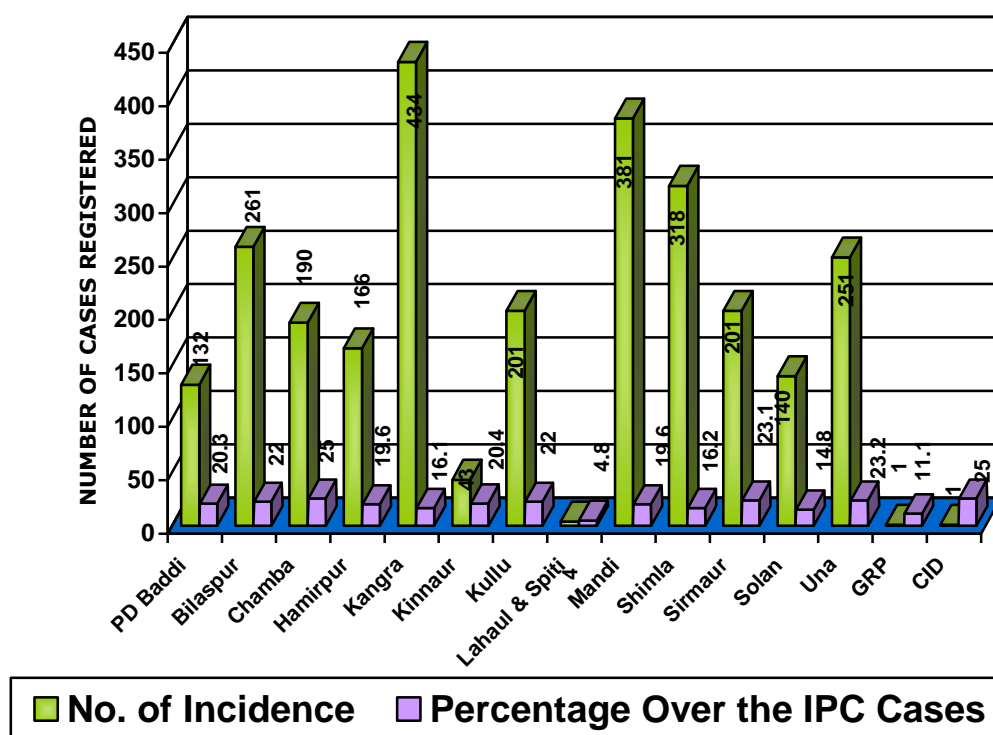


The incidence crime against persons has been recorded highest in district Kangra (434) followed by district Mandi (381), Shimla (318), Bilaspur (261), Una (251), Sirmaur, Kullu (201 each), Chamba (190), Hamirpur (166), Solan (140), Baddi (132), Kinnaur (43) Lahaul & Spiti

(4), GRP and CID (1 each) The District-wise detail has been calculated and presented in Table 2.8.

The head-wise comparative analysis of incidence of crime against persons for the last 10 years (2005 to 2014) has been reviewed. During the year 2014, 2724 incidence has been recorded which showed a decrease of 523 cases over the previous year. The head-wise detailed figures for the last 10 years are depicted in Table 2.9. Chart 2.6 depicts the total crime against persons and its percentage over the total IPC Crime

CHART 2.6
CRIME AGAINST PERSONS AND ITS PERCENTAGE



The head-wise reported incidence of crime against persons and its review over the previous year has been analyzed and given as under:

(i) Murder:

During the year 2014, 130 incidence of “Murder” were reported which showed an increase of 26 cases over the previous year. Analysis of the causes has revealed that no organized gang was operating in the State. In most of these cases crime were committed due to land disputes or murder for gain or personal enmity. Generally, sudden provocation or minor altercation was the reasons for commission of most of the murders. There was no class or caste factor involved in the commission of murder.

(ii) Attempt to Murder:

63 incidence of “Attempt to Murder” were reported during the year 2014 against the annual average of about 66 cases. The motive for the commission of this crime is also the same as mentioned under head ‘Murder’

(iii) C.H. not Amounting to Murder:

Only 9 incidence of “C.H. not Amounting to Murder” were reported during the year 2014 which showed an increase of 3 case over the previous year.

(iv) Rape:

283 incidence of “Rape” were reported during the year 2014 which showed an increase of 33 cases over the previous year.

(v) Kidnapping and Abduction:-

During the year 2013, 304 cases were registered which showed a decrease of 48 case over the previous year. The analysis shows that about 53.7% incidence of “Kid-Abd.” are reported in 4 districts i.e. Bilaspur, Mandi, Shimla and Kangra. The remaining 46.3% cases were reported in the rest of 9 districts of the State.

(vi) Grievous Hurt:

Total 593 incidence of “Grievous Hurt” were reported during 2014. The analysis shows that about 53 % incidence of Grievous hurt are reported in 4 districts i.e. Kangra, Una, Kullu and Mandi. The remaining 47% cases were reported in the rest of 9 districts of the State.

(vii) Rioting:

During the year 2014, 478 incidence of “Rioting” were reported in the State against the 487 incidence of previous year which showed a decrease of 9 cases over the year 2013. The analysis shows that about 52 % incidence of rioting are reported in 4 districts i.e. Shimla, Kangra, Mandi and Baddi. The remaining 48% cases were reported in the rest of 9 districts of the State.

(viii) Cruelty to Women:

During the year 2014, 325 incidence of “Cruelty to Women” were reported in the State against the 328 incidence of previous year which showed a decrease of 3 cases over the year 2013. The incidence under this head has been reviewed in detail in the separate chapter “Crime against Women”

(ix) Molestation:

During the year 2014, 538 incidence of “Molestation” were reported in the State against the 493 incidence of previous year which showed an increase of 45 cases over the year 2013. The incidence under this head has been reviewed in detail in the separate chapter “Crime against Women”

(x) Dowry Deaths:

During the year 2014, 1 incidence of “Dowry Deaths” was reported in the State in Una district. No incidence under this head was reported in previous year. The incidence under this head has

been reviewed in detail in the separate chapter “Crime against Women”

2.7 Overall Review of Crime Against Person:

The overall review on the incidences of crime against persons are more in districts Kangra, Mandi, Shimla and Bilaspur as compared to the other districts of the State. The reasons for commission of offences under this category are family disputes, land disputes, enmity with neighbours/villagers, domestic violence & sudden provocation.

Some of the facts that have come out during the study review are:-

- (i) Offences of murder have taken place in the entire State with no specific concentration
- (ii) 91% of the persons involved are locals, the remaining 9% being outsiders.
- (iii) 1.2% of the accused in this crime are in the age-group below 18 years, 44% of the persons involved in the commission of this crime are in the age group of 18 to 30 years, 34% belong to the category of 30-45 years and the remaining 20.8% are more than 45 years in age.

MAP-2.2
PERCENTAGE OF CRIME AGAINST PERSONS DURING
2014 (DISTRICT WISE)

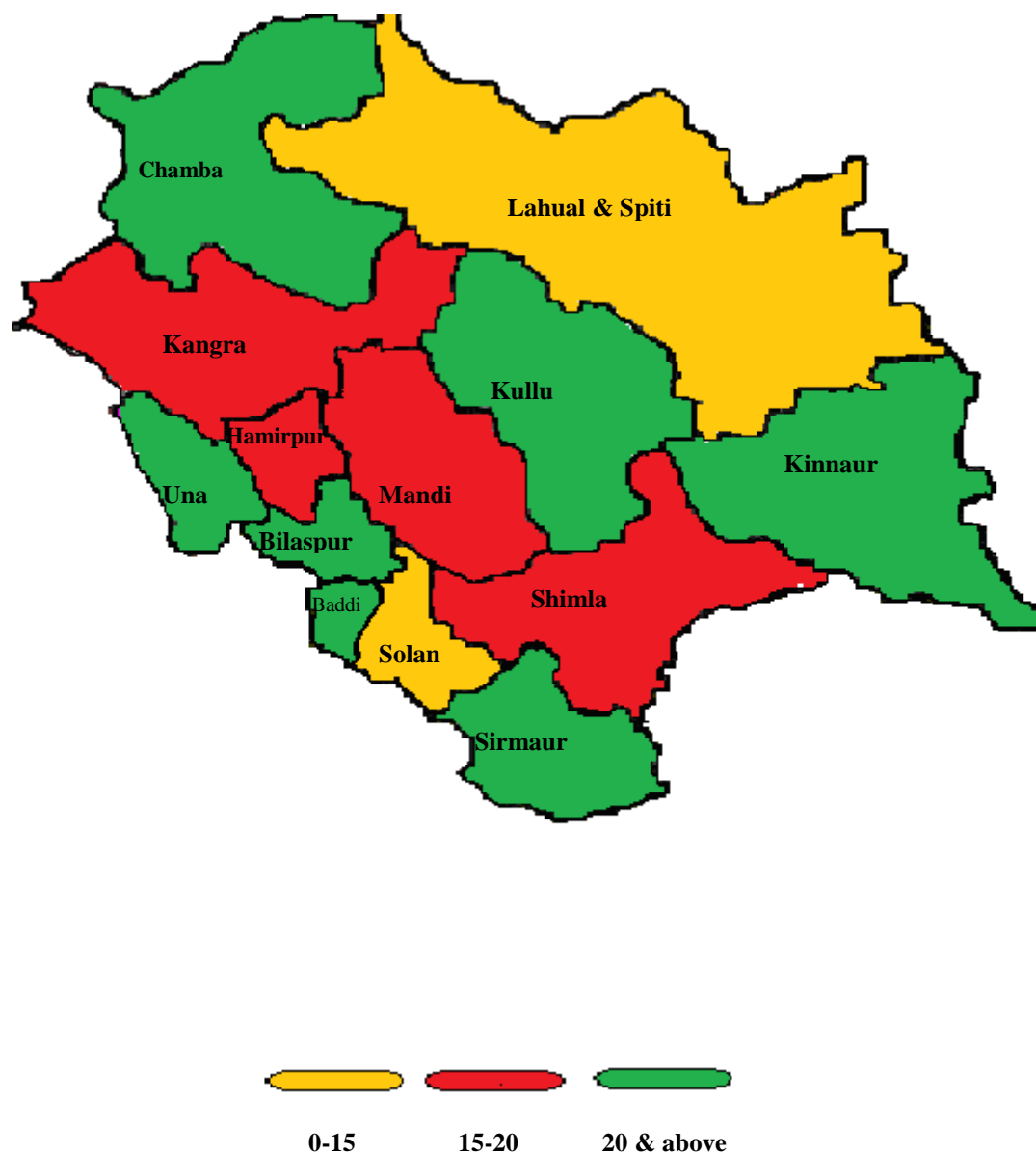


TABLE 2.7
PERCENTAGE OF CRIME AGAINST PERSON OVER THE
TOTAL IPC CRIME FOR THE YEAR 2014

Sr. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	Total Cases of Crime Against Person	Total IPC Crime	Percentage of Crime Against Persons Against Total IPC Crime
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	PD BADDI	132	651	20.3
2	BILASPUR	261	1185	22.0
3	CHAMBA	190	761	25.0
4	HAMIRPUR	166	845	19.6
5	KANGRA	434	2698	16.1
6	KINNAUR	43	211	20.4
7	KULLU	201	914	22.0
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	4	84	4.8
9	MANDI	381	1939	19.6
10	SHIMLA	318	1957	16.2
11	SIRMAUR	201	872	23.1
12	SOLAN	140	947	14.8
13	UNA	251	1083	23.2
14	GRP	1	9	11.1
15	CID	1	4	25.0
16	TOTAL	2724	14160	19.2

TABLE 2.8
DISTRICT WISE AND HEAD WISE CRIME AGAINST
PERSON DURING-2014

Sr. NO.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	Murder	Culpable Homicide	Attempt to murder	Rape	Kid &Abd.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	PD BADDI	13	0	3	9	14
2	BILASPUR	4	0	9	15	46
3	CHAMBA	8	1	5	23	20
4	HAMIRPUR	12	0	4	13	18
5	KANGRA	26	2	11	43	32
6	KINNAUR	2	0	0	10	5
7	KULLU	9	0	4	16	24
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	2	0	0	0	1
9	MANDI	15	0	6	47	46
10	SHIMLA	18	3	15	39	39
11	SIRMAUR	6	1	3	28	19
12	SOLAN	5	0	1	16	24
13	UNA	9	2	2	23	16
14	GRP	1	0	0	0	0
15	CID	0	0	0	1	0
	TOTAL	130	9	63	283	304

TABLE 2.8 (CONTD.)
DISTRICT WISE AND HEAD WISE AGAINST PERSON
FOR THE YEAR 2014

Sr. NO.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	Dowry Death	Cruelty to women	Molesta- tion	Grievous Hurt	Riotin g	TOTAL (3 to 12)
(1)	(2)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1	PD BADDI	0	19	15	17	42	132
2	BILASPUR	0	25	72	54	36	261
3	CHAMBA	0	9	27	59	38	190
4	HAMIRPUR	0	27	32	46	14	166
5	KANGRA	0	46	79	117	78	434
6	KINNAUR	0	3	5	12	6	43
7	KULLU	0	21	35	66	26	201
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	1	0	4
9	MANDI	0	50	101	65	51	381
10	SHIMLA	0	27	64	35	78	318
11	SIRMAUR	0	24	46	33	41	201
12	SOLAN	0	12	31	21	30	140
13	UNA	1	62	31	67	38	251
14	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	1
15	CID	0	0	0	0	0	1
	TOTAL	1	325	538	593	478	2724

TABLE 2.9
HEADWISE CRIME AGAINST PERSON
DURING 2005-2014

S. NO.	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Murder	110	111	127	129	125	132	130	113	104	130
2	Culpable Homicide	17	17	9	5	13	12	6	9	6	9
3	Attempt to murder	82	78	57	59	73	74	50	53	70	63
4	Rape	141	113	158	157	183	160	168	183	250	283
5	Kid & Abd.	118	130	171	151	150	194	212	172	352	304
6	Dowry Death	2	4	7	3	1	2	4	2	0	1
7	Cruelty to women	228	259	342	343	284	275	239	251	328	325
8	Molesta- tion	283	274	323	293	318	348	331	250	493	538
9	Hurt, G/Hurt	883	814	850	837	851	923	1251	1173	1157	593
10	Rioting	556	568	651	627	591	613	530	494	487	478
	TOTAL	2420	2368	2695	2604	2589	2733	2921	2700	3247	2724

CHAPTER-3

TRENDS IN DISPOSAL OF IPC CRIMES AND SLL CRIMES BY POLICE AND COURTS

3.1 Disposal by Police

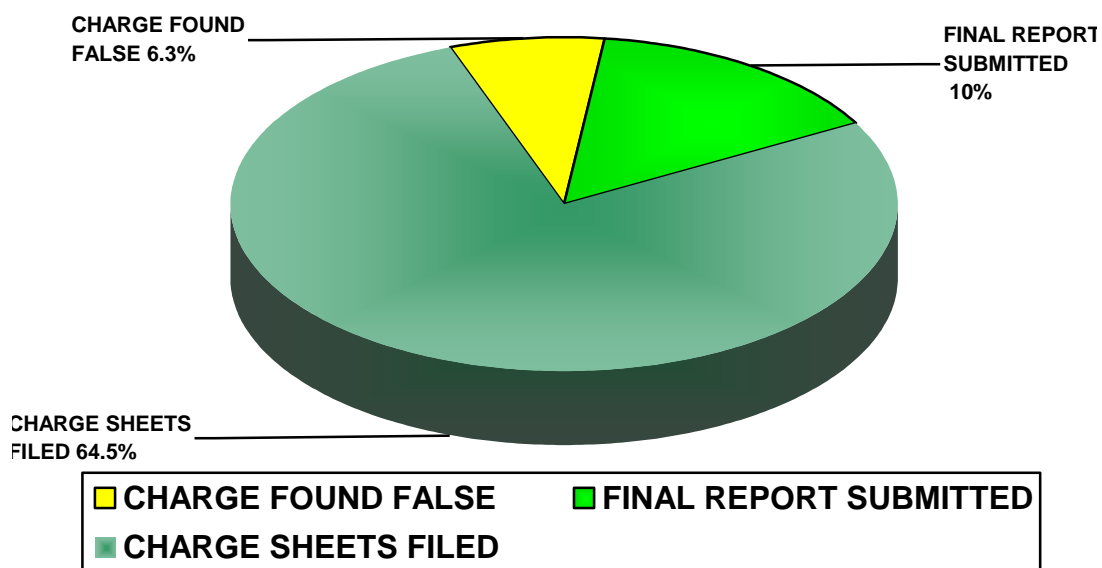
3.1.1 Cases under IPC:

During 2014 total number of 17088 cases including cases pending from the previous years were under investigation. Out of these, approximately 14296 cases were disposed by the Police during the year and 2792 cases remain pending for investigation.

Table-3.1 presents the details of crime head wise police disposal during 2014. Tables-3.2 & 3.3 give district wise details of disposal and percentage of disposal respectively. The percentage and type of disposal of Under Investigation (IPC) cases by police during 2014 is depicted in Chart-3.1.

CHART-3.1

PERCENTAGE DISPOSAL OF UNDER INVESTIGATION (IPC) CASES BY POLICE DURING-2014



Less than 58.5% of the cases relating to C.H. not amounting to murder, Cheating were disposed. They represent the lowest disposal rate. The heads under which disposal of cases remained the highest are Dowry Deaths (100%), Other IPC crimes (90.4%), Grievous Hurt (90.2%) Rape (87.6%), Cruelty by Husband & relatives (82.4% and Assaults on Women (82.1 %)

3.1.2 Pendency:

On an average, 16.3% cases remained under investigation. In the following districts, pendency was the highest and the disposal lowest:-

GRP	:	66.7%
CID	:	53.2 %
Solan	:	21.2 %
Shimla	:	19.5%
Kangra	:	18.1%
Hamirpur	:	17.8 %
Baddi	:	15.8%
Bilaspur	:	15.8%
Mandi	:	15.6 %
Sirmaur	:	15.3%
Chamba	:	12.8%

The least pendency/best disposals were seen in:--

Lahaul Spitti	:	2.2 %
Una	:	7.9 %
Kullu	:	9.5 %
Kinnaur	:	9.5%

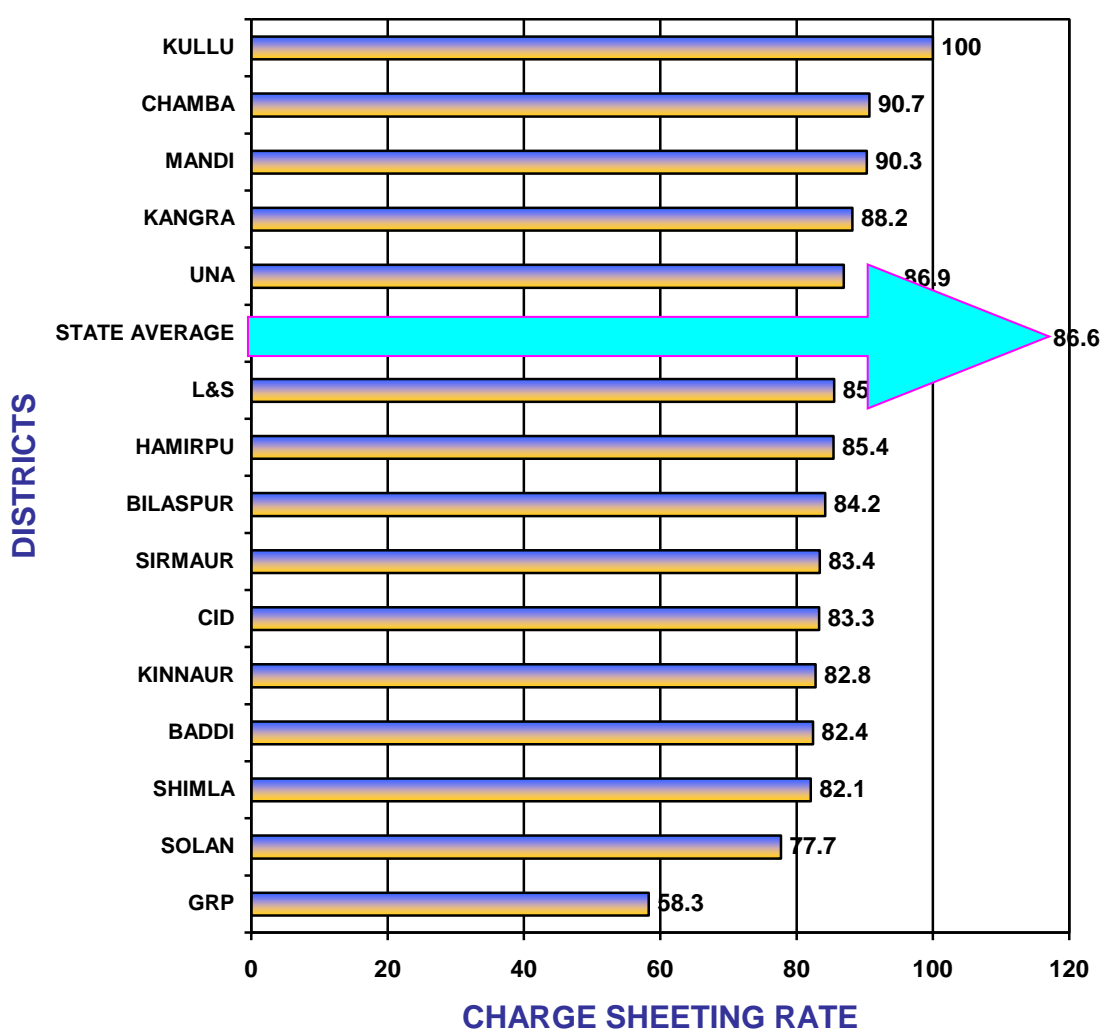
3.1.3 Charge Sheetting Rate of IPC Crimes:

Chart-3.2 depicts the district wise Charge sheetting rate in descending order. The average Charge-sheetting rate for the State is 86.6. The following districts have shown a considerably higher percentage of Charge-Sheetting rate:-

Kullu	:	100 %
Chamba	:	90.7 %
Mandi	:	90.3%
Kangra	:	88.2%

CHART-3.2

**DISTRICT WISE DISPOSAL OF IPC CASES BY POLICE
(CHARGE SHEETING RATE) DURING-2014**



3.1.4 Case Under SLL:

The disposal of SLL cases by Police under different crime heads is available at Table-3.4. Of the total 3427 cases (including the

pending cases from the previous year) pending investigation, police disposed 83.6 % cases. Chart-3.3 presents the type of disposal of SLL cases.

CHART-3.3
PERCENTAGE DISPOSAL OF SLL CASES
BY POLICE DURING 2014

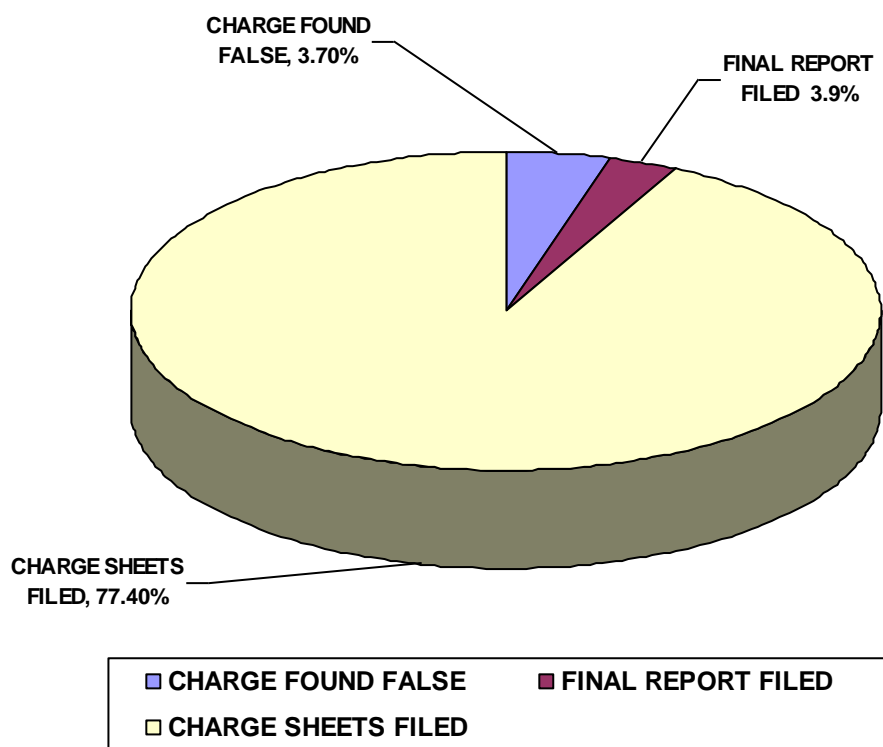
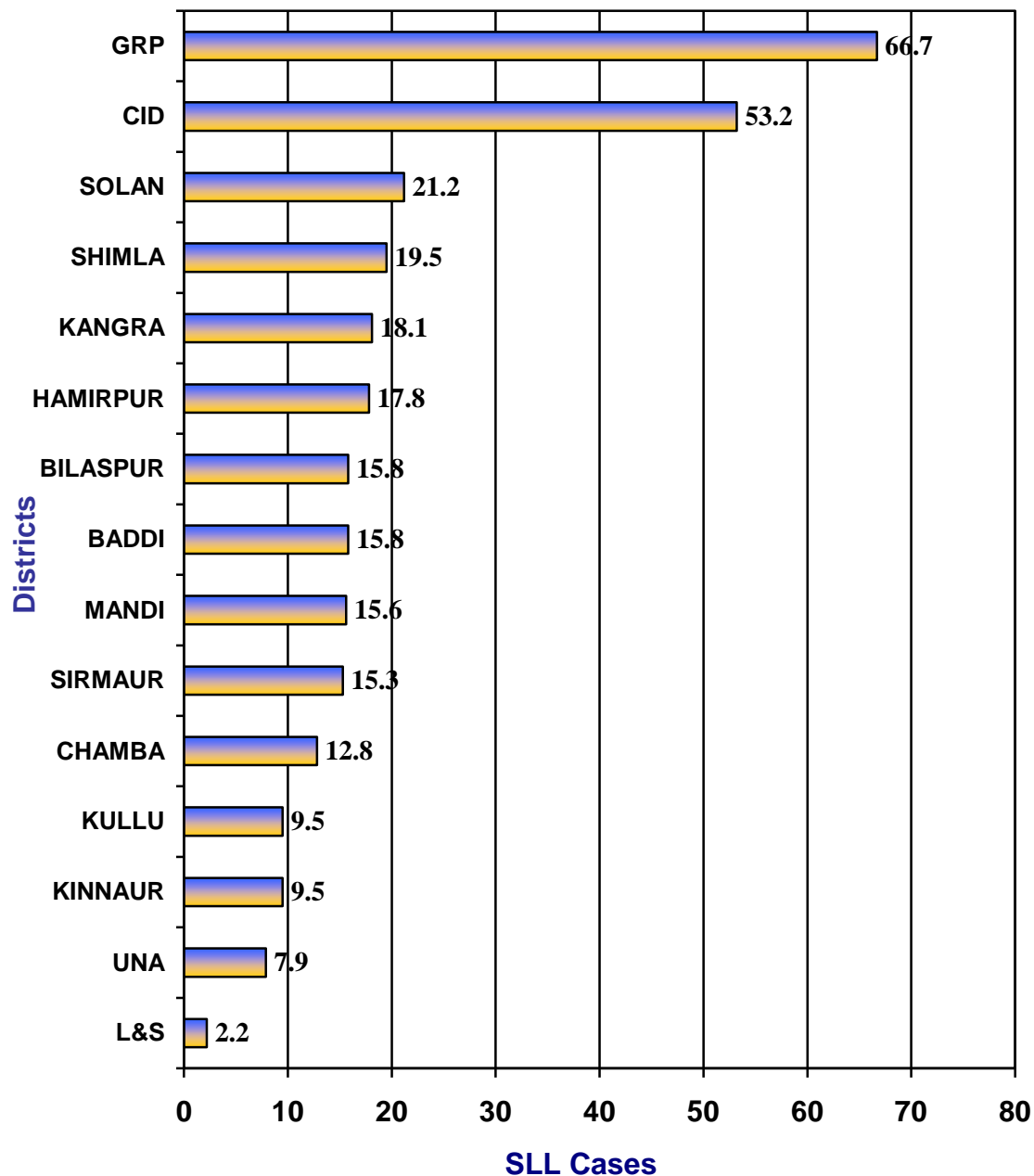


Table-3.5 shows disposal of SLL cases by the police District wise. Totally 560 cases are pending investigation. District having the maximum pendency are:-

Kangra	:	94
Mandi	:	91
CID	:	74
Shimla	:	60

District wise pendency details are available in Chart-3.4. In descending order. Percentage of disposal of SLL by the police is present in Table 3.6.

CHART-3.4
DISPOSAL OF SLL CASES BY POLICE (PENDENCY
PERCENTAGE) DURING -2014 DISTRICT WISE



3.2 Disposal By Courts

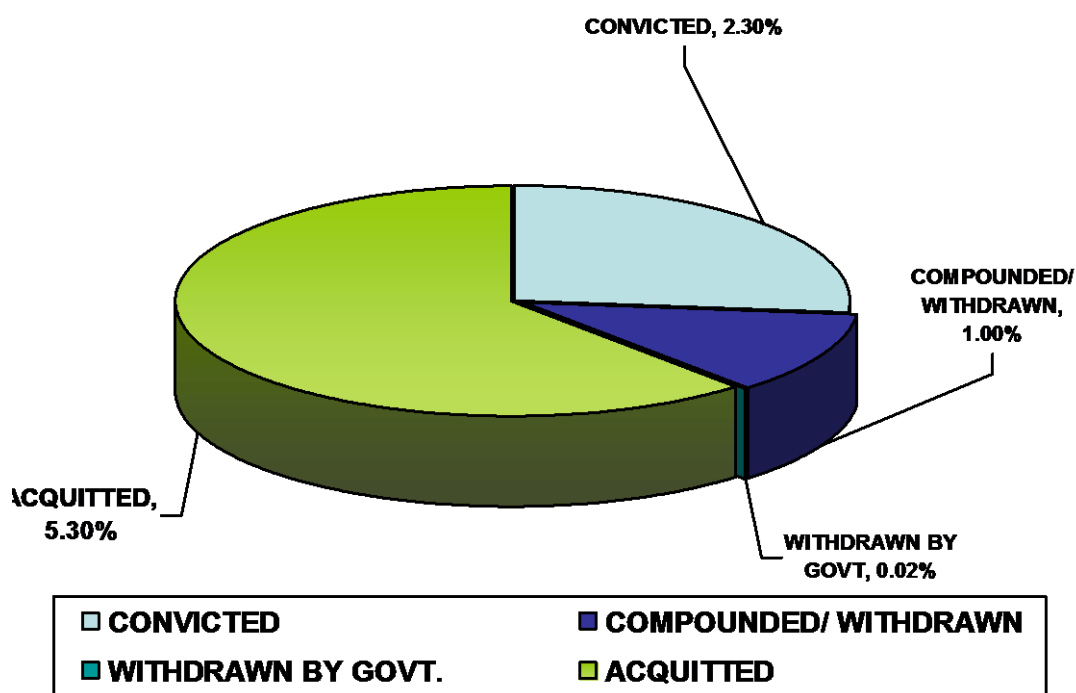
3.2.1 Cases Under IPC:

Disposal of IPC cases by Courts during 2014 is available in Table 3.7. During 2014 there were 79870 cases pending trial (including the pending cases from the previous years). 73039 of IPC

cases remained pending trial at end of the year. The percentage of disposals during the year was 8.6%.

The District wise disposal figures available in Table-3.8 and percentage of disposal is available in Table-3.9. The highest pendency percentage of cases is seen in Bilaspur District (95.2%). The largest number of cases is also pending trial in Kangra District (15422) which has a pendency of 94.7.0 %. Chart-3.5 depicts percentage disposal of IPC cases by the courts during 2014.

CHART-3.5
PERCENTAGE DISPOSAL OF IPC CASES
BY COURTS DURING-2014.



3.2.2 Cases Under SLL:-

Disposal of SLL cases by Courts during 2014 head wise is available in Table-3.10. There were 22510 cases pending trial (including the pending cases from the previous years) at the beginning

of 2014. Cases which remained pending trial at end of the year were 19859. The percentage of disposals is 11.8%.

Table 3.11 Shows district wise pendency and its share in the state pendency, Distt. Kangra (9085) followed by Kullu (2320), Shimla (1607) and Mandi (1423) cases. Chart-3.6 Shows percentage disposal of SLL cases by the Courts during 2014.

CHART-3.6

**PERCENTAGE DISPOSAL OF SLL CASES
BY COURTS DURING 2014**

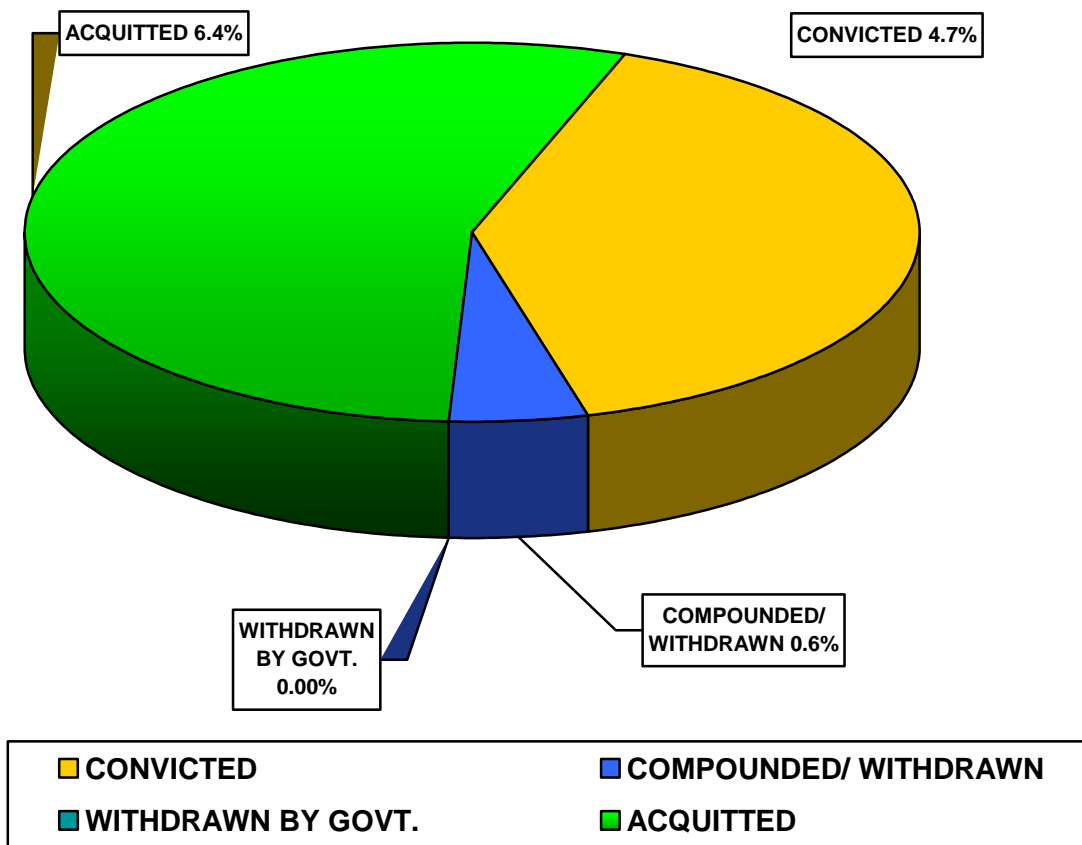


TABLE-3.1
DISPOSAL OF IPC CRIME CASES BY POLICE
DURING 2014 (HEAD-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS		TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR INVESTIGATION INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES IN WHICH				NO. OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION	
				CASES IN FINAL REPORT ENDED AS FALSE	INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED				
					CHARGE FOUND FALSE /MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEET WERE NOT LAID BUT FINAL REPORT SUBMITTED		TOTAL (4) (5)+(6)+(7)]
(1)	(2)		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	MURDER		171	11	6	82	19	118	53
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER		82	6	2	54	2	64	18
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER		11	0	0	6	0	6	5
4.	RAPE	Gang Rape	6	0	0	6	0	6	0
		Other Rape	337	43	7	201	2	253	84
5.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION		414	179	42	65	23	309	105
6.	DACOITY		13	1	0	8	4	13	0
7.	ROBBERY		22	2	1	11	3	17	5
8.	BURGLARY		1178	12	72	285	548	917	261
9.	THEFT	Auto Theft	330	8	15	67	157	247	83
		Other Thefts	543	25	26	253	131	435	108
10.	RIOTS		588	36	11	433	7	487	101
11.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST		222	48	21	61	13	143	79
12.	CHEATING		745	179	52	180	54	465	280
13.	COUNTERFEITING		5	0	0	2	2	4	1
14.	ARSON		128	3	6	44	45	98	30
15.	GRIEVOUS HURT	Grievous Hurt	705	16	6	602	12	636	69
		Acid Attack	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
16.	DOWRY DEATHS		1	0	0	1	0	1	0
17.	Assault on Women (sec.354 IPC)		642	45	12	460	10	527	115
18.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES		391	30	9	282	1	322	69
19.	INCIDENCE OF RASH DRIVING /ACT(279&337)		2685	89	50	1871	207	2217	468
20.	DEATH BY NEGLIGENCE		891	39	38	385	243	705	186
21.	OTHER IPC CRIME		6977	312	118	5658	218	6306	671
	TOTAL		17088	1084	494	11017	1701	14296	2792

TABLE-3.2
DISPOSAL OF IPC CRIME CASES
BY POLICE DURING 2014
(DISTRICT-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR INVESTIGATION INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES IN WHICH					NO. OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION
			CASES IN FINAL REPORT ENDED AS FALSE	INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED				
				CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC.	CHARGE SHEET'S WERE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEET WERE NOT LAID BUT FINAL REPORT SUBMITTED	TOTAL (4) (5)+(6)+ (7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	PD BADDI	793	0	77	463	99	639	154
2	BILASPUR	1535	192	0	923	173	1288	247
3	CHAMBA	847	62	0	656	67	785	62
4	HAMIRPUR	1073	105	0	721	123	949	124
5	KANGRA	3232	0	224	2185	292	2701	531
6	KINNAUR	241	6	20	154	32	212	29
7	KULLU	1191	93	169	811	0	1073	118
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	98	3	0	71	12	86	12
9	MANDI	2268	168	0	1603	172	1943	325
10	SHIMLA	2399	164	0	1380	301	1845	554
11	SIRMAUR	983	82	0	587	117	786	197
12	SOLAN	1160	90	0	648	186	924	236
13	UNA	1241	119	0	803	121	1043	198
14	GRP	16	0	0	7	5	12	4
15	CID	11	0	4	5	1	10	1
	TOTAL	17088	1084	494	11017	1701	14296	2792

TABLE-3.2 (CONTD.)

Sr. NO.	DISTRICT	PENDENCY PERCENTAGE (9/3*100)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF PENDENCY TO STATE LEVEL	CHARGE SHEETING RATE (6)/(6+7)*100
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	PD BADDI	19.4	5.5	82.4
2	BILASPUR	16.1	8.8	84.2
3	CHAMBA	7.3	2.2	90.7
4	HAMIRPUR	11.6	4.4	85.4
5	KANGRA	16.4	19.0	88.2
6	KINNAUR	12.0	1.0	82.8
7	KULLU	9.9	4.2	100.0
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	12.2	0.4	85.5
9	MANDI	14.3	11.6	90.3
10	SHIMLA	23.1	19.8	82.1
11	SIRMAUR	20.0	7.1	83.4
12	SOLAN	20.3	8.5	77.7
13	UNA	16.0	7.1	86.9
14	GRP	25.0	0.1	58.3
15	CID	9.1	0.0	83.3
	TOTAL	16.3	100.0	86.6

MAP-3.1
DISPOSAL OF (IPC) CASES BY POLICE DURING 2014

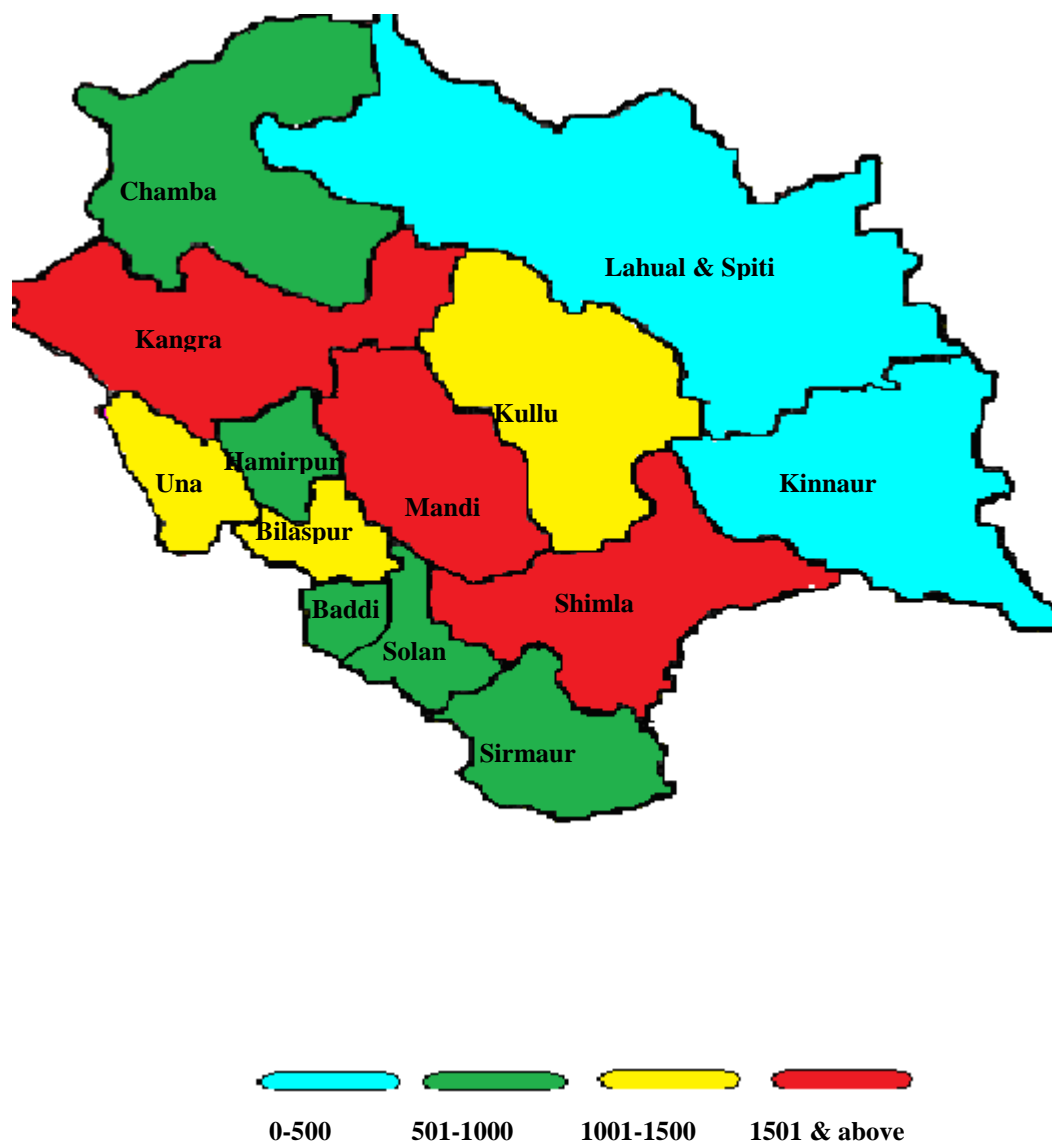


TABLE-3.3
PERCENTAGE OF IPC CRIMES
DISPOSAL BY POLICE DURING 2014
(HEAD-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS		PERCENTAGE OF CASES TO TOTAL CASES FOR INVESTIGATION IN WHICH INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED				PERCENTAGE OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION	CHARGE SHEETING RATE [(COL.5)/(COL.5+6)*100]	
			CASES IN FINAL REPORT ENDED AS FALSE	CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEET WERE NOT LAID BUT FINAL REPORT SUBMITTED			TOTAL (3) (4)+(5)+(6)]
(1)	(2)		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	MURDER		6.4	3.5	48.0	11.1	69.0	31.0	81.2
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER		7.3	2.4	65.9	2.4	78.0	22.0	96.5
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER		0.0	0.0	54.5	0.0	54.5	45.5	100.0
4.	RAPE	Gang Rape	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0
		Other Rape	12.8	2.1	59.6	0.6	75.1	24.9	99.0
5.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION		43.2	10.1	15.7	5.6	74.6	25.4	73.7
6.	DACOITY		7.7	0.0	61.5	30.8	100.0	0.0	66.6
7.	ROBBERY		9.1	4.5	50.0	13.6	77.3	22.7	78.6
8.	BURGLARY		1.0	6.1	24.2	46.5	77.8	22.2	34.2
9.	THEFT	Auto Theft	2.4	4.5	20.3	47.6	74.8	25.2	34.2
		Other Thefts	4.6	4.8	46.6	24.1	80.1	19.9	29.9
10.	RIOTS		6.1	1.9	73.6	1.2	82.8	17.2	98.4
11.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST		21.6	9.5	27.5	5.9	64.4	35.6	82.3
12.	CHEATING		24.0	7.0	24.2	7.2	62.4	37.6	77.1
13.	COUNTERFEITING		0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0	80.0	20.0	50.0
14.	ARSON		2.3	4.7	34.4	35.2	76.6	23.4	49.4
15.	GRIEVOUS HURT	Grievous Hurt	2.3	0.9	85.4	1.7	90.2	9.8	98.0
		Acid Attack	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
16.	DOWRY DEATHS		0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0
17.	Assault on Women (sec.354 IPC)		7.0	1.9	71.7	1.6	82.1	17.9	97.8
18.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES		7.7	2.3	72.1	0.3	82.4	17.6	99.6
19.	INCIDENCE OF RASH DRIVING /ACT(279&337)		3.3	1.9	69.8	7.7	82.6	17.4	90.1
20.	DEATH BY NEGLIGENCE		4.4	4.3	43.2	27.3	79.1	20.9	61.3
21.	OTHER IPC CRIME		4.5	1.7	81.1	3.1	90.4	9.6	96.3
	TOTAL		6.3	2.9	64.5	10.0	83.7	16.3	86.6

TABLE-3.4
DISPOSAL OF CRIME SLL CASES
BY POLICE DURING 2014
(HEAD-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR INVESTIGATION INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES IN WHICH					NO. OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION
			CASES IN FINAL REPORT ENDED AS FALSE	INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED				
				CHARGE FOUND FALSE /MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC.	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEET WERE NOT LAID BUT FINAL REPORT SUBMITTED	TOTAL (4) (5)+(6)+ (7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	ARMS ACT	29	2	0	13	2	17	12
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	838	1	35	624	11	671	167
3.	GAMBLING ACT	299	0	0	291	0	291	8
4.	EXCISE ACT	1596	0	3	1390	4	1397	199
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	2	0	1	0	0	1	1
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	7	0	1	3	0	4	3
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	10	0	0	10	0	10	0
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	9	0	0	6	0	6	3
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	13	1	0	10	0	11	2
13.	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	4	1	0	1	0	2	2
15.	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	5	1	0	4	0	5	0
16.	COPY RIGHT ACT	13	4	3	1	1	9	4
17.	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	119	33	4	52	0	89	30
19.	FOREST ACT	173	7	5	90	14	116	57
20.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	310	19	6	158	55	238	72
	TOTAL	3427	69	58	2653	87	2867	560

TABLE-3.5
DISPOSAL OF CRIME SLL CASES
BY POLICE DURING 2014
(DISTRICT-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR INVESTIGATION INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES IN WHICH					NO. OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION
			CASES IN FINAL REPORT ENDED AS FALSE	INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED				
				CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC.	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEET WERE NOT LAID BUT FINAL REPORT SUBMITTED	TOTAL (4) (5)+(6)+ (7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	BADDI	171	0	4	134	6	144	27
2.	BILASPUR	146	6	0	112	5	123	23
3.	CHAMBA	257	7	0	207	10	224	33
4.	HAMIRPUR	146	8	0	106	6	120	26
5.	KANGRA	520	0	13	391	22	426	94
6.	KINNAUR	21	0	2	17	0	19	2
7.	KULLU	440	6	39	353	0	398	42
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	45	0	0	44	0	44	1
9.	MANDI	583	8	0	470	14	492	91
10.	SHIMLA	308	14	0	220	14	248	60
11.	SIRMAUR	255	9	0	204	3	216	39
12.	SOLAN	113	5	0	79	5	89	24
13.	UNA	280	6	0	250	2	258	22
14.	GRP	3	0	0	1	0	1	2
15.	CID	139	0	0	65	0	65	74
	TOTAL	3427	69	58	2653	87	2867	560

TABLE-3.5 (CONTD.)

S. NO	DISTRICT	PENDENCY PERCENTAGE (9/3*100)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF PENDENCY TO STATE LEVEL	CHARGE SHEETING RATE (6)/(6+7)*100
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	PD BADDI	15.8	4.8	95.7
2	BILASPUR	15.8	4.1	95.7
3	CHAMBA	12.8	5.9	95.4
4	HAMIRPUR	17.8	4.6	94.6
5	KANGRA	18.1	16.8	94.7
6	KINNAUR	9.5	0.4	100.0
7	KULLU	9.5	7.5	100.0
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	2.2	0.2	100.0
9	MANDI	15.6	16.3	97.1
10	SHIMLA	19.5	10.7	94.0
11	SIRMAUR	15.3	7.0	98.6
12	SOLAN	21.2	4.3	94.0
13	UNA	7.9	3.9	99.2
14	GRP	66.7	0.4	100.0
15	CID	53.2	13.2	100.0
	TOTAL	16.3	100.0	96.8

MAP-3.2

DISPOSAL OF (SLL) CASES BY POLICE DURING 2014

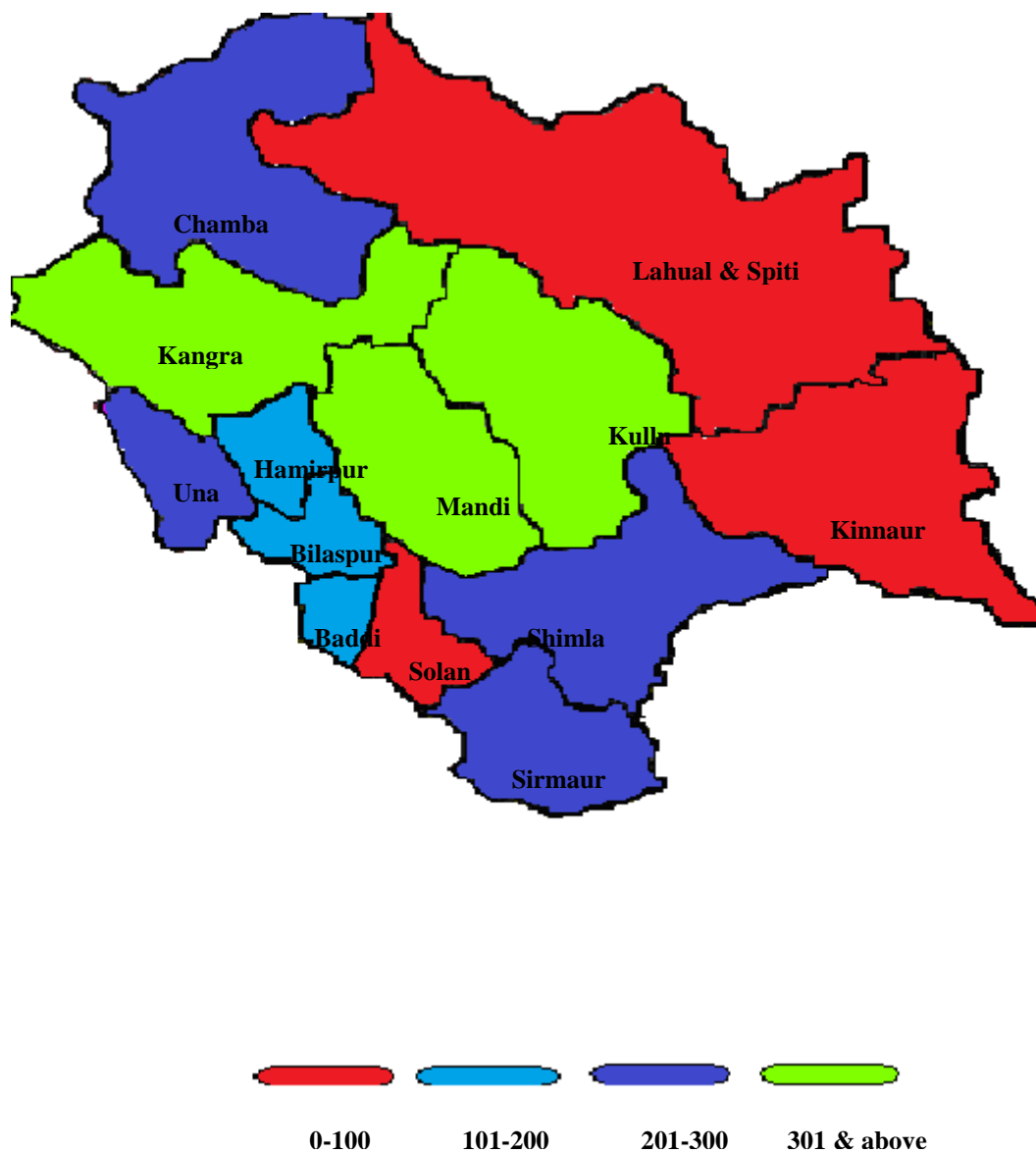


TABLE-3.6
PERCENTAGE OF SLL CRIMES
DISPOSAL BY POLICE DURING 2014
(HEAD-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS		PERCENTAGE OF CASES TO TOTAL CASES FOR INVESTIGATION IN WHICH				PERCENTAGE OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION	CHARGE SHEETING RATE [(COL.5)/ (COL. 5+6)*100]]
			INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED					
		CASES IN FINAL REPORT ENDED AS FALSE	CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEET WERE NOT LAID BUT FINAL REPORT SUBMITTED	TOTAL (3) + (4) + (5) + (6)]		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	ARMS ACT	6.9	0.0	44.8	6.9	58.6	41.4	86.7
2	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	0.1	4.2	74.5	1.3	80.1	19.9	98.3
3	GAMBLING ACT	0.0	0.0	97.3	0.0	97.3	2.7	100.0
4	EXCISE ACT	0.0	0.2	87.1	0.3	87.6	12.5	99.7
5	PROHIBITION ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
6	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	0.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	50	50.0	0.0
7	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	0.0	14.3	42.9	0.0	57.2	42.9	100.0
8	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
9	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100	0.0	100.0
10	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	0.0	0.0	66.7	0.0	66.7	33.3	100.0
11	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
12	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	7.7	0.0	76.9	0.0	84.6	15.4	100.0
13	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
14	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	25.0	0.0	25.0	0.0	50	50.0	100.0
15	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	20.0	0.0	80.0	0.0	100	0.0	100.0
16	COPY RIGHT ACT	30.8	23.1	7.7	7.7	69.3	30.8	50.0
17	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
18	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	27.7	3.4	43.7	0.0	74.8	25.2	100.0
19	FOREST ACT	4.0	2.9	52.0	8.1	67	32.9	86.5
20	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	6.1	1.9	51.0	17.7	76.7	23.2	74.2
	TOTAL	2.0	1.7	77.4	2.5	83.6	16.3	96.9

TABLE-3.7
DISPOSAL OF CRIME IPC CASES
BY COURT DURING 2014
(HEAD-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR TRIAL INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES					PENDING TRIAL
			CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	IN WHICH WERE COMPLETED				
				COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL [(5)+ (6)+ (7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	MURDER	387	0	0	21	29	50	337
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	413	0	0	14	30	44	369
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	52	0	0	1	4	5	47
4.	RAPE	705	0	1	36	70	107	598
5.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION	408	0	2	3	38	43	365
6.	DACOITY	22	0	0	0	1	1	21
7.	ROBBERY	84	0	0	1	7	8	76
8.	BURGLARY	1892	1	33	38	120	191	1701
9.	THEFT	2845	0	8	55	206	269	2576
10.	RIOTS	3893	0	64	27	239	330	3563
11.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	554	0	3	3	35	41	513
12.	CHEATING	1332	0	10	21	56	87	1245
13.	COUNTERFEITING	19	0	0	0	1	1	18
14.	ARSON	478	0	2	10	24	36	442
15.	GRIEVOUS HURT	4491	1	134	36	234	404	4087
16.	DOWRY DEATHS	20	0	0	1	0	1	19
17.	MOLESTATION	2392	0	19	23	198	240	2152
18.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	1659	2	46	6	78	130	1529
19.	CAUSING DEATH BY NEGLIGENCE (Sec.304A IPC)	2363	0	2	28	198	228	2135
20.	INCIDENCE OF RASH DRIVERING (Sec.237,337)	10903	0	25	232	984	1241	9692
21.	OTHER IPC	44958	1	474	1257	1643	3374	41554
	TOTAL	79870	5	823	1813	4195	6831	73039

TABLE- 3.8
DISPOSAL OF CRIME IPC CASES
BY COURT DURING 2014
(DISTRICT-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR TRIAL INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES					PENDING TRIAL
			CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	IN WHICH WERE COMPLETED				
				COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL [(5)+(6)+ (7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	BADDI	2780	0	58	70	158	286	2494
2.	BILASPUR	9631	0	82	48	330	460	9171
3.	CHAMBA	4150	3	93	91	226	410	3740
4.	HAMIRPUR	5040	0	103	42	211	356	4684
5.	KANGRA	16286	0	2	499	363	864	15422
6.	KINNAUR	1340	0	22	12	44	78	1262
7.	KULLU	5360	0	79	89	217	385	4975
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	146	0	2	53	9	64	82
9.	MANDI	11869	0	19	130	830	979	10890
10.	SHIMLA	9508	0	220	427	794	1441	8067
11.	SIRMAUR	4669	2	16	66	408	490	4179
12.	SOLAN	4305	0	55	88	314	457	3848
13.	UNA	4725	0	72	194	290	556	4169
14.	GRP	43	0	0	3	0	3	40
15.	CID	18	0	0	1	1	2	16
	TOTAL	79870	5	823	1813	4195	6831	73039

TABLE- 3.8 (CONTD)

S. NO	DISTRICT	PENDENCY PERCENTAGE (9/3*100)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF PENDENCY TO STATE LEVEL	CHARGE SHEETING RATE [(7)/(8)*100]
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	PD BADDI	89.7	3.4	55.2
2	BILASPUR	95.2	12.6	71.7
3	CHAMBA	90.1	5.1	55.1
4	HAMIRPUR	92.9	6.4	59.3
5	KANGRA	94.7	21.1	42.0
6	KINNAUR	94.2	1.7	56.4
7	KULLU	92.8	6.8	56.4
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	56.2	0.1	14.1
9	MANDI	91.8	14.9	84.8
10	SHIMLA	84.8	11.0	55.1
11	SIRMAUR	89.5	5.7	83.3
12	SOLAN	89.4	5.3	68.7
13	UNA	88.2	5.7	52.2
14	GRP	93.0	0.1	0.0
15	CID	88.9	0.02	50.0
	TOTAL	91.4	100.0	61.4

MAP-3.3
CONVICTED CASES (IPC) DURING 2014

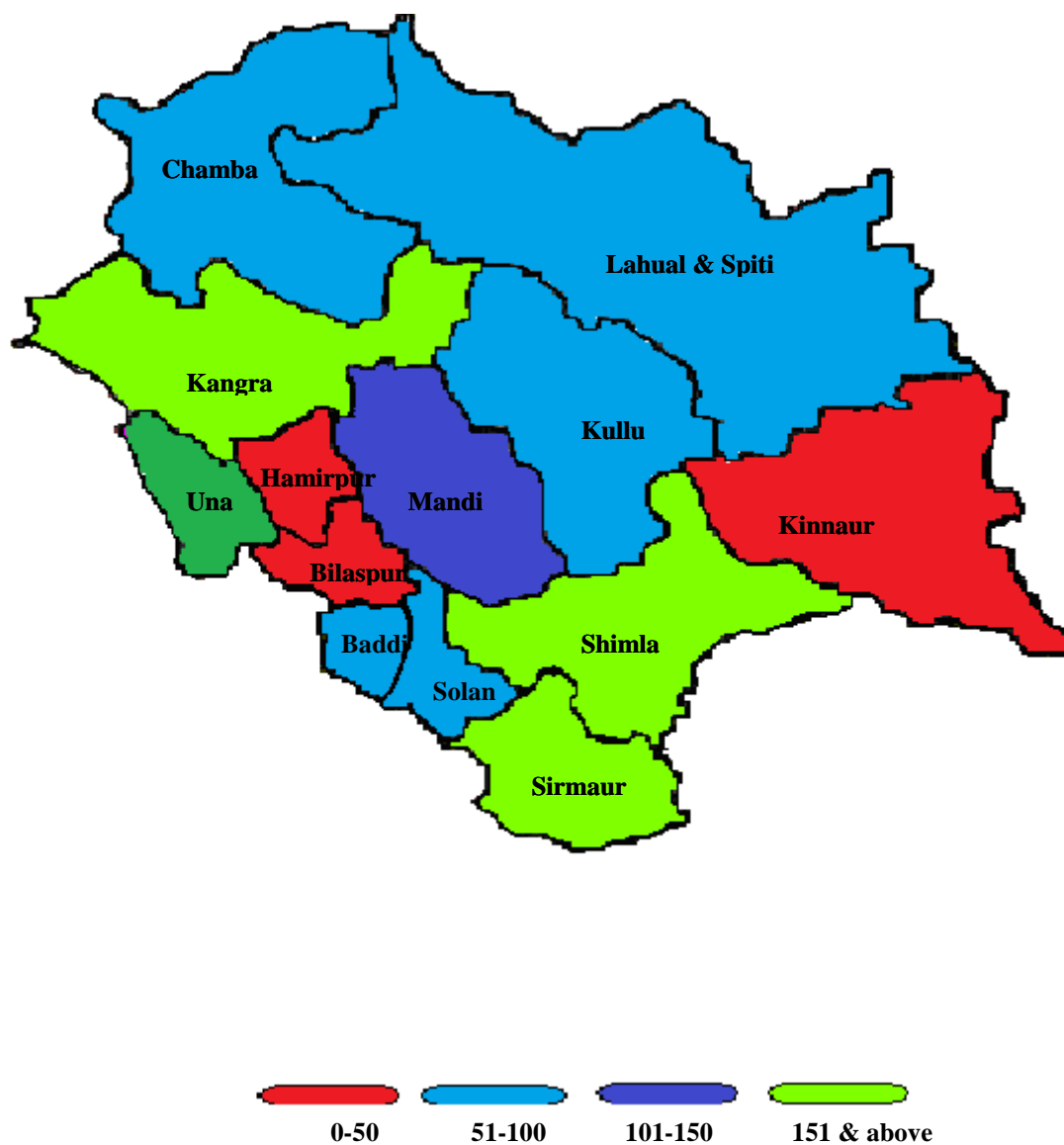


TABLE- 3.9
PERCENTAGE OF IPC CRIMES
DISPOSAL BY COURTS DURING 2014
(HEAD WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	PERCENTAGE OF CASES TO TOTAL CASES FOR TRIAL				PENDING TRIAL	CONVICTI ON RATE [(5/7*100)]
			IN WHICH TRIAL WERE COMPLETED					
			COMPOU NDED OR WITHDRA WN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGE D	TOTAL (5)+ (6)]		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	MURDER	0	0	5.4	7.5	12.9	87.1	42.0
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	0	0	3.4	7.3	10.7	89.3	31.8
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	0	0	1.9	7.7	9.6	90.4	20.0
4.	RAPE	0	0.1	5.1	9.9	15.2	84.8	33.6
5.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION	0	0.5	0.7	9.3	10.5	89.5	7.0
6.	DACOITY	0	0.0	0.0	4.5	4.5	95.5	0.0
7.	ROBBERY	0	0.0	1.2	8.3	9.5	90.5	12.5
8.	BURGLARY	0.05	1.7	2.0	6.3	10.1	89.9	19.9
9.	THEFT	0.00	0.3	1.9	7.2	9.5	90.5	20.4
10.	RIOTS	0.00	1.6	0.7	6.1	8.5	91.5	8.2
11.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	0.00	0.5	0.5	6.3	7.4	92.6	7.3
12.	CHEATING	0.00	0.8	1.6	4.2	6.5	93.5	24.1
13.	COUNTERFEITING	0.00	0.0	0.0	5.3	5.3	94.7	0.0
14.	ARSON	0.00	0.4	2.1	5.0	7.5	92.5	27.8
15.	HURT/GRIEVOUS HURT	0.02	3.0	0.8	5.2	9.0	91.0	8.9
16.	DOWRY DEATHS	0.00	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	95.0	100.0
17.	MOLESTATION	0.00	0.8	1.0	8.3	10.0	90.0	9.6
18.	SEXUAL HARASSMENT	0.12	2.8	0.4	4.7	7.8	92.2	4.6
19.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	0.00	0.1	1.2	8.4	9.6	90.4	12.3
20.	DEATH BY NEGLIGENCE	0.00	0.2	2.1	9.0	11.4	88.9	18.7
21.	OTHER IPC	0.00	1.1	2.8	3.7	7.5	92.4	37.3
	TOTAL	0.01	1.0	2.3	5.3	8.6	91.4	26.5

TABLE-3.10
DISPOSAL OF CRIME SLL CASES
BY COURT DURING 2014
(HEAD WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR TRIAL INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES					PENDING TRIAL
			CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	IN WHICH TRIAL WERE COMPLETED				
				COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL [(6)+(7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	ARMS ACT	121	0	0	1	8	9	112
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	2289	0	0	59	272	331	1958
3.	GAMBLING ACT	1323	0	4	50	36	90	1233
4.	EXCISE ACT	14660	0	113	903	818	1834	12826
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	16	0	0	1	4	5	11
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	21	0	0	0	1	1	20
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	27	0	0	1	0	1	26
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	16	0	0	0	0	0	16
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	197	0	0	1	18	19	178
13.	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14.	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
15.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	11	0	0	0	0	0	11
16.	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	12	0	0	0	4	4	8
17.	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.	COPY RIGHT ACT	189	0	0	0	15	15	174
19.	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	246	0	10	5	22	37	209
21.	FOREST ACT	2313	0	1	15	187	203	2110
22.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	1066	1	13	24	65	102	964
	TOTAL	22510	1	141	1060	1450	2651	19859

MAP-3.4
CONVICTED CASES (SLL) DURING 2014

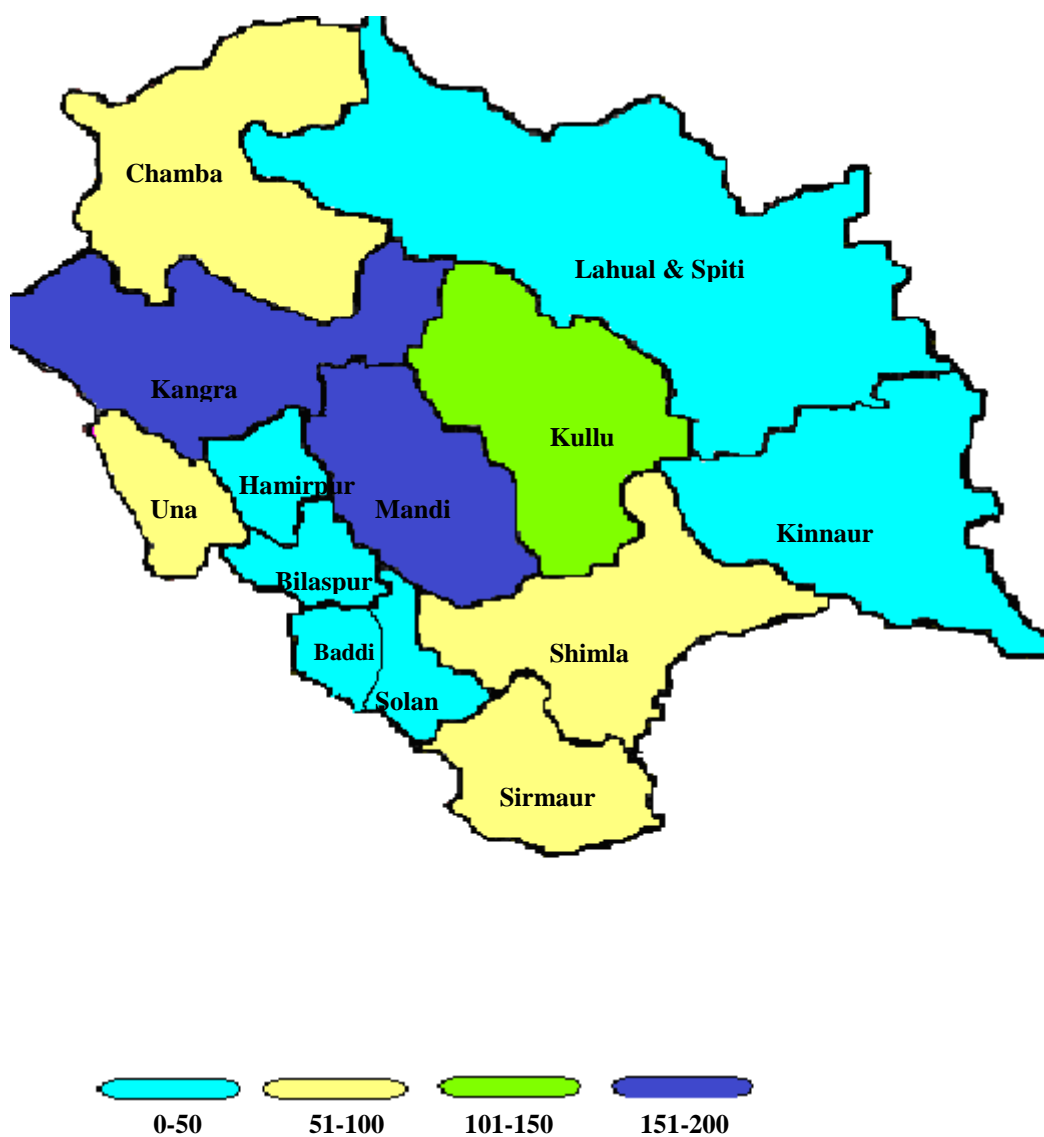


TABLE-3.11
DISPOSAL OF CRIME SLL CASES
BY COURT DURING 2014
(DISTRICT-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR TRIAL INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES					PENDING TRIAL
			CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	IN WHICH TRIAL WERE COMPLETED				
				COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL [(6)+ (7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	BADDI	425	0	49	1	21	71	354
2.	BILASPUR	1360	0	3	25	97	125	1235
3.	CHAMBA	840	0	5	90	55	150	690
4.	HAMIRPUR	589	0	56	1	45	102	487
5.	KANGRA	9689	0	1	286	317	604	9085
6.	KINNAUR	285	0	10	3	9	22	263
7.	KULLU	2629	0	2	145	162	309	2320
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	54	0	0	38	0	38	16
9.	MANDI	1890	1	1	221	245	467	1423
10.	SHIMLA	1823	0	0	88	128	216	1607
11.	SIRMAUR	1103	0	0	57	179	236	867
12.	SOLAN	567	0	0	37	62	99	468
13.	UNA	1133	0	3	62	122	187	946
14.	GRP	2	0	0	1	0	1	1
15.	CID	121	0	11	5	8	24	97
	TOTAL	22510	1	141	1060	1450	2651	19859

TABLE-3.11 (CONTD.)

S. NO	DISTRICT	PENDENCY PERCENTAGE (9/3*100)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF PENDENCY TO STATE LEVEL	CHARGE SHEETING RATE [(7)/(8)*100]
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	BADDI	83.3	1.8	29.6
2	BILASPUR	90.8	6.2	77.6
3	CHAMBA	82.1	3.5	36.7
4	HAMIRPUR	82.7	2.5	44.1
5	KANGRA	93.8	45.7	52.5
6	KINNAUR	92.3	1.3	40.9
7	KULLU	88.2	11.7	52.4
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	29.6	0.1	0.0
9	MANDI	75.3	7.2	52.5
10	SHIMLA	88.2	8.1	59.3
11	SIRMAUR	78.6	4.4	75.8
12	SOLAN	82.5	2.4	62.6
13	UNA	83.5	4.8	65.2
14	GRP	50.0	0.0	0.0
15	CID	80.2	0.5	33.3
	TOTAL	88.2	100.0	54.7

TABLE-3.12
PERCENTAGE OF SLL CRIMES
DISPOSAL BY COURTS DURING 2014
(HEAD WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS		PERCENTAGE OF CASES TO TOTAL CASES FOR TRIAL				PENDING TRIAL	CONVICTION RATE [[5/7*100]]
		CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	IN WHICH TRIAL WERE COMPLETED					
			COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	ONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL (4)+(5)+(6)]		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	ARMS ACT	0.0	0.0	0.8	6.6	7.4	92.6	11.1
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	0.0	0.0	2.6	11.9	14.5	85.5	17.8
3.	GAMBLING ACT	0.0	0.3	3.8	2.7	6.8	93.2	55.6
4.	EXCISE ACT	0.0	0.8	6.2	5.6	12.5	87.5	49.2
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	0.0	0.0	6.3	25.0	31.3	68.8	20.0
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.8	4.8	95.2	0.0
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	0.0	0.0	3.7	0.0	3.7	96.3	100.0
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	0.0	0.0	0.5	9.1	9.6	90.4	5.3
13.	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
14.	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
15.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
16.	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	33.3	66.7	0.0
17.	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
18.	COPY RIGHT ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.9	7.9	92.1	0.0
19.	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
20.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	0.0	4.1	2.0	8.9	15.0	85.0	13.5
21.	FOREST ACT	0.0	0.0	0.6	8.1	8.8	91.2	7.4
22.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	0.1	1.2	2.3	6.1	9.6	90.4	23.5
	TOTAL	0.0	0.6	4.7	6.4	11.8	88.2	40.0

CHAPTER-4

CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN

4.1 General:

Crime which are directed specifically against women are characterized as Crime against Women. They may be broadly classified under following two categories :-

1. Crimes against Women Identified under the Indian Penal Code (IPC)

- (i) Murder Sec 302,303 IPC)
- (ii) Culpable Homicide (Sec 304 IPC)
- (iii) Rape (Sec. 376 IPC)
- (iv) Dowry Deaths (Sec304B IPC)
- (v) Kidnapping & Abduction (Sec. 363,366, IPC)
- (vi) Assault on Women with intend to outrage her modesty Sec.354 IPC)
- (vii) Abetment to Commit Suicide (Sec.306 IPC)
- (viii) Cruelty to Women (Sec. 498A IPC
- (ix) Insult to the modesty of Women (Sec.509 IPC)
- (x) Chain Snatching

2. Crimes against Women Identified under the Special and Local Laws(SLL)

Although all laws are not gender specific, the provision of law affecting women significantly have been reviewed periodically and amendments carried out to keep pace with the emerging requirements. Some Acts which have special provisions to safeguard women and their interests are

- (i) Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act
- (ii) Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961
- (iii) The Child Marriage Restrain Act.
- (iv) Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act

(v) Satti Prevention Act.

The Crimes against Women are being closely monitored in the State. Several measures have been undertaken to tackle this social menace. On one hand, special attention is being paid towards prevention of crimes against women by increased police vigil and by harnessing the resources of the community.

Crime against women has minor increased during the year 2014 in comparison to the previous year. This is due to the fact that in past the women usually hesitated to report the unfortunate incidents, which took place with them and also due to change of law. But now on account of increased awareness and change in social values, ethos, social reassurances being provided by the society, free registration of cases and Suvidha Yojna started by the HP, Police Department, Women are more often coming forward to report the offences taking place against them.

HP Police Department has initiated many steps in the recent years to ensure better Police response to the malaise. Two Police Stations have been opened at Shimla and Dharamshala to monitor quick disposal of cases of crime against women. A Women Crime Unit has also been constituted at State CID Hdqrs. 2 AHTU's have also been established in Shimla & Kangra in first phase. No particular area is prone to the incidence of such crime in this state. No special organized gang is operative in the state to commit crime against women. In a nutshell, a complete sense of security is prevailing among women folk and they are performing their daily chores without any fear.

4.2 Incidence of Crime Against Women:

Head wise incidence of reported Crimes Against Women during 2013 and 2014 along with percentage variation are given below has been calculated and presented in Table 4.1.

The cases of assault on Women with intend to outrage her modesty and Cruelty to Women together constitute the largest chunk of crime against women (52.5 %). There were substantial number of instances (17.2%) of rape and (13.8 %) Kidnapping and abduction of women and girls.

The district wise incidence and rate of crimes against women during 2014 is presented in Table 4.2 and Chart 4.3 and Chart 4.4 .

CHART 4.1
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF CRIME AGAINST WOMEN DURING 2014

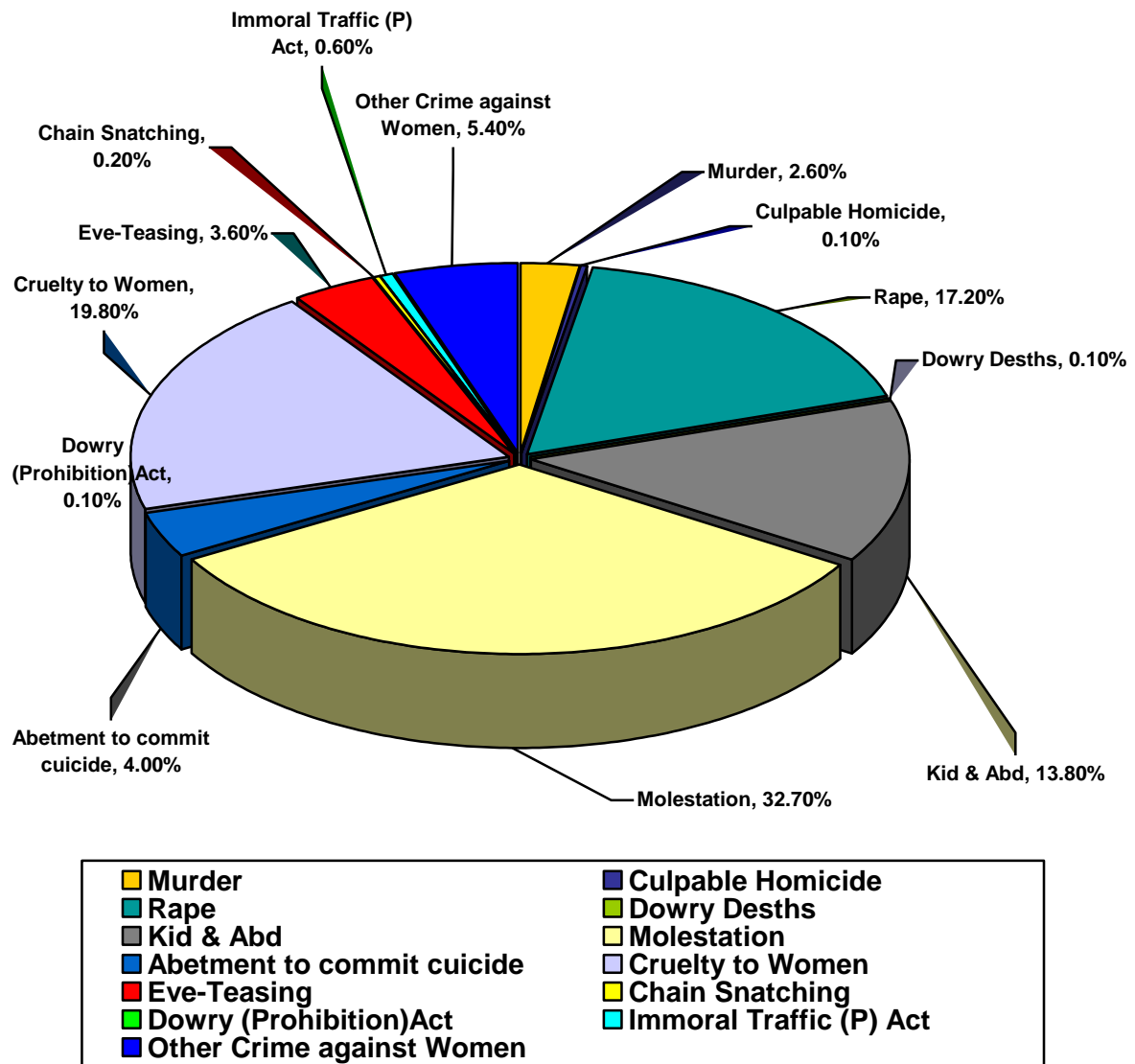
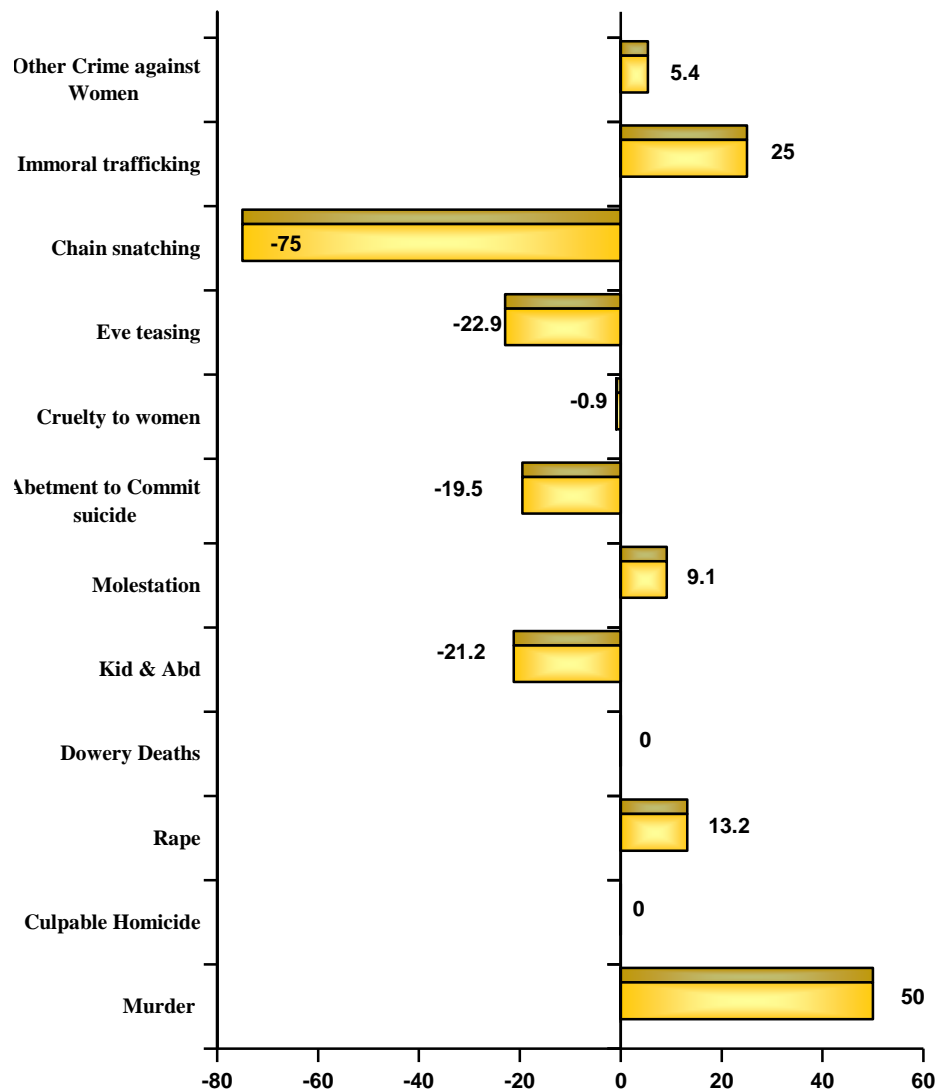


CHART 4.2

VARIATION OF CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN DURING 2014 OVER 2013

DECREASE

INCREASE



VARIATION

CHART 4.3
DISTRICT WISE REGISTRATION AND RATE OF CRIME DURING 2014

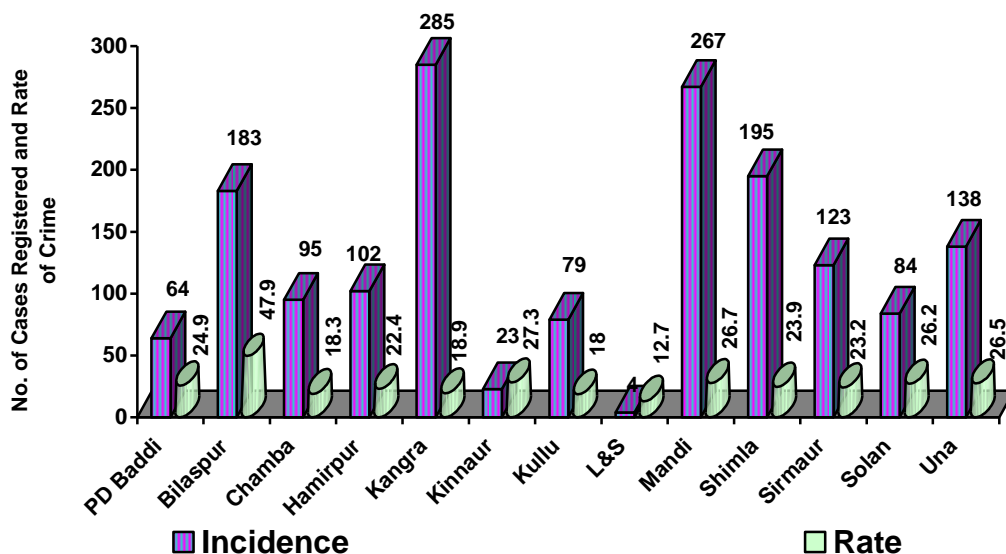
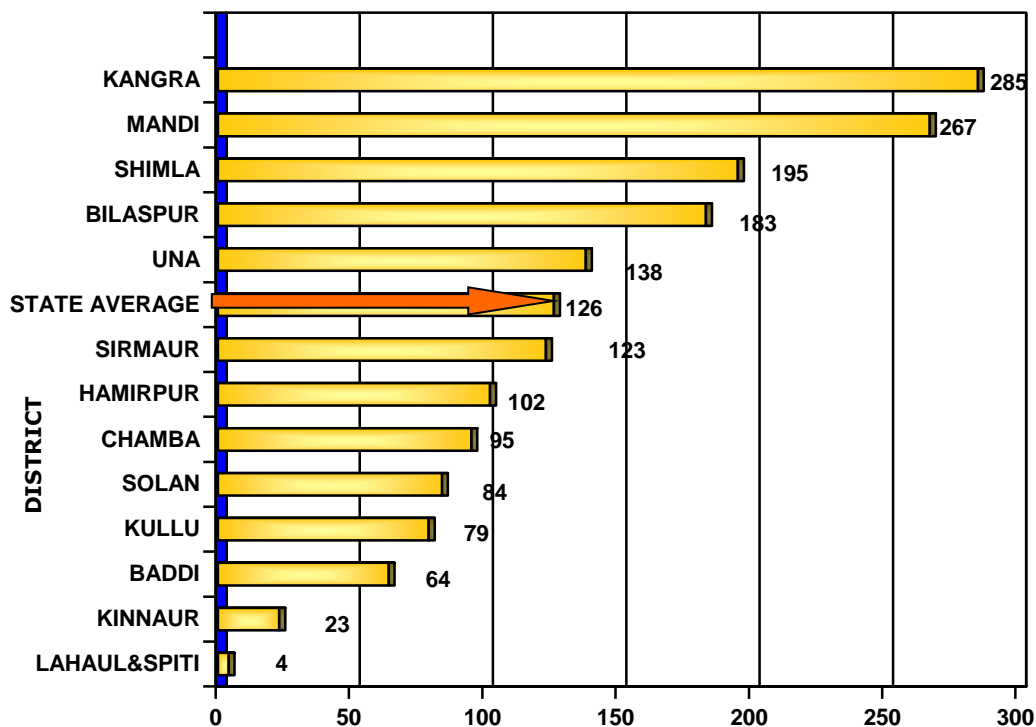


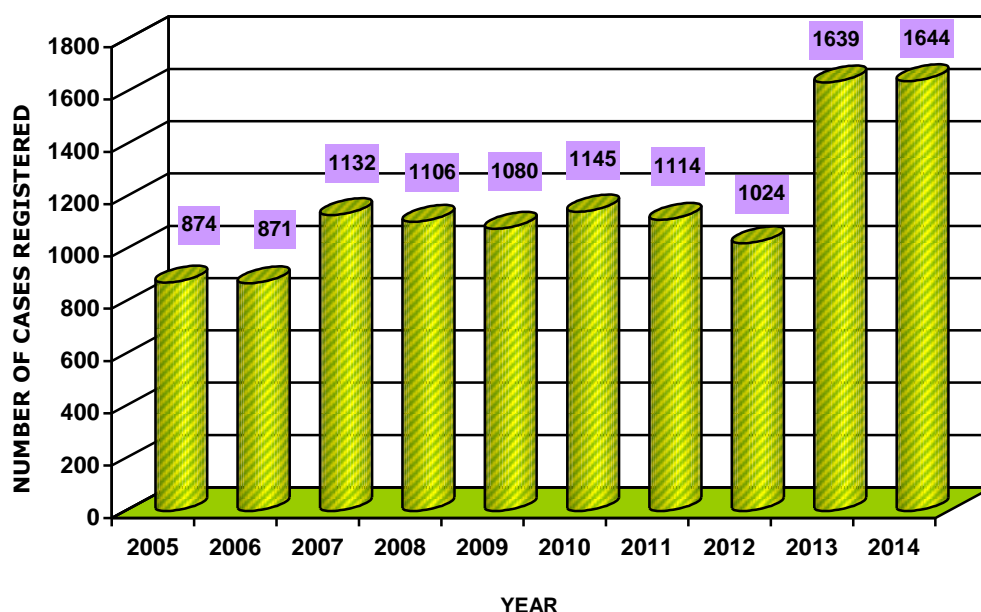
CHART 4.4
DISTRICT WISE CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN WITH STATE AVERAGE DURING 2014



The head wise and district wise incidence, their rate and percentage has been calculated and presented in Table 4.3.

The total figures of crime against women for the last 10 years (2005-2014) are presented in Table 4.4 and Chart 4.5.

CHART 4.5
YEAR WISE CRIME AGAINST WOMEN
DURING 2005-2014



From the analysis of Crime Against Women reported in districts, it is seen that cases of Assault on Women with intend to outrage her modesty (sec.354), Cruelty to Women, Rape, Kidnapping & Abduction , Abetment to Commit Suicide and abetment to suicide are found reported more in the State during the year 2014. The district remained most prevalent in these incidents is Kangra, Mandi, , Shimla, Bilaspur, Una ,Sirmaur and Hamirpur. The cases of murder remained highest in the District Kangra, Mandi, Shimla and Una.

The district which indicate the lowest incidence of crime against women are Lahaul-Spiti (4) Kinnaur (23), Baddi (64) Kullu (79), Solan (84) & Chamba(95).

4.3 Head wise incidence of Crime Against Women:

The brief explanation of head wise status of crime against women during the years 2014 is given as under:

(i) Murder: (Increase 50%)

Incidence of Murder cases (42) registered during the year 2014 showed an increase of 50 % over the previous year. Kangra (11 cases) district reported the highest incidence of Murder under this head followed by Mandi (6), Shimla(5), Una (4), Baddi, Hamirpur (3 each) , Bilaspur, Kullu, Sirmaur & Solan(2 each), Chamba & Lahaul-Spiti (1each). No incidence under this head was reported in Kinnaur district.

Reasons:-

1. Property disputes amongst family and relationship to capture the property of women.
2. Land disputes, Enmity with the villagers or other family members.
3. Domestic violence, Torture by In-laws due to various reasons.
4. Illicit love affairs especially in hotels etc to destroy/elope the evidences after rape.
5. Sudden provocation during scuffle.

(ii) Culpable Homicide:

Under this head only 2 incidence was reported in Kangra & Shimla districts (1 each) in the year 2014. No incidence under this head was reported in rest of the districts.

(iii). Rape : (Increase 13.2%)

Total 283 cases of Rape were reported which has shown an increase of 13.2% during 2014 over previous year 2013 (250 cases). The highest incidence of rape was reported in Mandi (47) followed by Kangra (43), Shimla (39), Sirmaur (28), Chamba & Una (23 each), Solan, Kullu (16 each), Bilaspur (15), Hamirpur (13), Kinnaur (10), Baddi (9) and CID (1). No incidence under this head was reported in Lahaul-Spiti district.

Reasons:-

1. Illicit love affairs, intimacy and friendship between both parties and later on matter disclosed.
2. Alluring for marriage and later on due to refusal of parents the matter of marriage do not reach to the compromise resulting in registration of cases.
3. Due to enmity fake registration of rape cases.
4. Rape cases firstly with the consent and later on when caught and seen by husband or any relative the case is registered.
5. Cases of minor girls rape cases are committed forcibly without consent of the girl.
6. In some cases of adult woman sexual intercourse with consent and friendship but case is reported when the matter comes in to the open.
7. Rape in relationship

(iv). Dowry Deaths:

Under this head one incidence was reported in Una district. No incidence under this head was reported in rest of the districts.

(v). Kidnapping & Abduction: (decrease 21%)

During the year 2014, 227 incidence of Kidnapping & Abduction were registered which showed a decrease of 21% over the previous year. Bilaspur district reported the highest incidence (43 cases) under this crime head followed by Mandi (33 cases), Shimla (32), Kangra (26), Chamba (19) Solan (18), Sirmaur (15), Hamirpur (13), Baddi,Una (10 each), Kullu (4) Kinnaur (3) & Lahaul-Spiti (1).

Reasons:-

1. Maximum cases are registered due to the reasons that during the young age boys and girls are indulged in love affairs and than the girl is subjected to kidnapping and abduction by the boys to alluring for marriage. Later on due to refusal of parents the matter is not settled, resulting the case is registered.
2. In the first instance the girls and boys are innocent about the consequences of the act of omission due to feeling of enjoyment provocation. Later on the matter of marriage is not settled, hence cases are registered.
3. In some cases boys and girls are fled away because their parents do not give their consent to marry.
4. In some cases kidnapping abduction is forcibly without consent of a girl where the girl is minor for the purpose of marriage or sexual intercourse.

(vi) Assault on women with intend to outrage her modesty (Sec.354) (Increase 9.1%)

538 Cases of Assault on women with intend to outrage her modesty were registered during the year 2014 showed an increase of 9.1% over the previous year. Mandi district recorded the highest (101 cases) followed by Kangra (79), Bilaspur (72), Shimla (64), Sirmaur (46), Kullu (35), Hamirpur (32), Una, Solan (31each), Chamba

(27), Baddi (15) Kinnaur (5). No incidence under this head was reported in Lahaul & Spiti district.

Reasons:

1. To outrage the modesty of women and girls.
2. Due to increasing trend of obscene films and literature in the market.
3. Due to obscene publication and presentation of material by print media.
4. Due to increasing educational activities, educational institutions and obscene activities by the anti- social elements near educational institutions and residential areas.

(vii) Abetment to Commit Suicide:(Decrease 19.5%)

The decreasing trend is seen under this head with 19.5% over the previous year. The highest number of cases were registered in Kangra (25) followed by Mandi (14), Baddi , Bilaspur, Shimla, Sirmaur & Una (5 each) and Solan (2). No incidence was reported under this head in rest the districts.

(viii) Cruelty to Women : (Decrease 0.9%)

325 cases of Cruelty to Women was registered during the year 2014, showed decrease of 0.9% over the previous year. The analysis revealed that highest number of cases (62) were registered in Una district followed by Mandi (50), Kangra (46), Hamirpur & Shimla (27 each), Bilaspur (25) , Sirmaur (24), Kullu (21), Baddi (19), Solan (12), Chamba (9). The lowest incidence was seen in Kinnaur (3) district. No incidence was reported under this head in district Lahaul & Spiti.

Reasons:

1. Torture of married women for the purpose of dowry, her ill health etc.
2. Harassment and torture of women by her in laws i.e. husband, mother in law, father in law etc.

3. Harassment of women in family that she is not capable to do the house hold and agriculture activities.
4. Harassment/torture of women by husband due to the illicit relationship of the husband with other woman in the family or relationship.
5. Torture/harassment of women by husband or other male member of the family under the influence of liquor.
6. Love marriage without the consent of the other family members i.e. father in law and mother in law of the victims.

(ix) **Insult to the modesty of Women (Sec.509 IPC) : (decrease: 42.9%)**

The decreasing trend is seen under this head by 42.9% over the previous year. The highest number of cases were registered in Kangra, Mandi, (15 each) districts followed by Hamirpur (14), Shimla (10). The lowest incidence was seen in Sirmaur (2), Baddi, Chamba, Una & Kinnaur (1 each). No case was reported under this head in rest of the districts.

(x) Chain Snatching: (Decrease : 75 %)

4 cases under this head were reported during the year as compared to the 16 cases registered during the previous year which showed 75% decrease. Only 1 each incidence under this head was reported in Kangra, Kullu, Shimla & Una. No case of chain snatching was reported in rest of the districts of the State during the year.

(xi) Dowry Prohibition Act:

2 cases in Shimla district under this head were reported during the year. No case under this head was reported in rest of the districts of the State during the year.

(xii) Immoral Trafficking:

5 Cases (Baddi, Kangra, Mandi, Sirmaur & CID 1 each) were registered under this head during the year 2014 as compare to 4 cases of previous year. No case under this head was reported in rest of the districts of the State during the year.

In view of the above, it is pertinent to mention here that the trends of offences pertaining to Crime against Women, do take place some times at various places in this state. Hence no particular districts/ area is prone for committing such offences. Also no specific gang is active / involved committing such offences.

TABLE 4.1

INCIDENCE OF CRIME AGAINST WOMEN DURING 2013-14

Sr. NO.	CRIME HEAD	2013	2014	Variation in 2014 over 2013	% share in 2014
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	Murder	28	42	50	2.6
2.	Culpable Homicide	0	2	0	0.1
3.	Rape	250	283	13.2	17.2
4.	Dowry Deaths	0	1	0	0.1
5.	Kid & Abd.	288	227	-21.2	13.8
6.	Assault on Women with intend to outrage her modesty (sec.354)	493	538	9.1	32.7
7.	Abetment to commit Suicide	82	66	-19.5	4.0
8.	Cruelty to Women	328	325	-0.9	19.8
9.	Insult to the Modesty of Women (sec. 509 IPC)	105	60	-42.9	3.6
10.	Chain Snatching	16	4	-75.0	0.2
11.	Dowry (Prohibition)Act	2	2	0.0	0.1
12.	Immoral Traffic (P) Act	4	5	25.0	0.3
13.	Other Crime against Women	43	89	107.0	5.4
	TOTAL	1639	1644	0.3	100.0

TABLE- 4.2
INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST WOMEN
(DISTRICTWISE) DURING 2014

S. NO .	DISTRICT/ UNIT	INCIDENCE	% OF CONTRIBUTION TO STATE LEVEL TOTAL	POPULATION (LAKHS)	RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZ-ABLE CRIMES	RANK
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1.	BADDI	64	3.9	2.56	24.98	6
2.	BILASPUR	183	11.1	3.83	47.90	1
3.	CHAMBA	95	5.8	5.19	18.31	11
4.	HAMIRPUR	102	6.2	4.55	22.45	8
5.	KANGRA	285	17.3	15.07	18.91	12
6.	KINNAUR	23	1.4	0.84	27.28	2
7.	KULLU	79	4.8	4.37	18.06	10
8.	L & SPITI	4	0.2	0.32	12.69	13
9.	MANDI	267	16.2	9.99	26.71	3
10.	SHIMLA	195	11.9	8.13	23.97	9
11.	SIRMAUR	123	7.5	5.30	23.20	7
12.	SOLAN	84	5.1	3.20	26.21	5
13.	UNA	138	8.4	5.21	26.48	4
14.	GRP	0	0.0	0	0.00	
15.	CID	2	0.1	0	0.00	
	TOTAL	1644	100.0	68.56	23.98	

MAP-4.1
INCIDENCE OF CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN DURING-2014



TABLE- 4.3
INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST
WOMEN (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2014

Sr. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPUL- ATION	MURDER			CULPABLE HOMICIDE			RAPE		
			I	R	P	I	R	P	I	R	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1.	PD BADDI	256220	3	1.2	7.1	0	0.0	0.0	9	3.5	3.2
2.	BILASPUR	382056	2	0.5	4.8	0	0.0	0.0	15	3.9	5.3
3.	CHAMBA	518844	1	0.2	2.4	0	0.0	0.0	23	4.4	8.1
4.	HAMIRPUR	454293	3	0.7	7.1	0	0.0	0.0	13	2.9	4.6
5.	KANGRA	1507223	11	0.7	26.2	1	0.1	50.0	43	2.9	15.2
6.	KINNAUR	84298	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	10	11.9	3.5
7.	KULLU	437474	2	0.5	4.8	0	0.0	0.0	16	3.7	5.7
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	1	3.2	2.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
9.	MANDI	999518	6	0.6	14.3	0	0.0	0.0	47	4.7	16.6
10.	SHIMLA	813384	5	0.6	11.9	1	0.1	50.0	39	4.8	13.8
11.	SIRMAUR	530164	2	0.4	4.8	0	0.0	0.0	28	5.3	9.9
12.	SOLAN	320450	2	0.6	4.8	0	0.0	0.0	16	5.0	5.7
13.	UNA	521057	4	0.8	9.5	0	0.0	0.0	23	4.4	8.1
14.	GRP	0	0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
15.	CID	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.0	0.4
	TOTAL	6856509	42	0.6	100.0	2	0.02	100.0	283	4.1	100.0

TABLE- 4.3 (CONTD.)

**INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST
WOMEN (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2014**

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPUL- ATION	KIDNAPPING & ABDUCTION			ASSAULT ON WOMEN WITH INTEND TO OUTRAGE HER MODESTY (SEC.354)			ABETMENT TO COMMIT SUICIDE		
			I	R	P	I	R	P	I	R	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
1.	PD BADDI	256220	10	3.9	4.4	15	5.9	2.8	5	2.0	7.6
2.	BILASPUR	382056	43	11.3	18.9	72	18.8	13.4	5	1.3	7.6
3.	CHAMBA	518844	19	3.7	8.4	27	5.2	5.0	0	0.0	0.0
4.	HAMIRPUR	454293	13	2.9	5.7	32	7.0	5.9	0	0.0	0.0
5.	KANGRA	1507223	26	1.7	11.5	79	5.2	14.7	25	1.7	37.9
6.	KINNAUR	84298	3	3.6	1.3	5	5.9	0.9	0	0.0	0.0
7.	KULLU	437474	4	0.9	1.8	35	8.0	6.5	0	0.0	0.0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	1	3.2	0.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
9.	MANDI	999518	33	3.3	14.5	101	10.1	18.8	14	1.4	21.2
10.	SHIMLA	813384	32	3.9	14.1	64	7.9	11.9	5	0.6	7.6
11.	SIRMAUR	530164	15	2.8	6.6	46	8.7	8.6	5	0.9	7.6
12.	SOLAN	320450	18	5.6	7.9	31	9.7	5.8	2	0.6	3.0
13.	UNA	521057	10	1.9	4.4	31	5.9	5.8	5	1.0	7.6
14.	GRP	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
15.	CID	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	TOTAL	6856509	227	3.3	100.0	538	7.8	100.0	66	1.0	100.0

TABLE- 4.3 (CONTD.)

**INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST
WOMEN (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2014**

Sr. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPUL- ATION	CRUELTY TO WOMEN			INSULT TO THE MODESTY OF WOMEN (SEC. 509 IPC)			CHAIN SNATCHING		
			I	R	P	I	R	P	I	R	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)
1.	PD BADDI	256220	19	7.4	5.8	1	0.4	1.7	0	0.00	0
2.	BILASPUR	382056	25	6.5	7.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.00	0
3.	CHAMBA	518844	9	1.7	2.8	1	0.2	1.7	0	0.00	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	454293	27	5.9	8.3	14	3.1	23.3	0	0.00	0
5.	KANGRA	1507223	46	3.1	14.2	15	1.0	25.0	1	0.07	25
6.	KINNAUR	84298	3	3.6	0.9	1	1.2	1.7	0	0.00	0
7.	KULLU	437474	21	4.8	6.5	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.23	25
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.00	0
9.	MANDI	999518	50	5.0	15.4	15	1.5	25.0	0	0.00	0
10.	SHIMLA	813384	27	3.3	8.3	10	1.2	16.7	1	0.12	25
11.	SIRMAUR	530164	24	4.5	7.4	2	0.4	3.3	0	0.00	0
12.	SOLAN	320450	12	3.7	3.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.00	0
13.	UNA	521057	62	11.9	19.1	1	0.2	1.7	1	0.19	25
14.	GRP	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.00	0
15.	CID	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.00	0
	TOTAL	6856509	325	4.7	100.0	60	0.9	100.0	4	0.06	100

TABLE- 4.3 (CONTD.)

INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST WOMEN (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2014

Sr. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION	DOWRY (PROHIBITION) ACT			IMMORAL TRAFIC (P) ACT			OTHER CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN		
			I	R	P	I	R	P	I	R	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)
1.	PD BADDI	256220	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.4	20.0	1	0.4	1.1
2.	BILASPUR	382056	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	21	5.5	23.6
3.	CHAMBA	518844	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	15	2.9	16.9
4.	HAMIRPUR	454293	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
5.	KANGRA	1507223	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.1	20.0	37	2.5	41.6
6.	KINNAUR	84298	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1	1.2	1.1
7.	KULLU	437474	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	31528	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	2	6.3	2.2
9.	MANDI	999518	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.1	20.0	0	0.0	0.0
10.	SHIMLA	813384	2	0.2	100.0	0	0.0	0.0	6	0.7	6.7
11.	SIRMAUR	530164	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.2	20.0	0	0.0	0.0
12.	SOLAN	320450	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	3	0.9	3.4
13.	UNA	521057	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.2	1.1
14.	GRP	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
15.	CID	0	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.0	20.0	0	0.0	0.0
	TOTAL	6856509	2	0.02	100.0	5	0.1	100.0	89	1.3	100.0

TABLE 4.4
HEADWISE INCIDENCE OF CRIME AGAINST WOMEN
FOR THE LAST 10 YEARS (2005-2014)

Sr. NO.	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Murder	24	23	30	36	37	27	34	30	28	42
2	Culpable Homicide	1	1	2	1	1	2	0	0	0	2
3	Rape	141	113	159	157	183	160	168	183	250	283
4	Dowry Death	2	3	7	3	1	2	4	2	0	1
5	Kid/Abd.	101	108	153	137	123	163	191	152	288	227
6	ASSAULT ON WOMEN (SEC.354)	283	274	324	295	320	348	331	248	493	538
7	Abetment to commit Suicide	61	58	69	83	82	86	79	84	82	66
8	Cruelty to Women	228	256	343	343	284	275	239	251	328	325
9	Insult to the modesty of women (sec. 509 IPC)	27	31	40	44	37	73	59	63	105	60
10	Chain Snatching	1	2	1	4	7	8	7	5	16	4
11	Dowry Prohibition Act	1	2	4	2	4	0	0	0	2	2
12	Immoral Traffic (P) Act	4	-	-	1	1	1	2	6	4	5
13	Other Crime against Women	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	43	89
	TOTAL	874	871	1132	1106	1080	1145	1114	1024	1639	1644

CHAPTER-5

CRIME AGAINST CHILDREN

5.1 General:

Includes violations under certain sections of Indian Penal Code. For the purpose of this chapter, the following categories of crimes involving child victims have been included under this head:-

- i). Murder
- ii). Infanticide
- iii). Rape
- iv). Kidnapping and abduction
- v). Foeticide
- vi). Abetment to Suicide
- vii). Exposure and abandonment
- viii). Procurement of minor girls (below 18)
- ix). Buying of minor girls for prostitution (below 18)
- x). Selling of minor girls for prostitution (below 18)
- x). Child Marriage Restraint
- xi). Other crimes committed against Children

5.2 Trends of Crime against Children:

Table 5.1 and Chart 5.1 depicts the percentage distribution of crimes against children during 2014.

Chart 5.2 depicts the district-wise distribution of crimes against children during 2005-2014.

CHART 5.1

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN DURING 2014

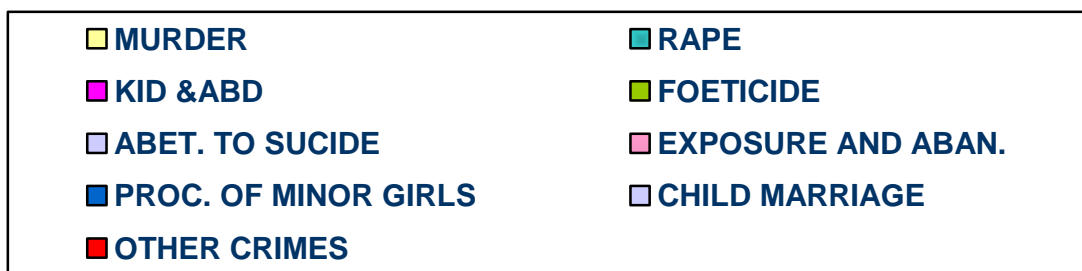
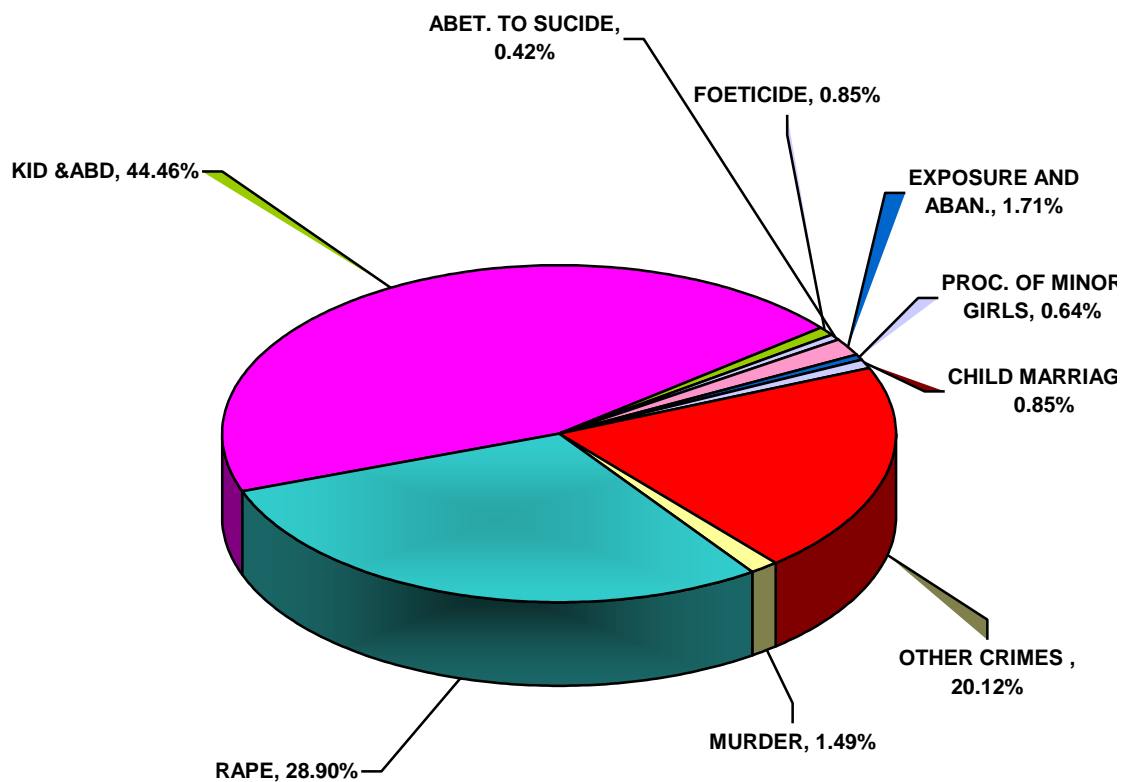
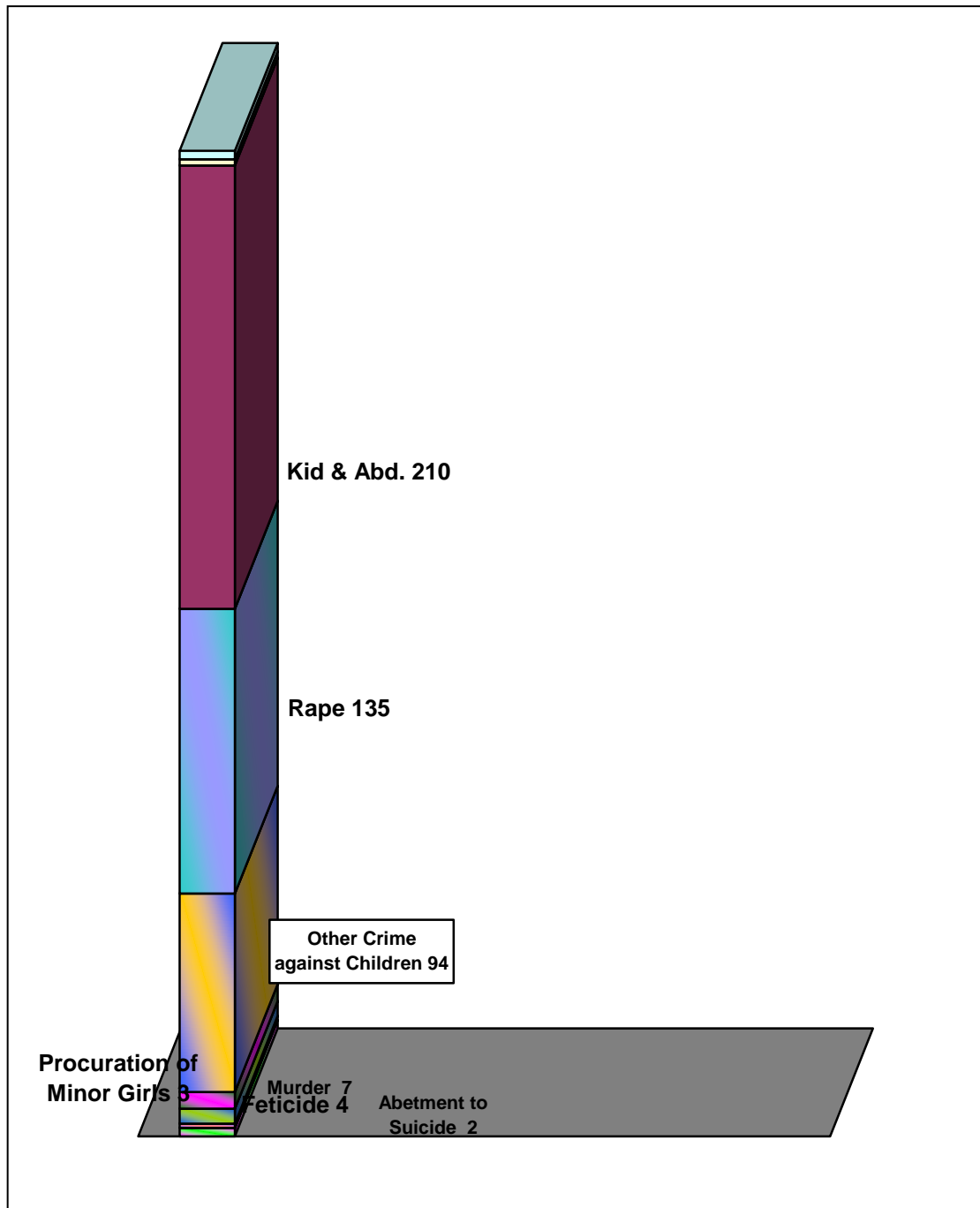


CHART 5.2

INCIDENCE OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN DURING 2014



Total No. of Incidence = 467

5.3 Incidence:

Table 5.1 shows the incidence and rate of Crime Against children, District wise including its rank.

Totally 467 cases were reported in the State under various sections of IPC. “Kidnapping & Abduction” constituted the largest category 210 cases (44.46%) were reported during the year. The maximum number of kidnapping & abduction was reported in Mandi district (33 cases), followed by Shimla (31), Kangra (24), Solan (19), Chamba, Kullu (18 each), Sirmaur (17), Baddi & Una (12 each), Bilaspur & Hamirpur (10 each), Kinnaur (5) & Lahaul-Spiti (1).

The second most prevalent crime against children was Rape which accounted for 135 cases (28.90%). The “Rape” cases were reported highest in Districts Kangra (26), followed by Mandi (22), Shimla (17 each), Una (16), Sirmaur (13 each), Chamba (10), Solan (7), Kullu (6), Baddi & Bilaspur (5 each), Kinnaur (4) Hamirpur (3), CID (1) No incidence reported in Lahaul-Spiti district.

Total 8 cases were reported in the State under head “Exposure and Abandonment” Shimla (4), Chamba, Mandi, Sirmaur, & Solan (1 each).

Total 7 cases were reported in the State under head “Murder” of Children, Shimla (2), Chamba, Kangra, Kullu, Lahaul-Spiti, & Solan (1 each).

Total 94 cases of “Other Crimes” against children were reported during the year. The highest incidence of other crimes were reported in Shimla district (24 cases) followed by Kangra & Mandi (15), Sirmaur (10), Bilaspur (7 each), Kullu & Solan (5 each), Chamba & Hamirpur (4 each), Baddi (3) & Una (2). No incidence under this head was reported in Kinnaur and Lahaul & Spiti districts.

During the year 2014, 4 cases (Mandi (2), Kangra & Una (1 each) of Child Marriage Restraint” were reported in the State during the year 2014.

3 incidence under “Procuration of Minor girls”, Buying of Girls for Prostitution” and “Selling of Girls for Prostitution” was reported in Solan district. No incidence reported in rest of the districts.

The incidence and percentage contribution of State regarding crimes against children head wise and district wise presented in Table.5.2.

TABLE-5.1

**INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST
CHILDREN ALONG WITH PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION
DURING 2014**

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	INCIDENT	RATE	PERCENT AGE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	Murder	7	0.10	1.49
2.	Rape	135	1.97	28.90
3.	Kid & Abd.	210	3.06	44.46
4.	Feticide	4	0.06	0.85
5.	Procuration of Minor Girls	3	0.04	0.64
6.	Abetment to Suicide	2	0.03	0.42
7.	Exposure and Abandonment	8	0.12	1.71
8.	Child marriage Restrain	4	0.06	0.85
9.	Other crime committed against Children	94	1.37	20.12
	Total	467	6.81	100.00

TABLE-5.2

INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN (DISTRICT WISE) DURING 2014

Sr No.	NAME OF DISTT.	INCIDE NCE	% CONTRIB- UTION TO STATE LEVEL	POPULA- TION IN LAKHS	RATE OF CRIME	RANK *	RANK **
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	Baddi	20	4.3	2.56	7.8	5	10
2.	Bilaspur	22	4.7	3.83	5.8	10	9
3.	Chamba	34	7.3	5.19	6.6	8	6
4.	Hamirpur	17	3.6	4.55	3.7	12	11
5.	Kangra	68	14.6	15.07	4.5	11	3
6.	Kinnaur	9	1.9	0.84	10.7	2	12
7.	Kullu	30	6.4	4.37	6.9	7	8
8.	L/Spiti	2	0.4	0.32	6.3	9	13
9.	Mandi	73	15.6	9.99	7.3	6	2
10.	Shimla	79	16.9	8.13	9.7	3	1
11.	Sirmaur	43	9.2	5.30	8.1	4	4
12.	Solan	36	7.7	3.20	11.2	1	5
13.	Una	33	7.1	5.21	6.3	9	7
14.	GRP	0	0.0	0	0.00		
15.	CID	1	0.2	0	0.00		14
	Total	467	100.0	68.56	6.8		

* RANK ON THE BASIS OF RATE OF INCIDENCE CRIMES (Col.No.6),

** RANK ON THE BASIS OF % SHARE (Col.No.4)

TABLE -5.3

**INCIDENCE (I) AND PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO
STATE (P) OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN
DURING 2014 (HEAD-WISE/DISTRICT-WISE)**

Sr. No.	Name of Distt.	Murder		Rape		Kid & Abd		Foeticide	
		I	P	I	P	I	P	I	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1.	Baddi	0	0.0	5	3.7	12	5.7	0	0.0
2.	Bilaspur	0	0.0	5	3.7	10	4.8	0	0.0
3.	Chamba	1	14.3	10	7.4	18	8.6	0	0.0
4.	Hamirpur	0	0.0	3	2.2	10	4.8	0	0.0
5.	Kangra	1	14.3	26	19.3	24	11.4	1	25.0
6.	Kinnaur	0	0.0	4	3.0	5	2.4	0	0.0
7.	Kullu	1	14.3	6	4.4	18	8.6	0	0.0
8.	L/Spiti	1	14.3	0	0.0	1	0.5	0	0.0
9.	Mandi	0	0.0	22	16.3	33	15.7	0	0.0
10.	Shimla	2	28.6	17	12.6	31	14.8	0	0.0
11.	Sirmaur	0	0.0	13	9.6	17	8.1	2	50.0
12.	Solan	1	14.3	7	5.2	19	9.0	0	0.0
13.	Una	0	0.0	16	11.9	12	5.7	1	25.0
14.	CID	0	0.0	1	0.7	0	0.0	0	0.0
	TOTAL	7	100.0	135	100.0	210	100.0	4	100.0

TABLE -5.3 CONTD.

INCIDENCE (I) AND PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO STATE (P) OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN DURING 2014 (HEAD-WISE/DISTRICT-WISE)

Sr. No.	Name of Distt.	Procuration of Minor Girls		Abetment to Suicide		Exposure and Abandonment	
		I	P	I	P	I	P
(1)	(2)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
1.	PD Baddi	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
2.	Bilaspur	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
3.	Chamba	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	12.5
4.	Hamirpur	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
5.	Kangra	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
6.	Kinnaur	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
7.	Kullu	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
8.	L/Spiti	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
9.	Mandi	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	12.5
10.	Shimla	0	0.0	1	50.0	4	50.0
11.	Sirmaur	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	12.5
12.	Solan	3	100.0	0	0.0	1	12.5
13.	Una	0	0.0	1	50.0	0	0.0
14.	CID	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	TOTAL	3	100.0	2	100.0	8	100.0

TABLE -5.3 CONTD..

INCIDENCE (I) AND PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO STATE (P) OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN DURING 2014(HEAD-WISE/DISTRICT-WISE)

Sr. No.	Name of Distt.	Child Marriage Restraint		Other Crimes Committed Against Children.	
		I	P	I	P
(1)	(2)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
1.	PD Baddi	0	0.0	3	3.2
2.	Bilaspur	0	0.0	7	7.4
3.	Chamba	0	0.0	4	4.3
4.	Hamirpur	0	0.0	4	4.3
5.	Kangra	1	25.0	15	16.0
6.	Kinnaur	0	0.0	0	0.0
7.	Kullu	0	0.0	5	5.3
8.	Lahaul/Spiti	0	0.0	0	0.0
9.	Mandi	2	50.0	15	16.0
10.	Shimla	0	0.0	24	25.5
11.	Sirmaur	0	0.0	10	10.6
12.	Solan	0	0.0	5	5.3
13.	Una	1	25.0	2	2.1
	TOTAL	4	100.0	94	100.0

CHAPTER-6

ARRESTS

6.1 ARRESTS:

Total 23447 persons (19355 under IPC & 4092 under Local & Special Laws) were arrested during the year 2014 in 17122 cases (14160 IPC + 2962 Local & Special Laws) which is an increase of 12 % when compared with the arrests of 20920 persons ((18095 under IPC & 2825 under Local & Special Laws) in 2013.

(i) PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CASES:

During the year 2014 as many as 19355 persons were arrested in 14160 cases registered under IPC as against 18095 persons in 2013. Chart 6.1 depicts persons arrested under IPC crimes during 2012-2014.

CHART-6.1

PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC DURING 2012-2014

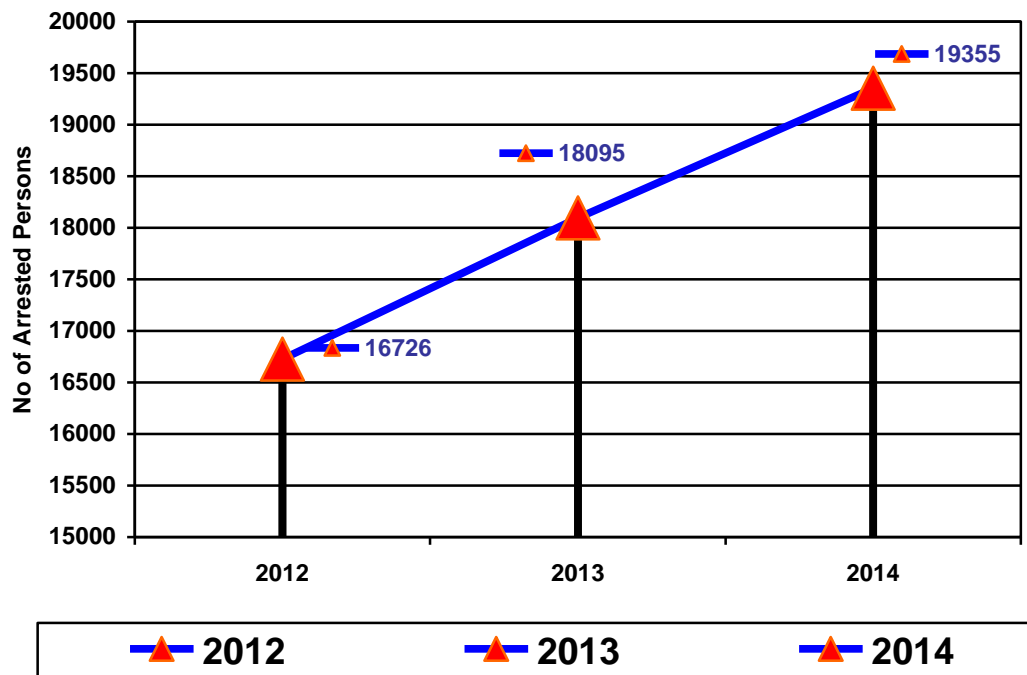


Table 6.1 gives details of arrests made under IPC crime during the last 3 years 2012-2014.

Table 6.2 gives Age-group wise and gender wise break up of persons arrested in districts.

Kangra district tops in arresting 3417 persons in 2698 cases during 2014 followed by Mandi by arresting 2802 persons in 1939 cases and district Shimla by arresting 2336 persons in 1957 cases.

In Una district 1083 cases were registered and arrested 1625 persons. Chamba district has registered 761 cases and arrested 1432 persons, Kullu district 1398 persons were arrested against the registration of 914 cases during the year 2014. The details of persons arrested under IPC crime head wise & gender wise are presented in Table 6.3.

Chart 6.2 depicts age group wise persons arrested under IPC crime during the years 2014 and Chart 6.3 depicts district wise persons arrested under IPC Crime cases during the year 2014 in descending order.

Persons arrested crime head wise /gender wise in districts are presented in Table 6.4. Table 6.5 shows the district wise persons arrested during the year 2012-2014 percentage variation thereon.

CHART- 6.2

AGE-GROUP WISE PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC
CRIMES DURING 2014.

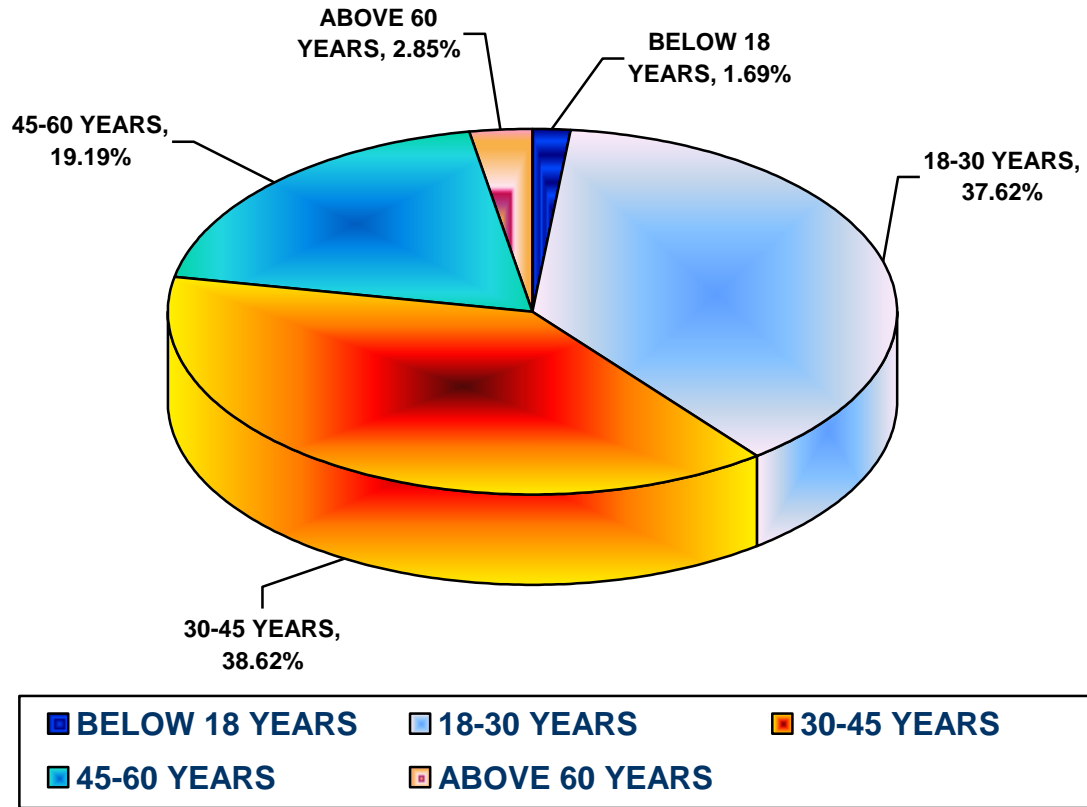
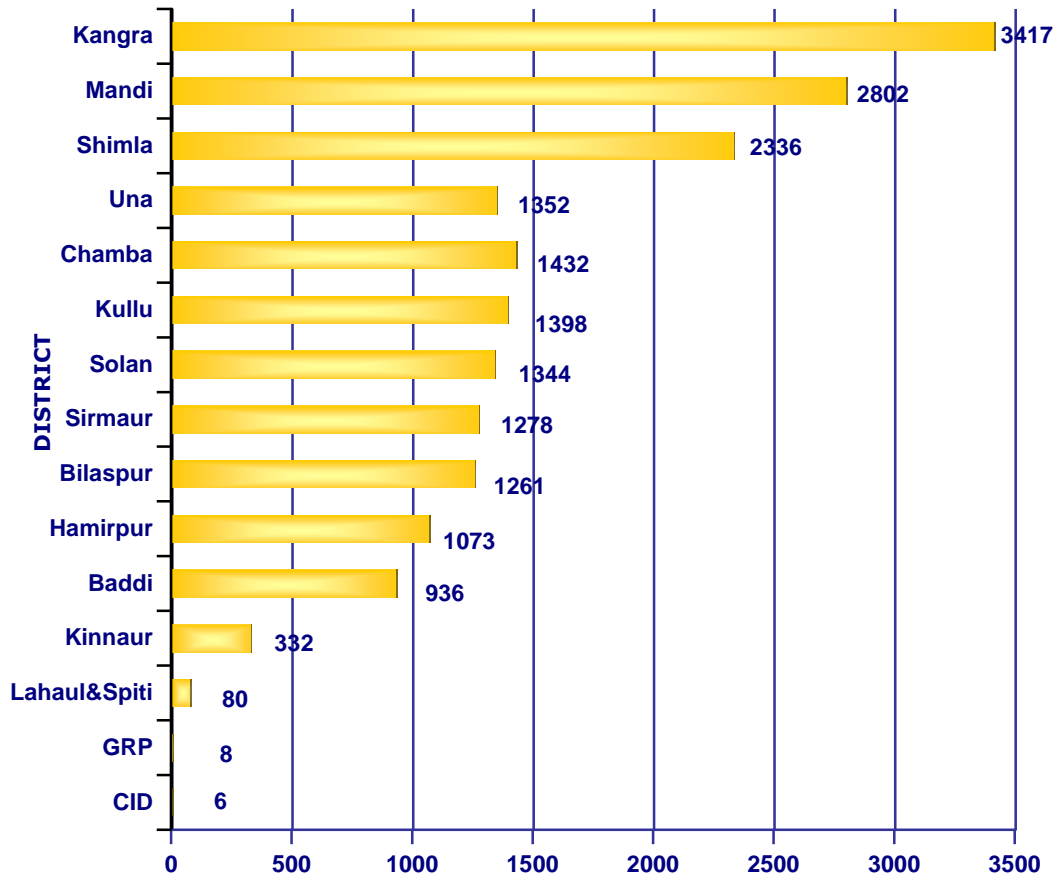


CHART- 6.3

DISTRICT WISE PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CRIMES DURING 2014



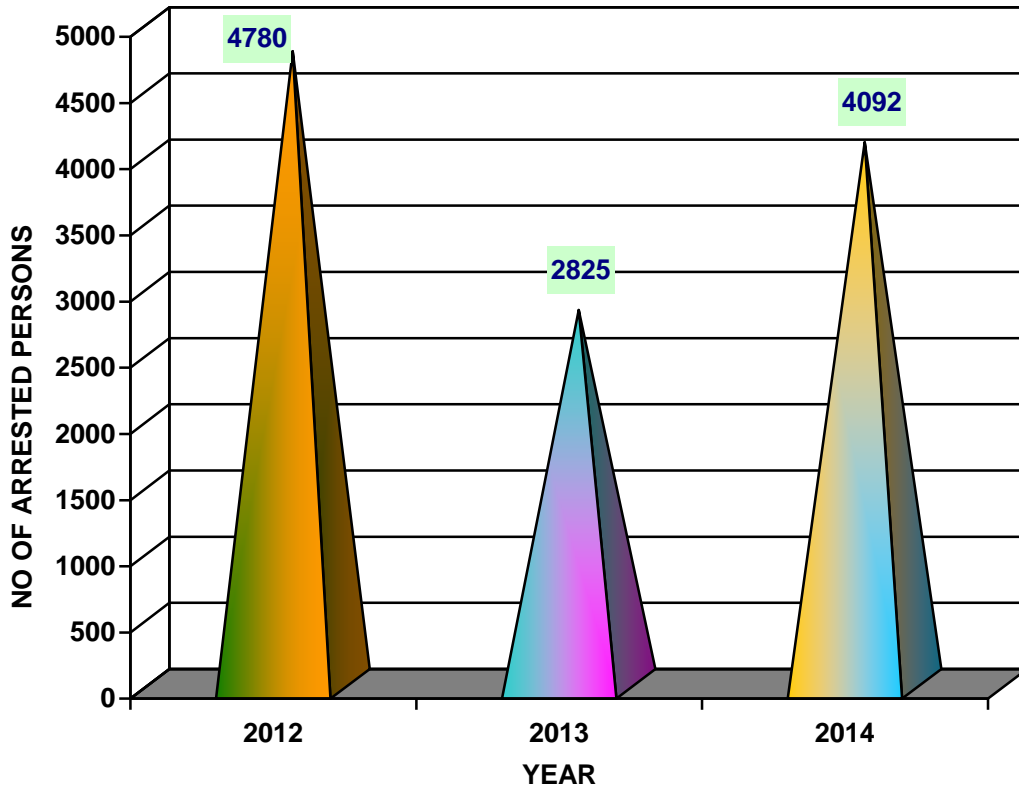
TOTAL NO. OF PERSONS ARRESTED: 19355

(ii) Persons Arrested Under SLL Cases:

4092 persons were arrested against 2962 SLL Crimes during 2014 as compared to 2528 persons during 2013 with an increase of 61.9%. Persons arrested during 2012-2014 crime head wise and percentage variations (SLL) during 2014 over 2013 are available in Table 6.6

Chart 6.4 depicts persons arrested under SLL Crime during 2012-2014.

CHART 6.4
PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER SLL CRIMES
DURING 2012-2014

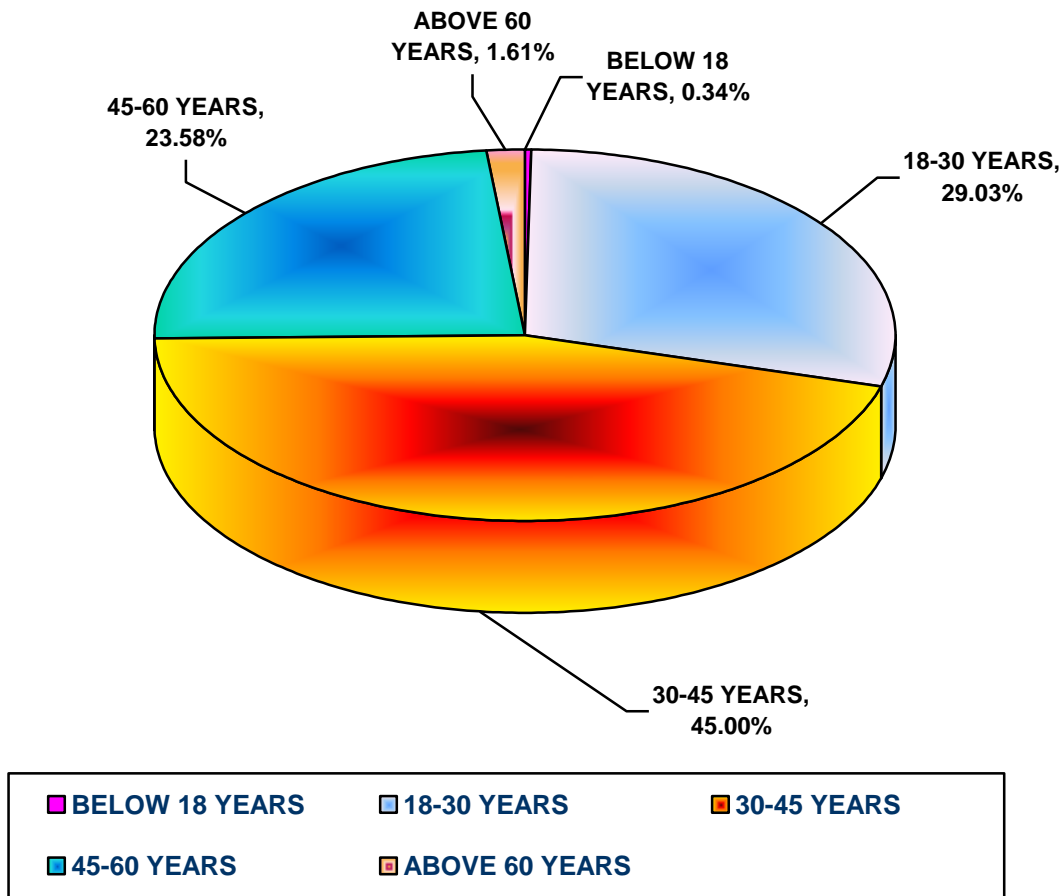


Age group wise / gender wise break up of persons arrested in various districts in HP during 2014 are available in Table 6.7. Crime head wise and gender wise breakup of persons arrested under SLL are presented in Table 6.8 and district wise / Act wise is in Table 6.9

Chart 6.5 depicts Age group wise persons arrested under SLL Crimes during 2014

CHART 6.5

AGE GROUP WISE PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER SLL CRIMES DURING 2014



The Mandi district has arrested the highest number (671) persons with 533 cases registered during the year 2014 followed by Kangra district by arresting (614) persons in (469) cases, Kullu district (566) persons with (326) cases and Shimla (425) with (242) cases registered.

Sirmaur District has registered (234) cases with (345) persons arrested. Chamba has registered 234 cases with (343) persons arrested. Una district has registered (262) cases with 295 persons arrested.

Chart 6.6 depicts district wise persons arrested under SLL during 2014.

CHART 6.6

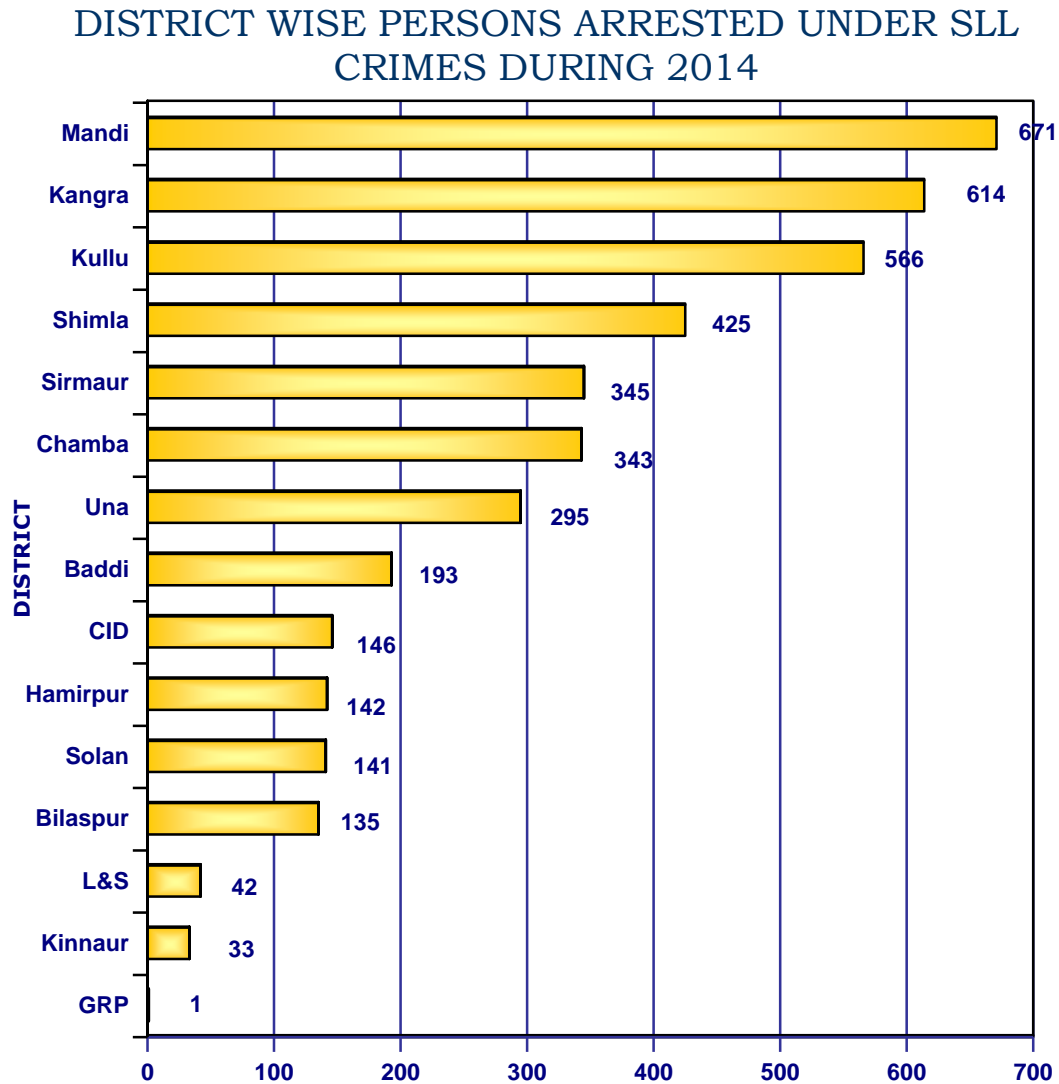


TABLE-6.1

**PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CRIMES FROM 2012
TO 2014 AND % OF VARIATION IN 2014 OVER 2013
(HEAD WISE)**

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	2012	2013	2014	% VARIATION IN 2014 OVER 2013
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	MURDER	206	148	203	37.2
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	109	159	126	-20.8
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	20	19	13	-31.6
4.	RAPE	259	299	329	10.0
5.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION (A+B)	141	138	113	-18.1
	(A) OF WOMEN AND GIRLS	131	131	82	-37.4
	(B) OF OTHERS	10	7	31	342.9
6.	DACOITY	1	59	12	-79.7
7.	ROBBERY	23	13	27	107.7
8.	BURGLARY	477	507	724	42.8
9.	THEFT	747	696	622	-10.6
10.	RIOTS	2388	2311	2509	8.6
11.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	100	95	102	7.4
12.	CHEATING	239	345	434	25.8
13.	COUNTERFEITING	3	28	4	-85.7
14.	ARSON	91	96	91	-5.2
15.	GRIEVOUS HURT	1566	1465	1006	-31.3
16.	DOWRY DEATHS	4	0	5	0.0
17.	INSULT TO THE MODESTY OF WOMEN (509 IPC)	49	54	59	9.3
18.	MOLESTATION	317	565	683	20.9
19.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	505	765	679	-11.2
20.	DEATH BY NEGLIGENCE (304A)	306	314	485	54.5
21.	INCIDENCE OF RASH DRIVING (279,337 IPC)	1744	1854	2061	11.2
22.	OTHER IPC	7431	8165	9068	11.1
23.	TOTAL	16726	18095	19355	7.0

MAP-6.1

PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER (IPC) CRIMES – 2014

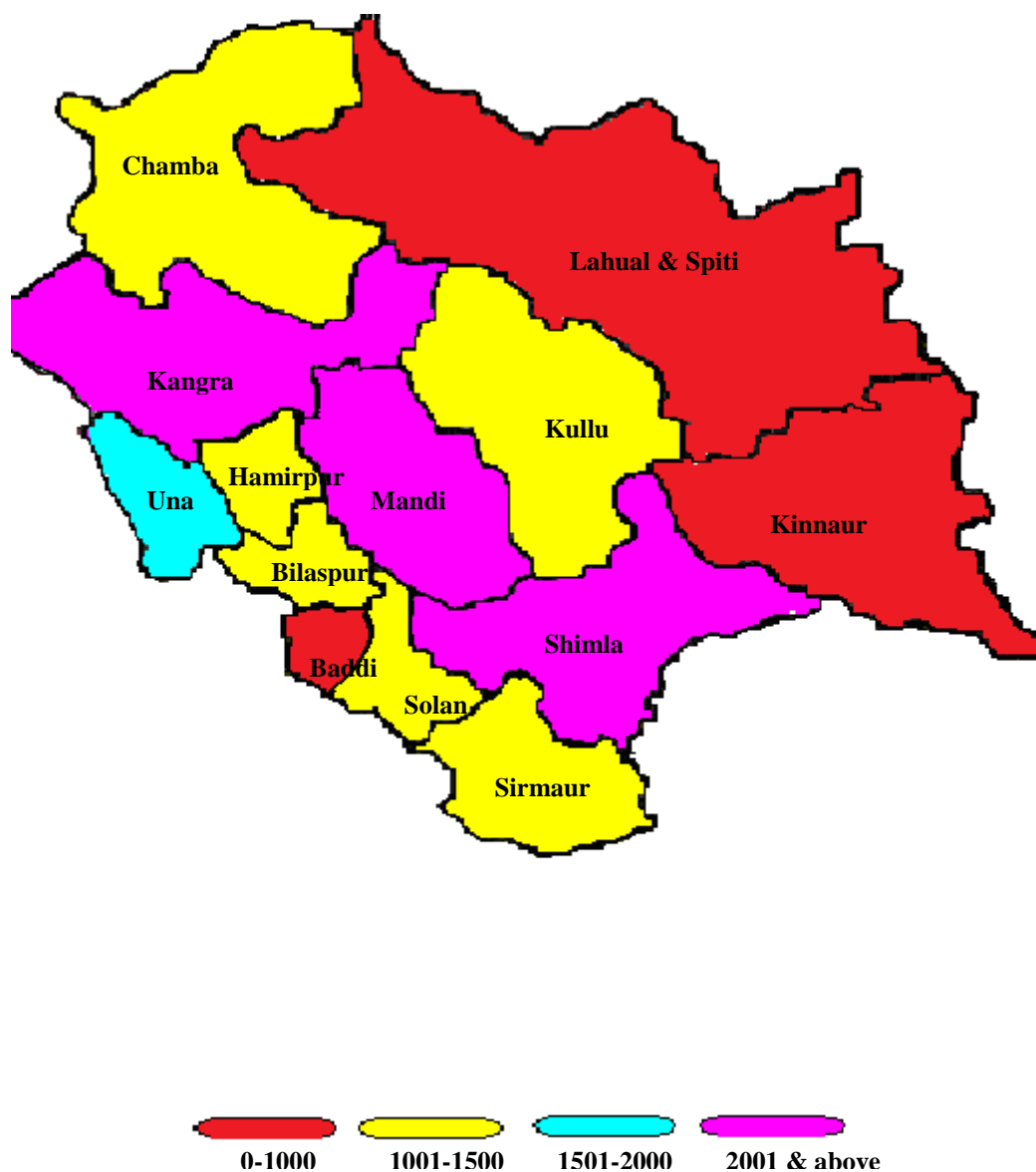


TABLE-6.2**AGE GROUP WISE/GENDER WISE PERSONS ARRESTED
IN DIFFERENT DISTRICTS UNDER IPC DURING-2014**

SR NO	DISTRICT	BELOW 18 YEARS		18-30 YEARS		30-45 YEARS		45-60 YEARS		ABOVE 60 YEARS		OVER ALL TOTAL		TOTAL
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1.	BADDI	11	0	331	13	365	24	174	18	0	0	881	55	936
2.	BILASPUR	13	1	232	36	628	130	139	63	16	3	1028	233	1261
3.	CHAMBA	20	2	457	68	416	132	185	85	49	18	1127	305	1432
4.	HAMIRPUR	13	0	329	59	359	67	192	54	0	0	893	180	1073
5.	KANGRA	33	1	1143	36	1123	83	853	74	57	14	3209	208	3417
6.	KINNAUR	9	0	152	10	95	21	28	8	7	2	291	41	332
7.	KULLU	13	4	574	44	482	74	148	33	23	3	1240	158	1398
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	2	0	32	0	32	3	10	0	1	0	77	3	80
9.	MANDI	50	1	919	69	880	181	411	139	116	36	2376	426	2802
10.	SHIMLA	78	0	1007	63	691	47	380	18	45	7	2201	135	2336
11.	SIRMAUR	24	0	550	37	417	46	124	38	30	12	1145	133	1278
12.	SOLAN	39	1	558	35	372	56	178	54	42	9	1189	155	1344
13.	UNA	13	0	484	38	622	127	247	58	44	19	1410	242	1652
14.	GRP	0	0	4	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	8	0	8
15.	CID	0	0	3	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	6	0	6
	TOTAL	318	10	6775	508	6485	991	3073	642	430	123	17081	2274	19355
	Percentage against Total	1.69%		37.62%		38.62%		19.19		2.85%		100%		

TABLE-6.3

**PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CRIMES DURING-2014
(CRIME HEAD WISE & GENDER WISE)**

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL (3+4)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	MURDER	181	22	203
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	116	10	126
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	12	1	13
4.	RAPE	317	12	329
5.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION (A+B)	108	5	113
	(A) OF WOMEN AND GIRLS	80	2	82
	(B) OF OTHERS	28	3	31
6.	DACOITY	11	1	12
7.	ROBBERY	27	0	27
8.	BURGLARY	663	61	724
9.	THEFT	599	23	622
10.	RIOTS	2042	467	2509
11.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	100	2	102
12.	CHEATING	414	20	434
13.	COUNTERFEITING	4	0	4
14.	ARSON	84	7	91
15.	GRIEVOUS HURT	848	158	1006
16.	DOWRY DEATHS	3	2	5
17.	MOLESTATION	646	37	683
18.	INSULT TO THE MODESTY OF WOMEN (509 IPC)	54	5	59
19.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	456	223	679
20.	DEATH BY NEGLIGENCE	481	4	485
21.	INCIDENCE OF RASH DRIVING (279,337 IPC)	2052	9	2061
22.	OTHER IPC	7863	1205	9068
23.	TOTAL	17081	2274	19355

TABLE-6.4

**DISTRICT WISE PERSONS ARRESTED (IPC)
(CRIME HEAD WISE & GENDER WISE)
DURING-2014**

SR. NO	DISTRICT	MURDER		ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER		C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER		RAPE	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1.	PD BADDI	19	1	5	0	0	0	7	0
2.	BILASPUR	6	2	15	3	0	0	12	0
3.	CHAMBA	8	0	21	0	1	0	29	5
4.	HAMIRPUR	23	1	4	1	0	0	17	0
5.	KANGRA	33	3	10	2	2	0	55	1
6.	KINNAUR	1	1	0	0	0	0	12	0
7.	KULLU	9	1	8	0	0	0	19	1
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	17	1	11	0	0	0	58	4
10.	SHIMLA	29	5	28	3	3	0	44	0
11.	SIRMAUR	8	3	2	0	3	0	28	1
12.	SOLAN	13	0	2	0	0	0	16	0
13.	UNA	14	4	10	1	3	1	20	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	181	22	116	10	12	1	317	12

TABLE-6.4 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	KIDNAPPING & ABDUCTION		DACOITY		ROBBERY		BURGLARY	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
1.	BADDI	9	0	0	0	4	0	41	0
2.	BILASPUR	5	0	0	0	0	0	23	0
3.	CHAMBA	10	0	0	0	0	0	166	37
4.	HAMIRPUR	6	0	0	0	0	0	22	1
5.	KANGRA	14	0	4	0	3	0	67	3
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	0	0	2	0	50	10
7.	KULLU	9	0	3	1	0	0	28	1
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
9.	MANDI	8	1	0	0	0	0	46	5
10.	SHIMLA	19	0	0	0	7	0	73	1
11.	SIRMAUR	8	1	0	0	7	0	38	1
12.	SOLAN	16	3	4	0	2	0	82	1
13.	UNA	4	0	0	0	2	0	25	1
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	108	5	11	1	27	0	663	61

TABLE-6.4 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	THEFT		RIOTS		CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST		CHEATING	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
1.	BADDI	34	0	192	16	11	0	18	0
2.	BILASPUR	37	0	90	29	2	0	26	0
3.	CHAMBA	47	3	166	89	2	0	16	4
4.	HAMIRPUR	31	7	66	11	8	0	20	0
5.	KANGRA	71	3	260	59	22	1	60	3
6.	KINNAUR	18	0	34	15	5	0	0	0
7.	KULLU	46	7	132	28	6	0	71	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	68	1	214	50	6	0	35	1
10.	SHIMLA	99	0	442	60	21	0	48	0
11.	SIRMAUR	47	2	200	37	6	1	47	4
12.	SOLAN	68	0	116	35	9	0	27	4
13.	UNA	30	0	130	38	2	0	45	4
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	TOTAL	599	23	2042	467	100	2	414	20

TABLE-6.4 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	COUNTERFEITING		ARSON		GRIEVOUS HURT		DOWRY DEATH	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)
1.	BADDI	0	0	4	0	34	0	0	0
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	2	1	58	25	0	0
3.	CHAMBA	1	0	13	1	94	22	0	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	6	0	49	14	0	0
5.	KANGRA	0	0	9	0	155	26	0	0
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	0	0	23	0	0	0
7.	KULLU	0	0	3	0	82	16	0	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	0	0	20	3	83	14	0	0
10.	SHIMLA	0	0	6	0	60	2	0	0
11.	SIRMAUR	3	0	11	0	52	11	0	0
12.	SOLAN	0	0	6	2	32	6	0	0
13.	UNA	0	0	4	0	124	22	3	2
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	4	0	84	7	848	158	3	2

TABLE-6.4 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	MOLEST-ATION		INSULT TO THE MODESTY OF WOMEN		CRUELTY BY HUSBAND AND RELATIVES		DEATH BY NEGLIGENCE	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)
1.	BADDI	24	0	1	0	44	18	41	0
2.	BILASPUR	56	3	0	0	24	5	26	0
3.	CHAMBA	27	0	0	0	9	6	28	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	37	0	10	0	36	17	15	0
5.	KANGRA	93	9	13	2	59	33	84	0
6.	KINNAUR	6	0	1	0	4	1	9	1
7.	KULLU	55	1	0	0	25	5	28	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
9.	MANDI	128	21	17	3	60	33	36	1
10.	SHIMLA	82	0	10	0	28	9	86	0
11.	SIRMAUR	48	0	2	0	29	12	39	0
12.	SOLAN	58	2	0	0	26	14	36	1
13.	UNA	32	1	0	0	112	70	51	1
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	646	37	54	5	456	223	481	4

TABLE-6.4 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	INCIDENCE OF RASH DRIVING		OTHER IPC CRIMES		TOTAL ARRESTED PERSON UNDER IPC		TOTAL
		M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(43)	(44)	(47)	(48)	(49)	(50)	(51)
1.	BADDI	95	0	298	20	881	55	936
2.	BILASPUR	161	0	485	165	1028	233	1261
3.	CHAMBA	84	1	405	137	1127	305	1432
4.	HAMIRPUR	98	0	445	128	893	180	1073
5.	KANGRA	386	0	1809	63	3209	208	3417
6.	KINNAUR	26	2	100	11	291	41	332
7.	KULLU	104	1	612	96	1240	158	1398
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	5	0	62	3	77	3	80
9.	MANDI	304	0	1265	288	2376	426	2802
10.	SHIMLA	292	0	824	55	2201	135	2336
11.	SIRMAUR	131	1	436	59	1145	133	1278
12.	SOLAN	207	2	469	85	1189	155	1344
13.	UNA	159	2	640	95	1410	242	1652
14.	GRP	0	0	8	0	8	0	8
15.	CID	0	0	5	0	6	0	6
	TOTAL	2052	9	7863	1205	17081	2274	19355

TABLE-6.5

**PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CRIMES DURING
2012-2014 AND % OF VARIATION IN 2014 OVER 2013
(DISTRICT WISE)**

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	2012	2013	2014	% VARIATION IN 2014 OVER 2013	% CONTRIBUTION TO STATE LEVEL DURING 2014
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1.	BADDI	821	879	936	6.48	4.8
2.	BILASPUR	1364	1458	1261	-13.51	6.5
3.	CHAMBA	909	1298	1432	10.32	7.4
4.	HAMIRPUR	1054	953	1073	12.59	5.5
5.	KANGRA	2741	3436	3417	-0.55	17.7
6.	KINNAUR	197	257	332	29.18	1.7
7.	KULLU	1126	1417	1398	-1.34	7.2
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	119	83	80	-3.61	0.4
9.	MANDI	2772	2629	2802	6.58	14.5
10.	SHIMLA	1702	1795	2336	30.14	12.1
11.	SIRMAUR	1546	1174	1278	8.86	6.6
12.	SOLAN	1031	1126	1344	19.36	6.9
13.	UNA	1325	1549	1652	6.65	8.5
14.	GRP	12	26	8	-69.23	0.0
15.	CID	7	15	6	-60.00	0.0
16.	TOTAL	16726	18095	19355	6.96	100.0

TABLE-6.6

PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER DIFFERENT (SLL) CRIMES DURING 2012-2014 AND % OF VARIATION IN 2014 OVER 2013 (HEAD WISE)

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	2012	2013	2014	% VARIATION IN 2014 OVER 2013
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	ARMS ACT	25	33	32	-3.03
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	639	611	811	32.73
3.	GAMBLING ACT	637	631	882	39.78
4.	EXCISE ACT	2215	776	1573	102.71
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	1	0	0	0.00
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	1	0	1	0.00
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	18	26	24	-7.69
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	2	0	0	0.00
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	6	5	12	140.00
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	12	7	27	285.71
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0	0	0	0.00
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	46	18	18	0.00
13.	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT	0	0	13	0.00
14.	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	0	0	0	0.00
15.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	0	1	4	300.00
16.	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	0	7	18	157.14
17.	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	0	0	19	0.00
18.	COPY RIGHT ACT	9	4	4	0.00
19.	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0	0	0	0.00
20.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	111	122	121	-0.82
21.	FOREST ACT	736	299	217	-27.42
22.	PREVENTION OF DAMAGE TO PUBLIC PROPERTY ACT 1984	0	0	99	0.00
23.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	322	285	217	-23.86
	TOTAL	4780	2825	4092	44.85

TABLE-6.7

**AGE GROUP WISE/GENDER WISE PERSONS ARRESTED
UNDER SLL DURING-2014**

SR NO	DISTRICT	BELOW 18 YEARS		18-30 YEARS		30-45 YEARS		45-60 YEARS		ABOVE 60 YEARS		OVER ALL TOTAL		TOTAL
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1.	BADDI	0	0	96	0	75	1	21	0	0	0	192	1	193
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	25	0	77	2	28	3	0	0	130	5	135
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	88	5	138	14	85	2	11	0	322	21	343
4.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	50	0	63	1	28	0	0	0	141	1	142
5.	KANGRA	5	0	99	2	214	11	256	11	16	0	590	24	614
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	3	0	16	4	6	4	0	0	25	8	33
7.	KULLU	1	1	160	12	253	26	90	10	12	1	516	50	566
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	4	4	10	10	8	6	0	0	22	20	42
9.	MANDI	3	0	172	5	288	23	161	14	4	1	628	43	671
10.	SHIMLA	1	0	189	5	167	4	53	5	1	0	411	14	425
11.	SIRMAUR	3	0	116	4	161	5	48	5	3	0	331	14	345
12.	SOLAN	0	0	48	0	58	2	24	2	7	0	137	4	141
13.	UNA	0	0	58	2	151	5	67	2	10	0	286	9	295
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
15.	CID	0	0	39	2	73	6	24	2	0	0	136	10	146
	TOTAL	13	1	1147	41	1745	114	899	66	64	2	3868	224	4092
	Percentage against Total	0.34%		29.03%		45.43%		23.58%		1.61%		100%		

TABLE-6.8

**PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER (SLL)
LOCAL & SPECIAL LAWS CRIMES DURING-2014
(CRIME HEADWISE & GENDER WISE)**

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL (3+4)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	ARMS ACT	32	0	32
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	786	25	811
3.	GAMBLING ACT	881	1	882
4.	EXCISE ACT	1458	115	1573
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	0	0	0
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	1	0	1
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	16	8	24
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	0	0	0
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	11	1	12
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	25	2	27
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0	0	0
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	18	0	18
13.	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	12	1	13
14.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	2	2	4
15.	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	11	7	18
16.	INFORMATION OF WOMEN FROM DOMESTIC ACT 2005	5	0	5
17.	WILDLIFE PROTECTION ACT	19	0	19
18.	COPY RIGHT ACT	4	0	4
19.	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0	0	0
20.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	98	23	121
21.	FOREST ACT	215	2	217
22.	PREVENTION OF DAMAGE TO PUBLIC PROPERTY ACT 1984	79	20	99
23.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	195	17	212
24.	TOTAL	3855	223	4092

TABLE-6.9
PERSONS ARRESTED (SLL) LOCAL & SPECIAL LAWS
DURING-2014 (CRIME HEAD WISE & GENDER WISE)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	ARMS ACT		ND&PS ACT		GAMBLING ACT		EXCISE ACT	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	BADDI	6	0	29	1	44	0	71	0
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	33	2	1	0	57	3
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	58	3	72	0	135	2
4.	HAMIRPUR	1	0	29	0	10	0	63	0
5.	KANGRA	12	0	65	3	132	0	298	8
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	3	1	0	0	2	5
7.	KULLU	1	0	145	6	172	0	125	34
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	19
9.	MANDI	8	0	181	4	39	0	294	28
10.	SHIMLA	2	0	93	1	158	0	85	7
11.	SIRMAUR	2	0	52	1	73	0	114	6
12.	SOLAN	0	0	12	0	29	1	71	0
13.	UNA	0	0	35	0	130	0	77	1
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
15.	CID	0	0	51	3	21	0	46	2
	TOTAL	32	0	786	25	881	1	1458	115

TABLE-6.9 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	PROHIBITION ACT		EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT		IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT		INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1.	BADDI	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5.	KANGRA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	KULLU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0
10.	SHIMLA	0	0	1	0	3	2	0	0
11.	SIRMAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.	SOLAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13. 0	UNA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	4	5	0	0
	TOTAL	0	0	1	0	16	8	0	0

TABLE-6.9 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	FOREIGN REGD. ACT		PCR ACT (S/C & ST ACT)		INDIAN PASSPORT ACT		ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	
		M (18)	F (19)	M (20)	F (21)	M (22)	F (23)	M (24)	F (25)
1.	BADDI	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5.	KANGRA	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	10	2	0	0	0	0
7.	KULLU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0
10.	SHIMLA	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.	SIRMAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
12.	SOLAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13.	UNA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	11	1	25	2	0	0	18	0

TABLE-6.9 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT		DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT		CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT		INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	
		M (26)	F (27)	M (28)	F (29)	M (30)	F (31)	M (32)	F (33)
1.	BADDI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5.	KANGRA	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	0
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	KULLU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	0
10.	SHIMLA	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
11.	SIRMAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.	SOLAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13.	UNA	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	0	0	2	2	11	7	0	0

TABLE-6.9 (CONTD.)

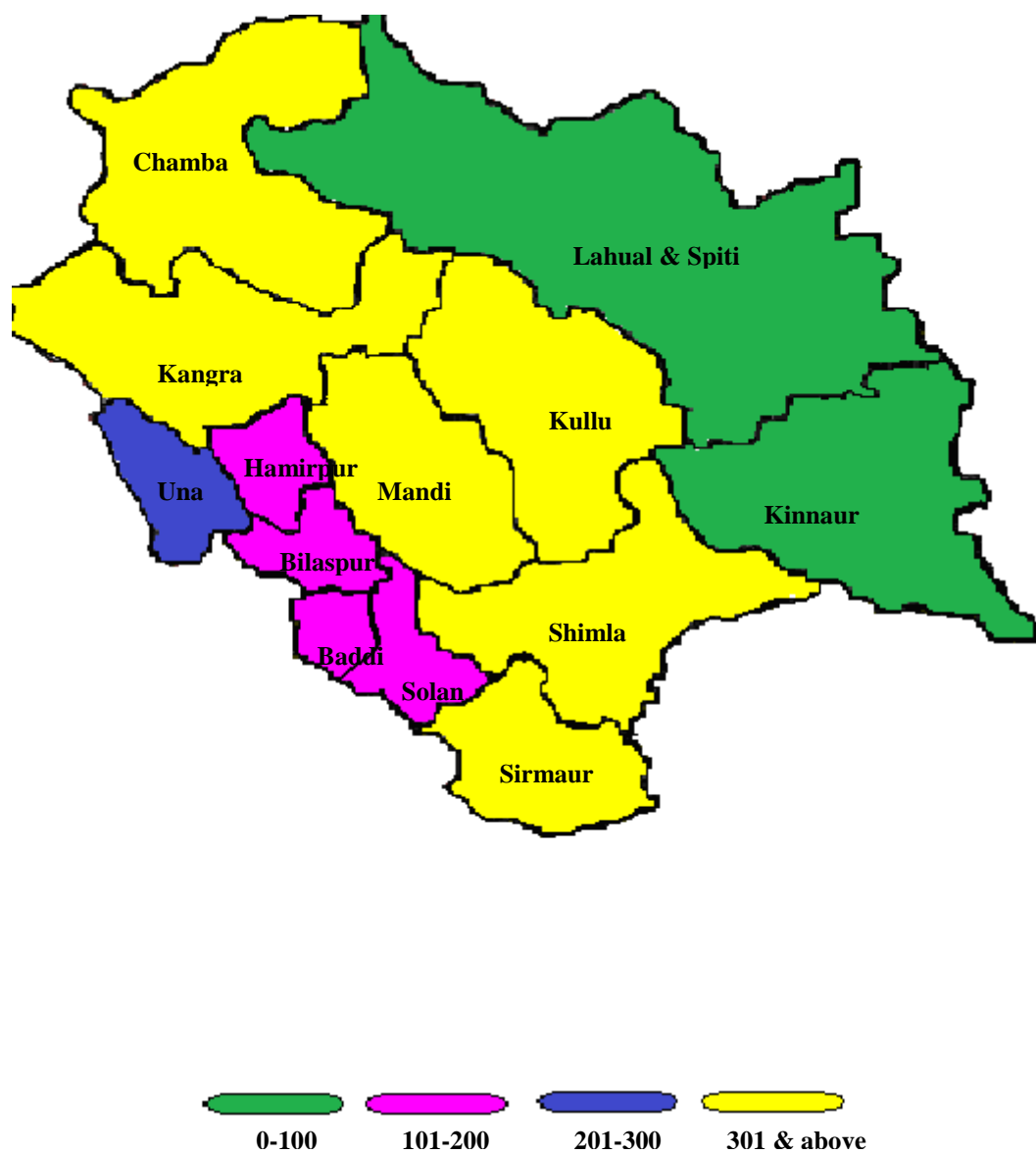
SR. NO.	DISTRICT	COPY RIGHT ACT		SATI PREVENTION ACT		SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT		FOREST ACT	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
1.	BADDI	0	0	0	0	1	0	11	0
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	0	0	3	0	18	0
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	0	0	2	1	22	1
4.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	0	0	14	1	5	0
5.	KANGRA	2	0	0	0	13	3	6	0
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0
7.	KULLU	1	0	0	0	8	5	35	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
9.	MANDI	0	0	0	0	26	2	34	0
10.	SHIMLA	0	0	0	0	23	3	23	0
11.	SIRMAUR	1	0	0	0	6	2	23	0
12.	SOLAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	1
13.	UNA	0	0	0	0	2	6	18	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
	TOTAL	4	0	0	0	98	23	215	2

TABLE-6.9 (CONTD.)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	PREVENTION OF DAMAGE TO PUBLIC PROPERTY ACT 1984		OTHER (SLL) CRIME		TOTAL ARRESTED PERSON UNDER SLL		TOTAL
		M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)
1.	BADDI	2	0	20	0	192	1	193
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	13	3	130	5	135
3.	CHAMBA	19	14	2	0	322	21	343
4.	HAMIRPUR	8	0	11	0	141	1	142
5.	KANGRA	4	0	46	7	590	24	614
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	4	0	25	8	33
7.	KULLU	11	2	15	3	516	50	566
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	1	22	20	42
9.	MANDI	2	1	27	5	628	43	671
10.	SHIMLA	7	0	16	0	411	14	425
11.	SIRMAUR	21	3	27	0	331	14	345
12.	SOLAN	3	0	16	2	137	4	141
13.	UNA	2	0	18	0	286	9	295
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
15.	CID	0	0	9	0	136	10	146
	TOTAL	79	20	224	21	3868	224	4092

MAP-6.2

PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER (SLL) CRIMES -2014



-CHAPTER-7

CRIME AGAINST WEAKER SECTIONS OF SOCIETY (SC/ST)

7.1 General:

A complete harmony among different sections of society is prevailing in the State. No particular area of the State is notorious for the commission of offences against the SCs/STs. However sporadic incidents of violence against the members of these communities do take place of and on.

India is a welfare State. It is committed to the welfare and development of its people in general and of vulnerable sections in particular. Equality of status and opportunity to all citizens of the country are guaranteed by the constitution of India which also provides that no individual shall be discriminated against on grounds of religion, caste or sex. Fundamental rights and specific provisions, namely, Articles 38, 39 and 46 in the constitution of India stand testimony to the commitment of the State towards its people. The strategy of the State is to secure distributive justice and allocation of resources to support programmes for social, economic and educational to advancement of the weaker section in general and those of Scheduled Casts and Scheduled Tribes.

7.2 Constitutional Rights:

The Indian Constitution vide Article 15 lays down that no citizen shall on grounds of religion race, sex or place of birth be subjected to any disability or restriction. It also guarantees that every citizen shall have equality of status and opportunity.

7.3. Legal Rights:

To Uphold the constitutional mandate and to safeguard the interests of this section of the society, Special social enactments

have come into force from time to time including privileges by way of reservations for them

The major legal enactment sponsored by Centre is:

- (i) Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955; and
- (ii) SC/ST (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989

The Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955 was enacted in furtherance of Article 17 of the Constitution by which untouchability was abolished and its practice in any form is forbidden. Further, in order to check and deter crimes against SC/STs by persons belonging to other communities, the Scheduled Casts and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 was brought into force from 30th January, 1990. These enactments have extended the positive discrimination in favour of SCs and STs to the field of criminal law in as much as they prescribe penalties that are more stringent than for corresponding offences under Indian Penal Code (IPC) and other laws.

In addition, in pursuance of the constitution 65th amendment Act, 1990, National Commission for SCs and STs was constituted w.e.f. 12th March, 1992 with wide functions and powers of Civil Courts to take up matters which are of vital importance for socio-economic development of SCs and STs.

7.4 The Crimes Identified under the Indian Penal Code (IPC) and Local & Special Laws):

- (i) Murder
- (ii) Rape
- (iii) Kidnapping & Abduction
- (iv) Dacoity
- (v) Robbery
- (vi) Arson
- (vii) Hurt
- (viii) PCR Act

- (ix) SC/ST(POA) Act
- (x) Others (Other classified IPC crimes)

7.4.1 Under Special & Local Laws (SLL):

- (i) Protection of Civil Rights Act:1955
- (ii) The SC/STs (Prevention of Atrocities) Act,1989.

The crime under IPC such as 'Murder', 'Hurt', 'Rape etc. or under Special Acts such as PCR Act & SC/ST (P) Act are already included in overall crimes reported under IPC and SLL respectively and have been discussed in details in the preceding chapters. The data specific to crimes against SC/ST discussed in the following paragraphs is a part and parcel of total crimes but analyzed separately for better comprehension.

Population:

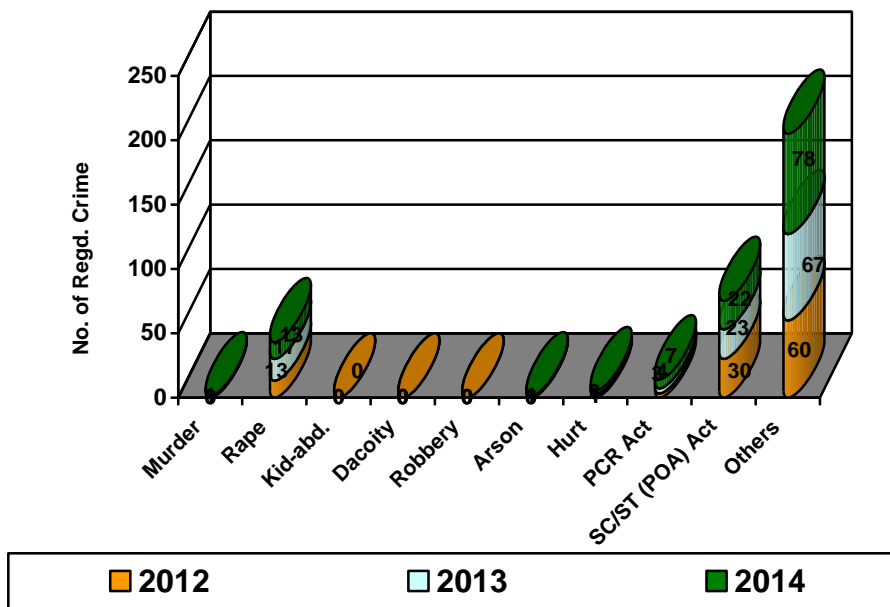
As per 2011 census of Himachal Pradesh the Scheduled Castes constituted 28.30 % of total population in the State whiles Scheduled Tribes constituted only 4.08 %. Kangra district with the highest population share (22.03%) also represented the highest share of Scheduled Caste (18.60%) followed by Mandi (17.39%) and Shimla with (12.50%) while the Chamba district represented significantly high share of Scheduled Tribes (72.59%) followed by Kinnaur (23%) and Lahaul & Spiti (9.90%).

7.5 Incidence of Crimes against Weaker Section (SC/ST):

The incidence of these crimes (IPC+SLL) was reported to be 125 in the State during 2014. The Head wise details of crime against weaker section for the last 3 years including % change over the previous years is presented in Table 7.1. The Chart 7.1 depicts the head wise pictorial position of the crime incidence. The district wise and head wise incidence including the rate of crime has been calculated and presented in Table 7.2.

CHART 7.1

**INCIDENCE OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST WEAKER SECTIONS
(SC/ST) DURING 2012-2014**



The above data reflects that the incidence of most of the SC/ST (POA) Act and other crimes has been increased.

7.6 Head-wise Crime:

Under most of the heads of IPC no incidence has been found registered during the year 2014. The head wise detailed analysis of all crime heads under which the cases have been found registered during the years are given below:

(i) Murder:

During the years 2014, 1 incidence was reported under head murder against weaker sections in the state.

(ii) Rape:

During the years 2014, 13 incidence of rape was reported under crime against weaker sections showed an increase of 17 cases over the previous year 2013. In Bilaspur, Sirmaur districts (4 each) followed by Shimla (2), Kangra, Mandi & Una (1 each). No case under this head was registered in rest of the districts.

(iii). SC/ST Protection of Civil Rights Act:

During the year 2014, 7 incidence of PCR Act was reported in Bilaspur, Kinnaur & Mandi (2 each), Baddi (1) districts under this head which showed an increase of 3 cases over the previous year 2013. No case under this head was registered in rest of the districts.

(iv). SC/ST(Prevention Of Atrocities) Act, 1989:

During the years 2014, 22 incidences were reported under this head showed a decrease of 1 case over the previous year 2013. Kangra (6) followed by Shimla (4 cases), Hamirpur & Mandi (3 each), Sirmaur (2 each), Baddi, Bilaspur, Solan & Una (1each). No incidence under this head was reported in rest of the districts.

(v) Other IPC:

During the years 2014, 78 incidences were reported under other heads against the 67 registration for the previous year. Total cases 16.41 % were found registered under this head during the year 2014. In districts Mandi (16) found registered with the highest followed by Shimla (14), Sirmaur (11), Una (10), Hamirpur & Kangra (7 each), Solan (4), Bilaspur, Chamba & Kullu (3 each). No case under this head was registered in rest of the districts.

TABLE 7.1

**HEAD WISE INCIDENCE OF CRIME AGAINST SC/ST
AND PERCENTAGE VARIATION FOR THE YEAR 2012 TO 2014.**

Sr.No .	CRIME HEADS	YEAR			PERCENTAGE VARIATION IN	
		2012	2013	2014	2014 over 2013	2014 over 2013
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	Murder	0	0	1	0	100
2	Rape	13	17	13	30.8	23.52
3	Kidnapping & Abduction	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
4	Dacoity	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
5	Robbery	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
6	Arson	1	0	1	-100.0	100
0	Hurt	1	1	3	0.0	200
0	PCR Act.	3	4	7	33.3	75
9	SC/ST (POA) Act	30	23	22	-23.3	0.43
10	Others IPC	60	67	78	11.7	16.41
	TOTAL	108	112	125	3.7	10.4

TABLE- 7.2

INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME AGAINST SC/ST
(DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2014

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION (IN LAKHS)	MURDER		RAPE		KID & ABD		DACOITY	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	BADDI	2.56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Bilaspur	3.83	0	0	4	1.05	0	0	0	0
3	Chamba	5.19	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0
4	Hamirpur	4.55	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0
5	Kangra	15.07	0	0	1	0.07	0	0	0	0
6	Kinnaur	0.84	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0
7	Kullu	4.37	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0
8	L/Spiti	0.31	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0
9	Mandi	10.0	0	0	1	0.10	0	0	0	0
10	Shimla	8.13	0	0	2	0.25	0	0	0	0
11	Sirmaur	5.3	1	0.2	4	0.75	0	0	0	0
12	Solan	3.2	0	0.0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0
13	Una	5.21	0	0.0	1	0.19	0	0	0	0
14	GRP	0	0	0.0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0
15	CID	0	0	0.0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	68.56	1	100.0	13	0.19	0	0	0	0

TABLE- 7.2 (CONTD.)

**INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME AGAINST SC/ST
(DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2014**

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION (IN LAKHS)	ROBBERY		ARSON		HURT		PCR ACT	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
1	BADDI	2.56	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.4
2	Bilaspur	3.83	0	0	0	0.00	1	0.26	2	0.5
3	Chamba	5.19	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.0
4	Hamirpur	4.55	0	0	0	0.00	1	0.22	0	0.0
5	Kangra	15.07	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.0
6	Kinnaur	0.84	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	2	2.4
7	Kullu	4.37	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.0
8	L/Spiti	0.31	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.0
9	Mandi	10.00	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	2	0.2
10	Shimla	8.13	0	0	0	0.00	1	0.12	0	0.0
11	Sirmaur	5.3	0	0	1	0.19	0	0.00	0	0.0
12	Solan	3.2	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.0
13	Una	5.21	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.0
14	GRP	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.0
15	CID	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.0
	TOTAL	68.56	0	0	1	0.01	3	0.04	7	0.1

TABLE- 7.2 (CONTD..)

**INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME AGAINST SC/ST
(DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2014**

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION (IN LAKHS)	SC/ST (POA)ACT		OTHERS		TOTAL	
			I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
1	BADDI	2.56	1	0.4	0	0.0	2	0.8
2	Bilaspur	3.83	1	0.3	3	0.8	11	2.9
3	Chamba	5.19	0	0.0	3	0.6	3	0.6
4	Hamirpur	4.55	3	0.7	7	1.5	11	2.4
5	Kangra	15.07	6	0.4	7	0.5	14	0.9
6	Kinnaur	0.84	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	2.4
7	Kullu	4.37	0	0.0	3	0.7	3	0.7
8	L/Spiti	0.31	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
9	Mandi	10	3	0.3	16	1.6	22	2.2
10	Shimla	8.13	4	0.5	14	1.7	21	2.6
11	Sirmaur	5.3	2	0.4	11	2.1	19	3.6
12	Solan	3.2	1	0.3	4	1.2	5	1.6
13	Una	5.21	1	0.2	10	1.9	12	2.3
14	GRP	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
15	CID	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	TOTAL	68.56	22	0.3	78	1.1	125	1.8

CHAPTER-8

SUICIDAL DEATHS

8.1 General :

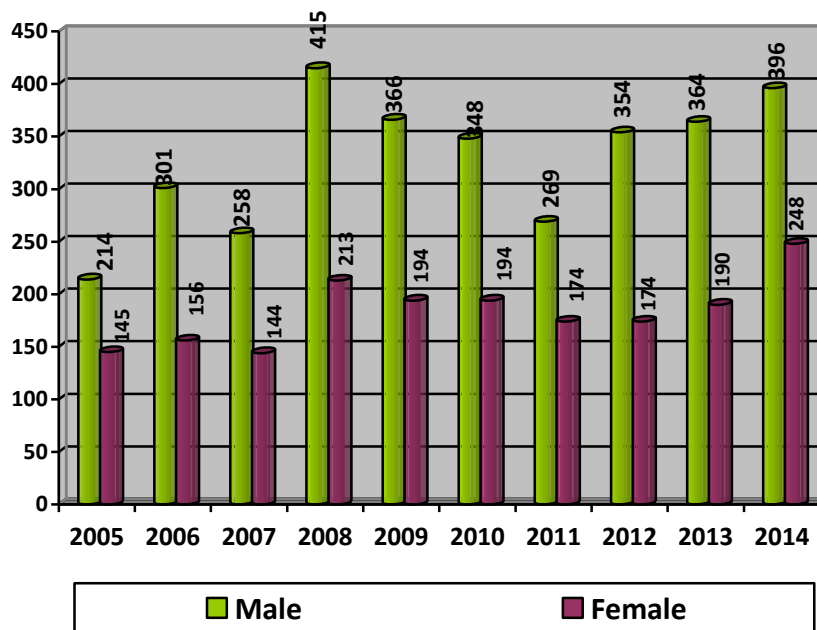
According to Oxford dictionary, 'suicide' means 'the act of killing oneself intentionally'. The 'suicide' word has its origin from Latin word 'sui' (of oneself) plus 'cardere' [kill]. It is a step which is taken by one normally in an emotionally or mentally weak moment when he or she feels coping with life is impossible

The number of Suicides reported in Himachal Pradesh during 2013 was 644 as against 554 in 2012 indicating an increase of 16.2%.

Kangra District recorded the highest number of suicides during 2014 (172) followed by Mandi (111), Hamirpur, Shimla (69 each), Una (55). Remaining districts reported below 50 cases of suicides. Suicides during 2005-2014 is presented in Chart 8.1

CHART 8.1

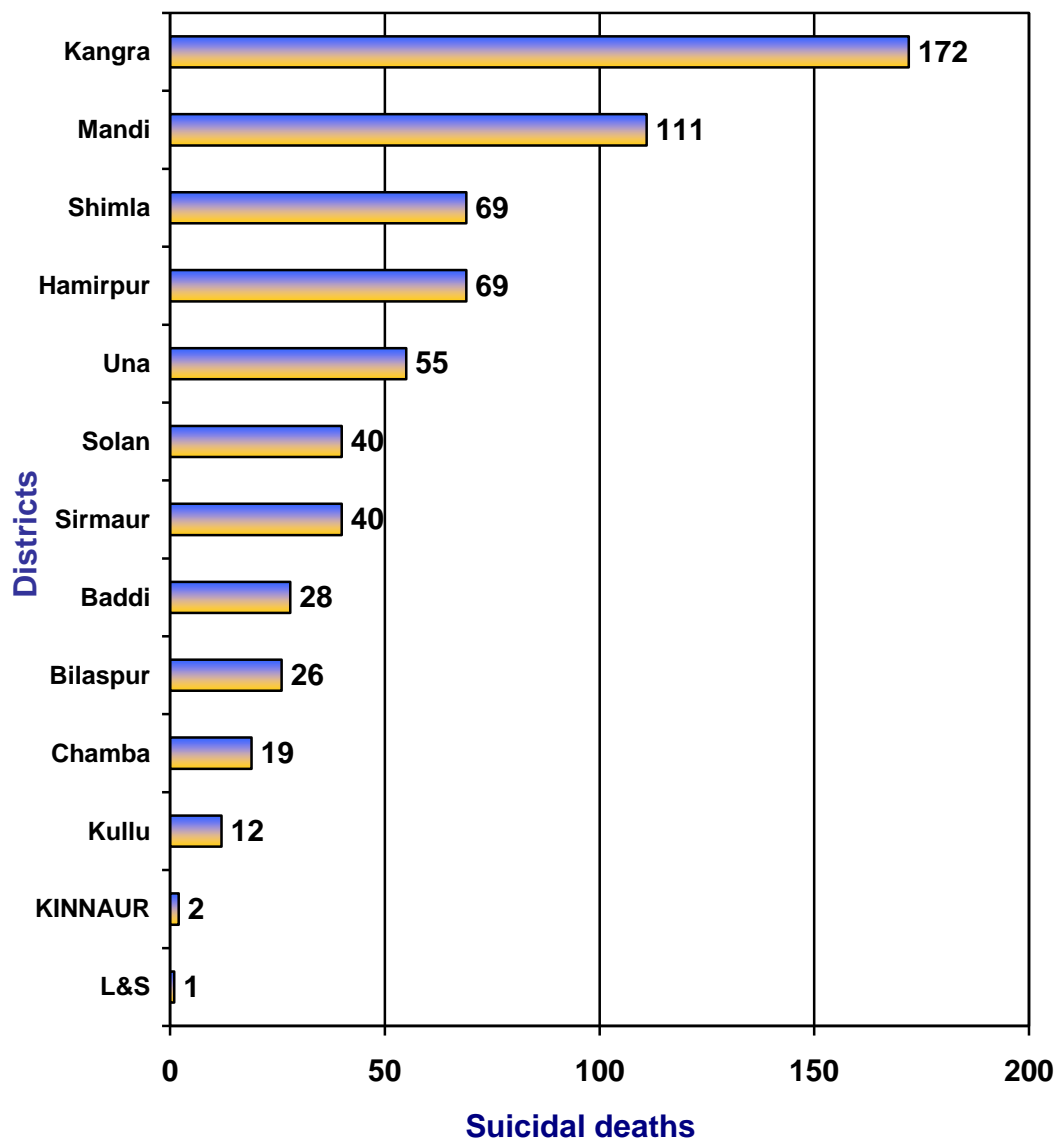
SUICIDE CASES (MALE AND FEMALE) DURING 2005-2014



District-wise break-up of suicides during 2014 is available in Table 8.1. Comparative Suicidal deaths for the last 10 years (2005-2014) including male and female is depicted in Table 8.1. Chart 8.2 depicts the district wise incidence of suicidal deaths during 2014.

CHART-8.2

DISTRICT WISE SUICIDE INCIDENCE DURING THE YEAR 2014



8.2. Suicide Rate per lac persons:

The following table shows district-wise suicide rate per lac population during 2013 & 2014:-

Distt	Population (2011)	Suicide Cases		Rate per Lac	
		2013	2014	2013	2014
Baddi	256220	42	28	16.4	10.9
Bilaspur	382056	29	26	7.6	6.8
Chamba	518844	20	19	3.9	3.7
Hamirpur	454293	48	69	10.6	15.2
Kangra	1507223	152	172	10.1	11.4
Kinnaur	84298	6	2	7.1	2.4
Kullu	437474	11	12	2.5	2.7
L/Spiti	31528	0	1	0.0	3.2
Mandi	999518	62	111	6.2	11.1
Shimla	813384	56	69	6.9	8.5
Sirmaur	530164	39	40	7.4	7.5
Solan	320450	43	40	13.4	12.5
Una	521057	43	55	8.3	10.6
GRP	0	3	0	0.0	0.0
Total	6856509	554	644	7.93	9.4

From the above table it is revealed that there has been an increase of over 16.2% (from 554 to 644) in suicide cases during the year 2014 over the year 2013. The major increase has been witnessed in the districts of Mandi (from 62 to 111), Kangra (from 152 to 172), Una (from 43 to 55), Hamirpur (from 48 to 66) and Shimla (from 56 to 69). However, there has been decrease in Baddi (from 42 to 28) Bilaspur (from 29 to 26), Chamba (from 20 to 19), Kinnaur from 6 to 2) and Solan (from 43 to 40).

District-wise percentage of suicide cases:-

The following table shows the percentage of suicide cases as compared to the percentage of the population of the district:

District	Population Percentage	Percentage of Suicide Cases	
		2013	2014
Baddi	3.74	7.58	4.3
Bilaspur	5.57	5.23	4.0
Chamba	7.57	3.61	3.0
Hamirpur	6.63	8.66	10.7
Kangra	21.98	27.44	26.7
Kinnaur	1.23	1.08	0.3
Kullu	6.38	1.99	1.9
L/Spiti	0.46	0.00	0.2
Mandi	14.58	11.19	17.2
Shimla	11.86	10.11	10.7
Sirmaur	7.73	7.04	6.2
Solan	4.67	7.76	6.2
Una	7.60	7.76	8.5
GRP	0	0.54	0.0

The analysis of the above table reveals that percentage of suicide deaths in the districts of Baddi, Hamirpur, Kangra, Mandi, Solan and Una has remained higher than the percentage of the population of the district concerned the years 2014. In other words, these 6 districts are more prone to suicidal deaths as compared to other 7 districts of state.

8.3 Suicide Cases:- (Males Versus Females):

The following table gives District-wise number of males and

females committing suicide and their percentage to the total cases for 2013 and 2014:

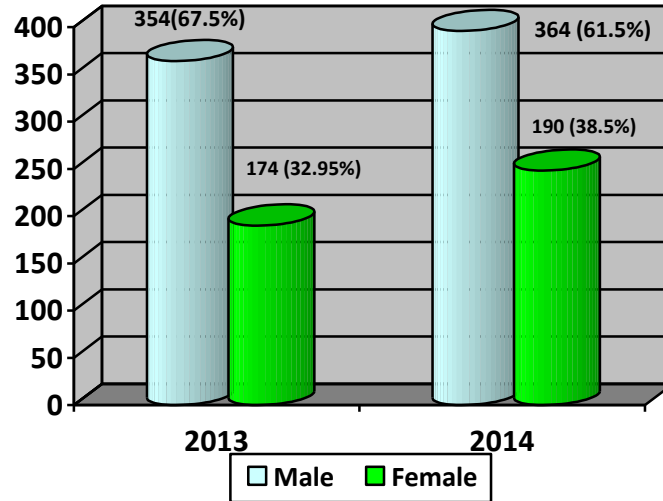
Year Distt	2013				2014			
	Male	% against Total	Fe-male	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total
Baddi	27	4.9	15	2.7	14	2.17	14	2.17
Bilaspur	22	4.0	7	1.3	15	2.33	11	1.71
Chamba	16	2.9	4	0.7	6	0.93	13	2.02
Hamirpur	29	5.2	19	3.4	46	7.14	23	4.34
Kangra	94	17.0	58	10.5	96	14.91	76	11.80
Kinnaur	3	0.5	3	0.5	1	0.16	1	0.16
Kullu	7	1.3	4	0.7	11	1.71	1	0.16
L/Spiti	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.16	0	0.00
Mandi	37	6.7	25	4.5	67	10.40	44	6.83
Shimla	40	7.2	16	2.9	46	7.14	23	3.57
Sirmaur	29	5.2	10	1.8	24	3.73	16	2.48
Solan	28	5.1	15	2.7	29	4.50	11	1.71
Una	29	5.2	14	2.5	40	6.21	15	2.33
GRP	3	0.5	0	0.0	0	0.00	0	0.00
Total	364	65.7	190	34.3	396	61.5	248	38.5

It is revealed from the above table that the number of males committing suicide outnumber the females (67.7 males as against 34.3% females in 2013 and 61.5 % males as against 38.5% females in 2014).

It is further revealed that there has been increase of 8.8% in the male suicide cases (from 364 to 396) as against 30.5 % increase in the number of female suicides (190 to 248) during the year 2014 as compared to the year 2013.

CHART-8.3

NO. OF MALE AND FEMALE SUICIDE VICTIMS AND THEIR % AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING THE YEARS-2013 & 2014



8.4 Social Status of Suicide Victims:

The following table shows the number and percentage of unmarried/married/separated/divorcee suicide victims for 2013 and 2014:

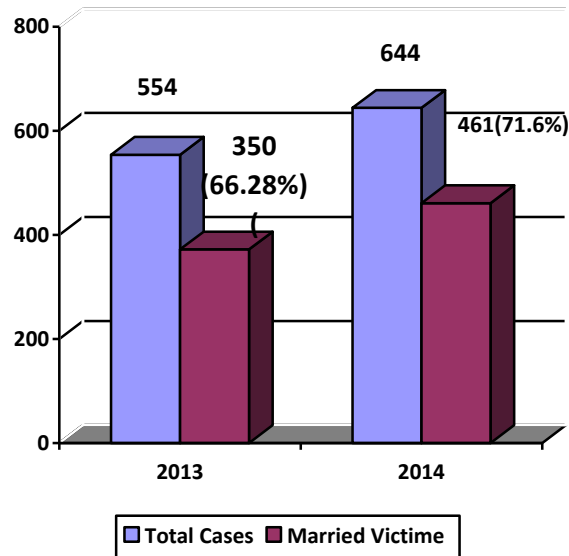
Year Status	2013				2014			
	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total
Never Married	92	16.6	42	7.6	67	10.4	44	6.8
Married	249	44.9	123	22.2	274	42.5	187	29.0
Widow /Widower	9	1.6	10	1.8	7	1.1	3	0.5
Separated	12	2.2	14	2.5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Divorcee	2	0.4	1	0.2	4	0.6	3	0.5
Others	0	0.0	0	0.0	39	6.1	9	1.4
Status not known	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	0.8	2	0.3
Total:	364	65.7	190	34.3	396	61.5	248	38.5

From the above table it is revealed that most of those who

committed suicide whether males or females were **Married** (66% in 2013 and 71.6% in 2014).

CHART-8.4

NO. OF MARRIED SUICIDE VICTIMS IN HP AND THEIR %AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING -2013 & 2014



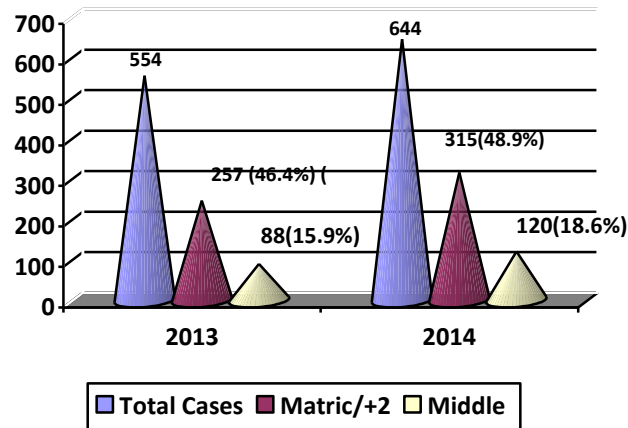
8.5 Educational Status of Suicide Victims:

The following table gives the educational status of the suicide victims for the years 2013 and 2014.

Year Status	2013				2014			
	Male	% against Total	Fe-male	% against Total	Male	% against Total	Fe-male	% against Total
No Education	42	7.6	16	2.9	50	7.8	28	4.3
Primary	58	10.5	35	6.3	45	7.0	37	5.7
Middle	57	10.3	32	5.8	74	11.5	46	7.1
Matric/+2	160	28.9	86	15.5	195	30.3	120	18.6
Diploma	19	3.4	3	0.5	5	0.8	1	0.2
Graduate & Above	24	4.3	14	2.5	16	2.5	10	1.6
Professional (MBA etc.)	4	0.7	4	0.7	2	0.3	0	0.0
Status not Known	0	0.0	0	0.0	9	1.4	6	0.9
Total:	364	65.7	190	34.3	396	61.5	248	38.5

CHART-8.5

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH EDUCATIONAL STATUS AND THEIR % AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING 2013 & 2014



8.6 Causes of Suicide:

The following table gives the details of various causes responsible for the suicides during 2013 and 2014:-

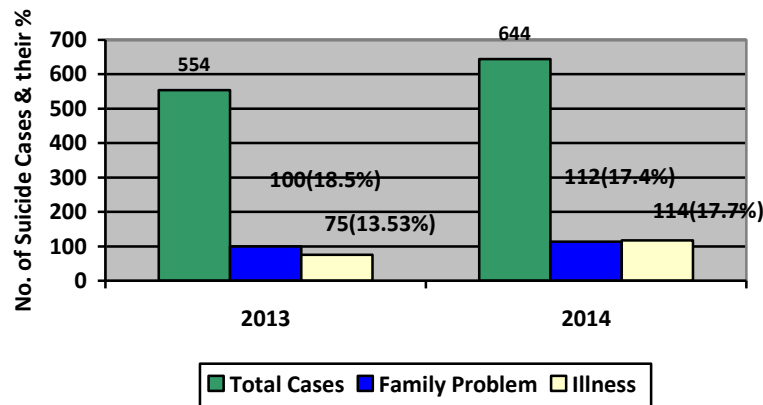
Year Status	2013				2014			
	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total
Bankruptcy or sudden change in economic status	2	0.36	0	0.00	0	0	0	0
Illicit Relation	13	2.35	13	2.35	8	1.2	4	0.6
Marriage related issues	5	0.90	10	1.44	43	6.7	43	6.7
Illness	51	9.21	24	4.33	71	11.0	43	6.7
Death of dear person	1	0.18	1	0.18	1	0.2	4	0.6
Failure in examination	1	0.18	0	0.00	3	0.5	3	0.5
Drug abuse	8	1.44	0	0.00	10	1.6	0	0.0
Fall in Social Reputation	3	0.54	0	0.00	2	0.3	0	0.0

Year Status	2013				2014			
	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total
Not having children	0	0.00	3	0.54		0.0		0.0
Family Problems	55	9.93	45	8.12	69	10.7	43	6.7
Love Affairs	13	2.35	16	2.89	15	2.3	15	2.3
Physical abuse	0	0.00	0	0.00		0.0		0.0
Un-employment	0	0.00	0	0.00	4	0.6	1	0.2
Property dispute	14	2.53	2	0.36	15	2.3	11	1.7
Causes not Known	61	11.01	14	2.53	99	15.4	49	7.6
Other Causes	137	24.73	62	11.19	56	8.7	32	5.0
Total:	364	65.70	190	34.30	396	61.5	248	38.5

The causes that top the list which led to suicides are Family problems (18.5% in 2013) and (17.4% in 2014), followed by illness (13.54% in 2013 and 17.7% in 2014).

CHART-8.6

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH 'FAMILY PROBLEMS' & 'ILLNESS' AS CAUSES AND THEIR %AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING -2013 & 2014



8.7 Age Profile of Suicide Victims:

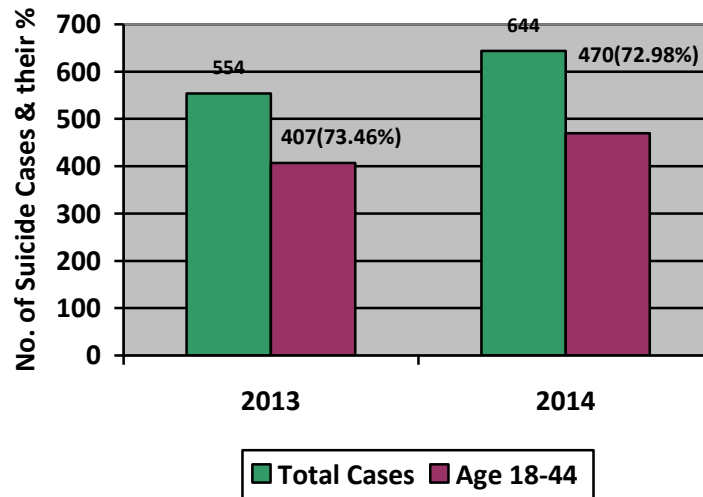
The following table gives the details of age groups of the suicide victims for the year 2013 and 2014:

Age Group	2013				2014			
	Male	% against Total	Fe-male	% against Total	Male	% against Total	Fe-male	% against Total
Below 14 Yrs	5	0.9	6	1.1	6	0.9	4	0.6
Above 14 & below 18 yrs	4	0.7	3	0.5	10	1.6	17	2.6
18-30	138	24.9	87	15.7	144	22.4	97	15.1
30-45	122	22.0	53	9.6	150	23.3	79	12.3
45-60	71	12.8	31	5.6	64	9.9	38	5.9
60 and above	24	4.3	10	1.8	22	3.4	13	2.0
Total:-	364	65.7	190	34.3	396	61.5	248	38.5

The analysis shows that the age profile of most of the suicide victims both men and women falls into two age-groups of 18-30 and 30-45 years. Thus it can be said that most people who commit suicide do so in the prime of their lives between 18 to 45 years of age (73.46% in 2013 and (72.98% in 2014) This fact can be co-related to the reasons for suicide i.e. ‘family problems’ and ‘illness’.

CHART-8.7

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH AGE GROUP 18 TO 45 IN MALE & FEMALE AND THEIR %AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING THE YEARS-2013 & 2014



8.9 Profession Profile of Suicide Victims:

The following table gives the profession profile of the suicide victims for 2013 and 2014:

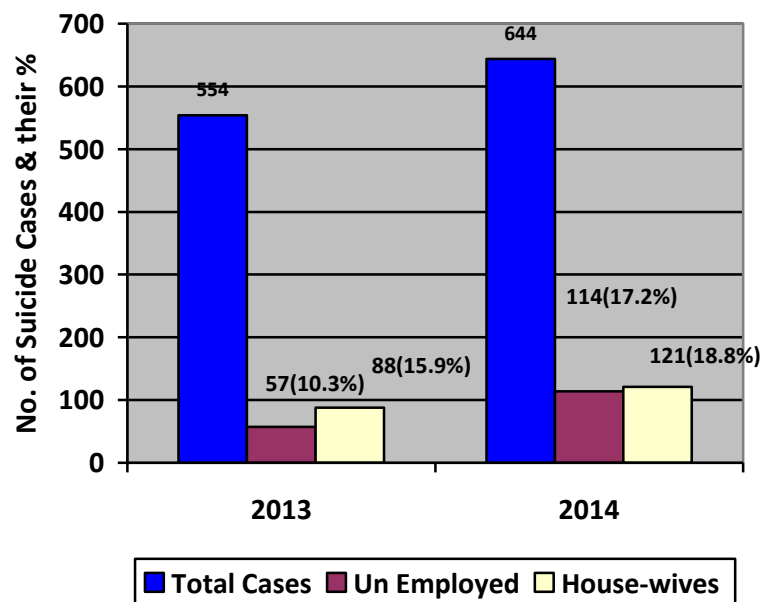
Year Status	2013				2014			
	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	% against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	% against Total
Housewives	0	0.00	88	15.88	0	0.0	121	18.8
Professional/Salaried persons	64	11.56	13	2.35	44	6.8	5	0.8
Students	25	4.51	22	3.97	24	3.7	22	3.4
Un-Employed Persons	53	9.57	4	0.72	92	14.3	22	3.4
Business	15	2.71	2	0.36	23	3.6	0	0.0
Agriculture/ Farming	32	5.78	1	0.18	65	10.1	4	0.6
Daily wage earner	0	0	0	0	1	0.2	1	0.2
Retired person	5	0.90	0	0.00	0	0.0	0	0.0

other	163	29.42	58	10.47	147	22.8	73	11.3
Total:-	364	65.70	190	34.30	396	61.5	248	38.5

Another aspect that is brought forth is that those who committed suicide were mostly unemployed in case of males and **housewives** in the case of females (14.28% males were unemployed and 18.8% females were housewives). This fact can again be co-related to the age profile falling within 18-45 years.

CHART-8.8

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH MALES UNEMPLOYED AND FEMALES AS HOUSEWIVES AND THEIR % AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING THE YEARS-2013 & 2014



8.10 Means Adopted in Suicide Cases:

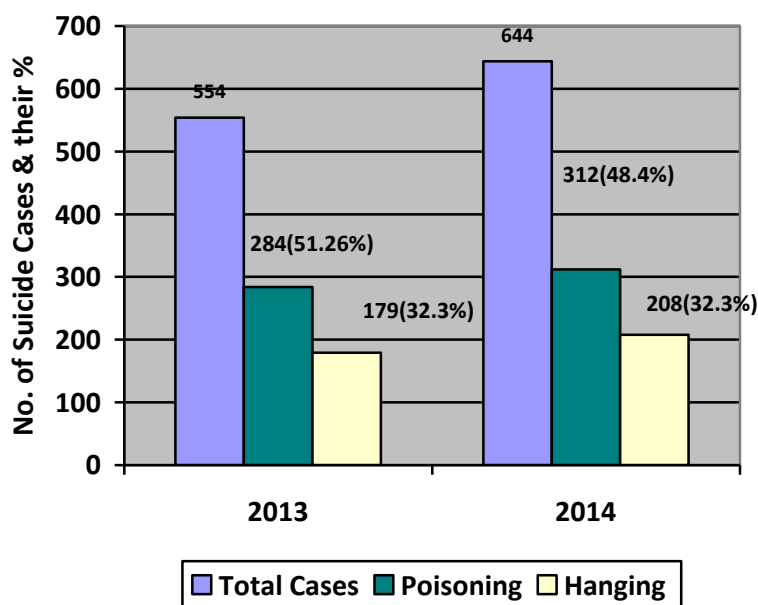
The following table gives the details of various means adopted for committing suicides during the years 2013 and 2014.

Year Status	2013				2014			
	Male	%against Total	Fe- male	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe- male	%against Total
Over Alcoholism	13	2.35	1	0.18	0	0	0	0
By Drowning	11	1.99	11	1.99	12	1.9	13	2.0
By Fire-Arms	1	0.18	0	0.00	3	0.5	0	0.0
By Poison	175	31.59	109	19.68	196	30.4	116	18.0
Hanging	133	24.01	46	8.30	152	23.6	56	8.7
Jumping	8	1.44	3	0.54	2	0.3	2	0.3
By Consuming sleeping pills	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.0	0	0.0
By fire/self immolation	3	0.54	10	1.81	12	1.9	15	2.3
By touching electric wires	3	0.54	0	0.00	0	0.0	4	0.6
Other Means	17	3.07	10	1.81	19	3.0	42	6.5
Total:-	364	65.70	190	34.30	396	61.5	248	38.5

The means adopted for committing suicide range over several methods from drinking too much to jumping from high places. However, the maximum number have committed suicide by **consuming poison**. (51.26% in 2013 and 48.4% in 2014.) This is followed by hanging (32.31% in 2013 and 32.3% in 2014).

CHART-8.9

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH 'POISON' & 'HANGING' AS MEANS ADOPTED AND THEIR %AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING THE YEARS-2013 & 2014



8.11. Conclusions:

- (i) There has been an increase in the suicide cases, both in male & female cases during the year 2014 as against the year 2013.
- (ii) The districts of Kangra, Mandi Hamirpur, Shimla and Una were found more prone to suicidal deaths as compared to the other 8 districts of the state.
- (iii) The major cause of suicides remained 'family problems' followed by 'Illness'. 'Unemployment' is certainly not one of the major causes of suicides as it contributes less than 20 % to total suicide cases.
- (iv) Most of the female suicide victims were house-wives. The farmers/agriculturists do not form major group of suicide victims as this group contributes only 10% to total suicide cases.

- (v) The majority of the suicide victims were married and in the age group of 18 to 45 years.
- (vi) The most popular means for committing suicide remained taking 'poison' followed by 'hanging'.

TABLE 8.1

DISTRICT WISE SUICIDAL DEATHS DURING 2014

Sr. No.	DISTRICT	NO. OF SUICIDAL DEATHS		
		Male	Female	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	PD BADDI	14	14	28
2	Bilaspur	15	11	26
3	Chamba	6	13	19
4	Hamirpur	46	23	69
5	Kangra	96	76	172
6	Kinnaur	1	1	2
7	Kullu	11	1	12
8	L/Spiti	1	0	1
9	Mandi	67	44	111
10	Shimla	46	23	69
11	Sirmaur	24	16	40
12	Solan	29	11	40
13	Una	40	15	55
14	GRP	0	0	0
Total		396	248	644

MAP-8.1

SUICIDES – 2014

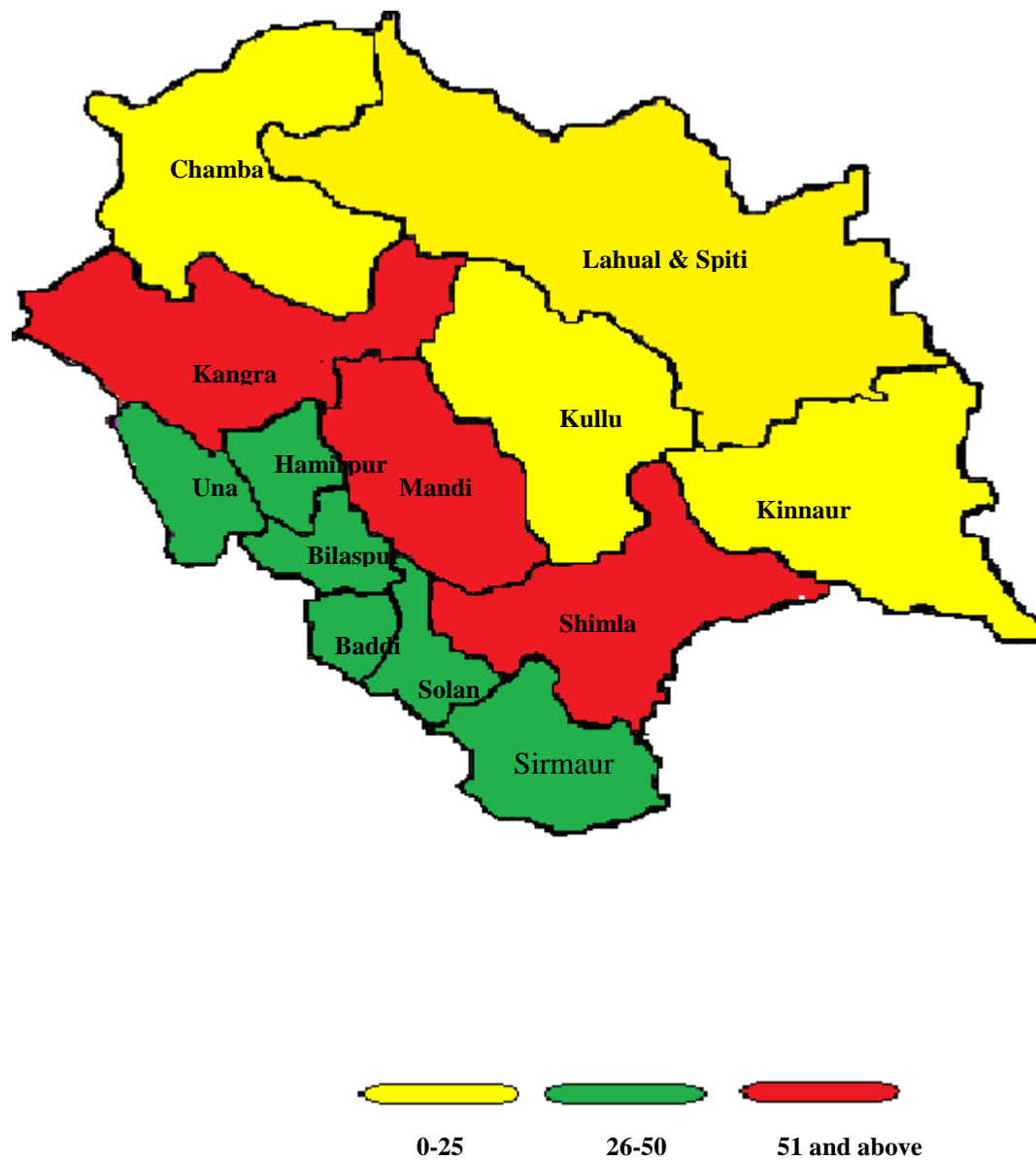


TABLE 8.2

**COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF SUICIDES
DURING 2005-2014**

Sr. No.	Years	Male	Female	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	2005	214	145	359
2	2006	301	156	457
3	2007	258	144	402
4	2008	415	213	628
5	2009	366	194	560
6	2010	348	194	542
7	2011	269	174	443
8	2012	354	174	528
9	2013	364	190	554
10	2014	396	248	644
% CHANGES IN 2014 OVER 2013		8.8	30.5	16.24

CHAPTER-9

ACCIDENTAL DEATHS

9.1 General:

Incidents of road accidents in Himachal Pradesh show fluctuating trends. The break-up of accidents for the last ten years is shown in Table-9.1

TABLE-9.1
NUMBER OF ROAD ACCIDENTS ACCORDING TO
TYPE OF VEHICLES FROM 2005 TO 2014

Sl No	TYPE OF VEHICLES	YEAR										(%) TYPE OF VEHICLE
		2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
1.	TRUCK/ LORRY	406	431	375	332	308	296	265	409	408	478	15.6
2.	BUS	715	631	680	529	362	378	342	212	209	260	8.5
3.	CAR/JEEP/ TAXI/ TEMPO	1200	1190	1341	1173	1094	1103	1198	916	1122	1119	36.6
4.	THREE/ TWO WHEELERS	638	650	677	730	734	684	642	928	829	839	27.4
5.	OTHERS	208	325	324	353	580	611	652	434	413	362	11.8
	TOTAL	3167	3227	3397	3117	3078	3072	3099	2899	2981	3058	100.0

CAR/JEEP/TAXI/TEMPO account for the largest number of accidents. During the year 2014, 36.6 % of the road accidents were attributed to CAR/JEEP/TAXI/TEMPO. During the year 2013, 37.6% road accidents involved light vehicles (LMVs). District wise comparative statement of road accidents during 2013-2014 is presented in Table-9.2. 3058 road accidents were reported during the year 2014 out of which 2317 fatalities, 741 accidents were fatal.

9.2 Accidental Deaths :

CAR/JEEP/TAXI/TEMPOS were responsible for 37.6% of accidental deaths during 2014. Out of 1215 persons who died due to accidents, as many as 457 were involved in accidents with these type of vehicles. Table-9.2 gives details of road accidental deaths for the year 2014 with break-up of types of vehicles and due to other reasons. Shimla District reported the highest (218) accidental deaths followed by Sirmaur (171), Mandi (128) and Kangra (107). Chart-9.1 depicts road accidents occurred during 2005–2014.

Percentage of road accidental deaths according to type of vehicles during the years 2014 is presented in Chart-9.2.

CHART-9.1
NUMBER OF ROAD ACCIDENTS (2005-2014)

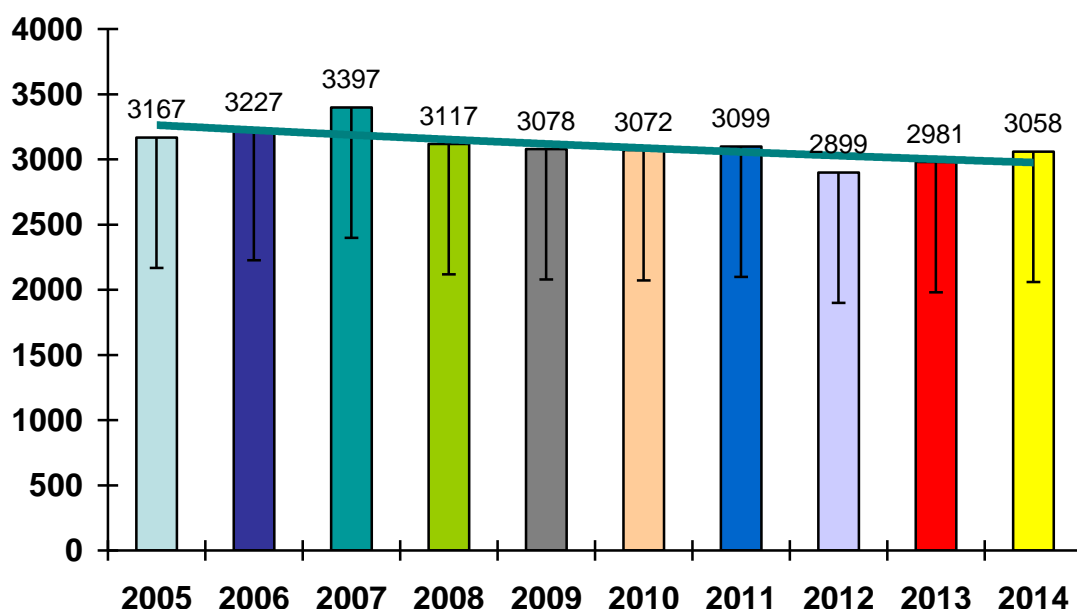
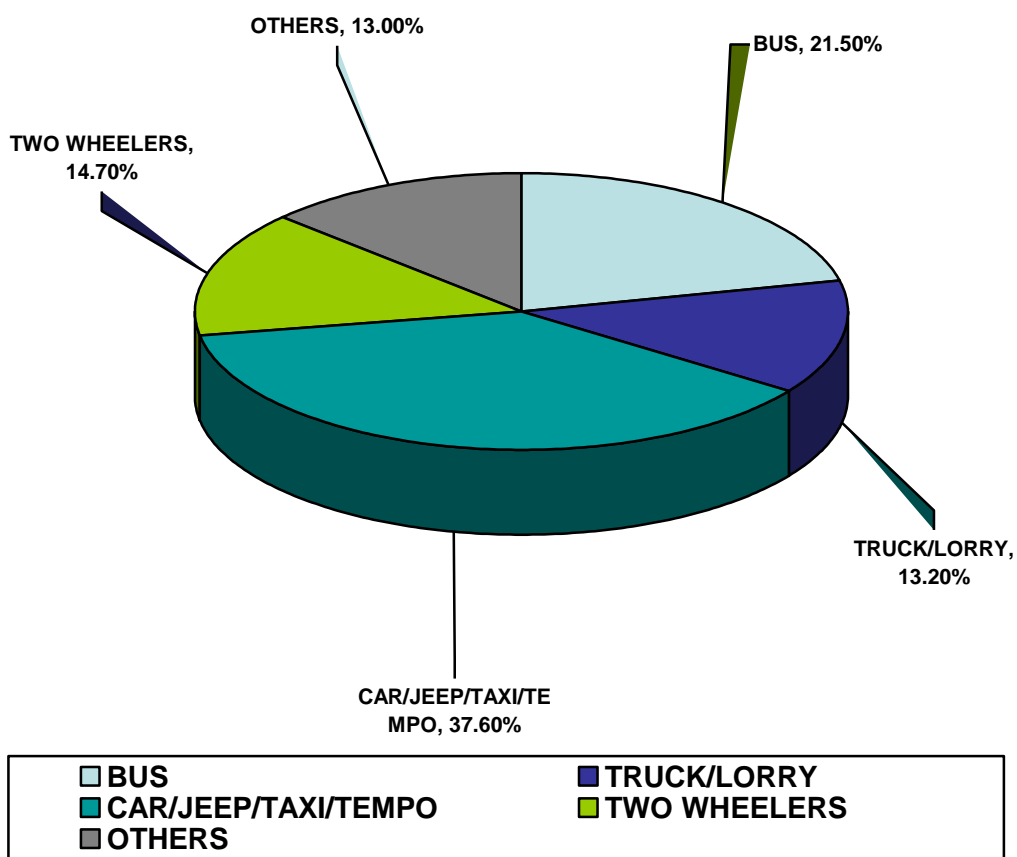


CHART-9.2

PERCENTAGE OF ROAD ACCIDENTAL DEATHS (ACCORDING TO TYPE OF VEHICLES DURING 2014)

TABLE



9.2

**ROAD ACCIDENTAL DEATHS ACCORDING TO
TYPES OF VEHICLES -2014**

Sl. No.	NAME OF DISTRICT	TYPE OF VEHICLES					
		TRUCK/ LORRY	BUS	CAR/JEEP/ TAXI/ TEMPO	Three/Two WHEELERS	OTHERS	TOTAL
1.	Baddi	40	7	4	2	11	64
2.	Bilaspur	8	27	24	26	8	93
3.	Chamba	14	23	20	26	3	86
4.	Hamirpur	3	3	14	7	3	30
5.	Kangra	10	9	32	12	44	107
6.	Kinnaur	0	22	45	0	0	67
7.	Kullu	7	2	37	12	5	63
8.	L/Spiti	2	0	12	0	0	14
9.	Mandi	14	47	31	16	20	128
10.	Shimla	20	51	119	8	20	218
11.	Sirmaur	11	47	63	39	11	171
12.	Solan	24	14	37	11	6	92
13.	Una	7	9	19	20	27	82
TOTAL		160	261	457	179	158	1215
Percentage against Total		13.2	21.5	37.6	14.7	13.0	100.0

MAP-9.1

ROAD ACCIDENTAL DEATHS DURING -2014

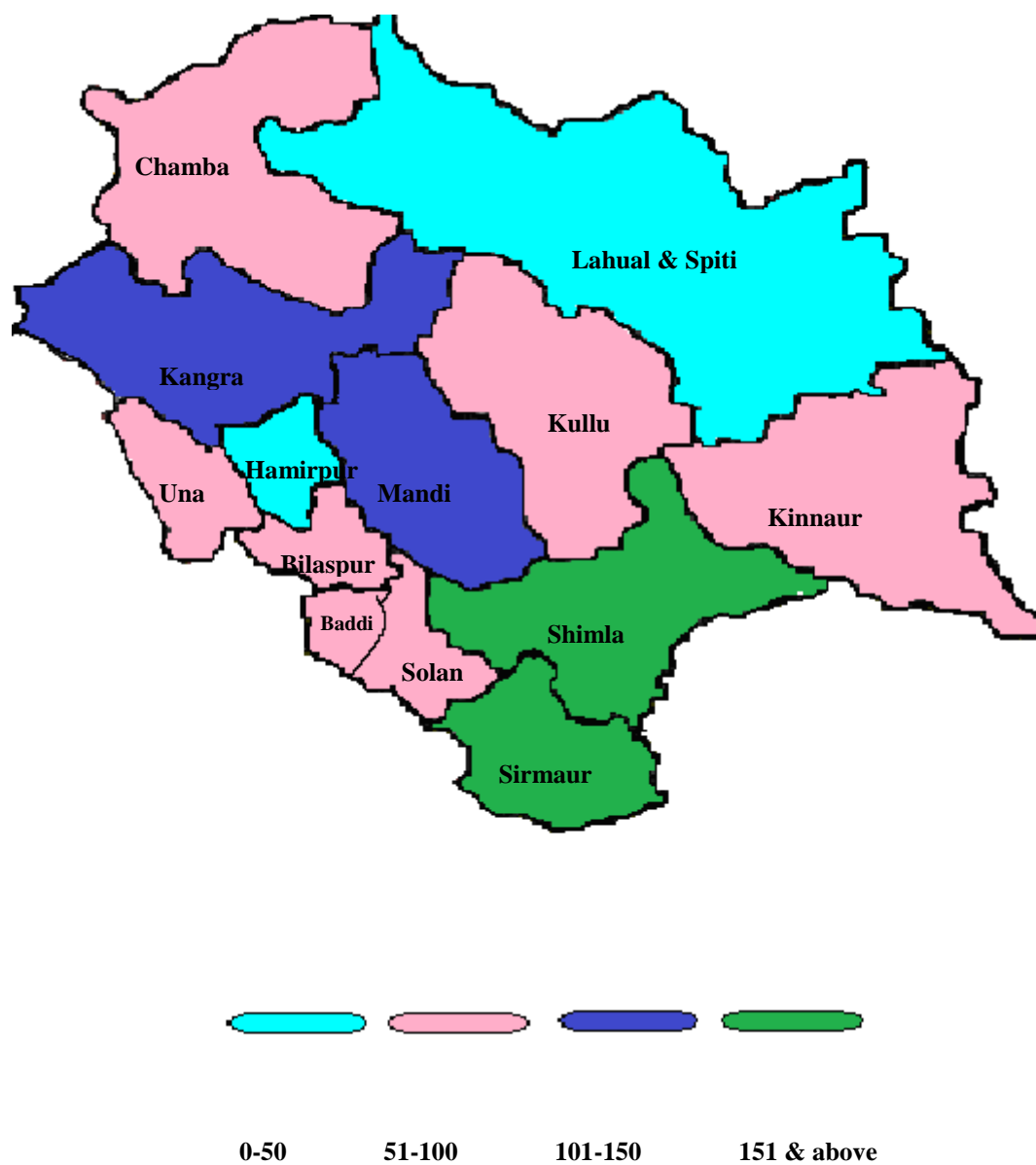


TABLE-9.3**DISTRICT-WISE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF ROAD ACCIDENTS CASES FOR THE YEAR 2013 & 2014.**

SR. No.	NAME OF DISTRICT	FATAL		NON FATAL		TOTAL	
		2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014
1.	Baddi	61	60	134	140	195	200
2.	Bilaspur	39	40	172	188	211	228
3.	Chamba	44	41	89	98	133	139
4.	Hamirpur	40	45	111	107	151	152
5.	Kangra	106	98	461	413	567	511
6.	Kinnaur	16	26	22	22	38	48
7.	Kullu	59	56	117	110	176	166
8.	Lahual /Spiti	11	5	9	9	20	14
9.	Mandi	70	79	305	322	375	401
10.	Shimla	99	98	296	321	395	419
11.	Sirmaur	83	87	137	151	220	238
12.	Solan	57	55	204	228	261	283
13.	Una	51	51	188	208	239	259
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL		736	741	2245	2317	2981	3058

CHART-9.3
DISTRICT WISE TOTAL ACCIDENTS
(FATAL AND NON FATAL DURING 2014)

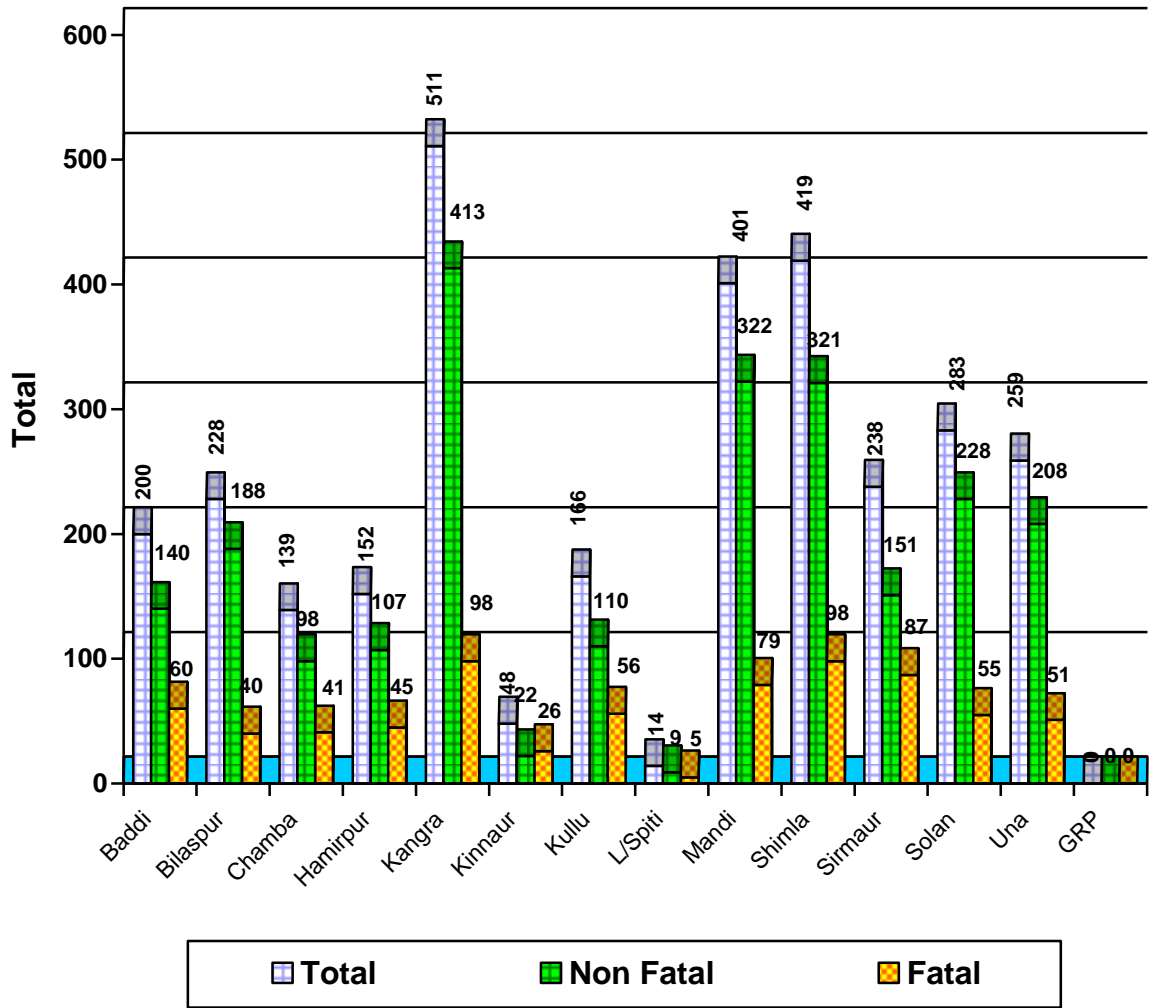


TABLE 9.4

ROAD ACCIDENTS CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO CLASSIFICATION OF ROAD DURING 2014

Sr. No.	Classification of Road	No. of Cases	No. of persons injured			No. of person died		
			Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
1.	National Highway	1218	1739	415	2154	380	50	430
2.	State Highway	678	965	289	1254	184	30	214
3.	Expressways	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	Other Roads	1162	1715	453	2168	487	84	571
	Total	3058	4419	1157	5576	1051	164	1215

TABLE 9.5

ROAD ACCIDENTS CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO CAUSES DURING 2014

Sr. No.	Cause	No. of Cases	No. of persons injured			No. of person died		
			Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
1.	Dangerous/Over-taking/Careless/etc.	1410	1987	506	2493	425	85	510
2.	Over speeding	890	1288	297	1585	383	55	438
3.	Driving under influence of drug/alcohol	59	107	11	118	20	0	20
4.	Defect in Mechanical condition of Motor Vehicle	65	113	43	156	45	6	51
5.	Animal Crossing	7	9	1	10	3	0	3
6.	Poor visibility	19	21	1	22	5	1	6
7.	Others causes of weather condition	17	38	6	44	4	0	4
8.	Lack of road infrastructure	3	1	1	2	1	1	2
9.	Vehicles Parking at road shoulders	1	2	1	3	1	0	1
10.	Cause not known	4	9	2	11	0	0	0
11.	Other causes	583	844	288	1132	164	16	180
	Total	3058	4419	1157	5576	1051	164	1215

CHAPTER-10

CYBER CRIMES

10.1. Definition of Cyber Crime:

“Any illegal action in which a computer is a tool or object of crime, in other words, any crime, the means or purpose of which is to influence the function of computer.”

Computer and Tele-communications are the key areas of cyber crimes. In cyber crimes, the Computer is used in the following two ways:-

- i.) Computer as a target
- ii.) Computer as a tool

The computer becomes a target of cyber crime when, by way of hacking or intrusion, the criminals access a computer with a motive to impair, damage or alter the system. The hacking can evolve into other substantive violations, for example, alteration of accounts, drawl of money etc. by cyber intrusion into a bank.

Computer becomes a tool for cyber crime when it becomes a convenient method to commit crimes affecting large scale net-works and programmes such as introducing virus into large scale reservation or financial network or unauthorizedly obtaining classified information from data stored in defence and security computers.

10.2 Classification of computer crimes:

The most accepted classification of computer crimes is as follows:

- (i) Computer related frauds.
- (ii) Computer forgery.
- (iii) Damage to computer data of computer programmes.
- (iv) Computer sabotage.

- (v) Unauthorized access.
- (vi) Unauthorized interception
- (vii) Unauthorized reproduction of a protected computer programmes
- (viii) Unauthorized reproduction of a topography
- (ix) Alteration of computer data or computer programmes
- (x) Computer espionage
- (xi) Unauthorized use of a computer
- (xii) Unauthorized use of a protected computer programmes.

10.3. Incidence of Computer Crime:

During the year 2014 37 cases under Cyber Crimes (IT Act only) were registered in the State and during 2013 this figure was 33. Chart 10.1 depicts the incidence of Cyber Crimes reported from 2012-2014. Table 10.1 carries the district-wise details of cases registered under IT Act. Table 10.2 gives the details of Cyber Crimes registered and persons arrested under I.T. Act during 2012-2014 :-

CHART-10.1

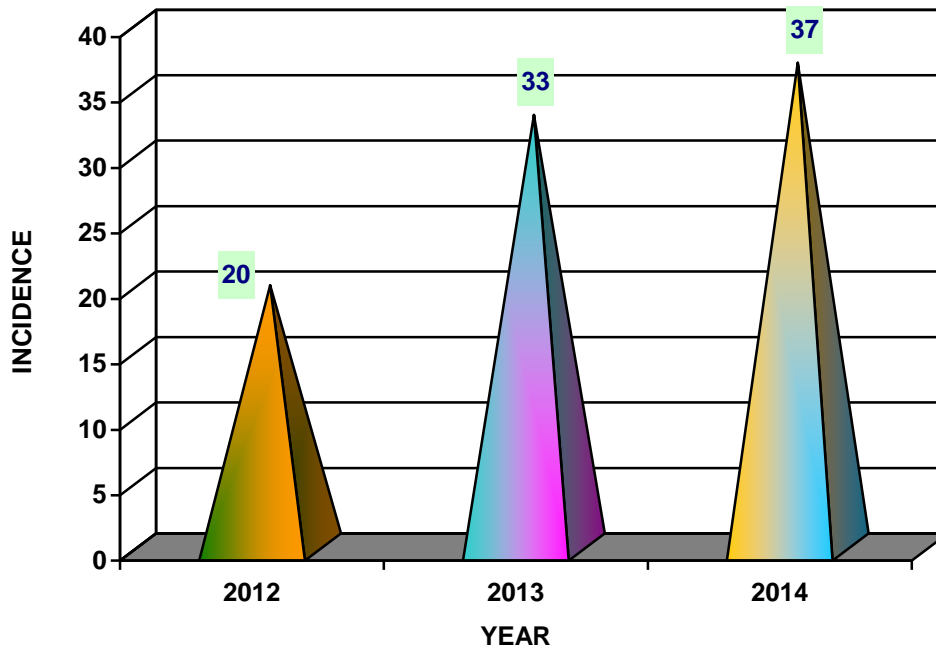


TABLE-10.1

INCIDENCE OF CASES REGISTERED UNDER CYBER CRIMES IN DISTRICTS DURING 2012-2014 AND PERCENTAGE VARIATION

Sr. NO.	DISTRICT	IT ACT			
		2012	2013	2014	% Variation 2013 over
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
1.	PD BADDI	1	3	3	0
2.	BILASPUR	1	2	3	50
3.	CHAMBA	0	2	4	100
4.	HAMIRPUR	1	3	4	33.3
5.	KANGRA	1	2	3	50.0
6.	KINNAUR	0	1	1	0.0
7.	KULLU	4	2	0	-100.0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	1	0	-100.0
9.	MANDI	1	4	5	25.0
10.	SHIMLA	6	5	5	0.0
11.	SIRMAUR	2	1	0	-100.0
12.	SOLAN	0	1	4	300.0
13.	UNA	1	2	0	-100.0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0.0
15.	CID	2	4	5	25.0
16.	TOTAL	20	33	37	12.1

TABLE-10.2
Cyber Crimes/Cases Registered and Persons Arrested under IT Act during 2012-2014

Sr. No.	Crime Head (offences under IT Act)	Cases Registered			% Variation in 2014 Over 2013	Persons Arrested		
		2012	2013	2014		2012	2013	2014
1	Tampering Computer Source documents(Sec 65)	1	1	2	100	1	10	2
2	Computer related offences Sec. 66A to E)	11	14	20	42.9	4	0	10
3.	Cyber Terrorism			0	0.0			0
4.	Publication/transmission of obscene/ sexually explicit Act etc. in electronic form (Sec 67 and 67A to C)	8	18	10	-44.4	20	11	5
5.	Intentionally or knowingly with the order of controller (sec.68)	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
6.	Failure to provide information stored in computer resource or failure to provide access to intercept or monitor or decrypt the information	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
7.	Failure to access by the public or cause to be blocked for access by public any information generated, transmitted received, stored or hosted in any computer resource (sce.69A)	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
8.	Intermediary or any person in-charge of computer resource not providing technic assistance to any agency authorized by Govt. to enable online enable access to computer resource sec.69B)	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
9.	Un-authorized access/ attempt to access to protected computer system (sec.70)	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
10.	Misrepresentation/suppression of fact for obtaining license or Electronic Signature certificate (sec.71)	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0
11.	Others	0	0	5	0.0	0	0	0
12	Total	20	33	37	12.1	25	21	17

CHAPTER-11

DETECTION UNDER NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCE (ND&PS) ACT.

11.1 General:

A drug is a substance intended for use as a medicine for the alleviation of human and animal suffering either alone or in the form of a medical preparation. A drug when modify one or more of its functions. This would include not only medication meant for the treatment of the patients but also other pharmacologically active substances. In other words a drug is a substance that can cause change in man's body or way of thinking and feeling.

In Himachal Pradesh there are total 17495 villages out of which 402 villages of the following five Districts are the natural habitants of cannabis where it grows naturally. Analysis reveals that these five districts of the State have been identified by the drug traffickers for cultivation and transporting of Cannabis at national and international level.

Name of Distt.	Number of Panchayats	Number of Villages
Kullu	50	227
Mandi	11	136
Shimla	35	52
Kinnaur	29	44
Chamba	119	631
Kangra	9	20

11.2 Narcotic Drugs:

In general, Narcotics drug can be defined as a awareness of sensory impulses, especially pain, by the brain. In large doses it caused stupor (Condition of insensibility), coma or convulsion. These would include:

- (i) Cannabis preparations like Bhang, Ganja and Charas.

- (ii) Opium and Opium alkaloids like morphine.
- (iii) Coca alkaloids like Cocaine.
- (iv) Synthetic narcotic drugs like pethidine.

11.3 Psychotropic Drugs:

The Greek word Psycho means “Soul” and “Trope” means ‘Turning’, and drug having peculiar affinity for or effect on mind (Mind altering). The term psychotropic drug include:

- 1) Hallucinogens: There are both natural and synthetic Drugs like LSD (Lysergic acid Diethylamide) and tetrahydrocannabinals.
- 2) Hypnotics: Secobarbitone, Phenobarbitone.
- 3) Stimulants: These drugs induce and excitement in the body like amphetamines cocaine.
- 4) Tranquillizers: Methaqualone, Mandrax, etc.
- 5) Depressants: Under this class would fall drugs which are pain killers, analgesics, sedatives, like barbiturates, opiates.

11.4 Important (ND&PS) Drugs:

- Opium
- Morphine
- Codeine
- Heroin
- Cocaine
- Cannabis
- Ganja
- Hashish
- Marijuana
- Synthetic Drugs
- LSD etc.

11.5 Seizer of Drugs :

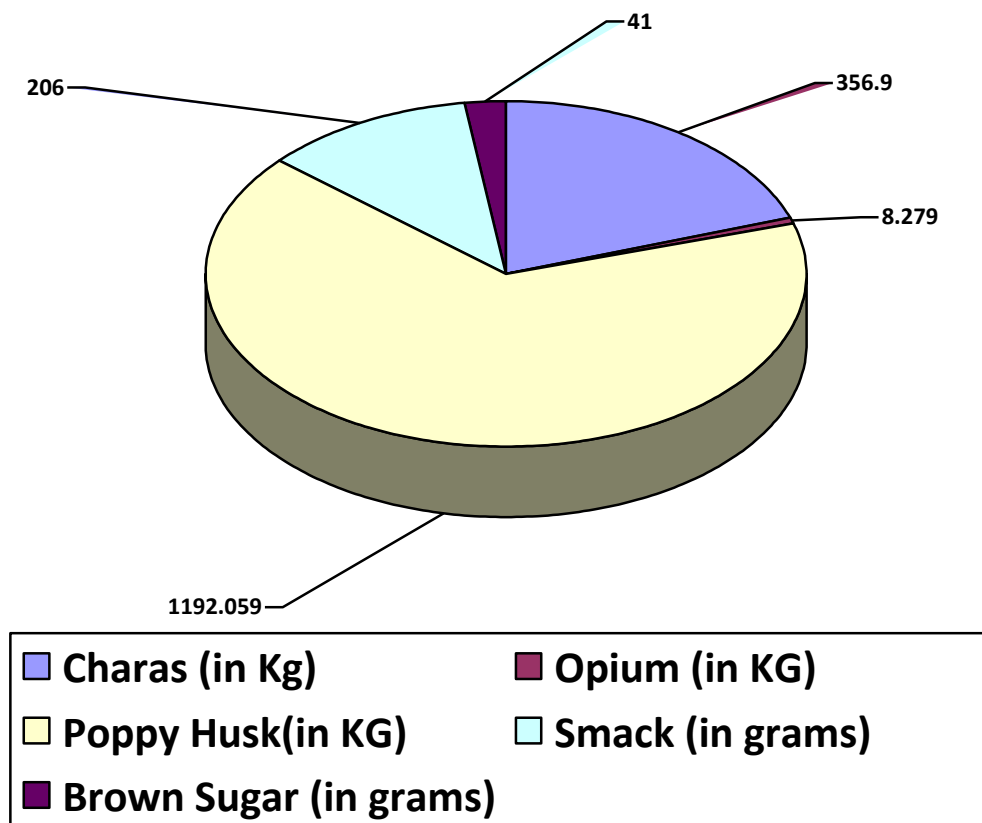
The detail of drugs seized/recovered during the last 5 years and the case registered thereon is given in the below mentioned Table.

CASES REGISTERED AND CONTRABANDS SEIZED UNDER ND&PS ACT FROM THE YEAR 2010 TO 2014

Sr. No.	Type of Drugs	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
1.	Cases Regd.	596	570	513	531	644
2.	Charas (in Kgs.)	640.214	290.583	278.811	314.4	356.963
3.	Opium (in Kgs.)	36.029	11.214	1.229	1.819	8.279
4.	Poppy Husk (Kgs.)	2042.301	1044.406	1850.349	793.1	1192.059
5.	Poppy Plants (Nos.)/Bighas	16809	403.07 bighas	153625 in 35.06 bighas	8958 plants	33.04 bighas
6.	Smack Brown Sugar (Gms.)	1.027	9.886	.025 grms smack, 106 grms B/sugar, 3 tube LSD	190.9 grams Smake, 6.52 gram B/Sugar	Smack=206.213gm B/Sugar=41 gm Mdm=18 gm Amphetamine Powder = 20gm
7.	Ganja (in Kgs.)	2.371	20.150	6.845	3.54	0
8.	Cannabis Plants	3000 plants, 54 Kgs seed.	13327 bighas	Destructed in 4674.76 bighas	82235918	1919.07 Bighas
9.	Cocaine/crack (in Gms.)	0.010	6.607	0.57 grams and 264 mg	65 gms	69 gm
10.	Prohibited drugs	Capsule 56404, Tablets 4008, Rxcop Syrup 960, Inj-270	Capsule 13091, Tablets 1694, Rxcop Syrup 360,	Capsule 68442, Tablets 47436, Rxcop Syrup 3312 Inj, MDM 13 gm Amphetamine Powder =330	Capsule 101433, Tablets 31568, Injection 2049, Rxcop Syrup 9242	Capsule 42615, Tablets 24540, Rxcop Syrup 14086, MDM 18 gm Amphetamine Powder = 20gm

The drug-wise detection during the year 2014 according to the above mentioned table is presented in the chart 11.1. The major detection of poppy husk (1192.059Kgs) has been made during the year 2014 followed by Charas (356.9 Kgs.) Opium 8.279 Kgs. Detection of other drugs i.e. Smack 206 gms, Brown Sugar 41 gms has been made during the year 2014

CHART-11.1
QUANTITY OF DETECTED DRUGS UNDER
ND&PS ACT DURING 2014



11.6 Detailed Analysis :

The Incidence of (644) under the ND&PS Act showed an increase of 21.3% over 2013. Cases under this Act constituted 21.8% against the total Local & Special Law reported cases during the year 2014. The highest incidence (143) under this head were reported in

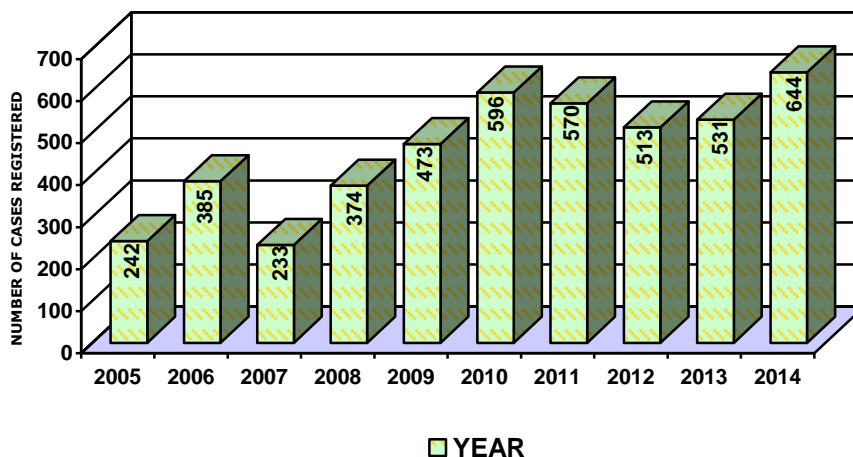
Mandi district followed by Kullu (103), Shimla (72), Kangra (58), Chamba (56), CID (55), Sirmaur (40), Una (29), Baddi (26), Bilaspur (24), Hamirpur (23), Solan (12) and Kinnaur (3). No case under this Act was reported in Lahaul & Spiti District.

The main concentration on the incidence registered under this Act remains on District Mandi and Kullu with 38.2 % of the total registered cases. The analysis reveals that the main source / area of drugs are Kullu, Mandi, Kangra, Shimla and Chamba. Further couriers of this contraband are mostly agriculturists, laborers and poor people.

Of the total persons apprehended under this Act, 78.2 % belong to Himachal Pradesh and 21.8% were outsiders. Study of age profile shows that mostly adults between 18-30 years of age are involved (47.8%). About 38.3% were in the age group of 30-45 years. Above 45 years were 13.9%.

The participation of children below 18 years is negligible (1.5%). Only two Foreigner was involved in this activity. Previous 10 Years (2005-2014) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-11.1

CHART-11.2
DETECTION UNDER ND&PS ACT DURING (2005-2014)



CHAPTER-12

POLICE STRENGTH, INFRASTRUCTURE AND EXPENDITURE

12.1 Police Strength:

The sanctioned strength of the Police personnel in the Himachal Pradesh during the year 2014 was 18820 while actual strength is 15828. Total strength of (GOs) Class-I is 300, which includes 89 IPS and 169 HPS. Total Class-II GOs are 27. The strength of executive force is 16869 which includes 2055 NGOs: Inspectors (266), Sub-Inspectors (673) Asstt. Sub-Inspectors (1116). The strength of Head Constables and Constables is 14814, (HCs-2869 and Const.-11945). The strength of ministerial staff (Class-III is 632, Class-IV 565 and other Whole time, Daily Wagers and Part Timers) is 427. The rank wise detailed sanctioned position and actual strength is presented in Table 12.1.

TABLE-12.1

TOTAL SANCTIONED AND ACTUAL POLICE STRENGTH IN HIMACHAL PRADESH AS ON 31-12-2014

SR.No.	Rank	Class of Post	Sanctioned Strength	Posted Strength	Vacancy
1.	IPS	I	89	67	22
2.	HPS	I	169	157	12
3.	GOs in CTS	I	6	2	4
4.	Admn. Officer	I	1	0	1
5.	Private Secretary	I	2	2	0
6.	Supdt. Grade-I	I	8	8	0
7.	Doctors	I	9	6	3
8.	Joint Director	I	2	2	0
9.	District Attorney	I	1	0	1
10.	Dy. District Attorney	I	4	3	1
11.	Asstt. Distt. Attorney	I	7	4	3
12.	Law Officer	I	1	0	1
13.	Dy. Controller	I	1	1	0
I	Total G.Os.		300	252	48

1	Supdt. Grade-II	II	19	19	0
2	Lecturers	II	5	0	5
3	S.O. (Audit)	II	3	3	0
II	Total Class -II		27	22	5
1	Inspectors	III	266	248	18
2	Sub-Inspectors	III	673	579	94
3	Asstt.Sub-Inspectors	III	1116	914	202
4	Head Constables	III	2869	2569	300
5	Constables	III	11945	10038	1907
III	Total :		16869	14348	2521
	MINISTERIAL STAFF				
1	Personal Assistants	III	2	2	0
2	Sr. Assistants	III	81	77	4
3	Clerks	III	134	92	42
4	Sr. Scale Stenographer	III	14	14	0
5	Jr. Scale Stenographer	III	10	9	1
6	Steno Typists	III	75	33	42
7	Restorer	III	2	1	1
8	Coaches	III	3	0	3
9	Computer	III	1	1	0
10	Forensic Assistant	III	1	0	1
11	Electronic Technician	III	1	0	1
12	Computer Instructor	III	1	0	1
13	Librarian	III	1	0	1
14	Compounder	III	1	0	1
15	Pharmacist	III	13	1	12
16	Nursing Assistant	III	6	0	6
17	Foreman	III	1	0	1
18	Electrician	III	2	1	1
19	Fitter	III	1	1	0
20	Mechanic	III	1	0	1
21	Painter	III	1	1	0
22	Welder	III	1	1	0
23	Cook	III	279	251	28
IV	Total :	III	632	485	147

	FOLLOWERS (CLASS-IV)				
1.	Sweeper	IV	177	176	1
2.	Mali	IV	15	13	2
3.	Syce	IV	10	6	4
4.	Painter	IV	3	1	2
5.	Tailor	IV	10	5	5
6.	Carpenter	IV	14	4	10
7.	Barber	IV	60	49	11
8.	Washermen	IV	78	56	22
9.	Water Carrier	IV	123	107	16
10.	Cobbler	IV	16	08	8
11.	Mason	IV	4	2	2
12.	Kennelmen	IV	1	1	0
13.	Chowkidar	IV	2	2	0
14.	Blacksmith	IV	1	1	0
15.	Plumber	IV	2	2	0
16.	Nursing Orderly	IV	2	1	1
17.	Khalasi	IV	3	3	0
18.	Ward Servant	IV	2	2	0
19.	Frash	IV	2	1	1
20.	Peon	IV	33	29	4
21.	Book Binder	IV	3	0	3
22.	Daftari	IV	3	3	0
23.	Jamadar	IV	1	1	0
V	TOTAL CLASS-IV		565	473	92
	TOTAL (I+II+III+IV+V)		18393	15580	2813
	Whole –Time Contingent paid, Daily Wagers, Part-Time	IV	427	248	179
	GRAND TOTAL →		18820	15828	2992

Note: 448 Posts (Insp. =7, SI = 23, ASI = 13, HC = 114 & Const. = 291) kept in abeyance vide HP Govt. Letter No. Home (A) (B) (1) 2009 dated 24-09-2010.

12.2 Police Districts and Sub-divisions:

During the year 2014, there were 1 Zone, 3 Ranges (Northern, Southern & Central), 13 Districts (including one Police District at Baddi), 28 Police Sub-Divisions, 110 Police Stations (including 2 Police Stations of GRP and one Police Station of CID. Detailed summary is given in Table 12.2.

12.3 Police Housing:

The details of different types of available Police housing are depicted in Table 12.3.

12.4 Police Budget:

The budget allocation for Police department in Himachal Pradesh for the last 3 years is depicted in Table 12.4. During the budget year 2013-2014 Himachal Pradesh Police Budget account for 2.5 % of the total budget for Himachal Pradesh.

12.5 Equipment & Transport:

The district wise number and type of available equipments with Himachal Pradesh, during 2014 are presented in Table 12.5. There are 78 HF Sets, 975 VHF Sets, 1512 Willkie Talkies and 17 other equipments available with the Himachal Police Department.

At present the total available (fleet) strength in Himachal Pradesh Police is 474 Motor Cycles, 200 (Gypsy/Jeep/Bolero/Tata Mobiles), 145 Heavy Vehicles and 32 Vans & others. The district wise detail summary is given in Table 12.6.

TABLE-12.2

NUMBER OF POLICE DISTRICTS, SUB DIVISIONS, POLICE STATION AND POLICE POSTS DURING 2014

SR. NO.	NAME OF DISTRICT	NO. OF SUB DIVISIONS	NO. OF POLICE STATIONS	NO. OF POLICE POSTS	
				Permanent	Temporary
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	BILASPUR	2	7	5	0
2.	CHAMBA	2	8	10	5
3.	HAMIRPUR	1	5	4	0
4.	KANGRA	5	17	13	7
5.	KINNAUR	0	4	4	4
6.	KULLU	2	7	5	2
7.	LAHUAL & SPITI	1	3	3	0
8.	MANDI	2	12	13	3
9.	SHIMLA	5	18	20	5
10.	SIRMAUR	2	8	6	0
11.	SOLAN	2	8	8	2
12.	BBN	2	4	1	1
13.	UNA	2	6	6	1
14.	GRP	0	2	2	0
15.	CID	0	1	0	0
	TOTAL	28	110	100	30

TABLE-12.3

TYPE WISE AVAILABLE POLICE HOUSING IN HIMACHAL PRADESH POLICE DURING 2014

SR. NO	TYPE-III QUARTERS	TYPE-I & II QUARTERS	BARRACKS AVAILABILITY
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1	328	Type-I= 879 Type-II=1652 Total= 2531	4039

TABLE-12.4

BUDGET ALLOTMENT NON-PLAN TO POLICE DEPARTMENT FOR THE LAST THREE YEAR AND THE PERCENTAGE SHARE OF POLICE DEPARTMENT OUT OF THE TOTAL STATE BUDGET.

SR. NO	YEAR	RUPEES IN CRORES		
		STATE BUDGET (in lacs)	POLICE BUDGET	PERCENTAGE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	2011-2012	17065.57	-	-
2	2012-2013	18695.11	500.08	2.67
3	2013-2014	24594.95	613.27	2.49

TABLE-12.5

DISTRICT WISE AVAILABLE EQUIPMENT IN HIMACHAL PRADESH POLICE DURING 2014

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	H.F 25 WT	V.H.F 25 WATT	WALKIE TALKIE 5 WATTS	OTHER WIRELESS EQUIPMENT			TOTAL
					BEST	POLNET	SAT PHONE	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	PD BADDI	1	36	75	-	-	-	112
2.	BILASPUR	1	49	81	-	1	-	132
3.	CHAMBA	15	114	160	-	1	-	290
4.	HAMIRPUR	3	48	125	-	1	-	177
5.	KANGRA	2	124	152	-	1	-	279
6.	KINNAUR	7	33	22	-	1	-	63
7.	KULLU	7	69	125	-	1	1	203
8.	LAHUAL & SPITI	14	41	53	-	1	-	109
9.	MANDI	01	66	95	-	1	2	165
10.	SHIMLA	18	180	344	-	1	-	543
11.	SIRMAUR	5	68	79	-	1	2	155
12.	SOLAN	2	78	108	-	1	-	189
13.	UNA	2	69	93	-	1	-	165
14.	GRP	0	0	0	-	0	-	0
15.	STATE CID	0	0	0	-	0	-	0
	TOTAL	78	975	1512	-	12	5	2582

TABLE-12.6

**NUMBER OF AVAILABLE TRANSPORTS SUPPORT DURING-2014
(DISTRICT WISE)**

S. NO.	DISTRICT UNIT	CARS	GYPSY JEEP/ TAVERA, T-MOBILE BOLERO & QUAILS	OTHERS (M. VAN)	HEAVY VEHI- CLES	MOTOR CYCLE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1.	Shimla	03	25	01	08	56
2.	Solan	01	12	02	05	28
3.	Sirmaur	03	09	01	05	24
4.	Kinnaur	01	07	00	03	25
5.	Bilaspur	01	09	02	04	25
6.	Mandi	03	13	04	7	48
7.	Kullu	01	14	02	05	32
8.	L & S	00	05	01	01	11
9.	Hamirpur	01	08	01	04	20
10.	Kangra	02	22	04	06	44
11.	Chamba	01	16	00	04	38
12.	Una	03	09	00	03	22
13.	BBN Baddi	00	09	01	02	18
14.	IG -SR	00	01	00	00	01
15.	IG -NR	00	01	00	00	02
16.	IG -CR	00	01	00	00	02
17.	Ist HPAP Bn. Junga	02	01	00	14	03
18.	Ist IRBn Bangarh	01	03	02	17	02
19.	2 nd IRBn Sakoh	01	03	02	20	03
20.	3 rd IRBn Pandoh	01	03	02	22	03
21.	4 th IRBn Jangalbari	01	01	01	06	03
22.	5 th IRbn. Bilaspur	00	00	00	00	02
23.	Mahila IRB Bassi	01	01	00	00	00
24.	6 th IRBn. Sirmaur	00	00	01	00	00
25.	C&TS	01	01	01	02	04
26.	TTR	03	01	01	00	04
27.	CID	05	17	01	02	24
28.	PTC Daroh	01	04	01	05	19
29.	HP IPS	00	01	00	00	02
30.	AP&T	03	00	00	00	03
31.	PHQ	09	03	01	00	06
	TOTAL	49	200	32	145	474

ANNEXURE-I

OTHER IPC CRIMES

The following are the important sections of law in Other IPC cases under which cognizance are taken up by Police.

1. 323 IPC R/W 190 (b) Cr.PC., Causing simple hurt by means of simple weapon.
2. 411 IPC receiving stolen property
3. 465,466,467,468,469,471,472,473,475,476,477, 477 (A) IPC Forgery.
4. 160 IPC Affray
5. 294 (b) IPC
6. 283 IPC Act endangering human life
7. 377 IPC Unnatural offences
8. 417,419,420 & 493 IPC cheating
9. 328, 329-IPC (Poison)
10. 224 IPC Escaping from Police custody
11. 384- IPC Extortion
12. 318- IPC Infanticide
13. 355 IPC-assault with criminal force with intent to dishonour
14. 306 IPC abetment of suicide
15. 332, 353 IPC Assaulting public servant while on duty
16. 429 IPC
17. 447,448,449,450,452 IPC-Trespass
18. 506 (i) & 506 (ii) IPC-Intimidation
19. 509 IPC-Insulting the modesty of a women

ANNEXURE-II

SPECIAL AND LOCAL LAWS

1. The Essential Commodities (Special provisions) Amendment Act 1993
2. The Essential commodities Act, 1995
3. SC/ST Prevention of (Atrocities) Act 1989
4. SC,ST (Prevention of Atrocities) Rules 1995
5. Protection of Civil Rights Act 1955
6. The Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1966
7. Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988
8. Railways Act, 1989
9. Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956 (Act No.104/56 as amended upto Act 44/86)
10. The Dowry Prohibition Act, 1986
11. The Telegraph Wires (Unlawful Possession) Act, 1950
12. The Official secrets Act, 1923
13. The Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967
14. The Foreigners Order, 1948
15. The Indian Extradition Act, 1973
16. The National security Act, 1980
17. The Customs Act, 1962
18. Juvenile justice Act, 1986 and Juvenile Justice Act, 2000
19. Anti Hijacking Act, 1982
20. The Prize Competitions Act, 1955

21. The Prize Chits and Money Circulation Schemes (Banning) Act, 1978
22. The Prisoners (Attendance in Courts) Act, 1955
23. The Bonded Labour System (Abolition) Act and Rules 1976
24. The Essential Services Maintenance Act, 1961 (Act XL of 1981)
25. The Prevention of Damage to Public Property Act, 1984 (Act III of 1984)
26. The prevention of Cruelty to animals Act, 1960
27. The Arms Act, 1981
28. Arms rules 1997
29. The Explosives Act, 1984
30. The Indian Explosives Rules 1998
31. The Explosive Substances Act, 1908
32. The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Act, 1985
33. The Wild Life (Protection) Amendment Act, 1993
34. The Identification of Prisoner's Act, 1920
35. The Railway property (Unlawful Possession) Act, 1966
36. Antiquities and Art Treasure Act, 1972
37. The foreigners Act, 1964 (Act XXXI of 1964)
38. The Electricity Act, 1910
39. Motor Vehicles Act, 1988
40. The Probation of Offenders Act, 1958
41. The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993
42. The Central M.V. Rules, 1995
43. The Copy Right (Amendment) Act, 1992
44. Prevention of Insults to National Honour Act, 1971

45. The Telegraph Act, 1885.
46. The Post Office Act, 1898
47. The Wireless Telegraphy Act, 1933
48. Contempt's of Courts Act, 1971
49. The Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867
50. The Ancient Monuments and Archaeological sites and Remains Act, 1958
51. The Petroleum Act, 1934
52. The General Clauses Act, 1897 (Central)
53. The Cinematography Act, 1952
54. The Police Forces (Restriction of Rights)Act, 1966
55. The Police (Incitement to Disaffection) Act, 1922
56. The Passports (Amendment) Act, 1993
57. The Citizenship Act, 1955
58. The Atomic Energy Act, 1962
59. The Army Act, 1950
60. The Cattle Trespass Act, 1981
61. The Fisheries Act, 1897
62. Representation of the People Act 1950 and Conduct of Election Rules-1961
63. The Indian Passport Rules 1950
64. Consumer Protection Act, 1986
65. Environment Protection Act, 1986
66. Land Acquisition Act, 1894
67. Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act,1983

68. The Water (Prevention and Control Pollution) Act, 1977
69. The Employees State Insurance Act, 1948
70. The Plantation Labour Act, 1951
71. The Family Courts Act, 1984
72. The Special Marriage Act, 1954
73. The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
74. The Hindu Succession Act, 1956
75. The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 (Amended in 1995)
76. The Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1971
77. The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970
78. The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
79. The Child Marriage Restraint (Amendment) Act, 1929
80. The Factories Act, 1948
81. Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986
82. Advocates Act 1961
83. Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981
84. Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944
85. Companies Act, 1956
86. Criminal Law (Amendment) Ordinance, 1944
87. Criminal Law (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946
88. Departmental Enquiries (Enforcement of Attendance of Witnesses and Production of Documents) Act, 1972
89. Disturbed Areas (Special Courts) Act, 1976
90. Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1949
91. The Forests Act, 1927

92. Mental Health Act, 1987
93. Poisons Act, 1934
94. Police Act, 1949
95. Prevention of Black Marketing and Maintenance of Supplies of Essential Commodities Act, 1980
96. Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954
97. Prevention of Food Adulteration Rules, 1955
98. Prevention of Seditious Meetings Act, 1911
99. The Public Gambling Act, 1867
100. Standards of Weights and Measures (Enforcement) Act, 1985
101. Terrorist Affected Areas (Special Courts) Act, 1984
102. Trade and Merchandise Marks Act, 1958
103. The Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000
104. The pre-Natal Diagnostic Technique (Regulation, Prevention & Misuse) Act, 1994
105. Information Technology Act, 2000

ANNEXURE-III

HIMACHAL PRADESH ACT

1. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act, 1968.
2. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act, 1972.
3. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act, 1973.
4. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act No. 26 Of 1976.
5. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act No. 36 Of 1976.
6. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act, 1978.
7. Himachal Pradesh Roadside Land Control Act, 1969
8. Himachal Pradesh Silk worn Seeds Control Act, 1968.
9. Himachal Pradesh State Aid To Industries Act, 1968
10. Himachal Pradesh Tenancy & Land Reforms Act, 1972
11. Foreign Marriage Act, 1969
12. Himachal Pradesh Tolls (Repealing) Act, 1972
13. Himachal Pradesh Tolls Act, 1975
14. Himachal Pradesh Town And Country Planning Act, 1977
15. Himachal Pradesh Transfer Of Land (Regulation) Act, 1969.
16. Himachal Pradesh University Act, 1970
17. Himachal Pradesh Urban Rent Control Act, 1987
18. Himachal Pradesh Utilization Of Lands Act, 1973.
19. Himachal Pradesh Vaccination Act, 1968
20. Himachal Pradesh Vehicles (Bridge Tolls) Act, 1968
21. Himachal Pradesh Village & Small Town Patrol Act, 1964
22. Foreigners Law (Appl.& Amendment) Act, 1962
23. Himachal Pradesh War Awards Act, 1972
24. Himachal Pradesh Warehouses Act, 1976
25. Himachal Pradesh Water Supply Act, 1968
26. Indian Forest (H.P Second Amendment) Act, 1991
27. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1969.
28. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1976.
29. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1978.

30. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1988.
31. Forward Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1952
32. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1991.
33. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1992.
34. Indian Treasure Trove (H.P Amendment) Act, 1972.
35. Land Acquisition (H.P Amendment) Act, 1986.
36. Local Authorities (H.P Amendment) Act, 1973.
37. Local Authorities (H.P Amendment) Act, 1976.
38. Press & Regn. Of Books & Newspapers (H.P Amendment) Act,1973
39. Prisons (H.P Amendment) Act, 1973
40. Provincial Insolvency (H.P Amendment) Act, 1969
41. Provincial Small Cause Courts (H.P Amendment)Act, 1969.
42. General Clauses Act,1897
43. Public Gambling (H.P Amendment) Act, 1976
44. Public Waifs (Extension Of Limitation) (H.P Amend.) Act,1977
45. Public Waifs (Extension Of Limitation) (H.P Amend.) Act,1984
46. Public Waifs (Extn.Of Limit.) (H.P Amend.) Act,1974
47. Punjab Excise (H.P Amendment) Act, 1965
48. Punjab Excise (H.P Amendment) Act No. 3 Of 1989
49. Punjab Excise (H.P Amendment) Act No. 4 Of 1989
50. Punjab Excise (H.P Amendment) Act, 1995
51. Punjab Gen. Sales Tax (H.P Amend. & Validation) Act,1968.
52. Punjab Pre-Emption (H.P Amendment) Act, 1987.
53. Gift Tax Act, 1958
54. Punjab Profes.Trades,Callings & Emp.Taxn.(HP Repl.)Act, 1968
55. Punjab Profes.Trades,Callings & Emp.Taxn.(HP Repl.)Act, 1968
56. Punjab Security Of State (H.P Amendment) Act, 1980
57. Punjab Security Of State (H.P Amendment) Act, 1984
58. Redemption Of Mortgages (H.P Amendment) Act, 1971

59. Registration (H.P Amendment) Act. 1969
60. Registration (H.P Amendment) Act. 1981.
61. Salaries & Allowances Of Deputy Ministers (H.P) Act, 1971
62. Salaries & Allowances Of Ministers (H.P) Act, 1971
63. Societies Registration (H.P Amendment) Act, 1973.
64. Societies Registration (H.P Amendment) Act, 1992.
65. Gold Control Act,1968
66. Stage Carriage (H.P Amendment) Act, 1973.
67. Suits Valuation (H.P Amendment) Act, 1969
68. Usurious Loans (H.P Amendment) Act, 1969.
69. Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act 2013
70. Domestic Violence Act 2005.

CRIME IN HIMACHAL PRADESH-2014

GLOSSARY

Arrest Rate:

Number of arrests per lakh of population.

Charge sheeting Rate:

Percentage of cases charge sheeted to cases in which investigations were completed.

Cognizable Offences:

A cognizable case means a case in which, a police officer may in accordance with the first schedule of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1973 or under any other Law for the time being in force, arrest without warrant.

Conviction Rate:

Percentage of cases that resulted in conviction to the number of cases in which trials were completed during a year.

Crime Against Women:

Rape, Dowry deaths, molestation, Cruelty by husband and relatives, Sexual harassment, Kidnapping & abduction of women and girls, dowry Prohibition Act.

Crime Rate:

Incidence of crime per lakh of population.

Disposal Rate by Police:

Percentage of cases investigated and chalaned to total cases meant for investigation during the year.

Disposal Rate by Courts:

Percentage of cases disposed to total cases pending/trial during a year.

Indian Penal Code:

A Penal Code for India listing out the offences and their punishments (Act No. XLV of 1860).

Local Law:

A law applicable only to a particular state/part of India.

Offence:

The word offence means any act or omission made punishable by any law for the time being in force.

Property Offence:

Include Burglary, Theft, Dacoity and Robbery.

Special law :

A law applicable to a particular subject.

HIMACHAL PRADESH POLICE



**STATE CRIME RECORDS BUREAU
CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT
HIMACHAL PRADESH**