

# HIMACHAL PRADESH CRIME REVIEW 2008









STATE CRIME RECORDS BUREAU
CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT
HIMACHAL PRADESH

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### STATE CRIME RECORDS BUREAU CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA

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#### **PREFACE**



Himachal Pradesh, "Crime Review-2008" is the first issue being published by State CID, SCRB. Efforts have been made to collect, present and analyze the data. Our endeavour was to make available maximum details by way of statistical tables, graphs/charts and brief interpretation wherever possible.

The job of data interpretation of crime is increasingly becoming important tool to forecast future trends for proper law enforcement and therefore, mere presentation of statistics does not serve the purpose anymore. It is our objective to collect accurate, meaningful and relevant statistics which would contribute towards formulation of focused Crime Control Policies in the State.

The Officers and the staff of State Crime Records Bureau, H.P., particularly Sh. O.C. Thakur, IPS, Inspector General of Police, Mrs. Babita Rana, HPS, Dy. Superintendent of Police, ASI Parshotam Chand, HC Surinder Singh, Const. Devinder Dutt and Const. Hari Singh of SCRB who have made significant contribution towards the preparation of this first ever issue of Crime Review because of which it has become possible to bring this first issue in such a comprehensive manner.

I am sure; this effort will go a long way in helping the police officers besides providing information to all stakeholders.

(I.D. BHANDARI), IPS Addl. Director General of Police, Criminal Investigation Department, Himachal Pradesh, Shimla-9

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#### HIMACHAL PRADESH AT A GLANCE

1. Area : 55,673 Sq. Kms.

2. Border : Jammu& Kashmir,

Punjab, Haryana,

Uttrakhand

3. Population : 2001 Projected

**Census** (2008)

60,77,900 68,06,000

4. Gender:- Male (50.80%) : 30,87,940

Female (49.19%) : 29,89,960

5. Sex Ratio (Per 1000 male) : 968 Female

5. Population Density : 109 ( per square km.)

5. Literacy Rate : 77 %

6. Per Capita Income : Rs.39,819

7. National Highways : 7 (1493 Kms.)

8. State Highways : 19,985 Kms.

9. Total No. of Districts : 12

10. Snow Bound Districts : 5

11. Border with J&K : 216 Kms.

12. Seismic Zone : Zone-V (Highly Prone)

> Having International Tourist Destinations.

#### PROFILE OF HIMACHAL PRADESH POLICE

1. Zone 1 2. 3 Ranges 3. **Districts 12** 4. **Police Districts** 13 5. **Police Sub-divisions** 26 6. **Police Stations** 99 **7**. Railway Police Stations: 2 8. **Highest Police Station:** 12000 Ft. (Kaza) 9. Police Posts (Permanent) 88 27 10. Police Posts (Temporary) : 11. Battalions & **India Reserve Battalions:** 6 12. HP Institute of 1 **Police Studies** 13. Police Training College: 1 14. Total Police Strength Sanctioned = 17890Actual = 14344 15. Police Population 2.4 (Per Thousand of Population) 16. Police: Density 25.76 ( Per 100 Sq. Km.)

#### **CHAPTER-1**

## INCIDENCE AND RATE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES IN HIMACHAL PRADESH

#### 1.1 General:

The Himachal Pradesh is a hilly and peaceful state. There are sporadic incidents of crime taking place, but no particular area of any district of this State is notorious for any class or category of crime. There has not been any abnormal fluctuation in the incidence of crime in the State.

The crime situation has remained peaceful and well under control during the year 2008 throughout the State of Himachal Pradesh. No alarming increase was noticed under any major head of crime.

#### 1.2. The Parameters for Review and Analysis of Crime:-

The following parameters have been adopted while analyzing the crime for the year 2008:-

- Geographical spread.
- Reasons for commission of crime especially in offences against persons.
- Investigative process followed.
- Recovery of property.
- Profile of criminals.

#### 1.3. Reported Incidence of Cognizable Crimes:

The ten years trends of incidence and rate of total cognizable crime under Indian Penal Code (IPC) and Local and Special Laws (1999-2008) is presented in Table-1.2 at the end of the chapter Total numbers of 18,043 cognizable crime cases were reported during the year 2008. This comprise of 13,976 cases under IPC and 4,067

cases under (SLL) Local & Special Law. (Table-1.1 and Chart-1.1 & 1.2)

CHART-1.1
INCIDENCE OF TOTAL REGISTERED CRIME
FOR THE LAST 10 YEAR (1999-2008)

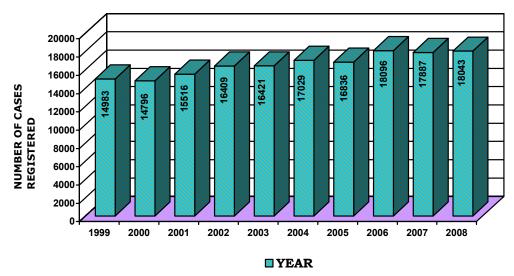
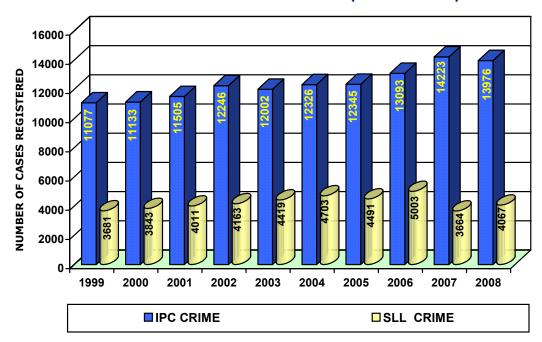


CHART-1.2
INCIDENCE OF TOTAL IPC AND LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW
CRIME FOR THE LAST 10 YEAR (1999-2008)



#### 1.4. Crime Trends:

#### 1.4.1. Crime Incidence:

During the year 2008, cases of cognizable crime have increased by 0.87% (156) when compared to the registration of cognizable crime cases of the corresponding previous year. The registration of IPC crimes has recorded decrease of 1.73% while that of Special and Local Laws crime has recorded an increase of 11.79% in 2008 as compared to the year 2007.

Total 13976 IPC cases were reported in the State during the year 2008, as against 14223 cases during 2007 (1.73% decrease). District Kangra and Mandi have recorded crime incidence between 2000 to 2500 IPC cases in each, district Shimla, Solan have recorded crime between 1500 to 2000 IPC cases each, Una, Kullu, Bilaspur have recorded crime between 1000 to 1500 IPC cases each and Hamirpur, Sirmaur and Chamba districts have recorded crime 500 to 1000 in each. The crime in the remaining two districts i.e. Kinnaur, Lahaul & Spiti and Railway & Traffic unit have remain below the figure of 500 cases. The district wise detailed volume of crime is depicted in the Table-1.3.

#### 1.4.2. District-wise IPC Crimes Trends:

The highest incidence of IPC cases was reported in District Kangra (2290 cases) followed by Mandi (2144), Shimla (1941), Solan (1504), Una (1102) Kullu (1096) Bilaspur (1046), Hamirpur (959), Sirmaur (885), Chamba (761). The detail of number of districts falling under different ranges with incidence of IPC crimes during the year 2008 is presented in Table-1.3.

#### 1.5. Crime Pattern: (IPC Crimes)

As compared to 2007, this year incidences of Murder, Attempt to Murder, Cruelty to Women, Theft, Burglary and Dacoity

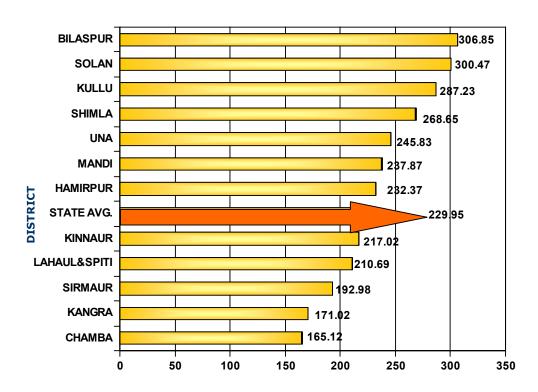
Cases have shown increase while Culpable Homicide, Rape Kidnapping-Abduction, Dowry Deaths, Molestation, Hurt, Rioting, Accidents and other IPC cases have reported a decrease.

#### 1.6. Crime Rate:

The Crime Rate, District wise is presented in Table-1.4. The average IPC Crime Rate in the State for 2008 was 299.95. The Crime Rate was the highest in Bilaspur (306.85 followed by Solan (300.47), Kullu (287.23), Shimla (268.85), Una (245.83), Mandi (237.87), Hamirpur (232.37), Kinnaur (217.02) Lahaul & Spiti (210.69) and the lowest crime rate were found to be in district Sirmaur (192.98), Kangra (171.02), and Chamba (165.12). (Chart-1.3) and Table 1.4.

CHART-1.3

RATE OF IPC CRIME (DISTRICT-WISE) DURING-2008



**Rate of Crime Incidence** 

#### 1.7. Head Wise Analysis Of IPC Offences:

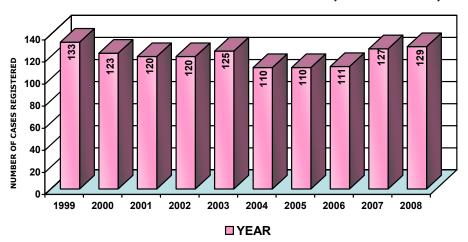
The head wise analysis of IPC offences is presented in Table-1.5. The head wise statistics indicates the following trends:-

#### (i) Murder: (increase 1.58 %)

The incidence of murder (129) in 2008 increased by 1.58% as compared to the previous year 2007. Highest incidence of murder was reported in Mandi and Kangra (19 cases each) districts, contributing 0.27 % of the total cases. Other districts which reported more than 10 cases were Solan (16) Una (15), Shimla (15), Kullu (15) and Chamba (10). The lowest incidence of murder was reported in districts Sirmaur (7), Hamirpur (6), Bilaspur (5) Kinnaur (1) and Lahaul & Spiti (1). Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.4.

The analysis of the causes has revealed that no organized gang was operating in the State. In most of these cases crime was committed due to land disputes or murder for gain or personal enmity. Generally, sudden provocation or minor altercations were the reasons for commission of most of the murders. There was no class or caste factor involved in the commission of murder.

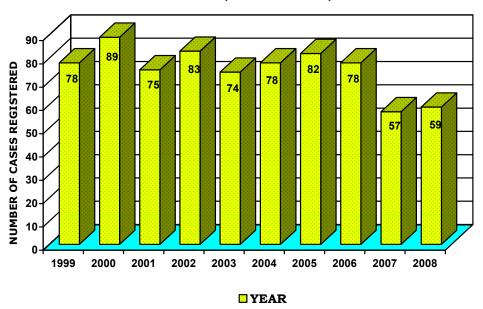
CHART-1.4
INCIDENCE OF MURDER DURING (1999-2008)



#### (ii) Attempt to commit Murder: (increase 3.51%)

The incidence (59) of Attempt to Commit Murder during this year has increased by 3.51 percent. The higher incidence of cases under this head was reported in Kangra (20) followed by Solan (10), Una (9) Mandi (7) and Kullu (3). The lowest incidence under this head was reported in Sirmaur (2), Bilaspur (2). No incidence under this head was reported in Hamirpur, Kinnaur and Lahaul & Spiti districts. Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.5.

CHART-1.5
INCIDENCE OF ATTEMPT TO MURDER
DURING (1999-2008)

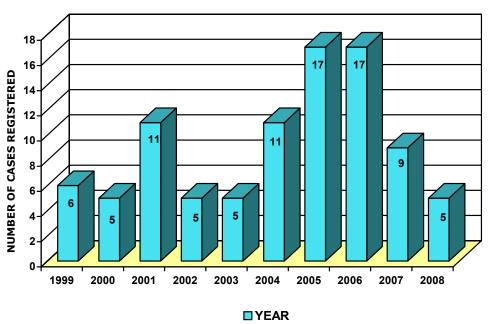


#### (iii) C.H. not Amounting to Murder: (decrease44.44%)

5 cases of Culpable Homicide not Amounting to Murder were reported during the year, showing a decrease of 44.44% percent over the previous year (9 cases). The highest incidence (2 cases) was reported in Solan district followed by Bilaspur, Chamba, Kangra, (1

case each) Districts. No incidence under this head was reported in Hamirpur, Kullu, Mandi, Sirmaur, Shimla, Una, Kinnaur and Lahaul & Spiti districts. Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.6.

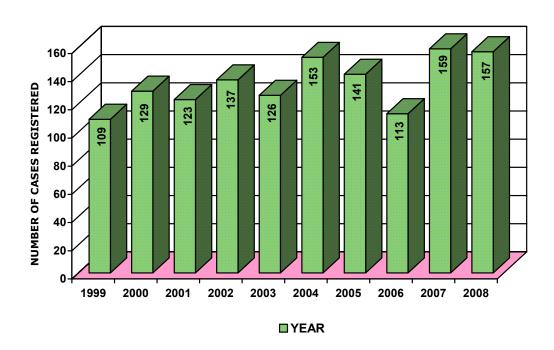
CHART-1.6
INCIDENCE OF C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER
DURING (1999-2008)



#### (iv) Rape: (decrease 1.25 Percent)

Total 157 cases of Rape were reported which has shown a decrease of 1.25 percent during 2008 over previous year 2007 (159 cases). The highest incidence of rape was reported in Mandi (32) followed by Shimla (22), Kangra (19), Kullu (16), Una (11), Bilaspur, Chamba and Sirmaur (10 each) Hamirpur (8). The lowest number of cases were reported in Kinnaur (4) and Lahaul & Spiti (1). Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1. 7.

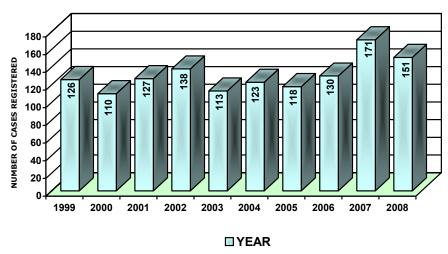
CHART-1.7
INCIDENCE OF RAPE DURING (1999-2008)



#### (v) Kidnapping and abduction: (decrease 11.69 %)

During the year 2008 a total number of 151 cases of Kidnapping and Abduction were reported with a decrease of 11.69 percent compared to previous year 2007. The highest incidences were reported in Kangra and Shimla (20 cases each) followed by Kullu (19), Chamba (16) Solan (15) Sirmaur and Mandi (14 each), Una and Hamirpur (12 each). The lowest number of cases was reported in Bilaspur (7) and Kinnaur (2). No incidence under this head was reported in Lahaul & Spiti district. Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.8.

CHART-1.8
INCIDENCE OF KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION
DURING (1999-2008)



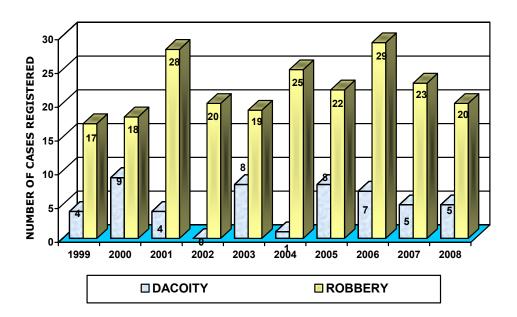
#### (vi) Dacoity: (increase 20%)

(Total incidence of Dacoity (6) showed and increase of 20% over the previous year 2007. Solan district has reported the highest incidence (3 cases) followed by Shimla, Sirmaur, Una (1 each). No incidence under this head was reported in remaining districts of State. Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.9.

#### (vii) Robbery: (decrease 13%)

The incidence of 20 cases of Robbery showed a decrease of 13% over the previous year 2007. The highest incidence was reported in Kangra and Solan (4 each) followed by Mandi and Shimla (3 each). The lowest number of cases were reported in Bilaspur and Kullu (2 each). No case under this head was reported in rest of the districts of State. Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.9.

CHART-1.9
INCIDENCE OF DACOITY AND ROBBERY
DURING (1999-2008)



#### (viii) Burglary: (increase 0.26%)

The incidence of Burglary (775) recorded a increase with 0.26% during the year 2008 as compared with 2007. The highest number of Burglary cases (139) was reported in Shimla district followed by Kangra (123), Solan and Mandi (95 each), Una (67), Hamipur (63) Kullu (62), Sirmaur (52). The remaining districts have reported less than 50 cases under this head. The crime rate was the highest at 32.37 in Kullu district and the lowest at 3.04 in Chamba district as against the State average of 12.75. Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.10.

#### (ix) Theft: (Increase 5.49%)

The incidence of Theft recorded an increase of 5.49% during the year 2008 over the previous year. Kangra district has reported highest incidence (249 cases) followed by Shimla (225), Solan (126), Mandi (98), Sirmaur and Una (85 each), Kullu (80), Bilaspur

(64), Chamba (52). The remaining districts have reported less than 10 cases each. The crime rate was the highest in Shimla (31.17) district and the lowest (3.0) in Lahaul & Spiti district as against the State average of 18.95. Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.11.

CHART-1.10
INCIDENCE OF BURGLARY DURING (1999-2008)

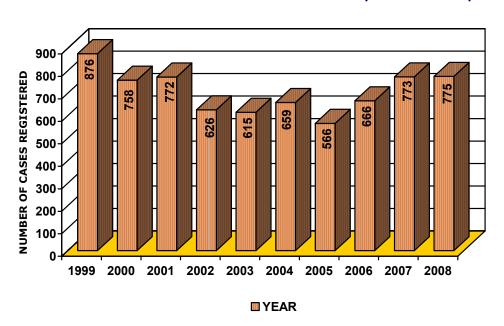
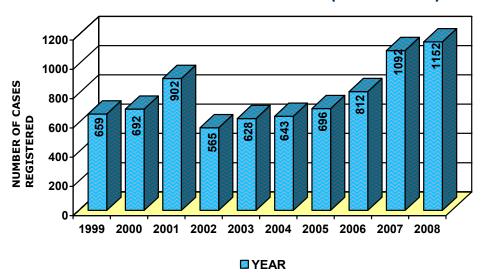


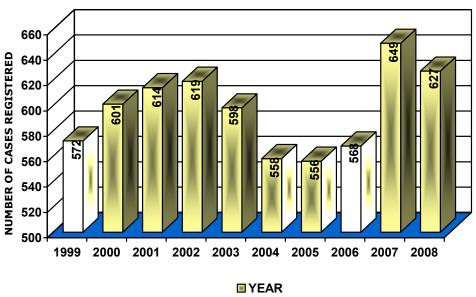
CHART-1.11
INCIDENCE OF THEFT DURING (1999-2008)



#### (x) Riots: (decrease 3.38%)

Incidence of Riots (627) registered during the year 2008 recorded a decrease of 3.38% over the previous year 2007. The highest incidence was reported from Kangra (118) district followed by Shimla (108), Solan (70), Mandi (68), Sirmaur (64), Kullu (54), Una (51). The lowest number of cases was reported in Hamirpur (23) followed by Chamba (21) Kinnaur (11) and Lahaul & Spiti (1). Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.12.

CHART-1.12
INCIDENCE OF RIOTING DURING (1999-2008)



#### (xi) Hurt: ( Decrease 1.14 %)

A total number of 837 cases were reported during 2008 as against 850 cases reported in the year 2007 showing a fall of 1.14%. Kangra district has reported the highest incidence (234) followed by Mandi (113), Hamirpur (106), Una (92), Chamba (62), Solan (58), Shimla (54), Kullu (40) Bilaspur and Sirmaur (36 each). The least number of cases were reported in Kinnaur (6) and no case

was reported in Lahaul & Spiti. Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.13.

CHART-1.13
INCIDENCE OF HURT DURING (1999-2008)

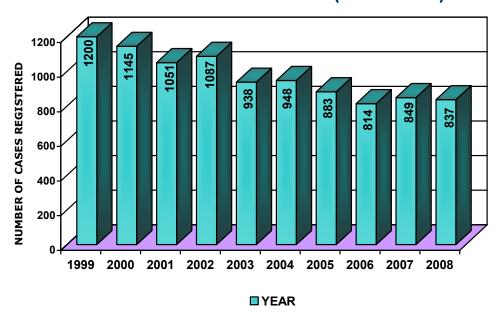
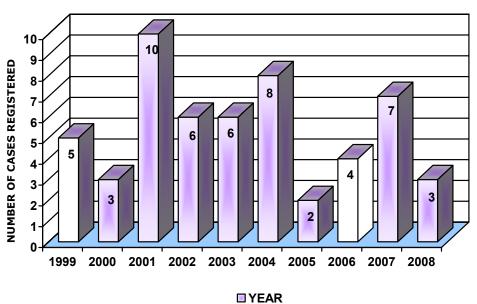


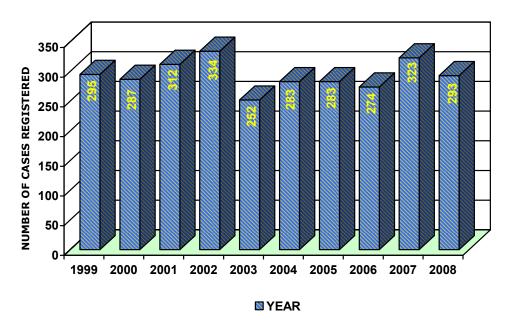
CHART-1.14
INCIDENCE OF DOWRY DEATH DURING (1999-2008)



#### (xii) Dowery Death: (decrease 57.14 %)

Incidence of Dowry Death recorded a decrease of **57.14** % over the previous year 2007. A total number of 3 Dowry Deaths cases were registered in the State. Bilaspur (2 cases) and Mandi (1 case) was reported during the year. No case under this head was reported in rest of the districts of the State. Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.14.

CHART-1.15
INCIDENCE OF MOLESTATION DURING (1999-2008)



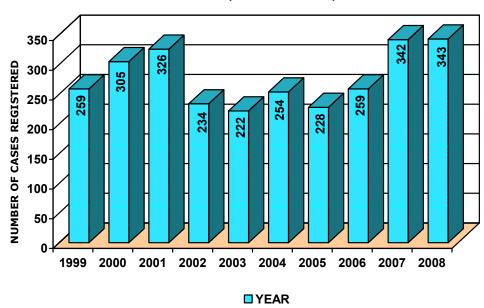
#### (xiii) Molestation: (decrease 9.28 %)

293 cases were reported during the year, showing a decrease of 9.28%. 75 cases were reported in Mandi District followed by Kangra (37), Shimla and Kullu (31 each), Bilaspur (28), Chamba (26) The lowest number of cases were reported in Sirmaur (19) followed by Una (17), Hamirpur (15), Solan (13) and Kinnaur (1). No case was reported in Lahaul & Spiti District. Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.15.

#### (xiv) Cruelty to women: (increase 0.29%)

343 cases were reported during the year, showing an increase of 0.29%. 68 case were reported in Kangra district followed by Mandi (42), Hamirpur (39), Una (37), Bilaspur (35), Shimla (33), Sirmaur (30) and Kullu (28). The lowest number of cases were reported in Solan (17) followed by Chamba (10), Kinnaur (3) and Lahaul & Spiti (1). Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.16.

CHART-1.16
INCIDENCE OF CRUELTY TO WOMEN
DURING (1999-2008)



#### (xv) Accidents: (decrease 6.27%)

2735 cases were reported during the year, showing an decrease of 6.27% as compared to the previous year. 448 case were reported in Kangra district followed by Shimla (377), Solan (362), Mandi (360), Sirmaur (256), Una (233), Bilaspur (209) Kullu (196). The lowest number of cases were reported in Hamirpur (121) followed by Chamba (110), Kinnaur (40), Lahaul & Spiti (11) and Railway & Traffic

(1). Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.17.

3000 2500 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008

**■ YEAR** 

CHART-1.17
INCIDENCE OF ACCIDENTS DURING (1999-2008)

#### (xvi) Other IPC Crimes: (decrease 0.49 %)

Cognizable IPC Crimes which do not fall under any of the above specified categories are termed as "Other IPC Crimes". As many as 6684 other IPC crimes accounting for 47.82% of the total IPC crimes were registered in the State during 2008. Total 47.82% incidence of other IPC were reported in the State against the total IPC crime.

Incidence of IPC Crimes (Head-wise) along with percentage share is presented in Table-1.6. Ten year trend in percentage change (head-wise) is presented in Table-1.7. District-wise and head wise details of IPC offences are available in Table-1.8 and Table-1.9. Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.18 and percentage of Other IPC cases against IPC cases for the last 10 years is presented in Chart. 1.19.

CHART-1.18
INCIDENCE OF OTHER IPC DURING (1999-2008)

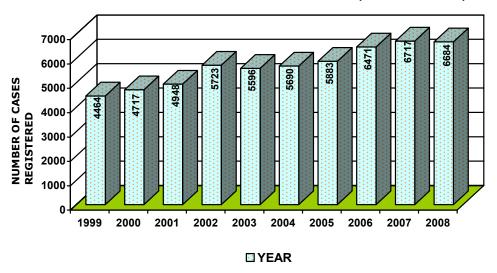
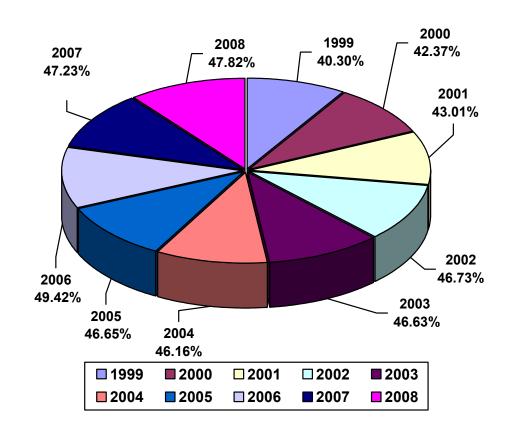
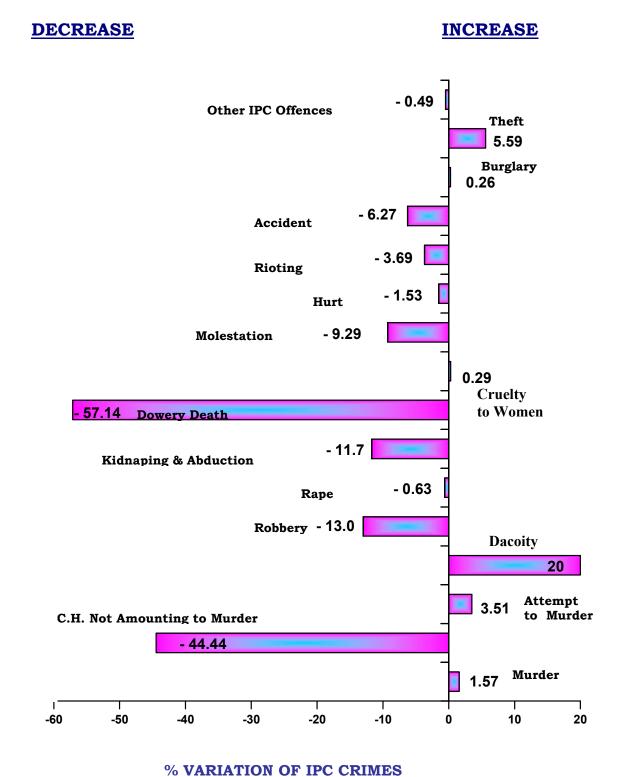


CHART-1.19
PERCENTAGE OF OTHER IPC CASES AGAINST TOTAL
IPC FOR THE LAST 10 YEAR (1999-2008)



**CHART-1.20** 

## PERCENTAGE VARIATION OF IPC CRIMES FOR THE YEAR 2008 OVER 2007



#### 1.8 Crimes Under Local And Special Laws:

A list of Special and Local Laws is available at the Annexure-1. Incidence and rate of cognizable LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW crimes during 1999 to 2008 are presented in Table-1.10.

A total of 4067 cognizable LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) crimes were registered in the State during 2008. The head-wise percentage distribution of various cognizable crimes under Local & Special Law for 10 years from 1999 to 2008 is presented in Table-1.11. There is an increase of 10.94% in registration over the previous year.

The crime head-wise incidence and rate of cognizable Local & Special Law crimes in different districts are presented in Table-1.12.

Incidence of Local & Special Law cases under important Special and Local Laws is discussed bellow:-

#### 1.8.1 Head Wise Analysis Of SLL Offences:

### (i) Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act (ND&PS) : (Increase 60.51%)

The incidence of (374) under the ND&PS Act showed an increase of 60.51% over 2007. Cases under this Act constituted 9.19 % against the total Local & Special Law reported cases during the year 2008. The highest incidence (121) cases were reported in Kullu district followed by Mandi (96), Shimla (33), Chamba and Solan (25 each), Kangra (21), Bilaspur (16), Hamirpur (15), Una (13) Sirmaur (9). No case under this Act was reported in Kinnaur and Lahaul & Spiti Districts.

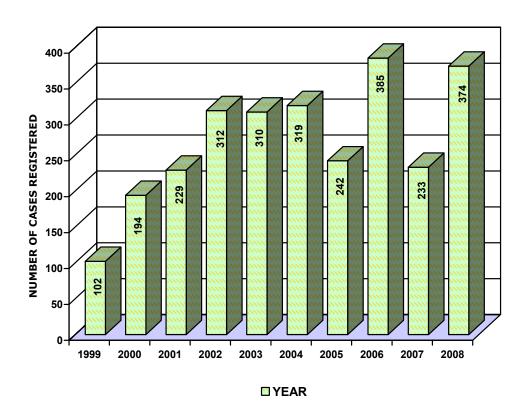
The main concentration on the incidence registered under this Act remains on District Kullu and Mandi with 58.02 % of the

total registered cases. The analysis reveals that the main source / area of drugs are Kullu, Mandi and Chamba. Further couriers of this contraband are mostly laborers and poor people.

Of the total persons apprehended under this Act, 60 % belong to Himachal Pradesh and 40% were outsiders. Study of age profile shows that mostly adults between 18-30 years of age are involved (31%). About 41% were in the age group of 30-45 years. Above 45 years were 27%.

The participation of children below 18 years is negligible. Foreigners involved in this activity are mostly Italians and Israelis. Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.21

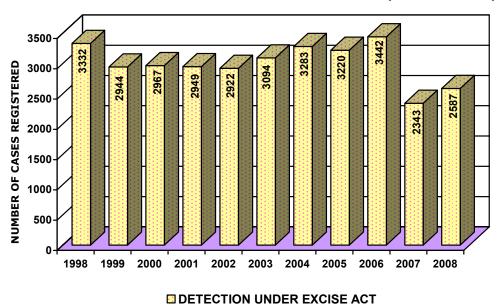
CHART-1.21
DETECTION UNDER ND&PS ACT DURING (1999-2008)



#### (ii) Excise Act: (Increase 10.41%)

The incidence (2587) under the Excise Act showed an increase of 10.41% over 2007. Cases under this Act constituted 63.60 % against the total LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) reported cases during the year 2008. The highest incidence (543) cases were reported in Kangra district followed by Mandi (371), Kullu (320), Shimla (301), Una (208), Chamba (184), Solan (150), Sirmaur (148), Bilaspur (143). The lowest incidence under this Act was seen in Hamirpur (111), Lahaul & Spiti (67) and Kinnaur (41). Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.22

CHART-1.22
DETECTION UNDER EXCISE ACT DURING (1999-2008)



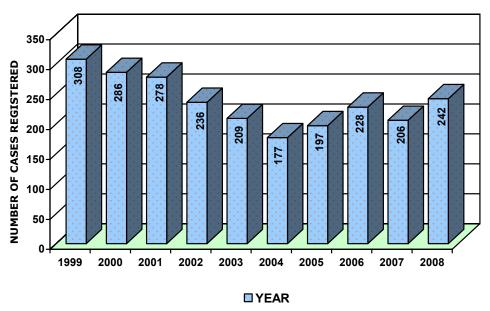
#### (iii) Forest Act: (Increase 18.4%)

Total 242 incidence reported under the Indian Forest Act during the year 2008 which showed an increase of 17.48% over 2007. Cases under this Act constituted 5.95 % against the total Local & Special Law reported cases during the year 2008. The highest incidence (48) cases were reported in Shimla district followed by

Mandi (35), Sirmaur (32), Kullu and Una (30 each), Kangra 24 Chamba (18) and Bilaspur (16). The lowest incidence under this Act was seen in Solan (6), Hamirpur, Lahaul & Spiti and Kinnaur (1 each).

The analysis reveals that majority of cases have been registered in Districts Shimla, Mandi, Sirmaur and Una. The forest produce involved is timber, fuel wood, Guchhi, Resin, Walnut bark, Brich Bark, Brahmi leave and other herbal plants etc. Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.23.

CHART-1.23
DETECTION UNDER FOREST ACT DURING (1999-2008)



#### (iv) Protection of Civil Rights Act (decrease 25%):

3 cases were registered under the Protection of Civil Rights Acts showed a decline of 25 % over the previous year. The incidence under this Act was reported in Bilaspur, Kinnaur and Shimla (1 each). No case under this Act was reported in rest of the districts of the State. Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.24.

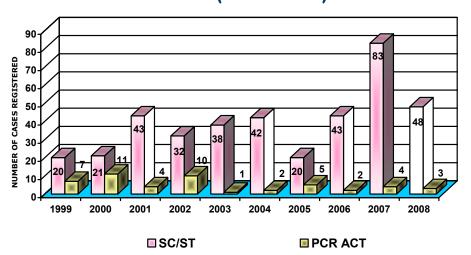
#### (v) SC/ST (Prevention of Atrocities) Act: (decrease 42.16%)

48 cases were registered under the SC/ST Prevention of Atrocities Act showed a decline of 42.16 % over the previous year. The highest incidence (12) cases were reported in Kangra district followed by Hamirpur (10) and Shimla (9). The lowest incidence under this Act was seen in Kullu and Una (5 each) Bilaspur (4), Sirmaur (2) Solan (1). No incidence under this Act was reported in rest of the districts of the State.

The analysis reveals that crime under this head is high in district Kangra, Hamirpur and Shimla. The most common reason for registering cases under these Acts is a feeling of being hurt when one is called by derogatory name. This comprises of 66% of the total cases registered. 13% of the cases were registered because of land and water disputes. 7% were registered due to not allowing access to temples. The remaining were for election related maters and miscellaneous reasons. Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.24.

CHART-1.24

CASES REGISTERED UNDER SC/ST & PCR ACT
DURING (1999-2008)



### (vi) Other Local & Special Law Cases: (including Arms Act, Gambling Act, Wild life Act, PDP Act, EC Act etc)

813 Local & Special Law cases reported come under the Acts mentioned above. These have shown an **increase of 2.26**% over the previous year. The highest incidence was reported from Una (145).

During 2008 total number of 4067 cognizable crimes were reported in the state under various heads of (SLL) Local & Special Laws which shows the increase of 1094% of the previous year.

It is observed that 5 specified crime heads accounted for 80 % of the total SLL crimes while the remaining 20% were clubbed as other SLL crimes. Previous 10 Years (1999-2008) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.25

CHART-1.25

CASES UNDER OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL)

CASES DURING(1999-2008)

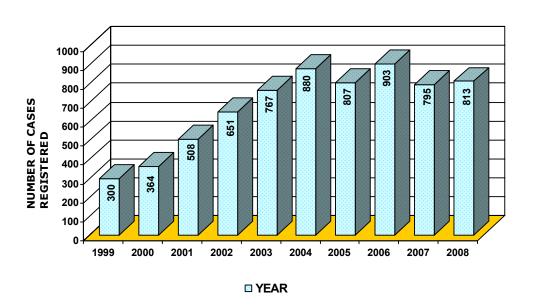
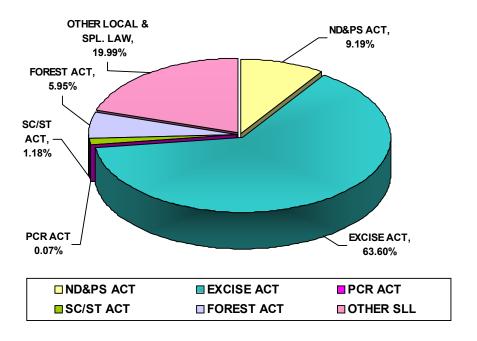


Table-1.13 presents incidence and rate of total Local & Special Law Crimes district wise. Table-14 gives district wise/Local & Special Law (SLL) Crime Head wise break-up of incidence and rate of Local & Special Law Crimes. The percentage distribution of Local & Special law cases is presented in Chart 1.26.

CHART-1.26
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF SLL CASES
DURING 2008



MAP-1.1
INCIDENCE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES
(IPC+SLL) DURING -2008

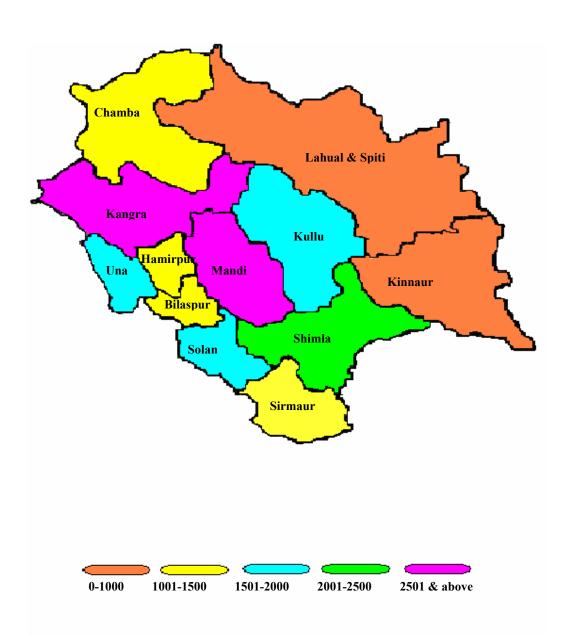


TABLE-1.1
INCIDENCE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES
(IPC+SLL) DURING -2008

Sr.	DISTRICT	NO. OF CASES REGISTERED UNDER IPC & SLL DURING -2008					
		IPC	SLL	TOTAL			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)			
1.	BILASPUR	1046	259	1305			
2.	СНАМВА	761	263	1024			
3.	HAMIRPUR	959	175	1134			
4.	LAUHAL & SPITI	70	76	146			
5.	MANDI	2144	624	2768			
6.	SIRMAUR	885	255	1140			
7.	SHIMLA	1941	471	2412			
8.	SOLAN	1504	266	1770			
9.	KANGRA	2290	689	2979			
10.	KINNAUR	170	50	220			
11.	KULLU	1096	538	1634			
12.	UNA	1102	401	1503			
13.	GRP	8	0	8			
14.	TOTAL	13976	4067	18043			

TABLE-1.2
INCIDENCE & RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIME UNDER INDIAN PENAL CODE (IPC) AND SLL (1999-2008)

S.NO.	YEAR	II	NCIDENC	E	PERCENTAGE OF IPC	RATIO	
<b>5.NO.</b>	ILAK	IPC SLL		TOTAL	CRIME TO TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIME	(SLL: IPC)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5) (3+4)	(6)	(7)	
1	1999	11077	3681	14983	73.93	1: 3.01	
2	2000	11133	3843	14796	75.24	1: 2.90	
3	2001	11505	4011	15516	74.15	1: 2.87	
4	2002	12446	4163	16409	75.85	1: 2.99	
5	2003	12002	4419	16421	73.09	1: 2.72	
6	2004	12326	4703	17029	72.38	1: 2.62	
7	2005	12345	4491	16836	73.33	1: 2.75	
8	2006	13093	5003	18096	72.35	1: 2.62	
9	2007	14223	3664	17887	79.52	1: 3.88	
10	2008	13976	4067	18043	77.46	1: 3.44	

TABLE-1.3
INCIDENCE LEVEL OF IPC CRIME IN DISTRICTS DURING-2008

Sr. NO.	INCIDENCE RANGE	NUMBER OF DISTRICT	NAME OF DISTRICT	CASES REGISTERED IN 2008
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	Between	2	Kangra	2290
	2000 to 2500	2	Mandi	2144
2	Between	2	Shimla	1941
	1500 to 2000		Solan	1504
3	Between	_	Una	1102
	1000 to 1500	3	Kullu	1096
			Bilaspur	1046
			Hamirpur	959
4	Between	3	Sirmaur	885
	500 to1000	3	Chamba	761
5			Kinnaur	170
	Below 500		Lahaul&Spiti	70
		2+1 (GRP)	GRP	08

TABLE-1.4
DISTRICT WISE RATE OF IPC CRIME DURING 2008
HIMACHAL PRADESH AVERAGE RATE: 229.95

RATE	CTS WITH IPC ABOVE THE ST AVERAGE	·	DISTRICTS WITH IPC CRIME RATE BELOW THE STATE LEVEL AVERAGE				
Sr. NO.	DISTRICT RATE		SR. NO.	DISTRICT	RATE		
(1).	(2).	(3).	(4).	(5).	(6).		
1	BILASPUR	306.85	1	LAUHAL & SPITI	210.69		
2	SOLAN	300.47	2	KINNAUR	217.02		
3	KULLU	287.23	3	SIRMAUR	192.98		
4	SHIMLA	268.65	4	KANGRA	171.02		
5	UNA	245.83	5	CHAMBA	165.12		
6	MANDI	237.87					
7	HAMIRPUR	232.37					

MAP-1.2

RATE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES (IPC) DURING – 2008

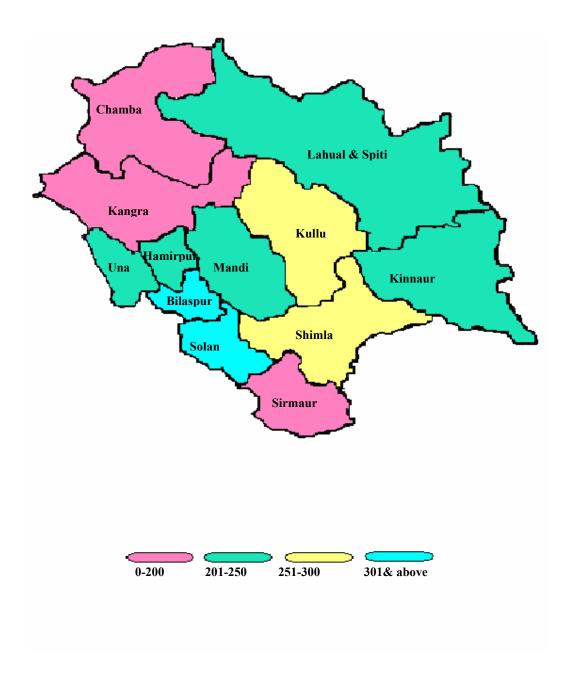


TABLE-1.5
COGNIZABLE CRIMES (IPC) UNDER DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS
DURING 1999 - 2008

Sr.	CRIME	YEARS									
NO	HEAD	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Murder	133	123	120	120	125	110	110	111	127	129
2	Culpable Homicide	6	5	11	5	5	11	17	17	9	5
3	Attempt to Murder	78	89	75	83	74	78	82	78	57	59
4	Dacoity	4	9	4	-	8	1	8	7	5	6
5	Robbery	17	18	28	20	19	25	22	29	22	20
6	Rape	109	129	123	137	126	153	141	113	158	157
7	Kid &Abd.	126	110	127	138	113	123	118	130	171	151
8	Dowry Death	5	3	10	6	6	8	2	4	7	3
9	Cruelty to Women	259	305	326	234	222	254	228	259	342	343
10	Molesta- tion	295	287	312	334	252	283	283	274	323	293
11	Hurt	1200	1145	1051	1087	938	948	883	814	850	837
12	Rioting	572	601	614	619	598	558	556	568	651	627
13	Accident	2274	2142	2382	2549	2677	2782	2720	2740	2918	2735
14	Burglary	876	758	772	626	615	659	596	666	773	775
15	Theft	659	692	602	565	628	643	696	812	1091	1152
16	Other IPC offences	4464	4717	4948	5723	5596	5690	5883	6471	6717	6684
	TOTAL	11077	11133	11505	12246	12002	12326	12345	13093	14221	13976

TABLE-1.6
INCIDENCE AND RATE OF TOTAL IPC CRIME (HEAD-WISE)
ALONG WITH PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION
DURING 2008

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	INCIDENT	RATE	PERCENT AGE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	Murder	129	2.12	0.92
2	Culpable Homicide	05	0.08	0.03
3	Attempt to murder	59	0.97	0.42
4	Dacoity	06	0.09	0.04
5	Robbery	20	0.32	0.14
6	Rape	157	2.58	1.12
7	Kid & Abd.	151	2.48	1.08
8	Dowry Death	3	0.05	0.02
9	Cruelty to women	343	5.64	2.45
10	Molestation	293	4.82	2.10
11	Hurt	837	13.77	5.99
12	Rioting	627	10.32	4.49
13	Accident	2735	45.00	19.57
14	Burglary	775	12.75	5.55
15	Theft	1152	18.95	8.24
16	Other IPC offences	6684	109.97	47.82
	TOTAL	13976	229.94	100.00

TABLE-1.7

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF COGNIZABLE (IPC) CRIMES UNDER DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS DURING 1999 TO 2008.

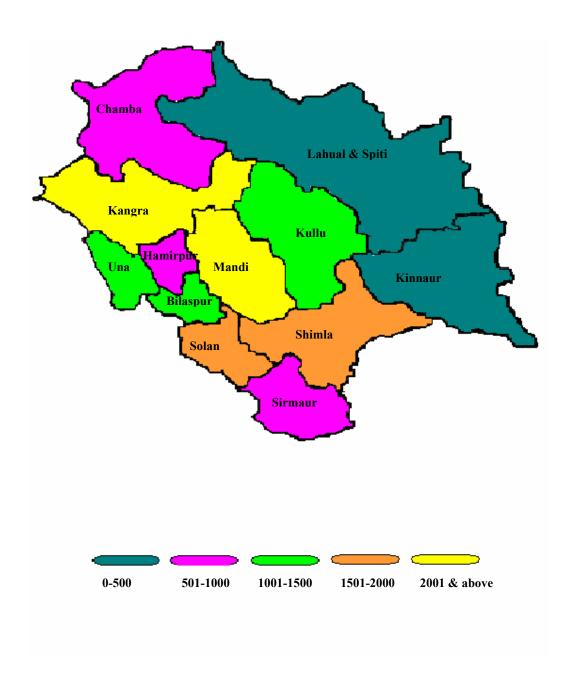
SR.	CRIME					YEA	ARS				
NO.	HEAD	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Murder	1.20	1.10	1.04	0.98	1.04	0.89	0.89	0.85	0.89	0.92
2	Culpable Homicide	0.05	0.04	0.10	0.04	0.04	0.09	0.14	0.13	0.06	0.04
3	Attempt to Murder	0.70	0.80	0.65	0.68	0.62	0.63	0.66	0.60	0.40	0.42
4	Dacoity	0.04	0.08	0.03	0.00	0.07	0.01	0.06	0.05	0.04	0.04
5	Robbery	0.15	0.16	0.24	0.16	0.16	0.20	0.18	0.22	0.15	0.14
6	Rape	0.98	1.16	1.07	1.12	1.05	1.24	1.14	0.86	1.11	1.12
7	Kid &Abd.	1.14	0.99	1.10	1.13	0.94	1.00	0.96	0.99	1.20	1.08
8	Dowry Death	0.05	0.03	0.09	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.02
9	Cruelty to Women	2.34	2.74	2.83	1.91	1.85	2.06	1.85	1.98	2.40	2.45
10	Molesta- tion	2.66	2.58	2.71	2.73	2.10	2.30	2.29	2.09	2.27	2.10
11	Hurt	10.83	10.28	9.14	8.88	7.82	7.69	7.15	6.22	5.98	5.99
12	Rioting	5.16	5.40	5.34	5.05	4.98	4.53	4.50	4.34	4.58	4.49
13	Accident	20.53	19.24	20.70	20.81	22.30	22.57	22.03	20.93	20.52	19.57
14	Burglary	7.91	6.81	6.71	5.11	5.12	5.35	4.83	5.09	5.44	5.55
15	Theft	5.95	6.22	5.23	4.61	5.23	5.22	5.64	6.20	7.67	8.24
16	Other IPC offences	40.30	42.37	43.01	46.73	46.63	46.16	47.65	49.42	47.23	47.82
	TOTAL	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

TABLE-1.8
INCIDENCE & RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES
(IPC DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2008

SR. NO.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	INCIDE- NCE OF TOTAL COGNIZ- ABLE CRIMES (IPC)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBU- TION TO STATE LEVEL TOTAL	POPULATION (LAKHS)	RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZ- ABLE CRIMES	RANK OF CRIMIN- ALITY
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	BILASPUR	1046	7.48	3.41	306.88	1
2	СНАМВА	761	5.45	4.61	165.12	12
3	HAMIRPUR	959	6.86	4.13	232.37	7
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	70	0.50	0.33	210.69	9
5	MANDI	2144	15.34	9.01	237.87	6
6	SIRMAUR	885	6.33	4.59	192.98	10
7	SHIMLA	1941	13.89	7.23	268.65	4
8	SOLAN	1504	10.76	5.01	300.47	2
9	KANGRA	2290	16.39	13.39	171.02	11
10	KINNAUR	170	1.22	0.78	217.02	8
11	KULLU	1096	7.84	3.82	287.23	3
12	UNA	1102	7.88	4.48	245.86	5
13	GRP	8	0.06	0.00	0	13
	TOTAL	13976	100.00	60.78	229.95	

MAP-1.3

INCIDENCE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES (IPC) DURING – 2008



INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF IPC CRIMES UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2008

TABLE-1.9

SR. NO.	DISTRICT / UNIT	POPULATION	MUR	DER	ATTE TO CO MURI	ОММІТ		PABLE IICIDE	RAPE	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	BILASPUR	340855	5	1.47	2	0.59	1	0.00	10	2.93
2	СНАМВА	460887	10	2.17	3	0.65	1	0.00	10	2.17
3	HAMIRPUR	412700	6	1.45	0	0.00	0	0.00	8	1.94
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	1	3.01	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	3.01
5	MANDI	901344	19	2.11	7	0.78	0	0.00	32	3.55
6	SIRMAUR	458593	7	1.53	2	0.44	0	0.00	10	2.18
7	SHIMLA	722502	15	2.08	10	1.38	0	0.00	22	3.04
8	SOLAN	500557	16	3.20	3	0.60	2	0.00	14	2.80
9	KANGRA	1339030	19	1.42	20	1.49	1	0.00	19	1.42
10	KINNAUR	78334	1	1.28	0	0.00	0	0.00	4	5.11
11	KULLU	381571	15	3.93	3	0.79	0	0.00	16	4.19
12	UNA	448227	15	3.35	9	2.01	0	0.00	11	2.45
13	GRP	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
	TOTAL	6077900	129	2.12	59	0.97	5	0.00	157	2.58

TABLE-1.9 (CONTD..)

# INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF IPC CRIMES UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2008

SR.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULA- TION	н	URT	RIOT	ring	ACCI	DENT	THEFT	r
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	BILASPUR	340855	36	10.56	38	11.15	209	61.32	64	18.78
2	СНАМВА	460887	62	13.45	21	4.56	110	23.87	52	11.28
3	HAMIRPUR	412700	106	25.68	23	5.57	121	29.32	75	18.17
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	0	0.00	1	3.01	11	33.11	1	3.01
5	MANDI	901344	113	12.54	68	7.54	360	39.94	98	10.87
6	SIRMAUR	458593	36	7.85	64	13.96	256	55.82	85	18.53
7	SHIMLA	722502	54	7.47	108	14.95	377	52.18	225	31.14
8	SOLAN	500557	58	11.59	70	13.98	362	72.32	126	25.17
9	KANGRA	1339030	234	17.48	118	8.81	448	33.46	249	18.60
10	KINNAUR	78334	6	7.66	11	14.04	46	58.72	9	11.49
11	KULLU	381571	40	10.48	54	14.15	196	51.37	80	20.97
12	UNA	448227	92	20.53	51	11.38	238	53.10	85	18.96
13	GRP	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	0.00	3	0.00
	TOTAL	6077900	837	13.77	627	10.32	2735	45.00	1152	18.95

### TABLE-1.9 (CONTD..)

# INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF IPC CRIMES UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2008

SR NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION	BUR	GLARY	DA	COITY	ROI	BBERY	отн	ER IPC
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	BILASPUR	340855	46	13.50	0	0.00	2	0.59	561	164.59
2	СНАМВА	460887	14	3.04	0	0.00	1	0.22	425	92.21
3	HAMIRPUR	412700	63	15.27	0	0.00	0	0.00	491	118.97
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	4	12.04	0	0.00	0	0.00	50	150.49
5	MANDI	901344	95	10.54	0	0.00	3	0.33	1217	135.02
6	SIRMAUR	458593	52	11.34	1	0.22	0	0.00	309	67.38
7	SHIMLA	722502	139	19.24	1	0.14	3	0.42	903	124.98
8	SOLAN	500557	95	18.98	3	0.60	3	0.60	706	141.04
9	KANGRA	1339030	123	9.19	0	0.00	4	0.30	930	69.45
10	KINNAUR	78334	15	19.15	0	0.00	1	1.28	71	90.64
11	KULLU	381571	62	16.25	0	0.00	2	0.52	550	144.14
12	UNA	448227	67	14.95	1	0.22	1	0.22	467	104.19
13	GRP	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	4	0.00
	TOTAL	6077900		0.00	6	0.10	20	0.33	6684	109.97

TABLE-1.10
INCIDENCE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES UNDER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) IN DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS DURING 1999 TO 2008

s.	CRIME					YE	ARS				
NO	HEAD	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	ND & PS ACT	102	194	229	312	310	319	242	385	233	374
2	EXCISE ACT.	2944	2967	2949	2922	3094	3283	3220	3442	2342	2587
3	P.C.R ACT	7	11	4	10	1	2	5	2	4	3
4	SC/ST ACT.	20	21	43	32	38	42	20	43	83	48
5	FOREST ACT	308	286	278	236	209	177	197	228	205	242
6	OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CRIMES	300	364	508	651	767	880	807	903	799	813
	TOTAL	3681	3843	4011	4163	4419	4703	4491	5003	3666	4067

TABLE-1.11

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES UNDER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) IN DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS DURING 1999 TO 2008

	201tm d 1999 10 2000										
s.	CRIME					YEA	RS				
NO	HEAD	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	ND & PS ACT	2.77	5.05	5.71	7.49	7.02	6.78	5.39	7.70	6.36	9.20
2	EXCISE ACT.	79.98	77.21	73.52	70.19	70.02	69.81	71.70	68.80	63.88	63.61
3	P.C.R ACT	0.19	0.29	0.10	0.24	0.02	0.04	0.11	0.04	0.11	0.07
4	SC/ST ACT.	0.54	0.55	1.07	0.77	0.86	0.89	0.45	0.86	2.26	1.18
5	FOREST ACT	8.37	7.44	6.93	5.67	4.73	3.76	4.39	4.56	5.59	5.95
6	OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CRIMES	8.15	9.47	12.67	15.64	17.36	18.71	17.97	18.05	21.79	19.99
	Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

**TABLE-1.12** 

### CRIME HEAD WISE INCIDENCE AND CRIME RATE OF LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CASES IN DISTRICTS DURING 2008

SR.	CRIME HEAD	STATE LE	EVEL	DISTRICT WIT HIGHES	
NO.		INCIDENCE	RATE	INCIDENCE	RATE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1	ND & PS ACT	374	6.15	KULLU (121)	31.71
2	EXCISE ACT.	2587	42.56	KANGRA (543)	40.55
3	P.C.R ACT	3	0.05	SHIMLA (1) BILASPUR (1) KINNARU (1)	
4	SC/ST ACT.	48	0.79	KANGRA (12)	0.90
5	FOREST ACT	242	3.98	SHIMLA (48)	6.64
6	OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CRIMES	813	13.38	UNA (145) KANGRA (689)	32.35 51.46
	TOTAL	4067	66.91		

**TABLE-1.13** 

## INCIDENCE & RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES (SLL) LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW DISTRICT WISE DURING-2008

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	INCIDENCE OF TOTAL COGNIZ- ABLE CRIMES (LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBU- TION TO STATE LEVEL TOTAL	POPULATION	RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZ- ABLE CRIMES	RANK OF CRIMIN- ALITY
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	BILASPUR	259	6.37	340855	75.99	4
2	CHAMBA	263	6.47	460887	57.06	8
3	HAMIRPUR	175	4.30	412700	42.4	12
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	76	1.87	33224	228.8	1
5	MANDI	624	15.34	901344	69.23	5
6	SIRMAUR	255	6.27	458593	55.6	9
7	SHIMLA	471	11.58	722502	65.19	6
8	SOLAN	266	6.54	500557	53.14	10
9	KANGRA	689	16.94	1339030	51.46	11
10	KINNAUR	50	1.23	78334	63.83	7
11	KULLU	538	13.23	381571	141	2
12	UNA	401	9.86	448227	89.46	3
13	GRP	0	0.00	0	0	
	TOTAL	4067	100.00	6077900	66.91	

MAP-1.4

INCIDENCE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES (SLL) DURING – 2008

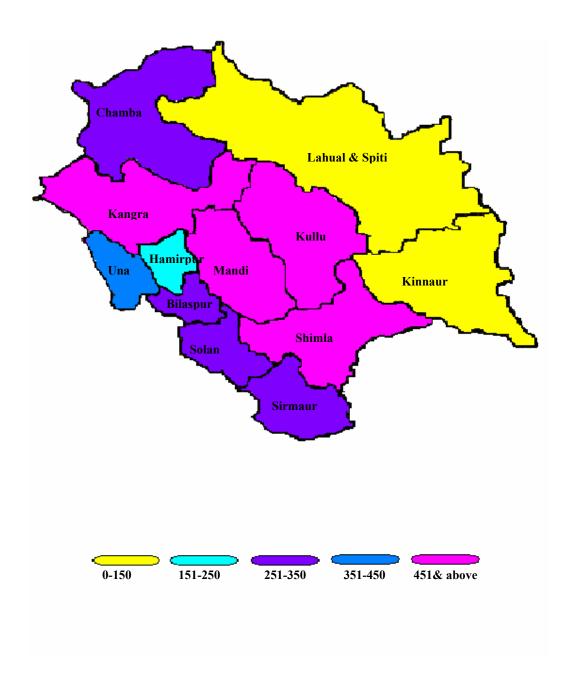


TABLE-1.14
INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CRIMES UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2008

SR.	DISTRICT/		ND&	PS ACT	EXCIS	SE ACT	PCI	R ACT
NO.	UNIT	POPULATION				1		_
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	I (8)	(9)
1	BILASPUR	340855	16	4.69	143	41.95	1	0.29
2	СНАМВА	460887	25	5.42	184	39.92	0	0.00
3	HAMIRPUR	412700	15	3.63	111	26.90	0	0.00
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	0	0.00	67	201.66	0	0.00
5	MANDI	901344	96	10.65	371	41.16	0	0.00
6	SIRMAUR	458593	9	1.96	148	32.27	0	0.00
7	SHIMLA	722502	33	4.57	301	41.66	1	0.14
8	SOLAN	500557	25	4.99	150	29.97	0	0.00
9	KANGRA	1339030	21	1.57	543	40.55	0	0.00
10	KINNAUR	78334	0	0.00	41	52.34	1	1.28
11	KULLU	381571	121	31.71	320	83.86	0	0.00
12	UNA	448227	13	2.90	208	46.41	0	0.00
13	GRP	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
	TOTAL	6077900	374	6.15	2587	42.56	3	0.05

TABLE-1.14 (CONTD.)

# INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) CRIMES UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2008

SR NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULA- TION		CV. OF CITIES)	FOR	EST	OTH LOC SPEC LAW	AL & CIAL	_	CRIME R LOCAL CIAL
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1	BILASPUR	340855	4	1.17	16	4.69	79	23.18	259	75.99
2	СНАМВА	460887	0	0.00	18	3.91	36	7.81	263	57.06
3	HAMIRPUR	412700	10	2.42	1	0.24	38	9.21	175	42.40
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	0	0.00	1	3.01	8	24.08	76	228.75
5	MANDI	901344	0	0.00	35	3.88	122	13.54	624	69.23
6	SIRMAUR	458593	2	0.44	32	6.98	64	13.96	255	55.60
7	SHIMLA	722502	9	1.25	48	6.64	79	10.93	471	65.19
8	SOLAN	500557	1	0.20	6	1.20	84	16.78	266	53.14
9	KANGRA	1339030	12	0.90	24	1.79	89	6.65	689	51.46
10	KINNAUR	78334	0	0.00	1	1.28	7	8.94	50	63.83
11	KULLU	381571	5	1.31	30	7.86	62	16.25	538	141.00
12	UNA	448227	5	1.12	30	6.69	145	32.35	401	89.46
13	GRP	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
	TOTAL	6077900	48	0.79	242	3.98	813	13.38	4067	66.91

### **CHAPTER-2**

### INCIDENCE OF CRIME AGAINST PROPERTY AND PERSONS IN HIMACHAL PRADESH

### 2.1 Crime against Property:

Offences under this head include the cases of **Theft**, **Burglary**, **Robbery & Dacoity**. The head wise analysis of crime against property has been done for the year 2008 and given as under:-

### (i) Theft and Burglary:

During the year 2008, 1152 cases of theft and 775 cases of burglary were found registered which showed an increase of 61 cases in theft and 2 cases in burglary over the year 2007. The cases of both these heads have been categorized under major head namely: Auto theft, theft of Cash and Jewellery, Cable theft, theft of electronic items and theft of other material.

Incidence of theft cases is concentrated mostly in the 4 district of Kangra, Shimla, Solan and Mandi. The analysis further shows that most of the cases took place in rural areas, Kangra being an exception 58 % of the persons involved in these crimes were local residents, 42 % being outsiders.

As far as the age profile goes 55 % of those involved in theft cases are in the age group of 18 to 30 years. 65% involved in burglary are also of the same age group.

### (ii) Robbery and Dacoity:

During the year 2008, 20 cases of robbery and 6 cases of dacoity were found registered which showed decrease of 2 cases in robbery and increase of 1 case in Dacoity over the year 2007. The

cases of robbery is concentrated only in 4 districts namely; Kangra, Mandi, Shimla and Solan. On the other hand the dacoity cases occurred in only 4 districts namely Solan with highest 3 cases and Shimla, Sirmaur and Una 1 case in each.

### 2.2 Value of Property Stolen and Recovered:

During the year 2008, property valued 1353.48 lakhs was reported stolen in 1953 cases as compared to 1235 lakhs in 1892 cases for the corresponding year.

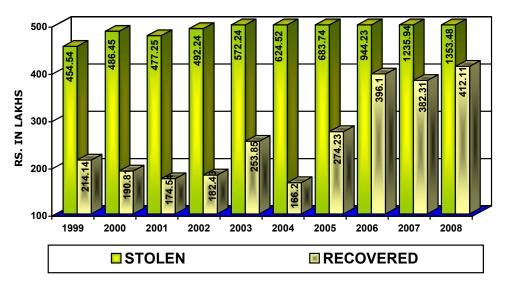
Property worth Rs. 412.11 lakh was recovered during 2008. The percentage of recovery is 30.45%. The value of property recovered showed an increase of 7.79% over the previous year.

The details of property stolen and recovered, along with the percentage of recovery from the last 10 years (1999 to 2008) and variation are given in Table 2.1.

The Chart 2.1 depicts the value of property stolen and recovered during 1999 to 2008.

### CHART-2.1

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED DURING THE PERIOD 1999-2008

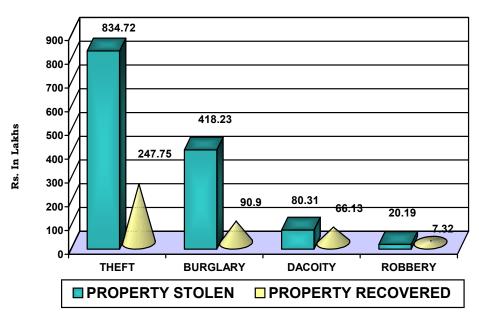


The Incidence of property cases reported and percentage of detection during 2008, head wise and district wise is available in Table 2.2.

Chart 2.2 represents the crime head wise, property stolen and recovered, during the year 2008.

CHART-2.2

STOLEN AND RECOVERED PROPERTY
CRIME HEADWISE DURING 2008



Crime head-wise and district-wise value of property stolen recovered including percentage of recoveries presented in Table 2.3.

The Solan district reported the highest value of property stolen (Rs.3,50,76,127) followed by Kangra district (Rs.2,40,26,845), Shimla(Rs.2,35,07,500), Una(Rs.1,29,68,961), Mandi (Rs.99,08,235), Sirmaur (Rs.78,96,131) and Kullu (Rs.67,99322).

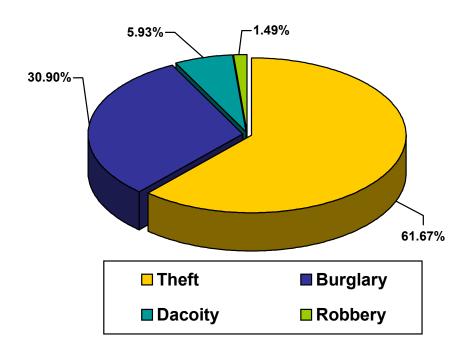
The highest value of recovery was seen from Solan District((Rs.1,43,24,735) followed by Shimla (Rs.58,10,960), Kangra (Rs.48,88,088),Una (Rs.31,80,180), Sirmaur (Rs.3180,120), Kullu (Rs.28,33,217) and Mandi (Rs.25,70,803).

In Lahaul & Spiti district 93.30% of the stolen property was recovered followed by R&T (GRP) Unit (89.49%), Kinnaur (83.94%), Chamba (51.00%) and Kullu (41.67%), Solan (40.84% and Sirmaur (40.27%).

Chart 2.3 represents the crime head wise percentage of property stolen and recovered during the year 2008.

CHART-2.3

PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY STOLEN (HEAD WISE) DURING THE YEAR 2008



### 2.3 Category of Offences (Incidence and Value):

Among 4 different types of property crimes, the maximum value (Rs.834.75 Lakhs) and share (61.67%) were seen under head Theft. The minimum value of Rs.20.19 Lakhs and share (1.49%) was seen under the category of crime under Robbery.

The maximum value of property was recovered in Theft cases (60.11%) followed by Burglary (22.05%), Dacoity (16.04%) and Robbery (1.77%) The Dacoity cases have shown a high recovery percentage (82.25%) followed by Robbery (36.26%), Theft (29.68%) and Burglary (21.74%). The crime headwise value of property stolen and recovered over the last 10 years (1999 to 2008) is presented in Table 2.4.

### 2.4 Nature of Property:

Nature of property under head theft and burglary have been classified into four different categories viz. Auto Theft, Theft of cash and Jewellery, Cable theft, Theft of electronic items. Properties other than the above specified categories are clubbed as Other theft. The category wise number of cases in which property was found stolen and recovered therein and percentage thereof has been calculated and presented in Table 2.4.

### 2.5 Cultural Property:

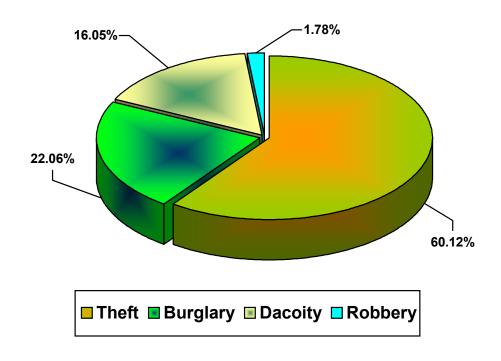
Total Rs 8.39. lakhs worth of Cultural Property was stolen during 2008 in 18 Cases. This constitutes 0.61% of total property lost. Statistics of Cultural Property stolen during 2008 are available in Table 2.5 The highest incidence (8cases) was reported in Shimla District followed by Kullu and (4 Cases) Solan district (3 Cases).

Cases, where the most valuable properties were stolen, were reported in Kullu District property worth (Rs.1,02,500/-), stolen in 4 cases). In Shimla District, in 8 cases properties worth Rs.6,44,000/- lakhs were stolen.

The value of the property stolen by nature of property district wise during 2008, is presented in Table 2.6

CHART-2.4

## CRIME HEAD WISE PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED DURING THE YEAR 2008



**TABLE 2.1** 

# VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN & RECOVERED AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS (1999 TO 2008)

Sr. No.	Year		of Property (in akhs)	Percentage Recovery
		Stolen	Recovered	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	1999	454.54	214.14	47.11
2.	2000	486.45	190.81	39.22
3.	2001	477.25	174.54	36.57
4.	2002	492.24	182.43	37.06
5.	2003	572.24	253.85	44.36
6.	2004	624.52	166.20	26.61
7.	2005	683.74	274.23	40.11
8.	2006	944.23	396.10	41.95
9.	2007	1235.94	382.31	30.93
10.	2008	1353.48	412.11	30.45
Percer over 2	ntage change 007	9.51	7.79	-1.57

TABLE 2.2

INCIDENCE OF PROPERTY CASES REPORTED AND % OF DETECTION DURING -2008 (DISTRICT WISE)

SL.	DISTRICT	DACOITY			ROBBERY			
NO		INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION	INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
1.	Bilaspur	00	00	0	02	02	100	
2.	Chamba	00	00	0	01	01	100	
3.	Hamirpur	00	00	0	00	00	0	
4.	Kangra	00	00	0	04	01	25	
5.	Kinnaur	00	00	0	01	01	100	
6.	Kullu	00	00	0	02	00	0	
7.	L/Spiti	00	00	0	00	00	0	
8.	Mandi	00	00	0	03	00	0	
9.	Shimla	01	00	0	03	03	100	
10.	Sirmaur	01	00	0	00	00	0	
11.	Solan	03	03	100	04	03	75	
12.	Una	01	00	0	00	00	0	
13.	R&T(GRP)	00	00	0	00	00	0	
14.	TOTAL	6	3	50	20	10	50	

**TABLE 2.2 (CONTD..)** 

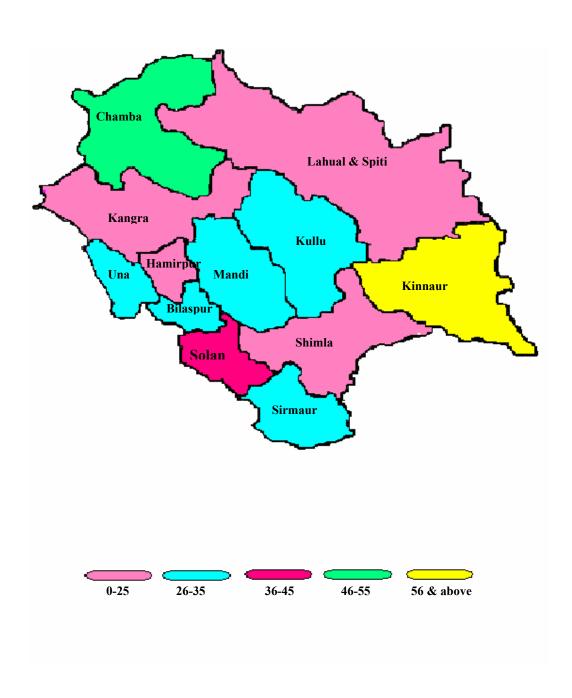
SL.	DISTRICT	BURGLARY			THEFT			
NO	DISTRICT	INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION	INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION	
(1)	(2)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1.	Bilaspur	46	10	22	64	18	28	
2.	Chamba	14	3	21	52	33	63	
3.	Hamirpur	63	12	19	75	17	23	
4.	Kangra	123	16	13	249	75	30	
5.	Kinnaur	15	5	33	9	8	89	
6.	Kullu	62	14	23	80	33	41	
7.	L/Spiti	4	0	0	1	0	0	
8.	Mandi	95	14	15	98	38	39	
9.	Shimla	139	28	20	225	54	24	
10.	Sirmaur	52	13	25	85	31	36	
11.	Solan	95	26	27	126	51	40	
12.	Una	67	11	16	85	33	39	
13.	R&T(GRP)	0	0	0	3	2	67	
14.	TOTAL	775	152	20	1152	393	34	

### **TABLE 2.2 (CONTD..)**

SL.	DISTRICT	TOTAL				
		INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION		
(1)	(2)	(15)	(16)	(17)		
1.	Bilaspur	112	30	27		
2.	Chamba	67	37	55		
3.	Hamirpur	138	29	21		
4.	Kangra	376	92	24		
5.	Kinnaur	25	14	56		
6.	Kullu	144	47	33		
7.	L/Spiti	5	0	0		
8.	Mandi	196	52	27		
9.	Shimla	368	85	23		
10.	Sirmaur	138	44	32		
11.	Solan	228	83	36		
12.	Una	153	44	29		
13.	R&T(GRP)	3	2	67		
14.	TOTAL	1953	558	29		

MAP- 2.1

PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY CASES
DETECTED(WORKED OUT) -2008



**TABLE 2.3**DISTRICT-WISE VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN & RECOVERED AND PERCENTAGE DURING 2008.

Sr	Name of		THEFT		]	BURGLARY	7
No	District	Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery	Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	Bilaspur	4230724	446434	10.55	1372531	264600	19.28
2.	Chamba	1305133	942493	72.21	581225	15260	2.63
3.	Hamirpur	2803170	781970	27.90	2859210	361250	12.63
4.	Kangra	19821064	4328444	21.84	4065131	499644	12.29
5.	Kinnaur	512156	512156	100.00	363300	142450	39.21
6.	Kullu	4616854	2562596	55.51	1857468	270621	14.57
7.	L/Spiti	300000	300000	100.00	118000	90000	76.27
8.	Mandi	5301705	2296225	43.31	4474530	224578	5.02
9.	Shimla	15517010	4591600	29.59	7771490	1180360	15.19
10.	Sirmaur	4010687	1685801	42.03	2502199	380584	15.21
11.	Solan	17689767	4673291	26.42	11710322	5583761	47.68
12.	Una	7331172	1621850	22.12	4147789	77330	1.86
13.	R&T(GRP)	35980	32200	89.49	0	0	0
	TOTAL	83475422	24775060	29.68	41823195	9090438	21.74

### **TABLE 2.3 (CONTD..)**

## DISTRICT-WISE VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN & RECOVERED AND PERCENTAGE DURING 2008.

Sr	Name of		DACOITY			ROBBERY	
No	District	Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery	Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery
(1)	(2)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1.	Bilaspur	0	0	0	175000	25000	14.29
2.	Chamba	0	0	0	8600	8600	100.00
3.	Hamirpur	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	Kangra	0	0	0	140650	60000	42.66
5.	Kinnaur	0	0	0	500000	500000	100.00
6.	Kullu	0	0	0	325000	0	0.00
7.	L/Spiti	0	0	0	0	0	0
8.	Mandi	0	0	0	132000	50000	37.88
9.	Shimla	90000	0	0	129000	39000	30.23
10.	Sirmaur	1383245	1113735	80.52	0	0	0
11.	Solan	5067758	4018403	0.01	608280	49280	8.10
12.	Una	1490000	1481000	99.40	0	0	0
13.	R&T(GRP)	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	8031003	6613138	82.35	2018530	731880	36.26

### **TABLE 2.3 (CONTD..)**

## DISTRICT-WISE VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN & RECOVERED AND PERCENTAGE DURING 2008.

Sr	Name of		TOTAL	
No	District	Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery
(1)	(2)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1.	Bilaspur	5778255	736034	12.74
2.	Chamba	1894958	966353	51.00
3.	Hamirpur	5662380	1143220	20.19
4.	Kangra	24026845	4888088	20.34
5.	Kinnaur	1375456	1154606	83.94
6.	Kullu	6799322	2833217	41.67
7.	L/Spiti	418000	390000	93.30
8.	Mandi	9908235	2570803	25.95
9.	Shimla	23507500	5810960	24.72
10.	Sirmaur	7896131	3180120	40.27
11.	Solan	35076127	14324735	40.84
12.	Una	12968961	3180180	24.52
13.	R&T(GRP)	35980	32200	89.49
	TOTAL	135348150	41210516	30.45

TABLE 2.4

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN & RECOVERED
(IN LAKHS) DURING THE LAST 10 YEARS
(1999 TO 2008).

YEAR		THEFT	BURGLARY	DACOITY	ROBBERY	TOTAL
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1000	STOLEN	273.99	155.71	4.55	20.28	454.54
1999	RECOVERED	171.70	19.45	4.06	18.93	214.14
2000	STOLEN	264.10	200.96	2.11	19.29	486.45
2000	RECOVERED	152.37	26.01	0.31	12.12	190.81
2001	STOLEN	276.30	171.04	5.37	24.54	477.25
2001	RECOVERED	129.95	28.53	4.27	11.80	174.54
2002	STOLEN	326.42	133.03	0.00	32.80	492.24
2002	RECOVERED	165.11	14.65	0.00	2.68	182.43
2003	STOLEN	414.21	131.88	8.30	17.85	572.24
2003	RECOVERED	224.65	15.91	4.76	8.54	253.85
2004	STOLEN	395.68	210.17	0.01	18.66	624.52
2004	RECOVERED	121.11	43.61	0.01	1.47	166.20
2005	STOLEN	425.97	228.13	13.02	16.62	683.74
2003	RECOVERED	211.01	41.48	12.68	9.05	274.23
2006	STOLEN	603.68	320.44	15.52	4.59	944.23
2006	RECOVERED	279.32	66.33	30.06	20.39	396.10
2007	STOLEN	797.17	354.70	40.92	43.15	1235.94
2007	RECOVERED	308.67	53.20	3.55	16.90	382.31
2008	STOLEN	834.75	418.23	80.31	20.19	1353.48
2008	RECOVERED	247.75	90.90	66.13	7.32	412.11

### **TABLE 2.5**

# PERCENTAGE RECOVERY IN CASES UNDER THEFT DURING 2008 (BY NATURE OF PROPERTY)

Sr. No	Nature of Property	Number of cases in which property was		% of Recovery
(1)		Stolen	Recovered	(cases)
1.	Auto Theft,	292	104	35.62
2.	Theft of cash and Jewelry	101	47	46.53
3.	Cable theft	242	105	43.39
4.	Theft electronic items	72	26	36.11
5.	Other Theft	445	234	52.58

**TABLE 2.6** 

## DISTRICT WISE VALUE OF CULTURAL PROPERTY STOLEN DURING 2008

Sr. No.	Name of District	Number of cases in which property was Stolen	Value of stolen property
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	Bilaspur	1	Rs.5,500
2.	Chamba	0	0
3.	Hamirpur	0	0
4.	Kangra	0	0
5.	Kinnaur	0	0
6.	Kullu	4	Rs.1,02,500
7.	L/Spiti	0	0
8.	Mandi	2	Rs.45,000
9.	Shimla	8	Rs.6,44,000
10.	Sirmaur	0	0
11.	Solan	3	Rs.42,000
12.	Una	0	0
13.	R&T(GRP)	0	0
14.	TOTAL	18	Rs.8,39,000

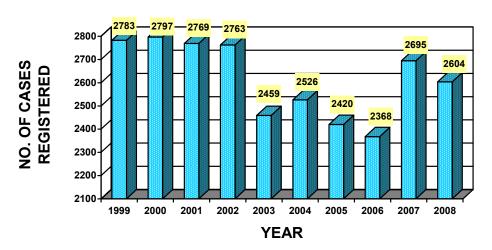
### 2.6 Crime Against Persons:-

The crime against persons includes occenfes10 different types of crime heads viz. Murder, Culpable Homicide not Amounting to Murder, Attempt to Murder, Hurt, Rioting., Cruelty to Women Molestation and Dowry deaths.

The analysis reveals that total 2604 incidence of crime against persons have occurred during the years 2008, which shows 18.63% of the total IPC Crime. The highest percentage of crime against persons over the total IPC recorded in district Kangra with 23.41% followed by Una (22.14%), Hamirpur (21.79%) and Kullu with (18.80%). The district-wise detail has been calculated and presented in Table 2.6. The district-wise incidence and their percentage over the IPC crime is depicted in Chart 2.5

CHART 2.5

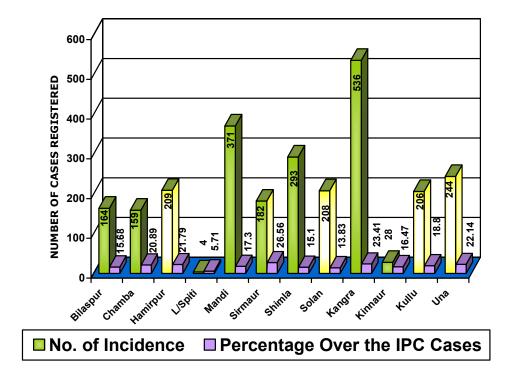
CRIME AGAINST PERSONS FOR THE 10 YEARS (1999-2008)



The incidence crime against persons has been recorded highest in district Kangra (536) followed by district Mandi (371), Shimla (393) Una (244), Hamirpur (209) and Solan (208). The Districtwise detail has been calculated and presented in Table 2.7.

The head-wise comparative analysis of incidence of crime against persons for the last 10 years (1999 to 2008) has been reviewed. During the year 2008, 2604 incidence has been recorded which showed a decrease of 91 cases over the previous year. The headwise detailed figures for the last 10 years are depicted in Table 2.8. Chart 2.6 depicts the total crime against persons and its percentage over the total IPC Crime

CHART 2.6
CRIME AGAINST PERSONS FOR THE 10 YEARS (1999-2008)



The headwise reported incidence of crime against persons and its review over the previous year has been analyzed and given as under:

### (i) Murder:

During the year 2008, 129 incidence of "Murder" were reported which showed an increase of 2 cases over the previous year.

Analysis of the causes has revealed that no organized gang was operating in the State. In most of these cases crime were committed due to land disputes or murder for gain or personal enmity. Generally, sudden provocation or minor altercation was the reasons for commission of most of the murders. There was no class or caste factor involved in the commission of murder.

### (ii) Attempt to Murder:

59 incidence of "Attempt to Murder" were reported during the year 2008 against the annual average of about 77 cases. The motive for the commission of this crime is also the same as mentioned under head 'Murder'

### (iii) C.H. not Amounting to Murder:

Only 5 incidence of "C.H. not Amounting to Murder" were reported during the year 2008 which showed decrease of 4 cases over the previous year. Hence do not require any specific review.

### (iv) Rape:

157 incidence of "Rape" were reported during the year 2008 which showed decrease of 1 case over the previous year.

### (v) Kidnapping and Abduction:-

As compare to the year 2007, 20 fewer cases i.e. 151 cases were registered during the year 2008. The analysis shows that about 60% incidence of "Kid-Abd." are reported in 5 districts i.e. Chamba, Kangra, Kullu, Shimla and Solan. The remaining 40% cases were reported in the rest of 7 districts of the State.

#### (vi) Hurt:

Total 837 incidence of "Hurt" were reported during 2008 which showed decrease of 13 cases over the previous year. The

analysis shows that about 65% incidence of hurt are reported in 4 districts i.e. Kangra, Mandi, Hamirpur and Una. The remaining 35% cases were reported in the rest of 8 districts of the State.

### (vii) Rioting:

During the year 2008, 627 incidence of "Rioting" were reported in the State against the 651 incidence of previous year which showed decrease of 24 cases over the year 2007. The remaining 62% cases were reported in the rest of 8 districts of the State.

### (viii) Cruelty to Women:

During the year 2008, 343 incidence of "Cruelty to Women" were reported in the State against the 342 incidence of previous year which showed an increase of 1 case over the year 2007. The incidence under this head has been reviewed in detail in the separate chapter "Crime against Women"

### (ix) Molestation:

During the year 2008, 293 incidence of "Molestation" were reported in the State against the 323 incidence of previous year which showed decrease of 30 cases over the year 2007. The incidence under this head has been reviewed in detail in the separate chapter "Crime against Women"

### (x) Dowry Deaths:

During the year 2008, 3 incidence of "Molestation" were reported in the State against the 7 incidence of previous year which showed decrease of 4 cases over the year 2007. The incidence under this head has been reviewed in detail in the separate chapter "Crime against Women"

### 2.7 Overall Review of Crime Against Person:

The overall review on the incidences of crime against persons are more in districts Kangra, Mandi, Shimla and Solan as compared to the other districts of the State. The reasons for commission of offences under this category are family disputes, land disputes, enmity with neighbours / villagers, domestic violence & sudden provocation.

Some of the facts that have come out during the study review are:-

- (i) Offences of murder have taken place in the entire State with no specific concentration
- (ii) 92% of the persons involved are locals, the remaining 8% being outsiders.
- (iii) 2% of the accused in this crime are in the age-group below 18 years, 45% of the persons involved in the commission of this crime are in the age group of 18 to 30 years, 40% belong to the category of 30-45 years and the remaining 13% are more than 45 years in age.

MAP-2.2
PERCENTAGE OF CRIME AGAINST PERSONS DURING
2008 (DISTRICT WISE)

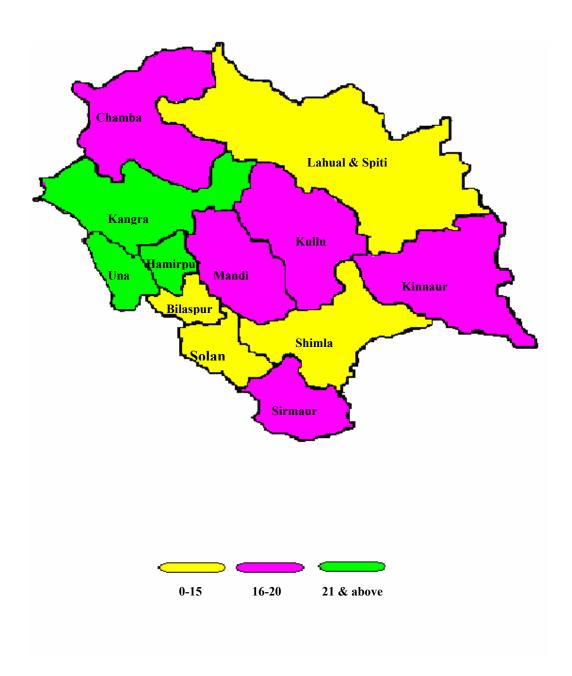


TABLE 2.7
PERCENTAGE OF CRIME AGAINST PERSON OVER THE
TOTAL IPC CRIME FOR THE YEAR 2008

Sr. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	Total Cases of Crime Against Person	Total IPC Crime	Percentage of Crime Against Persons Against Total IPC Crime
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	BILASPUR	164	1046	15.68
2	CHAMBA	159	761	20.89
3	HAMIRPUR	209	959	21.79
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	4	70	5.71
5	MANDI	371	2144	17.30
6	SIRMAUR	182	885	20.56
7	SHIMLA	293	1941	15.10
8	SOLAN	208	1504	13.83
9	KANGRA	536	2290	23.41
10	KINNAUR	28	170	16.47
11	KULLU	206	1096	18.80
12	UNA	244	1102	22.14
13	GRP	0	8	0.00
	TOTAL	2604	13976	18.63

TABLE 2.8
DISTRICTWISE AND HEADWISE CRIME AGAINST
PERSON DURING-2008

Sr. NO.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	Murde <del>l</del> 5	Culpable Homicide	Attemptose murder	Rape	Kid &Abd.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	BILASPUR	5	1	2	10	7
2	CHAMBA	10	1	3	10	16
3	HAMIRPUR	6	0	0	8	12
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	1	0	0	1	0
5	MANDI	19	0	7	32	14
6	SIRMAUR	7	0	2	10	14
7	SHIMLA	15	0	10	22	20
8	SOLAN	16	2	3	14	15
9	KANGRA	19	1	20	19	20
10	KINNAUR	1	0	0	4	2
11	KULLU	15	0	3	16	19
12	UNA	15	0	9	11	12
13	GRP	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	129	5	59	157	151

### **TABLE 2.8 (CONTD..)**

### DISTRICTWISE AND HEADWISE AGAINST PERSON FOR THE YEAR 2008

Sr. NO.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	Dowry Death	Cruelty to women	Molesta- tion	Hurt	Rioting	TOTAL
(1)	(2)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1	BILASPUR	2	35	28	36	38	164
2	СНАМВА	0	10	26	62	21	159
3	HAMIRPUR	0	39	15	106	23	209
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	1	0	0	1	4
5	MANDI	1	42	75	113	68	371
6	SIRMAUR	0	30	19	36	64	182
7	SHIMLA	0	33	31	54	108	293
8	SOLAN	0	17	13	58	70	208
9	KANGRA	0	68	37	234	118	536
10	KINNAUR	0	3	1	6	11	28
11	KULLU	0	28	31	40	54	206
12	UNA	0	37	17	92	51	244
13	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	3	343	293	837	627	2604

**TABLE 2.9** 

### HEADWISE CRIME AGAINST PERSON DURING 1999-2008

s. No.	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Murder	133	123	120	120	125	110	110	111	127	129
2	Culpable Homicide	6	5	11	5	5	11	17	17	9	5
3	Attempt to murder	78	89	75	83	74	78	82	78	57	59
4	Rape	109	129	123	137	126	153	141	113	158	157
5	Kid &Abd.	126	110	127	138	113	123	118	130	171	151
6	Dowry Death	5	3	10	6	6	8	2	4	7	3
7	Cruelty to women	259	305	326	234	222	254	228	259	342	343
8	Molesta- tion	295	287	312	334	252	283	283	274	323	293
9	Hurt	1200	1145	1051	1087	938	948	883	814	850	837
10	Rioting	572	601	614	619	598	558	556	568	651	627
	TOTAL	2783	2797	2769	2763	2459	2526	2420	2368	2695	2604

### CHAPTER-3

### TRENDS IN DISPOSAL OF IPC CRIMES AND SLL CRIMES BY POLICE AND COURTS

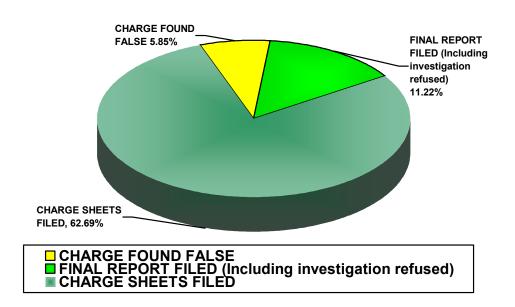
### 3.1 Disposal by Police

#### 3.1.1 Cases under IPC:

During 2008 a total number of 17653 cases including cases pending from the previous years were under investigation. Out of these, approximately 14079 cases were disposed by the Police during the year and 3574 cases remain pending.

Table-3.1 presents the details of crime head wise police disposal during 2008. Tables- 3.2 & 3.3 give district wise details of disposal, and percentage of disposal respectively. The percentage and type of disposal of Under Investigation (IPC) cases by police during 2008 is depicted in Chart-3.1.

CHART-3.1
PERCENTAGE DISPOSAL OF UNDER INVESTIGATION
(IPC) CASES BY POLICE DURING-2008



Less than 64.84% of the cases relating to Attempt to Murder, Criminal Breach of Trust were disposed. They represent the lowest disposal rate. The heads under which disposal of cases remained the highest, are Other IPC Crime (84.35% disposed), Dowry Deaths (83.33% disposed), Molestation (83.32% disposed), and Hurt /Grievous Hurt (82.31% disposed).

#### 3.1.2 Pendency:

On an average, 20.25% cases remained under investigation. In the following districts, pendency was the highest and the disposal lowest:-

GRP : 70.00 %

Hamirpur : 26.42 %

Sirmaur : 25.65 %

Kangra : 24.06 %

Bilaspur : 21.87 %

The least pendency/best disposals were seen in:--

Lahaul & Spiti : 7.87 %

Kinnaur : 11.76 %

Chamba : 14.01 %

#### 3.1.3 Charge Sheeting Rate of IPC Crimes:

Chart-3.2 depicts the district wise Charge sheeting rate in descending order. The average Charge- sheeting rate for the State is 85.11 %. The following districts have shown a considerably higher percentage of Charge-Sheeting rate:-

GRP : 100.00 %

Bilaspur : 91.92 %

Mandi : 89.06 %

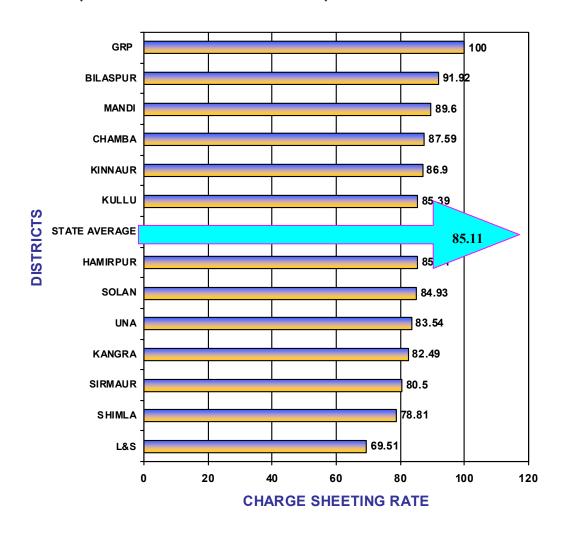
Chamba : 87.59 %

Kinnaur : 86.09 %

Kullu : 85.39 %

CHART-3.2

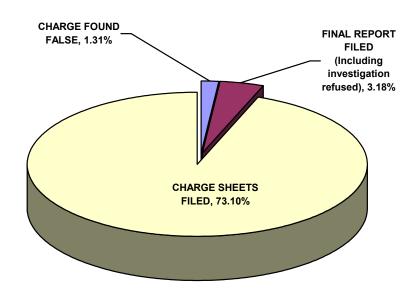
DISTRICT WISE DISPOSAL OF IPC CASES BY POLICE (CHARGE SHEETING RATE) DURING-2008



#### 3.1.4 Case Under SLL:

The disposal of SLL cases by police under different crime heads is available at Table-3.4. Of the total 5119 cases (including the pending cases from the previous year) pending investigation, police disposed 77.59 % cases. Chart-3.3 presents the type of disposal of SLL cases.

CHART-3.3
PERCENTAGE DISPOSAL OF SLL CASES
BY POLICE DURING 2008



□ CHARGE FOUND FALSE
■ FINAL REPORT FILED (Including investigation refused)
□ CHARGE SHEETS FILED

Table-3.5 shows disposal of SLL cases by the police District wise. Totally 1147 cases are pending investigation. District having the maximum pendency are:-

Mandi - 177

Kullu - 173

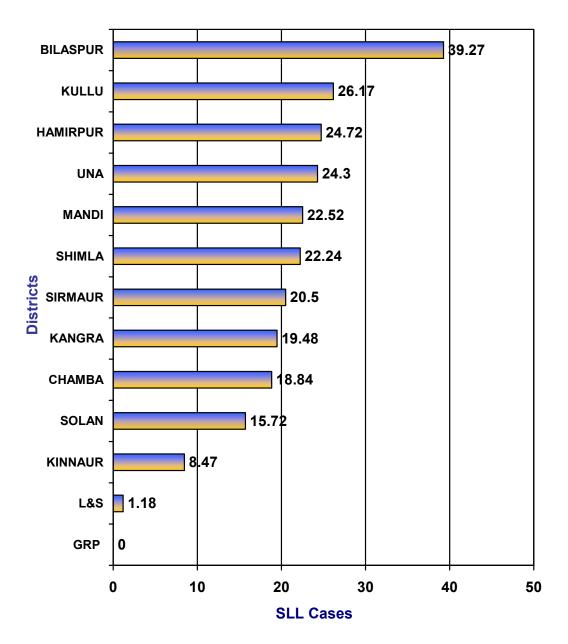
Kangra - 171

Shimla - 133

District wise pendency details are available in Chart-3.4. In descending order. Percentage of disposal of SLL by the police is present in Table 3.6.

CHART-3.4

DISPOSAL OF SLL CASES BY POLICE (PENDENCY PERCENTAGE) DURING -2008 DISTRICT WISE



#### 3.2 Disposal By Courts

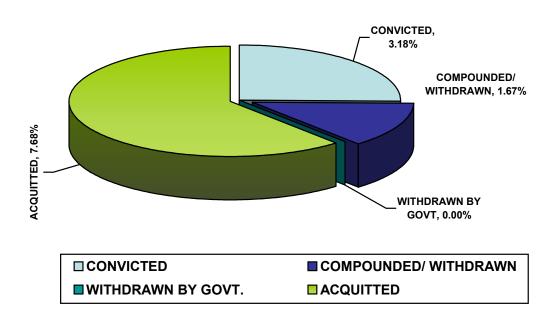
#### 3.2.1 Cases Under IPC:

Disposal of IPC cases by Courts during 2008 is available in Table 3.7. During 2008 there were 58948 cases pending trail (including the pending cases from the previous years). 51582 of IPC

cases remained pending trail at end of the year. The percentage of disposals during the year was 12.50 %.

The District wise disposal figures available in Table-3.8 and percentage of disposal is available in Table-3.9. The highest pendency of cases is seen in GRP (100) percent. The largest number of cases is pending in Mandi District (8264) which has a pendency of 88.55 % Chart-3.5 depicts percentage disposal of IPC cases by the courts during 2008.

CHART-3.5
PERCENTAGE DISPOSAL OF IPC CASES
BY COURTS DURING-2008.



#### 3.2.2 Cases Under SLL:-

Disposal of SLL cases by Courts during 2008 head wise is available in Table-3.10. There were 24915 cases pending trail (including the pending cases from the previous years) at the beginning

of 2008. Cases which remained pending trail at end of the year were 20236. The percentage of disposals is 18.78.

Table 3.11 Shows district wise pendency and its share in the state pendency, Distt. Kangra (10269) followed by Una (2733), Shimla (2339) and Mandi (2230) cases.

Have high pendency rates. Chart-3.6 Shows percentage disposal of SLL cases by the Courts during 2008.

CHART-3.6
PERCENTAGE DISPOSAL OF SLL CASES
BY COURTS DURING 2008

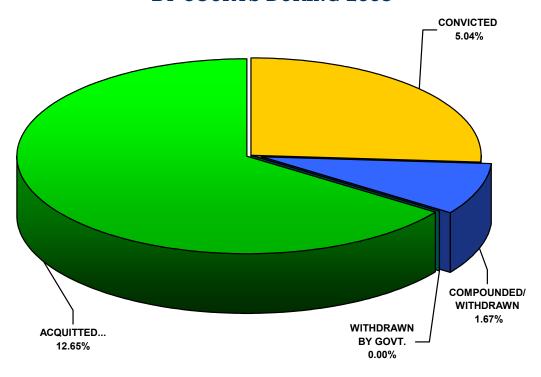




TABLE-3.1
DISPOSAL OF IPC CRIME CASES BY POLICE
DURING 2008 (HEAD-WISE)

			NO	OF CASES IN WH	ICH				
		ION	110.	INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED					
SR. NO		TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR INVESTIGATION INCLUDING PENDING CASES	INVESTIGATION WAS REFUSED	CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC.	FINAL REPORT TRUE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	TOTAL [(5)+(6) + (7)]	NO. OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
1.	MURDER	186	0	13	22	86	121	65	
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	91	0	6	6	47	59	32	
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	11	0	1	0	7	8	3	
4.	DACOITY	8	0	0	1	5	6	2	
5.	PREP. & ASSB. FOR DACOITY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
6.	ROBBERY	30	0	3	4	16	23	7	
7.	BURGLARY	1240	0	26	576	299	901	339	
8.	THEFT	1615	0	62	637	497	1196	419	
9.	HURT/GRIEVOUS HURT	1498	0	51	50	1132	1233	265	
10.	RIOTS	873	0	54	13	615	682	191	
11.	RAPE	215	0	19	5	115	139	76	
12.	DOWRY DEATHS	6	0	0	0	5	5	1	
13.	MOLESTATION	362	0	22	1	275	298	64	
14.	SEXUAL HARASSMENT	58	0	1	8	36	45	13	
15.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	438	0	36	1	296	333	105	
16.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION	224	0	77	9	72	158	66	
17.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	266	0	51	17	94	162	104	
18.	CHEATING	433	0	86	17	105	208	225	
19.	COUNTERFEITING	18	0	1	5	6	12	6	
20.	ARSON	176	0	9	67	59	135	41	
21.	OTHER IPC	9905	0	514	542	7299	8355	1550	
	TOTAL	17653	0	1032	1981	11066	14079	3574	

**TABLE-3.2** 

#### DISPOSAL OF IPC CRIME CASES BY POLICE DURING 2008 (DISTRICT-WISE)

			NO. OF CAS	ES IN WHICH				
SR.		TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR INVESTIGAT		INVESTIGATIO		NO. OF CASES		
NO	CRIME HEADS	ION INCLUDING PENDING CASES	INVESTIG ATION WAS REFUSED	CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC.	FINAL REPORT TRUE SUBMITT ED	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITT ED	TOTAL [(5)+(6)+ (7)]	PENDING INVESTIG ATION
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	BILASPUR	1308	0	44	79	899	1022	286
2	СНАМВА	1021	0	64	101	713	878	143
3	HAMIRPUR	1268	0	89	124	720	933	335
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	89	0	0	25	57	82	7
5	MANDI	2978	0	130	233	2008	2371	607
6	SIRMAUR	1107	0	69	147	607	823	284
7	SHIMLA	2509	0	171	402	1495	2068	441
8	SOLAN	1889	0	119	216	1217	1552	337
9	KANGRA	2647	0	200	317	1493	2010	637
10	KINNAUR	204	0	12	22	146	180	24
11	KULLU	1282	0	65	142	830	1037	245
12	UNA	1341	0	69	173	878	1120	221
13	GRP	10	0	0	0	3	3	7
	TOTAL	17653	0	1032	1981	11066	14079	3574

### TABLE-3.2 (CONTD..)

Sr. NO.	DISTRICT	PENDENCY PERCENTAGE (9/3*100)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF PENDENCY TO STATE LEVEL	CHARGE SHEETING RATE (7)/(6+7)*100
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	BILASPUR	21.87	8.00	91.92
2	СНАМВА	14.01	4.00	87.59
3	HAMIRPUR	26.42	9.37	85.31
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	7.87	0.20	69.51
5	MANDI	20.38	16.98	89.60
6	SIRMAUR	25.65	7.95	80.50
7	SHIMLA	17.58	12.34	78.81
8	SOLAN	17.84	9.43	84.93
9	KANGRA	24.06	17.82	82.49
10	KINNAUR	11.76	0.67	86.90
11	KULLU	19.11	6.86	85.39
12	UNA	16.48	6.18	83.54
13	GRP	70.00	0.20	100.00
	TOTAL	20.25	100.00	84.82

MAP-3.1
DISPOSAL OF (IPC) CASES BY POLICE

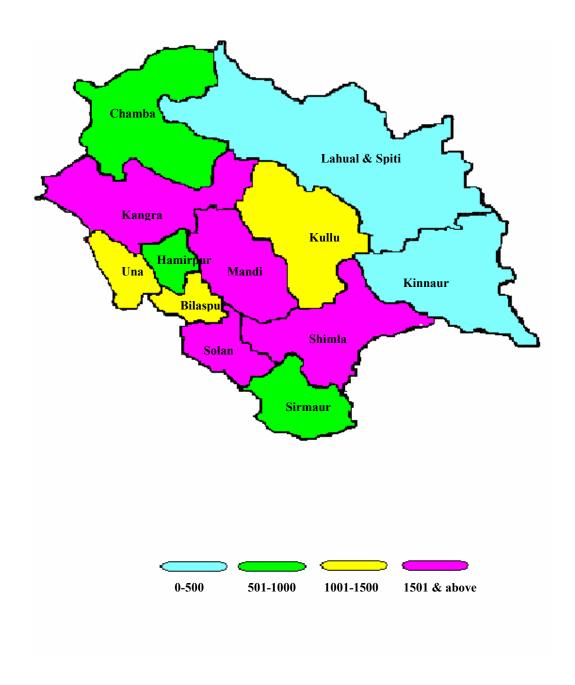


TABLE-3.3

## PERCENTAGE OF IPC CRIMES DISPOSAL BY POLICE DURING 2008 (HEAD-WISE)

				GE OF CASES TION IN WHIC		CASES FOR		
			INVESTIGA	TION WAS CO	PERCENT AGE OF	CHARGE SHEETING		
SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	INVESTIG ATION WAS REFUSED	CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC	FINAL REPORT TRUE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMIT TED	TOTAL [(4)+(5)+(6)]	CASES PENDING INVESTI GATION	RATE [(COL.6)/ (COL. 5+6)*100)]
1.	MURDER	0	6.99	11.83	46.24	65.05	34.95	62.86
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	0	6.59	6.59	51.65	64.84	35.16	50.00
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	0	9.09	0.00	63.64	72.73	27.27	0.00
4.	DACOITY	0	0.00	12.50	62.50	75.00	25.00	100.00
5.	PREP. & ASSB. FOR DACOITY	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
6.	ROBBERY	0	10.00	13.33	53.33	76.67	23.33	57.14
7.	BURGLARY	0	2.10	46.45	24.11	72.66	27.34	95.68
8.	THEFT	0	3.84	39.44	30.77	74.06	25.94	91.13
9.	HURT/GRIEVOUS HURT	0	3.40	3.34	75.57	82.31	17.69	49.50
10.	RIOTS	0	6.19	1.49	70.45	78.12	21.88	19.40
11.	RAPE	0	8.84	2.33	53.49	64.65	35.35	20.83
12.	DOWRY DEATHS	0	0.00	0.00	83.33	83.33	16.67	0
13.	MOLESTATION	0	6.08	0.28	75.97	82.32	17.68	4.35
14.	SEXUAL HARASSMENT	0	1.72	13.79	62.07	77.59	22.41	88.89
15.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	0	8.22	0.23	67.58	76.03	23.97	2.70
16.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION	0	34.38	4.02	32.14	70.54	29.46	10.47
17.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	0	19.17	6.39	35.34	60.90	39.10	25.00
18.	CHEATING	0	19.86	3.93	24.25	48.04	51.96	16.50
19.	COUNTERFEITING	0	5.56	27.78	33.33	66.67	33.33	83.33
20.	ARSON	0	5.11	38.07	33.52	76.70	23.30	88.16
21.	OTHER IPC	0	5.19	5.47	73.69	84.35	15.65	51.33
	TOTAL	0	5.85	11.22	62.69	79.75	20.25	65.75

TABLE-3.4

#### DISPOSAL OF CRIME SLL CASES BY POLICE DURING 2008 (HEAD-WISE)

		~		NO OF	GA GEG BU	NAME OF		7.8
		SES FOR			CASES IN			PENDING
		SES	WAS	INVESTIC	GATION WA	AS COMPLE	ETED	PEN
SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR INVESTIGATION INCLUDING PENDING CASES	INVESTIGATION Y	CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC.	FINAL REPORT TRUE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	TOTAL [(5)+ (6)+ (7)]	NO. OF CASES INVESTIGATION
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	ARMS ACT	18	0	0	2	8	10	8
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	460	0	3	18	263	284	176
3.	GAMBLING ACT	366	0	0	0	341	341	25
4.	EXCISE ACT	3294	0	4	24	2597	2625	669
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	9	0	0	2	5	7	2
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	2	0	0	1	1	2	0
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	3	0	1	1	0	2	1
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	76	0	3	1	42	46	30
13.	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14.	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	3	0	0	0	2	2	1
16.	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	2	0	0	0	1	1	1
17.	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.	COPY RIGHT ACT	53	0	1	0	40	41	12
19.	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	66	0	27	0	25	52	14
21.	FOREST ACT	342	0	11	63	147	221	121
22.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	424	0	17	51	270	338	86
	TOTAL	5119	0	67	163	3742	3972	1147

**TABLE-3.5** 

#### DISPOSAL OF CRIME SLL CASES BY POLICE DURING 2008 (DISTRICT-WISE)

				NO. OF C	ASES IN WI	ПСН		
		TOTAL No. OF CASES		INVESTIGA	TION WAS	COMPLETE	D	NO. OF
SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	FOR INVESTIGA TION INCLUDING PENDING CASES	INVESTIG ATION WAS REFUSED	CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC.	FINAL REPOR T TRUE SUBMI TTED	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITT ED	TOTAL [(5)+ (6)+ (7)]	CASES PENDING INVESTIG ATION
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	BILASPUR	303	0	3	5	176	184	119
2.	СНАМВА	345	0	3	6	271	280	65
3.	HAMIRPUR	271	0	11	2	191	204	67
4.	LAUHAL & SPITI	85	0	0	3	81	84	1
5.	MANDI	786	0	6	21	582	609	177
6.	SIRMAUR	317	0	0	25	227	252	65
7.	SHIMLA	598	0	13	34	418	465	133
8.	SOLAN	318	0	3	12	253	268	50
9.	KANGRA	878	0	17	9	681	707	171
10.	KINNAUR	59	0	1	0	53	54	5
11.	KULLU	661	0	8	34	446	488	173
12.	UNA	498	0	2	12	363	377	121
13.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	5119	0	67	163	3742	3972	1147

### TABLE-3.5 (CONTD)

S. NO	DISTRICT	PENDENCY PERCENTAGE (9/3*100)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF PENDENCY TO STATE LEVEL	CHARGE SHEETING RATE (7)/(6+7)*100
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	BILASPUR	39.27	10.37	97.24
2	СНАМВА	18.84	5.67	97.83
3	HAMIRPUR	24.72	5.84	98.96
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	1.18	0.09	96.43
5	MANDI	22.52	15.43	96.52
6	SIRMAUR	20.50	5.67	90.08
7	SHIMLA	22.24	11.60	92.48
8	SOLAN	15.72	4.36	95.47
9	KANGRA	19.48	14.91	98.70
10	KINNAUR	8.47	0.44	100.00
11	KULLU	26.17	15.08	92.92
12	UNA	24.30	10.55	96.80
13	GRP	0.00	0.00	0.00
	TOTAL	22.41	100.00	95.83

DISPOSAL OF (SLL) CASES BY POLICE DURING 2008

**MAP-3.2** 

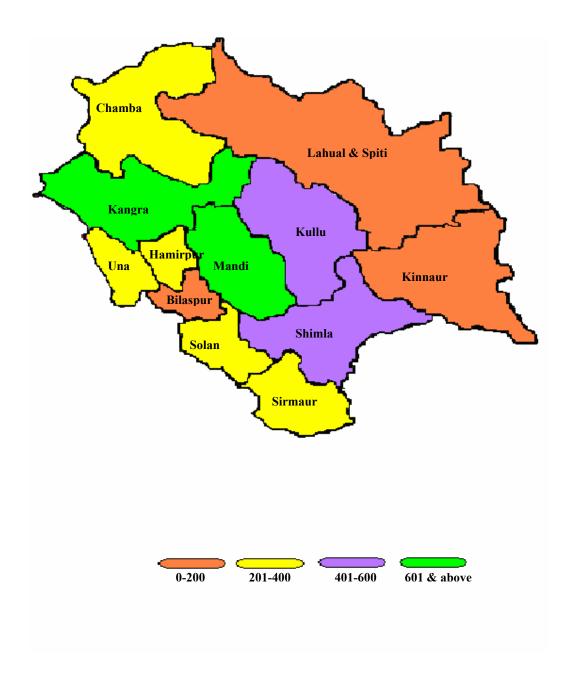


TABLE-3.6

## PERCENTAGE OF SLL CRIMES DISPOSAL BY POLICE DURING 2008 ( HEADWISE )

					ASES TO TO N IN WHICH		Z	<b>E</b>
		AS	INVESTIC	GATION WA	AS COMPLET	ГЕО	ASES	RAT 100)]
SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	INVESTIGATION WAS REFUSED	CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC	FINAL REPORT TRUE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	TOTAL [(4)+(5)+ (6)]	PERCENTAGE OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION	CHARGE SHEETING RATE [(COL.6)/ (COL. 5+6)*100)]
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	ARMS ACT	0.00	0.00	11.11	44.44	55.56	44.44	100
2	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	0.00	0.65	3.91	57.17	61.74	38.26	85.71
3	GAMBLING ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	93.17	93.17	6.83	0
4	EXCISE ACT	0.00	0.12	0.73	78.84	79.69	20.31	85.71
5	PROHIBITION ACT	0.00	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	0.00	0.00	22.22	55.56	77.78	22.22	100.00
7	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	0.00
8	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
9	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	0.00	0.00	50.00	50.00	100.00	0.00	100.00
10	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	0.00	33.33	33.33	0.00	66.67	33.33	50.00
11	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	0.00	3.95	1.32	55.26	60.53	39.47	25.00
13	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
14	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
15	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	66.67	66.67	33.33	0.00
16	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	0.00
17	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
18	COPY RIGHT ACT	0.00	1.89	0.00	75.47	77.36	22.64	0.00
19	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0.00	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	0.00	40.91	0.00	37.88	78.79	21.21	0.00
21	FOREST ACT	0.00	3.22	18.42	42.98	64.62	35.38	85.14
22	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	0.00	4.01	12.03	63.68	79.72	20.28	75.00
	TOTAL	0.00	1.31	3.18	73.10	77.59	22.41	70.87

**TABLE-3.7** 

#### DISPOSAL OF CRIME IPC CASES BY COURT DURING 2008 (HEAD-WISE)

		¥	NO. OF	CASES				
		SES FO		IN WHIC	H WERE CO	OMPLETED		<u> </u> 
SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR TRIAL INCLUDING PENDING CASES	CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL [ (6)+	PENDING TRIAL
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	MURDER	365	0	0	39	44	83	282
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	384	0	0	15	38	53	331
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	66	0	0	2	6	8	58
4.	DACOITY	21	0	0	0	2	2	19
5.	PREP. & ASSB. FOR DACOITY	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
6.	ROBBERY	87	0	0	2	9	11	76
7.	BURGLARY	1564	0	13	32	170	202	1349
8.	THEFT	2068	0	1	54	215	269	1798
9.	HURT/GRIEVOUS HURT	6677	0	211	219	761	980	5486
10.	RIOTS	3364	0	71	33	321	354	2939
11.	RAPE	505	0	1	29	87	116	388
12.	DOWRY DEATHS	31	0	0	3	5	8	23
13.	MOLESTATION	1308	0	58	30	122	152	1098
14.	SEXUAL HARASSMENT	120	0	2	5	11	16	102
15.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	1305	0	31	9	128	137	1137
16.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION	283	0	2	10	37	47	234
17.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	500	0	2	12	65	77	421
18.	CHEATING	722	0	1	18	50	68	653
19.	COUNTERFEITING	16	0	0	1	4	5	11
20.	ARSON	379	0	3	2	44	46	330
21.	OTHER IPC	39182	0	565	1360	2411	3771	34846
	TOTAL	58948	0	961	1875	4530	6405	51582

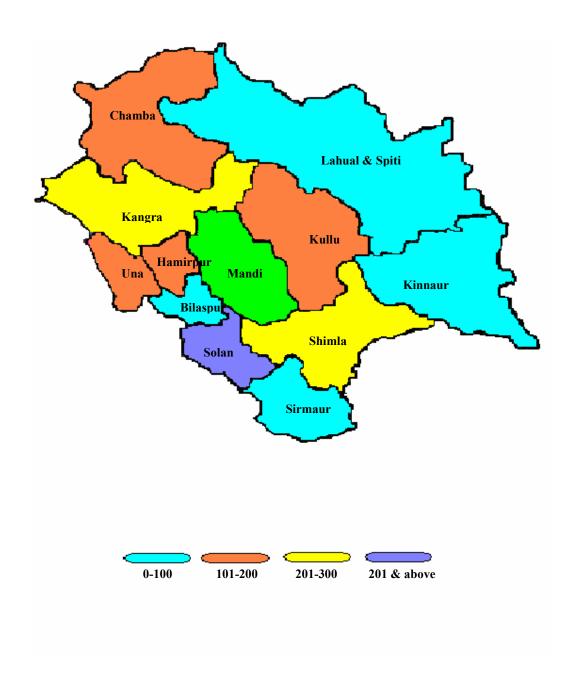
# TABLE- 3.8 DISPOSAL OF CRIME IPC CASES BY COURT DURING 2008 (DISTRICT-WISE)

		AG.	NO. OF C	ASES				
		FOR	ВУ	IN WHICI	H WERE CO	MPLETED	_	
SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR TRAAL INCLUDING PENDING CASES	CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL [ (6)+ (7)]	PENDING TRIAL
1.	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	BILASPUR	6753	0	113	30	260	290	6350
2.	СНАМВА	3341	0	65	143	233	376	2900
3.	HAMIRPUR	4146	1	195	104	506	610	3341
4.	LAUHAL & SPITI	254	0	15	42	21	63	176
5.	MANDI	9333	1	151	207	711	918	8264
6.	SIRMAUR	3212	0	35	49	256	305	2872
7.	SHIMLA	7386	0	104	263	468	731	6551
8.	SOLAN	6820	0	160	399	566	965	5695
9.	KANGRA	8872	0	0	276	880	1156	7716
10.	KINNAUR	1053	0	19	10	149	159	875
11.	KULLU	3503	0	47	183	197	380	3076
12.	UNA	4261	1	57	169	283	452	3752
13.	GRP	14	0	0	0	0	0	14
	TOTAL	58948	3	961	1875	4530	6405	51582

### TABLE- 3.8 (CONTD)

S. NO	DISTRICT	PENDENCY PERCENTAGE (9/3*100)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF PENDENCY TO STATE LEVEL	CHARGE SHEETING RATE [(7)/(8)*100]
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	BILASPUR	94.03	12.31	89.66
2	СНАМВА	86.80	5.62	61.97
3	HAMIRPUR	80.58	6.48	82.95
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	69.29	0.34	33.33
5	MANDI	88.55	16.02	77.45
6	SIRMAUR	89.41	5.57	83.93
7	SHIMLA	88.69	12.70	64.02
8	SOLAN	83.50	11.04	58.65
9	KANGRA	86.97	14.96	76.12
10	KINNAUR	83.10	1.70	93.71
11	KULLU	87.81	5.96	51.84
12	UNA	88.05	7.27	62.61
13	GRP	100.00	0.03	0.00
	TOTAL	87.50	100.00	70.73

MAP-3.3
CONVICTED CASES (IPC) DURING 2008



**TABLE- 3.9** 

## PERCENTAGE OF IPC CRIMES DISPOSAL BY COURTS DURING 2008 (HEAD WISE)

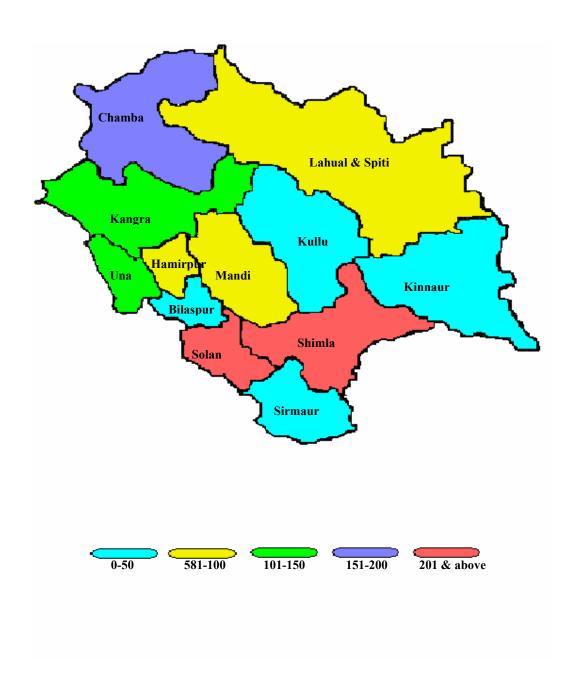
		RAWN F.	PERCENTA TRIAL	GE OF CASES	TO TOTAL	CASES FOR		CONNECTI	
SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	S WITHDR. BY GOVT.	IN WHICH	TRIAL WERE C	PENDING TRIAL	CONVICTI ON RATE			
		CASES	- WIN		ACQUITT ED OR DISCHAR GED	TOTAL (5)+ (6)]		[(5/7*100)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
1.	MURDER	0	0	10.68	12.05	22.74	77.26	46.99	
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	0	0	3.91	9.90	13.80	86.20	28.30	
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	0	0	3.03	9.09	12.12	87.88	25.00	
4.	DACOITY	0	0	0.00	9.52	9.52	90.48	0.00	
5.	PREP. & ASSB. FOR DACOITY	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.0 0	0.00	
6.	ROBBERY	0	0	2.30	10.34	12.64	87.36	18.18	
7.	BURGLARY	0.00	0.83	2.05	10.87	12.92	86.25	15.84	
8.	THEFT	0.00	0.05	2.61	10.40	13.01	86.94	20.07	
9.	HURT/GRIEVOUS HURT	0.00	3.16	3.28	11.40	14.68	82.16	22.35	
10.	RIOTS	0.00	2.11	0.98	9.54	10.52	87.37	9.32	
11.	RAPE	0.00	0.20	5.74	17.23	22.97	76.83	25.00	
12.	DOWRY DEATHS	0.00	0.00	9.68	16.13	25.81	74.19	37.50	
13.	MOLESTATION	0.00	4.43	2.29	9.33	11.62	83.94	19.74	
14.	SEXUAL HARASSMENT	0.00	1.67	4.17	9.17	13.33	85.00	31.25	
15.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	0.00	2.38	0.69	9.81	10.50	87.13	6.57	
16.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION	0.00	0.71	3.53	13.07	16.61	82.69	21.28	
17.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	0.00	0.40	2.40	13.00	15.40	84.20	15.58	
18.	CHEATING	0.00	0.14	2.49	6.93	9.42	90.44	26.47	
19.	COUNTERFEITING	0.00	0.00	6.25	25.00	31.25	68.75	20.00	
20.	ARSON	0.00	0.79	0.53	11.61	12.14	87.07	4.35	
21.	OTHER IPC	0.00	1.44	3.47	6.15	9.62	88.93	36.06	
	TOTAL	0.00	1.63	3.18	7.68	10.87	87.50	29.27	

**TABLE-3.10** 

#### DISPOSAL OF CRIME SLL CASES BY COURT DURING 2008 (HEAD WISE)

		Ä			NO. OF CAS	SES		
SR. NO		SES FO	N	IN WHIC	H TRIAL W	ERE COMP	LETED	
	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR TRIAL INCLUDING PENDING CASES	CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL [ (6)+ (7)]	PENDING TRIAL
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	ARMS ACT	92	0	1	0	14	14	77
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	986	0	1	102	169	271	714
3.	GAMBLING ACT	1849	0	0	199	242	441	1408
4.	EXCISE ACT	19204	0	259	801	2408	3209	15736
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	18	0	0	1	3	4	14
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	13	0	0	0	3	3	10
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	7	0	0	2	0	2	5
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	21	0	2	0	4	4	15
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	111	0	0	0	7	7	104
13.	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14.	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	17	0	0	0	0	0	17
16.	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	6	0	0	0	0	0	6
17.	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.	COPY RIGHT ACT	263	0	1	7	32	39	223
19.	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	113	0	4	2	15	17	92
21.	FOREST ACT	1277	0	0	17	192	209	1068
22.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	935	1	4	125	62	187	744
	TOTAL	24915	1	272	1256	3151	4407	20236

MAP-3.4
CONVICTED CASES (SLL) DURING 2008



**TABLE-3.11** 

#### DISPOSAL OF CRIME SLL CASES BY COURT DURING 2008 (DISTRICT-WISE)

	CRIME HEADS	د		ľ	NO. OF CA	ASES					
SR. NO		TRIAI		IN WHICI	H TRIAL W	ERE COMP	LETED				
		TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR TRIAL INCLUDING PENDING CASES	CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL [ (6)+(7)]	PENDING TRIAL			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)			
1.	BILASPUR	1396	0	4	11	158	169	1223			
2.	СНАМВА	1130	0	17	137	234	371	742			
3.	HAMIRPUR	610	0	0	62	145	207	403			
4.	LAUHAL & SPITI	150	0	0	83	3	86	64			
5.	MANDI	2230	0	31	75	469	544	1655			
6.	SIRMAUR	1013	0	0	14	194	208	805			
7.	SHIMLA	2339	0	4	219	548	767	1568			
8.	SOLAN	1187	0	1	233	181	414	772			
9.	KANGRA	10269	0	0	199	709	908	9361			
10.	KINNAUR	190	0	0	33	18	51	139			
11.	KULLU	1668	0	215	64	116	180	1273			
12.	UNA	2733	0	0	126	376	502	2231			
13.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	TOTAL	24915	0	272	1256	3151	4407	20236			

### **TABLE-3.11 (CONTD...)**

S. NO	DISTRICT	PENDENCY PERCENTAGE (9/3*100)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF PENDENCY TO STATE LEVEL	CHARGE SHEETING RATE [(7)/(8)*100]	
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
1	BILASPUR	87.61	6.04	93.49	
2	СНАМВА	65.66	3.67	63.07	
3	HAMIRPUR	66.07	1.99	70.05	
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	42.67	0.32	3.49	
5	MANDI	74.22	8.18	86.21	
6	SIRMAUR	79.47	3.98	93.27	
7	SHIMLA	67.04	7.75	71.45	
8	SOLAN	65.04	3.81	43.72	
9	KANGRA	91.16	46.26	78.08	
10	KINNAUR	73.16	0.69	35.29	
11	KULLU	76.32	6.29	64.44	
12	UNA	81.63	11.02	74.90	
13	GRP	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	TOTAL	81.22	100.00	71.50	

#### **TABLE-3.12**

## PERCENTAGE OF SLL CRIMES DISPOSAL BY COURTS DURING 2008 ( HEAD WISE)

	CRIME HEADS		PERCENTA FOR TRIAI	GE OF CASE	ся то то	TAL CASES		[(5/7*100 )]
SR. NO		CASES	IN WHICH	TRIAL WERE	COMPLETI	ED	PENDING TRIAL	
		WITHDRA WN BY GOVT.	COMPOU NDED OR WITHDR AWN	CONVICTED	ACQUIT TED OR DISCHA RGED	TOTAL (5)+ (6)]		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	ARMS ACT	0.00	1.09	0.00	15.22	15.22	83.70	0.00
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	0.00	0.10	10.34	17.14	27.48	72.41	37.64
3.	GAMBLING ACT	0.00	0.00	10.76	13.09	23.85	76.15	45.12
4.	EXCISE ACT	0.00	1.35	4.17	12.54	16.71	81.94	24.96
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	0.00	0.00	5.56	16.67	22.22	77.78	25.00
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	23.08	23.08	76.92	0.00
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	0.00
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	0.00	0.00	28.57	0.00	28.57	71.43	100.00
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	0.00	9.52	0.00	19.05	19.05	71.43	0.00
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	0.00
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.31	6.31	93.69	0.00
13.	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
14.	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
15.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	0.00
16.	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	0.00
17.	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
18.	COPY RIGHT ACT	0.00	0.38	2.66	12.17	14.83	84.79	17.95
19.	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
20.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	0.00	3.54	1.77	13.27	15.04	81.42	11.76
21.	FOREST ACT	0.00	0.00	1.33	15.04	16.37	83.63	8.13
22.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	0.00	0.43	13.37	6.63	20.00	79.57	66.84
	TOTAL	0.00	1.09	5.04	12.65	17.69	81.22	28.50

#### **CHAPTER-4**

#### **CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN**

#### 4.1 General:

Crimes Against Women are being closely monitored in the State. Several measures have been undertaken to tackle this social menace. On one hand, special attention is being paid towards prevention of crimes against women by increased police vigil and by harnessing the resources of the community.

Crime against women has decreased during the year 2008 in comparison to the previous year. However, The marginal increase in reported cases of crime against women for the last two years is being recorded which is probably due to the fact that in past the women usually hesitated to report the unfortunate incidents, which took place with them. But now on account of increased awareness and change in social values, ethos, social reassurances being provided by the society, free registration of cases and Suvidha Yojna started by the HP, Police Department, Women are more often coming forwarded to report the offences taking place against them.

HP Police Department has initiated many steps in the recent years to ensure better Police response to the malaise. A Women Crime Unit has been constituted at State CID Hdqrs., Shimla to monitor as well as to ensure quick disposal of cases of crime against women. No particular area is prone to the incidence of such crime in this state. No special organized gang is operative in the state to commit crime against women. In a nutshell, a complete sense of security is prevailing among women folk and they are performing their daily chores without any fear.

## 4.2 The Crimes Identified under the Indian Penal Code (IPC) and Local & Special Laws):

- (i) Murder Sec 302,303 IPC)
- (ii) Culpable Homicide (Sec 304 IPC)
- (iii) Rape (Sec. 376 IPC)
- (iv) Dowry Deaths (Sec304B IPC)
- (v) Kidnapping & Abduction (Sec. 363,366, IPC)
- (vi) Molestation (Sec.354 IPC)
- (vii) Abetment to Commit Suicide (Sec.306 IPC)
- (viii) Cruelty to Women (Sec. 498A IPC
- (ix) Eave Teasing (Sec. 509 IPC
- (x) Chain Snatching
- (xi) Dowry (Prohibition) Act
- (xii) Immoral Traffic (P) Act

#### 4.3 Incidence of Crime Against Women:

Head wise incidence of reported Crimes Against Women during 2007 and 2008 along with percentage variation are given below has been calculated and presented in Table 4.1.

The cases of Cruelty to Women and molestation together constitute the largest chunk of crime against women (56.36%). There were substantial number of instances (13.87%) of Rape and 12.10% of Kidnapping and abduction of women and girls.

The percentage distribution and variation of Crime against Women during 2008 is depicted in Chart 4.1 and Chart 4.2. The incidence of crimes against women is showed a rising trend of approximately 23% and 21% during the last two years i.e. 2007 & 2008 over the previous years.

The district wise incidence and rate of crimes against women during 2008 is presented in Table 4.2 and Chart 4.3 and Chart 4.4.

CHART 4.1

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF CRIME AGAINST
WOMEN DURIURING 2008

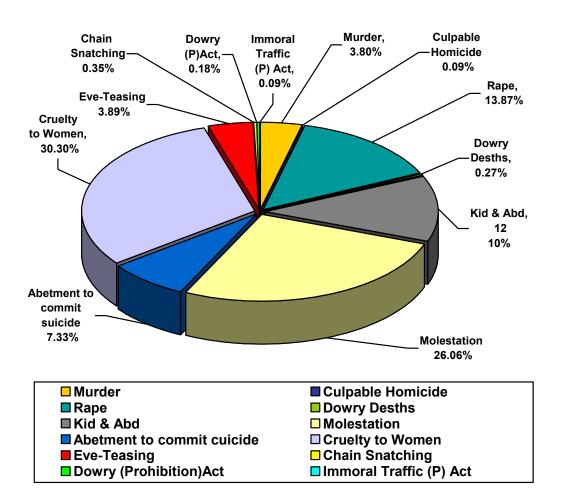


CHART 4.2

PERCENTAGE VARIATION OF CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN
DURING 2007 OVER 2008

**DECREASE INCREASE** 1 Immoral Traffic (P) Act **Dowry Prohibition Act** Chain Snatching 4 Eve Teasing Cruelty to Women (=) 14 Molestation Abetment to -29 Commit Suicide Kidnapping -16 Abduction **Dowry Deaths** -2 Rape -1 Culpable Homicide Murder -30 -25 -20 -15 -10 -5 0 10 15 % VARIATION

CHART 4.3
DISTRICT WISE REGISTRATION AND RATE OF CRIME
DURING 2008

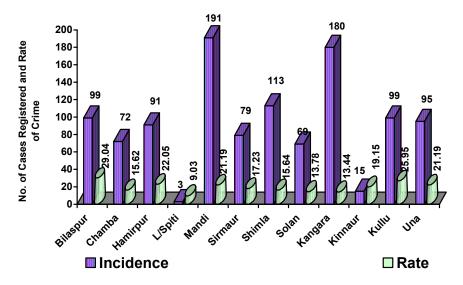
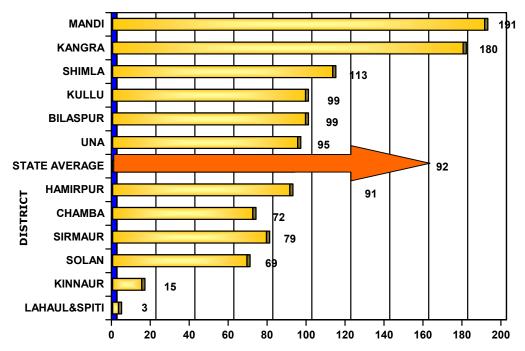


CHART 4.4

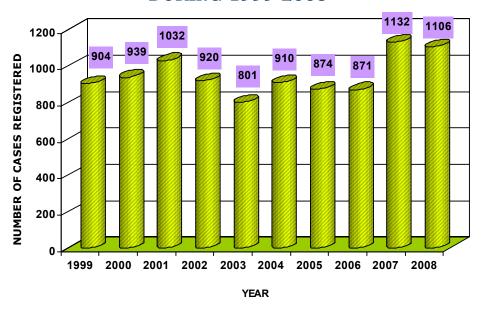
DISTRICT WISE CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN
WITH STATE AVERAGE DURING 2008



The head wise and district wise incidence, their rate and percentage has been calculated and presented in Table 4.3.

The total figures of crime against women for the last 10 years (1999-2008) are presented in Table 4.4 and Chart 4.5.

CHART 4.5
YEAR WISE CRIME AGAINST WOMEN
DURING 1999-2008



From the analysis of Crime Against Women reported in districts, it is seen that cases of Cruelty to woman, molestation, kidnapping & Abduction and Rape are found reported more in the State during the year 2008. The district remained most prevalent in these incidents is Mandi, Kangra, Shimla, Bilaspur, Una, Hamirpur and Kullu. The cases of murder remained highest in the District Mandi and Kangra.

The district which indicate the lowest incidence of crime against women are Lahaul & Spiti (3), Kinnaur (15), Solan(69) and Chamba (72).

#### 4.4 Head wise incidence of Crime Against Women:

The brief explanation of head wise status of crime against women during the years 2008 is given as under:

#### (i) Murder: (Increase 20%)

Incidence of Murder cases (36) registered during the year 2008 showed an increase of 20 % over the previous year. Mandi and Kangra districts reported the highest incidence of Murder under this head (8 cases each) followed by Kullu, Shimla and Solan (4 cases in each). In district Chamba and Sirmaur reported 2 cases each and the other districts remain the lowest incidence with 1 case in each.

#### Reasons:-

- 1. Property disputes amongst family and relationship to capture the property of women.
- 2. Land disputes, Enmity with the villagers or other family members.
- 3. Domestic violence, Torture by In- laws due to various reasons.
- 4. Illicit love affairs especially in hotels etc to destroy/elope the evidences after rape.
- 5. Sudden provocation during scuffle.

#### (ii) Culpable Homicide: (decrease 50%)

Under this head only 1 case has been registered in the State of HP in Solan District which showed 50% decrease over the previous. Moreover, the analysis of previous years reveals that the figures under this head remains negligible, hence no more review is required for comparison.

#### (iii) Rape: (decrease 1.26%)

During the year 2008, 157 incidence of rape cases were registered which showed a decrease of 1.26% over the previous year. Mandi district reported the highest incidence of (32) cases under this crime head followed by Shimla (22 cases), Kangra (19 cases) and Kullu (16 cases). The incidence under this head remained between 10 to 14 in district Solan, Sirmaur, Bilaspur, Chamba and Una.

#### Reasons:-

- 1. Illicit love affairs, intimacy and friendship between both parties and later on matter disclosed.
- 2. Alluring for marriage and later on due to refusal of parents the matter of marriage do no reach to the compromise resulting in registration of cases.
- 3. Due to enmity fake registration of rape cases.
- 4. Rape cases firstly with the consent and later on when caught and seen by husband or any relative the case is registered.
- 5 Cases of minor girls rape cases are committed forcibly without consent of the girl.
- 6. In some cases of adult woman sexual intercourse with consent and friendship but case is reported when the matter comes in to the open.
- 7. Rape in relationship

#### (iv) Dowry Deaths: (decrease 57%)

The incidence of the cases of Dowry Deaths has shown decrease of 57% during the year 2008. Only three incidence under this head was reported during the years, Bilaspur (2 cases) and Mandi (1case). No incidence was reported in the remaining 10 districts of the State during the year 2008

#### (v) Kidnapping & Abduction: (decrease 10.46%)

During the year 2008, 137 incidence of Kidnapping & Abduction were registered which showed a decrease of 10.46% over the previous year. Shimla district reported the highest incidence (19 cases) under this crime head followed by Kullu (17 cases), Chamba (16 cases) and Kangra (15 cases). The incidence under this head in Mandi, Solan and Sirmaur district reported 13 case each and Hamirpur (12 cases). Age group wise detail of Kidnapping & Abduction is depicted in Table 4.4.

#### Reasons:-

- 1. Maximum cases are registered due to the reasons that during the young age boys and girls are indulged in love affairs and than the girl is subjected to kidnapping and abduction by the boys to alluring for marriage. Later on due to refusal of parents the matter is not settled, resulting the case is registered.
- 2. In the first instance the girls and boys are innocent about the consequences of the act of omission due to feeling of enjoyment provocation. Later on the matter of marriage is not settled, hence cases are registered.
- 3. In some cases boys and girls are fled away because their parents do not give their consent to marry.
- 4. In some cases kidnapping abduction is forcibly without consent of a girl where the girl is minor for the purpose of marriage or sexual intercourse.

#### (vi) Molestation: (decrease 8.95%)

295 Cases of molestation were registered during the year 2008 showed decrease of 8.95% over the previous year. Mandi district recorded the highest (75 cases) followed by Kangra (37 cases), Kullu and Shimla 31 cases each, and Bilaspur (28 cases). The lowest 3

cases reported in Kinnaur District and no case is found registered in district Lahaul & Spiti.

#### Reasons:

- 1. To outrage the modesty of women and girls.
- 2. Due to wearing of modern sexy fashionable dress by the girls and women.
- 3. Due to increasing trend of obscene films and literature in the market.
- 4. Due to obscene publication and presentation of material by print media.
- 5. Due to increasing educational activities, educational institutions and obscene activities by the anti-social elements near educational institutions and residential areas.

#### (vii) Abetment to Commit Suicide: (Increase 20.29%)

The increasing trend is seen under this head with 20.29% over the previous year. The highest number of cases were registered in Kangra district (20 cases) followed by Mandi and Una district with 12 cases each and Bilaspur (11 cases). The lowest incidence was seen in Kinnaur (1 case) and Kullu (2 cases). No case was reported under this head in district Shimla and Lahaul & Spiti districts.

#### (viii) Cruelty to Women:

During the year 2008 identical registration was recorded under this head over the previous year with the registration of 343 cases for both the years. The analysis revealed that highest number of cases (68) were registered in Kangra district followed by Mandi district (42 cases), Hamirpur (39 cases), Una (37 cases), Bilaspur (35 cases) and Shimla (33 cases). The lowest incidence was seen in Kinnaur district (3 cases) and Lahaul & Spiti (1 cases).

#### Reasons:

1. Torture of married women for the purpose of dowry, her ill health etc.

- 2. Harassment and torture of women by her in laws i.e. husband, mother in law, father in law etc.
- 3. Harassment of women in family that she is not capable to do the house hold and agriculture activities.
- 4. Harassment/torture of women by husband due to the illicit relationship of the husband with other woman in the family or relationship.
- 5. Torture/harassment of women by husband or other male member of the family under the influence of liquor.
- 6. Love marriage without the consent of the other family members i.e. father in law and mother in law of the victims.

### (ix) Eve Teasing: (Increase:10%)

The increasing trend is seen under this head by 10% over the previous year. The highest number of cases were registered in Kangra district (13 cases) followed by Mandi (8 cases) and Hamirpur district with 7 cases. The lowest incidence was seen in Solan (2 cases) and Kullu (1 case). No case was reported under this head in Chamba, Kinnaur, Sirmaur and Lahaul & Spiti districts.

### (x) Chain Snatching: (Increase:300%)

4 cases under this head were reported during the year as compared to the 1 case during the previous year which showed 300% increase. All the 4 incidences were reported in Una district. No case of chain snatching was reported in rest of the districts of the State during the year.

### (xi) Dowry Prohibition Act: (Increase 50%)

2 Cases of Dowry (P) Act were registered during the year 2008 showed 50% increase over the previous year These 2 cases were

registered in district Sirmaur and Kinnaur one each. No case under this head was reported in rest of the districts of the State during the year.

### (xii) Immoral Trafficking:

Only 1 case was registered under this head during the year 2008. No case was registered in this head for the last 2 years This case was registered in Kinnaur District. No case under this head was reported in rest of the districts of the State during the year.

In view of the above, it is pertinent to mentioned here that the trends of offences pertaining to Crime against Women, do take place some times at various places in this state. Hence no particular districts/ area is prone for committing such offences. Also no specific gang is active / involve committing such offences.

**TABLE 4.1**INCIDENCE OF CRIME AGAINST WOMEN DURING 2007-08

Sr. NO.	CRIME HEAD	2007	2008	% Variation in 2008 over 2007	% share in 2008
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	Murder	30	36	6	3.25
2.	Culpable Homicide	02	1	-1	0.09
3.	Rape	159	157	-2	14.20
4.	Dowry Deaths	07	3	-4	0.27
5.	Kid & Abd.	153	137	-16	12.39
6.	Molestation	324	295	-29	26.67
7.	Abetment to commit Suicide	69	83	14	7.50
8.	Cruelty to Women	343	343	0	31.01
9.	Eave-Teasing	40	44	4	3.98
10.	Chain Snatching	01	4	3	0.36
11.	Dowry (Prohibition)Act	04	2	-2	0.18
12.	Immoral Traffic (P) Act	0	1	1	0.09
	TOTAL	1132	1106	-26	100.00

TABLE- 4.2
INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST
WOMEN (DISTRICTWISE) DURING 2008

S. NO.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	INCIDENCE	% OF CONTRIBU- TION TO STATE LEVEL TOTAL	POPULATION (LAKHS)	RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZ- ABLE CRIMES	RANK
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	BILASPUR	99	8.95	3.41	29.04	1
2	CHAMBA	72	6.51	4.61	15.62	8
3	HAMIRPUR	91	8.23	4.13	22.05	3
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	3	0.27	0.33	9.03	11
5	MANDI	191	17.27	9.01	21.19	4
6	SIRMAUR	79	7.14	4.59	17.23	6
7	SHIMLA	113	10.22	7.23	15.64	7
8	SOLAN	69	6.24	5.01	13.78	9
9	KANGRA	180	16.27	13.39	13.44	10
10	KINNAUR	15	1.36	0.78	19.15	5
11	KULLU	99	8.95	3.82	25.95	2
12	UNA	95	8.59	4.48	21.19	4
13	GRP	0	0.00	0.00	0	0
	TOTAL	1106	100	60.78	18.20	

MAP-4.1
INCIDENCE OF CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN DURING-2008

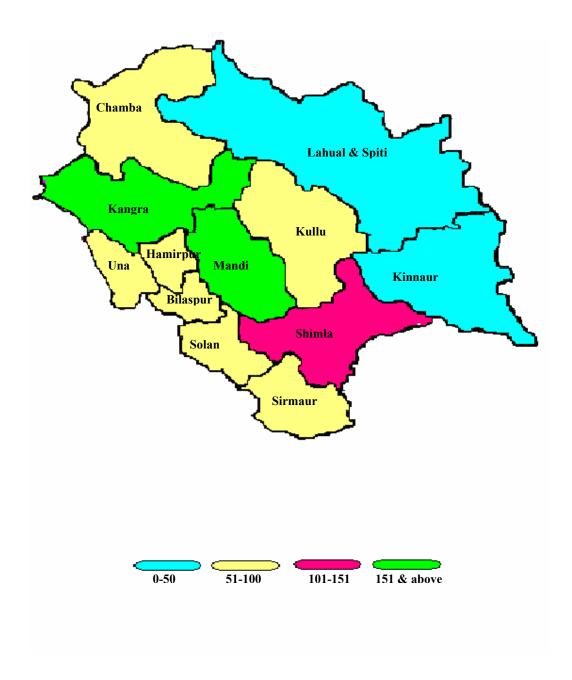


TABLE- 4.3
INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST WOMEN (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2008

Sr.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPUL- ATION		MURDI	ER		LPABLE MICIDE		RAPI	<u>.</u>	
			I	R	P	I	R	P	I	R	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	BILASPUR	340855	1	0.29	2.78	0	0.00	0.00	10	2.93	6.37
2	СНАМВА	460887	2	0.43	5.56	0	0.00	0.00	10	2.17	6.37
3	HAMIRPUR	412700	1	0.24	2.78	0	0.00	0.00	8	1.94	5.10
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	1	3.01	2.78	0	0.00	0.00	1	3.01	0.64
5	MANDI	901344	8	0.89	22.22	0	0.00	0.00	32	3.55	20.38
6	SIRMAUR	458593	2	0.44	5.56	0	0.00	0.00	10	2.18	6.37
7	SHIMLA	722502	4	0.55	11.11	0	0.00	0.00	22	3.04	14.01
8	SOLAN	500557	4	0.80	11.11	1	0.20	100	14	2.80	8.92
9	KANGRA	1339030	8	0.60	22.22	0	0.00	0.00	19	1.42	12.10
10	KINNAUR	78334	1	1.28	2.78	0	0.00	0.00	4	5.11	2.55
11	KULLU	381571	4	1.05	11.11	0	0.00	0.00	16	4.19	10.19
12	UNA	448227	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	11	2.45	7.01
13	GRP	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
	TOTAL	6077900	36	0.59	100	1	0.02	100	157	2.58	100

### TABLE- 4.3 (CONTD.)

## INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST WOMEN (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2008

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPUL- ATION	DOWRY DEATHS				IAPPII UCTIO		MOLESTATION			
			I	R	P	I	R	P	I	R	P	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	
1	BILASPUR	340855	2	0.59	66.67	7	2.05	4.43	28	8.21	9	
2	СНАМВА	460887	0	0.00	0.00	16	3.47	10.13	26	5.64	9	
3	HAMIRPUR	412700	0	0.00	0.00	12	2.91	7.59	15	3.63	5	
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	
5	MANDI	901344	1	0.11	33.33	13	1.44	8.23	75	8.32	25	
6	SIRMAUR	458593	0	0.00	0.00	13	2.83	8.23	19	4.14	6	
7	SHIMLA	722502	0	0.00	0.00	19	2.63	12.03	31	4.29	11	
8	SOLAN	500557	0	0.00	0.00	13	2.60	8.23	13	2.60	4	
9	KANGRA	1339030	0	0.00	0.00	15	1.12	9.49	37	2.76	13	
10	KINNAUR	78334	0	0.00	0.00	2	2.55	1.27	3	3.83	1	
11	KULLU	381571	0	0.00	0.00	31	8.12	19.62	31	8.12	11	
12	UNA	448227	0	0.00	0.00	17	3.79	10.76	17	3.79	6	
13	GRP	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	
	TOTAL	6077900	3	0.05	100	158	2.60	100	295	4.85	100	

### **TABLE- 4.3 (CONTD..)**

## INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST WOMEN (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2008

Sr. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPUL- ATION		TMENT IMIT SU	_	CRUELTY TO WOMEN			EVE TEASING		
			I	R	P	I	R	P	I	R	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(22)	(23)	(24	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)
1	BILASPUR	340855	11	3.23	13.25	35	10.27	10.20	5	1.47	11
2	СНАМВА	460887	8	1.74	9.64	10	2.17	2.92	0	0.00	0
3	HAMIRPUR	412700	9	2.18	10.84	39	9.45	11.37	7	1.70	16
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	0	0.00	0.00	1	3.01	0.29	0	0.00	0
5	MANDI	901344	12	1.33	14.46	42	4.66	12.24	8	0.89	18
6	SIRMAUR	458593	4	0.87	4.82	30	6.54	8.75	0	0.00	0
7	SHIMLA	722502	0	0.00	0.00	33	4.57	9.62	4	0.55	9
8	SOLAN	500557	4	0.80	4.82	17	3.40	4.96	2	0.40	5
9	KANGRA	1339030	20	1.49	24.10	68	5.08	19.83	13	0.97	30
10	KINNAUR	78334	1	1.28	1.20	3	3.83	0.87	0	0.00	0
11	KULLU	381571	2	0.52	2.41	28	7.34	8.16	1	0.26	2
12	UNA	448227	12	2.68	14.46	37	8.25	10.79	4	0.89	9
13	GRP	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0
	TOTAL	6077900	83	1.37	100.0	343	5.64	100.0	44	0.72	100

### **TABLE- 4.3 (CONTD..)**

## INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST WOMEN (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2008

Sr. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPUL- ATION	IN TCHING	CHING (PR		DOWRY (PROHIBITION) ACT			IMMORAL TRAFIC (P) ACT		
			I	R	P	I	R	P	I	R	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(31)	(32)	(33	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)
1	BILASPUR	340855	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0
2	СНАМВА	460887	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0
3	HAMIRPUR	412700	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0
5	MANDI	901344	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0
6	SIRMAUR	458593	0	0.00	0.00	1	0.22	100	0	0.00	0
7	SHIMLA	722502	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0
8	SOLAN	500557	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	1	0.20	100
9	KANGRA	1339030	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0
10	KINNAUR	78334	0	0.00	0.00	1	1.28	100	0	0.00	0
11	KULLU	381571	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0
12	UNA	448227	4	0.89	100	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0
13	GRP	0	0		0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0
	TOTAL	6077900	4	0.07	100	1	0.02	100	1	0.02	100

TABLE 4.4
HEADWISE INCIDENCE OF CRIME AGAINST WOMEN
FOR THE LAST 10 YEARS (1999-2008)

Sr.	CRIME					YE	ARS				
NO.	HEAD	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Murder	36	34	36	28	31	29	24	23	30	36
2	Culpable Homicide	3	2	1	-	-	1	1	1	2	1
3	Rape	109	129	124	137	126	153	141	113	159	157
4	Dowry Death	5	3	10	6	6	8	2	3	7	3
5	Kid/Abd.	100	97	106	119	96	97	101	108	153	137
6	Molest- ation	295	284	315	347	250	282	283	274	324	295
7	Abetment to commit Suicide	71	65	84	52	50	61	61	58	69	83
8	Cruelty to Women	258	304	326	234	221	252	228	256	343	343
9	Eve- Teasing	24	16	30	11	11	13	27	31	40	44
10	Chain Snatching	1	1	-	-	-	5	1	2	1	4
11	Dowry Prohibition Act	2	3	9	4	05	5	1	2	4	2
12	Immoral Traffic (P) Act	1	1	1	2	05	4	4	-	-	1
	TOTAL	904	939	1032	920	801	910	874	871	1132	1106

TABLE 4.5

AGE GROUP WISE VICTIM OF KIDNAPPING & ABDUCTION DURING 2008

Sr.			Age g		Sex		
No.	District	Below 18 Years	18-25 Years	25-40 Years	40 above Years	Female	Male
(1)	(2)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	Bilaspur	1	3	3	0	7	0
2.	Chamba	9	6	1	0	16	0
3.	Hamirpur	2	9	0	0	11	0
4.	Kangra	10	9	1	0	16	4
5.	Kullu	13	4	1	1	17	2
6.	Kinnaur	2	0	0	0	2	0
7.	L & Spiti	0	0	0	0	0	0
8.	Mandi	9	4	1	0	14	0
9.	Shimla	12	7	1	0	20	0
10.	Solan	7	5	3	0	13	2
11.	Sirmaur	11	2	1	0	13	1
12.	Una	2	8	2	0	10	2
	Total	78	57	14	1	139	11

### **CHAPTER-5**

#### CRIME AGAINST CHILDREN

### 5.1 General:

Includes violations under certain sections of Indian Panel Code. For the purpose of this chapter, the following categories of crimes involving child victims have been included under this head:-

- i). Murder
- ii). Infanticide
- iii). Rape
- iv). Kidnapping and abduction.
- v). Foeticide
- vi). Abetment to Suicide
- vii). Exposure and abandonment
- viii). Procuration of minor girls (below 18).
- ix). Buying of minor girls for prostitution (below 18).
- x). Selling of minor girls for prostitution (below 18).
- x). Child Marriage Restraint
- xi). Other crimes committed against Children .

### 5.2 Trends of Crime against Children:

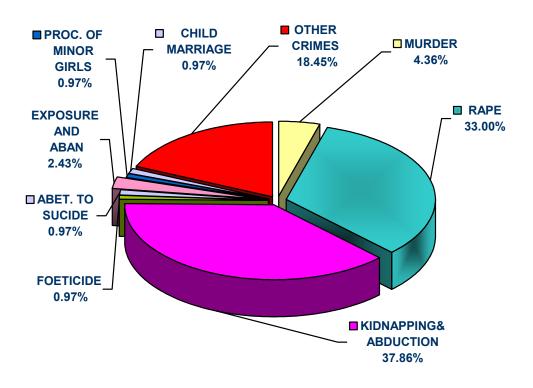
Chart 5.1 depicts the percentage distribution of crimes against children during 2008.

Chart 5.2 depicts the district-wise distribution of crimes against children during 1999-2008.

CHART 5.1

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF CRIME COMMITTED

AGAINST CHILDREN DURING 2008



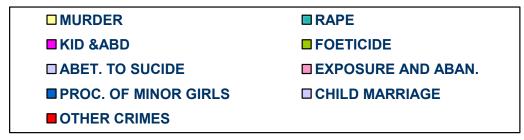
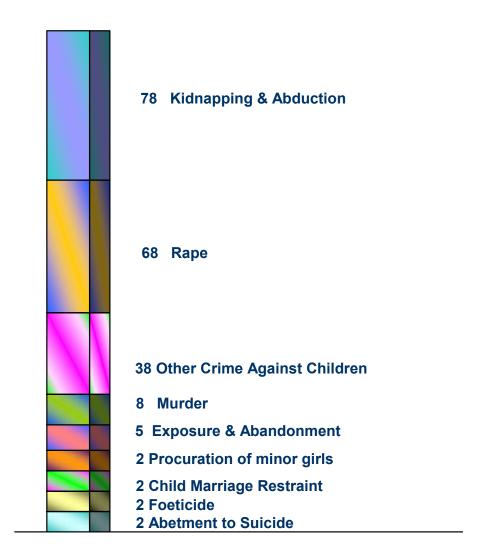


CHART 5.2

INCIDENCE OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN DURING 2008



Total No. of Incidence = 205

### 5.3 Incidence:

Table 5.1 shows the incidence and rate of Crime Against children, District wise including its rank.

Totally 205 cases were reported in the State under various sections of IPC. "Kidnapping & Abduction" constituted the largest category. 78 cases of Kidnapping & Abduction (38.04%) were reported during the year 2008. The maximum number of Kidnapping & Abduction was reported in Shimla district (16 cases), followed by Kullu (13 cases).

The second most prevalent crime against children was rape which accounted for 68 cases (33.17%). The "Rape" cases were reported highest in District Mandi (14 cases) followed by district Shimla (13 cases), Kangra (7 cases), Chamba (6 cases).

There were 8 incidents of "Murder" of Children. Chamba and Una districts reported 2 cases each. Hamirpur, Kangra, Kinnaur and Mandi districts reported 1 case each.

Totally 5 cases of "Exposure and Abandonment" were registered in the State during the year 2008. Kangra and Solan districts reported 2 cases each and 1 case is reported in Chamba district.

Only 2 cases of "Foeticide" were reported in district Kangra and Mandi with 1 case in each district. Similarly 2 cases of "Abetment to Commit Suicide" were reported in district Shimla during the year 2008.

2 cases of "Procuration of Minor Girls" were registered in the State during the year 2008. Mandi and Solan districts reported 1 case each. Similarly 2 cases of "Child Marriage Restraint" were reported in district Shimla during the year 2008.

Total 38 cases of "Other Crimes" against children were reported during the year. The highest incidence of other crimes were reported in Shimla district (9 cases) followed by Mandi district (8cases).

No incidence under "Infanticide" Buying of Girls for Prostitution" and "Selling of Girls for Prostitution" was reported in the State during the year 2008.

The incidence and percentage contribution of State regarding crimes against children head wise and district wise presented in Table.5.2.

TABLE-5.1

INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN ( DISTRICT WISE) DURING 2008

Sr No.	NAME OF DISTT.	INCID ENCE	% CONTRIB- UTION TO STATE LEVEL	POPULA- TION IN LAKHS	RATE OF CRIME	RANK *	RANK **
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	Bilaspur	4	1.95	3.41	1.17	11	10
2.	Chamba	19	9.27	4.61	4.12	5	6
3.	Hamirpur	6	2.93	4.13	1.45	10	9
4.	Kangra	25	12.68	13.39	1.94	9	4
5.	Kinnaur	4	1.95	0.78	5.11	3	11
6.	Kullu	28	13.66	3.82	7.34	1	3
7.	L/Spiti	0	0.00	0.33	0.00	12	12
8.	Mandi	33	16.10	9.01	3.66	6	1
9.	Shimla	32	15.61	7.23	4.43	4	2
10.	Sirmaur	24	11.71	4.59	5.23	2	5
11.	Solan	15	7.32	5.01	3.00	8	7
12.	Una	15	7.32	4.48	3.35	7	8
	Total	205	100.00	60.78	3.37		

<sup>\*</sup> RANK ON THE BASIS OF RATE OF INCIDENCE CRIMES (Col.No.6),

<sup>\*\*</sup> RANK ON THE BASIS OF % SHARE (Col.No.4)

TABLE -5.2

INCIDENCE (I) AND PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO STATE (P) OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN

DURING 2008 (HEAD-WISE/DISTRICT-WISE)

Sr. No.	Name of Distt.	Murder		R	Rape		l & Abd	Foeticide		
		I	P	I	P	I	P	I	P	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	4.41	(7)	0.00	(9)	(10)	
1	Bilaspur	0	0	3	4.41	0	0.00	0	0.00	
2	Chamba	2	25	6	8.82	10	12.82	0	0.00	
3	Hamirpur	1	12.5	1	1.47	3	3.85	0	0.00	
4	Kangra	1	12.5	7	10.29	9	11.54	1	50.00	
5	Kinnaur	1	12.5	2	2.94	1	1.28	0	0.00	
6	Kullu	0	0	9	13.24	13	16.67	0	0.00	
7	L/Spiti	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	
8	Mandi	1	12.5	14	20.59	9	11.54	0	0.00	
9	Shimla	0	0	13	19.12	16	20.51	0	0.00	
10	Sirmaur	0	0	4	5.88	10	12.82	1	50.00	
11	Solan	0	0	4	5.88	5	6.41	0	0.00	
12	Una	2	25	5	7.35	2	2.56	0	0.00	
	TOTAL	8	100	68	100.00	78	100.00	2	100.00	

TABLE -5.2 CONTD...

# INCIDENCE (I) AND PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO STATE (P) OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN DURING 2008 (HEAD-WISE/DISTRICT-WISE)

Sr. No.	Name of Distt.		ation of r Girls		ment to	_	sure and lonment
		I	P	I	P	I	P
(1)	(2)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
1	Bilaspur	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
2	Chamba	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	20.00
3	Hamirpur	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
4	Kangra	0	0.00	0	0.00	2	40.00
5	Kinnaur	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
6	Kullu	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
7	L/Spiti	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
8	Mandi	1	50.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
9	Shimla	0	0.00	2	100.00	0	0.00
10	Sirmaur	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
11	Solan	1	50.00	0	0.00	2	40.00
12	Una	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
	TOTAL	2	100.00	2	100.00	5	100.00

TABLE -5.2 CONTD..

# INCIDENCE (I) AND PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO STATE (P) OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN DURING 2008 (HEAD-WISE/DISTRICT-WISE)

Sr. No.	Name of Distt.		Marriage straint	Con	r Crimes nmitted t Children.
		I	P	I	P
(1)	(2)	(17)	(18)	(19	(20
1.	Bilaspur	1	50.00	0	0.00
2.	Chamba	0	0.00	0	0.00
3.	Hamirpur	0	0.00	1	2.63
4.	Kangra	0	0.00	5	13.16
5.	Kinnaur	0	0.00	0	0.00
6.	Kullu	0	0.00	6	15.79
7.	Lahaul/Spiti	0	0.00	0	0.00
8.	Mandi	0	0.00	8	21.05
9.	Shimla	0	0.00	1	2.63
10.	Sirmaur	0	0.00	9	23.68
11.	Solan	1	50.00	2	5.26
12.	Una	0	0.00	6	15.79
	TOTAL	2	100.00	38	100.00

## CHAPTER-6 ARRESTS

### 6.1 ARRESTS:

Total 24860 persons (19747 under IPC & 5113 under Local & Special Laws) were arrested during the year 2008 in 18043 cases (13976 IPC + 4067 Local & Special Laws) which is an increase of 2.45 % when compared with the arrests of 24265 persons (19598 under IPC and 4667 under Local & Special Laws) in 2007.

### (i) PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CASES:

During the year 2008 as many as 19747 persons were arrested under 18043 IPC cases as against 24265 persons in 2007. Chart 6.1 depicts persons arrested under IPC crimes during 2006-2008.

CHART-6.1
PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC DURING 2006-2008

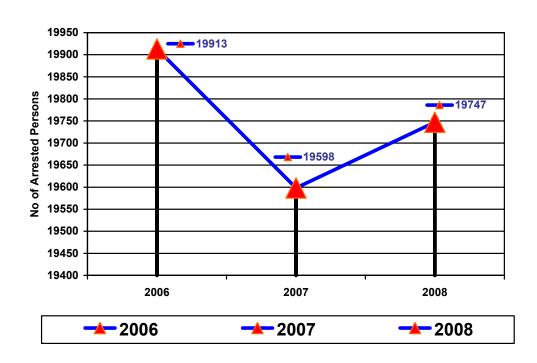


Table 6.1 gives details of arrests made under IPC crime during the last 3 years 2006-2008.

Table 6.2 gives Age-group wise and gender wise break up of persons arrested in districts.

Mandi district tops in arresting 3578 persons in 2144 cases during 2008 followed by Kangra by arresting 2448 persons in 2290 cases and district Shimla by arresting 2314 persons in 1941 cases.

In Solan district 1504 cases were registered and arrested 2313 persons. Kullu district has registered 1096 cases and arrested 1418 persons. Similarly in Chamba district, 1362 persons were registered against the registration of 761 cases during the year 2008. The details of persons arrested under IPC crime head wise & gender wise are presented in Table 6.3.

Chart 6.2 depicts age group wise persons arrested under IPC crime during the years 2008 and Chart 6.3 depicts district wise persons arrested under IPC Crime cases during the year 2008 in descending order.

Persons arrested crime head wise /gender wise in districts are presented in Table 6.4. Table 6.5 shows the district wise persons arrested during the year 2006-2008 percentage variation thereon.

**CHART- 6.2** 

## AGE-GROUP WISE PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CRIMES DURING 2008.

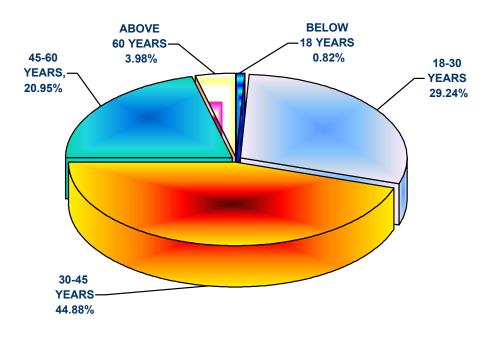
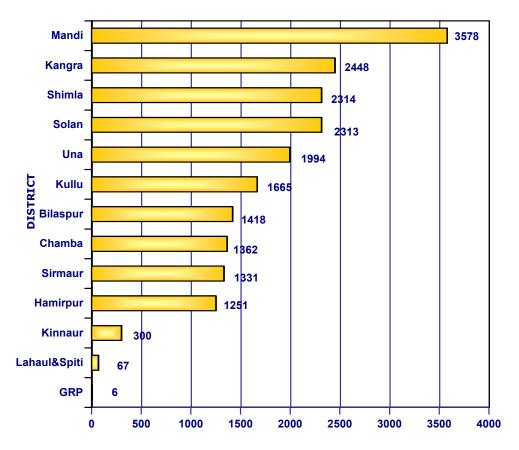




CHART- 6.3

DISTRICT WISE PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CRIMES DURING 2008.



**TOTAL NO. OF PERSONS ARRESTED: 19747** 

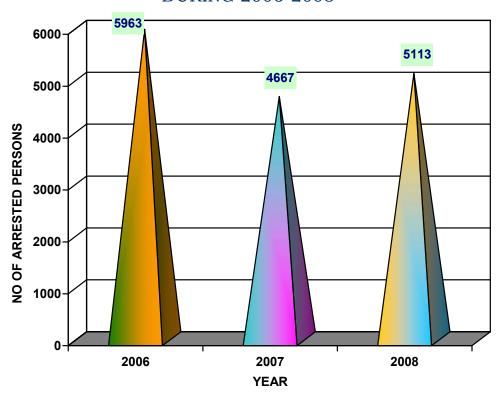
### (ii) Persons Attested Under SLL Cases:

5,113 persons were arrested against 4067 SLL Crimes during 2008 as compared to 4667 persons during 2007. with an increase of 9.56%. Persons arrested during 2006-2008 crime head wise and percentage variations (SLL) during 2007 over 2008 are available in Table 6.6

Chart 6.4 depicts persons arrested under SLL Crime during 2006-2008.

CHART 6.4

PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER SLL CRIMES
DURING 2006-2008

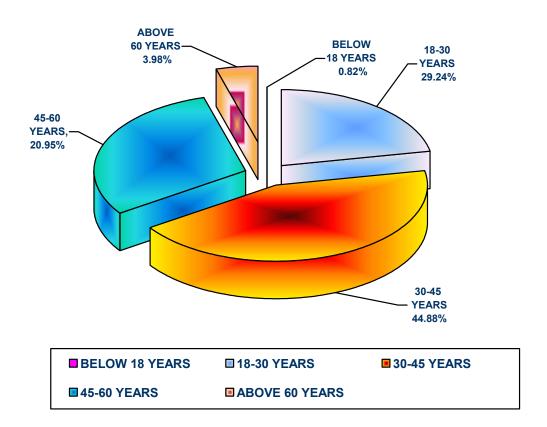


Age group wise / gender wise break up of persons arrested in various districts in HP during 2008 are available in Table 6.7. Crime head wise and gender wise breakup of persons arrested under SLL are presented in Table 6.8 and district wise / Act wise is in Table 6.9

Chart 6.5 depicts Age group wise persons arrested under SLL Crimes during 2002

**CHART 6.5** 

### AGE GROUP WISE PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER SLL CRIMES DURING2008



The Kangra district has arrested the highest number (818) persons with (689) cases registered during the year 2008 followed by Mandi district by arresting (716) persons in (624) cases and Kullu district (707) persons with (538) cases registered.

District has registered (471) cases with (672) persons arrested. Una has registered 401 cases with (468) persons arrested. Solan district has registered (266) cases with 391 persons arrested.

Chart 6.6 depicts district wise persons arrested under SLL during 2008.

CHART 6.6

### DISTRICT WISE PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER SLL CRIMES DURING 2008

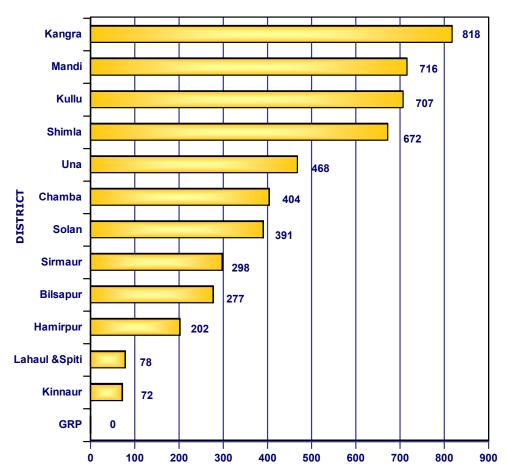


TABLE-6.1

### PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CRIMES DURING 2006-2008 AND % OF VARIATION IN 2008 OVER 2007 (HEAD WISE)

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	2006	2007	2008	% VARIATION IN 2008 OVER 2007
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	MURDER	182	181	219	20.99
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	224	146	99	-32.19
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	46	16	16	0.00
4.	DACOITY	16	47	34	-27.66
5.	PREP. & ASSB. FOR DACOITY	0	0	0	0.00
6.	ROBBERY	38	33	44	33.33
7.	BURGLARY	566	554	669	20.76
8.	THEFT	684	748	1002	33.96
9.	HURT/GRIEVOUS HURT	1870	1957	1893	-3.27
10.	RIOTS	2962	3113	3070	-1.38
11.	RAPE	131	197	182	-7.61
12.	DOWRY DEATHS	12	31	8	-74.19
13.	MOLESTATION	391	404	358	-11.39
14.	SEXUAL HARASSMENT	34	12	55	358.33
15.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	506	718	731	1.81
16.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION (A+B)	130	124	161	29.84
17.	(A) OF WOMEN AND GIRLS	77	106	144	35.85
18.	(B) OF OTHERS	53	18	17	-5.56
19.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	148	144	146	1.39
20.	CHEATING	147	140	204	45.71
21.	COUNTERFEITING	4	10	14	40.00
22.	ARSON	114	102	116	13.73
23.	OTHER IPC	11788	10921	10726	-1.79
	TOTAL	19993	19598	19747	0.76

MAP-6.1

PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER (IPC) CRIMES – 2008

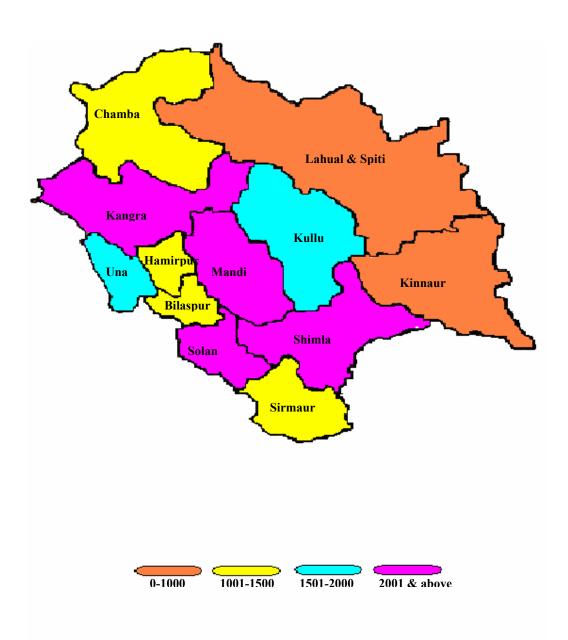


TABLE-6.2

AGE GROUP WISE/GENDER WISE PERSONS ARRESTED IN DIFFERENT DISTRICTS UNDER IPC DURING-2008

SR NO	DISTRICT	BELO 18 YEA	3	18-3 YEAI		30 YEA		45- YE <i>A</i>		ABOV YEA		OVER TOT		TOTAL
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1.	BILASPUR	8	0	220	49	600	102	329	62	44	2	1201	217	1418
2.	СНАМВА	12	0	8	0	615	53	527	59	68	20	1230	132	1362
3.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	3	0	501	62	410	114	111	50	1025	226	1251
4.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	10	2	31	1	12	8	1	2	54	13	67
5.	MANDI	40	0	1293	111	1281	207	411	107	107	21	3132	446	3578
6.	SIRMAUR	14	0	543	47	459	47	155	27	37	2	1208	123	1331
7.	SHIMLA	20	3	908	74	1007	63	201	15	23	0	2159	155	2314
8.	SOLAN	11	0	0	0	1116	54	833	95	167	37	2127	186	2313
9.	KANGRA	6	0	984	145	917	113	217	26	26	14	2150	298	2448
10.	KINNAUR	6	0	138	10	110	6	26	1	2	1	282	18	300
11.	KULLU	23	0	605	69	671	35	232	22	8	0	1539	126	1665
12.	UNA	13	4	497	58	702	108	224	25	37	6	1473	221	1694
13.	GRP	2	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	6
	TOTAL	155	7	5210	565	8013	851	3577	561	631	155	17586	2161	19747

TABLE-6.3

PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CRIMES DURING-2008
(CRIME HEAD WISE & GENDER WISE)

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL (3+4)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	MURDER	200	19	219
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	92	07	99
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	16	0	16
4.	DACOITY	34	0	34
5.	PREP. & ASSB. FOR DACOITY	0	0	0
6.	ROBBERY	44	0	44
7.	BURGLARY	621	48	669
8.	THEFT	988	14	1002
9.	HURT/GRIEVOUS HURT	1623	270	1893
10.	RIOTS	2681	389	3070
11.	RAPE	178	4	182
12.	DOWRY DEATHS	5	3	8
13.	MOLESTATION	345	13	358
14.	SEXUAL HARASSMENT	53	2	55
15.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	485	246	731
16.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION (A+B)	148	13	161
17.	(A) OF WOMEN AND GIRLS	132	12	144
18.	(B) OF OTHERS	16	1	17
19.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	136	10	146
20.	CHEATING	190	14	204
21.	COUNTERFEITING	14	0	14
22.	ARSON	107	09	116
23.	OTHER IPC	9626	1100	10726
	TOTAL	17586	2161	19747

TABLE-6.4

### DISTRICT WISE PERSONS ARRESTED (IPC) (CRIME HEAD WISE & GENDER WISE) DURING-2008

SR. NO	DISTRICT	MUR	MURDER		IPT TO IMIT DER	AMOU	NOT NTING JRDER	RAPE		
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
1.	BILASPUR	2	0	5	0	5	0	16	0	
2.	CHAMBA	17	0	6	0	2	0	15	0	
3.	HAMIRPUR	7	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	
4.	LAUHAL & SPITI	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
5.	MANDI	38	5	12	1	0	0	32	1	
6.	SIRMAUR	13	0	9	0	0	0	12	0	
7.	SHIMLA	35	1	15	1	0	0	25	0	
8.	SOLAN	19	2	6	0	7	0	12	0	
9.	KANGRA	26	4	24	0	2	0	24	0	
10.	KINNAUR	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	
11.	KULLU	13	2	3	1	0	0	19	2	
12.	UNA	27	5	12	4	0	0	9	1	
13.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	200	19	92	7	16	0	17 8	4	

### TABLE-6.4 (CONTD..)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	KIDNAPPING & ABDUCTION		DACOITY		OF AS	ARATION SSEMBLY DACOITY	ROBBERY		
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
1.	BILASPUR	7	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	
2.	CHAMBA	19	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
3.	HAMIRPUR	9	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5.	MANDI	20	5	0	0	0	0	3	0	
6.	SIRMAUR	10	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	
7.	SHIMLA	18	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	
8.	SOLAN	16	0	19	0	0	0	15	0	
9.	KANGRA	23	1	0	0	0	0	12	0	
10.	KINNAUR	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	
11.	KULLU	14	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
12.	UNA	10	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	
13.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	148	13	34	0	0	0	44	0	

TABLE-6.4 (CONTD..)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	BURGI	LARY	TH	EFT	RIC	OTS	CRIM BREAC TRU	CH OF
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
1.	BILASPUR	25	0	50	0	190	29	7	0
2.	CHAMBA	192	40	88	0	155	17	5	0
3.	HAMIRPUR	35	0	42	0	66	17	9	1
4.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
5.	MANDI	61	0	147	0	280	55	34	0
6.	SIRMAUR	26	0	80	0	241	45	16	4
7.	SHIMLA	44	2	150	3	530	42	17	0
8.	SOLAN	104	1	127	1	331	44	18	0
9.	KANGRA	24	1	118	4	306	91	12	0
10.	KINNAUR	37	2	22	0	90	7	8	0
11.	KULLU	42	1	90	1	302	19	2	0
12.	UNA	31	1	67	5	190	23	8	5
13.	GRP	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	621	48	988	14	2681	389	136	10

### TABLE-6.4 (CONTD..)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	CHEATING			NTER TING	ARS	SON	HURT		
		M	F	M F		M	F	M	F	
( <u>1)</u>	(2) BILASPUR	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31) 5	(32)	(33) 78	(34) 17	
				4	0		2			
2.	CHAMBA	4	0	0	0	4	1	87	16	
3.	HAMIRPUR	20	1	0	0	13	3	230	58	
4.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5.	MANDI	38	5	4	0	31	0	177	41	
6.	SIRMAUR	13	3	0	0	19	0	58	3	
7.	SHIMLA	31	0	1	0	12	0	79	8	
8.	SOLAN	7	0	3	0	7	2	388	24	
9.	KANGRA	40	0	0	0	5	0	304	63	
10.	KINNAUR	2	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	
11.	KULLU	12	2	1	0	5	0	56	11	
12.	UNA	20	3	1	0	6	1	151	29	
13.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	190	14	14	0	107	9	1623	270	

### **TABLE-6.4 (CONTD..)**

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	DOWRY DEATH			EST- ION		KUAL SSMENT	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND AND RELATIVES		
	40)	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	
1.	BILASPUR	4	2	25	0	2	0	42	34	
2.	CHAMBA	0	0	29	3	0	0	10	3	
3.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	15	0	5	0	52	24	
4.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5.	MANDI	1	1	97	6	15	1	71	38	
6.	SIRMAUR	0	0	17	0	0	0	48	20	
7.	SHIMLA	0	0	40	0	0	0	38	5	
8.	SOLAN	0	0	17	0	0	0	23	15	
9.	KANGRA	0	0	37	0	21	0	87	55	
10.	KINNAUR	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	4	
11.	KULLU	0	0	43	2	1	0	49	15	
12.	UNA	0	0	22	2	9	1	62	33	
13.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	5	3	345	13	53	2	485	246	

### TABLE-6.4 (CONTD..)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	TION GIRLS	OF	304- (IPC		OTHE: CRIMI		TOTAL ARRES PERSO UNDE	STED ON	TOTAL
	(2)	M	F	M	F	M	F (40)	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)	(50)	(51)
1.	BILASPUR	0	0	14	0	710	133	1201	217	1418
2.	CHAMBA	0	0	21	0	575	52	1230	132	1362
3.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	17	0	496	121	1025	226	1251
4.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	2	0	47	13	54	13	67
5.	MANDI	0	0	31	0	2040	287	3132	446	3578
6.	SIRMAUR	0	0	41	0	596	48	1208	123	1331
7.	SHIMLA	0	0	60	0	1062	90	2159	155	2314
8.	SOLAN	0	0	54	0	954	97	2127	186	2313
9.	KANGRA	0	0	12	0	1073	79	2150	298	2448
10.	KINNAUR	0	0	18	0	72	5	282	18	300
11.	KULLU	0	0	36	0	851	69	1539	126	1665
12.	UNA	0	0	27	0	815	106	1473	221	1694
13.	GRP	0	0	0	0	2	0	6	0	6
	TOTAL	0	0	333	0	9293	1100	17586	2161	19747

TABLE-6.5

### PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CRIMES DURING 2006-2008 AND % OF VARIATION IN 2008 OVER 2007 (DISTRICT WISE)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	2006	2007	2008	% VARIATION IN 2008 OVER 2007	% CONTRIBUTION TO STATE LEVEL DURING 2008
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1.	BILASPUR	1770	1413	1418	0.35	7.18
2.	СНАМВА	961	994	1362	37.02	6.90
3.	HAMIRPUR	1815	1430	1251	-12.52	6.34
4.	LAUHAL & SPITI	60	70	67	-4.29	0.34
5.	MANDI	3225	3623	3578	-1.24	18.12
6.	SIRMAUR	1433	1247	1331	6.74	6.74
7.	SHIMLA	2779	2257	2314	2.53	11.72
8.	SOLAN	2248	2347	2313	-1.45	11.71
9.	KANGRA	2677	2922	2448	-16.22	12.40
10.	KINNAUR	388	304	300	-1.32	1.52
11.	KULLU	1306	1525	1665	9.18	8.43
12.	UNA	1322	1447	1694	17.07	8.58
13.	GRP	9	19	6	-68.42	0.03
14.	TOTAL	19993	19598	19747	0.76	100.00

TABLE-6.6

PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER DIFFERENT (SLL) CRIMES DURING 2006-2008 AND % OF VARIATION IN 2008 OVER 2007 (HEAD WISE)

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	2006	2007	2008	% VARIATION IN 2008 OVER 2007
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	ARMS ACT	14	11	26	136.36
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	375	327	440	34.56
3.	GAMBLING ACT	1082	675	897	32.89
4.	EXCISE ACT	3523	2626	2666	1.52
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	0	0	0	0.00
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	4	03	1	-66.67
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	0	0	12	0.00
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	0	0	0	0.00
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	5	04	1	-75.00
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	8	17	5	-70.59
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0	0	0	0.00
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	31	48	101	110.42
13.	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT	0	0	0	0.00
14.	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	0	0	0	0.00
15.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	0	8	4	-50.00
16.	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	4	6	2	-66.67
17.	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	0	0	0	0.00
18.	COPY RIGHT ACT	49	55	46	-16.36
19.	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0	0	0	0.00
20.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	45	86	43	-50.00
21.	FOREST ACT	488	332	406	22.29
22.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	335	469	463	-1.28
	TOTAL	5963	4667	5113	9.56

TABLE-6.7

AGE GROUP WISE/GENDER WISE PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER SLL DURING-2008

SR NO	DISTRICT	BELO 18 YEA	3	18-3 YEA		30-4 YEA		45- YEA			OVE O ARS	OVER TOT	AL	TOTAL
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1.	BILASPUR	0	0	34	0	162	0	77	4	0	0	273	4	277
2.	СНАМВА	0	0	0	0	105	3	252	22	29	3	386	28	414
3.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	0	0	56	0	118	3	23	2	197	5	202
4.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	6	15	17	25	8	6	0	1	31	47	78
5.	MANDI	0	0	176	12	320	73	83	41	8	3	587	129	716
6.	SIRMAUR	0	0	95	1	138	8	45	2	9	0	287	11	298
7.	SHIMLA	0	0	192	7	326	20	113	12	2	0	633	39	672
8.	SOLAN	0	0	0	0	147	6	203	1	34	0	384	7	391
9.	KANGRA	0	0	56	2	290	4	355	5	106	0	807	11	818
10.	KINNAUR	0	0	26	7	31	1	0	7	0	0	57	15	72
11.	KULLU	0	0	339	47	176	45	60	40	0	0	575	132	707
12.	UNA	1	0	105	1	273	0	73	1	14	0	466	2	468
13.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	1	0	1029	92	2041	185	1387	144	225	9	4683	430	5113

TABLE-6.8

# PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER (SLL) LOCAL & SPECIAL LAWS CRIMES DURING-2008 (CRIME HEADWISE & GENDER WISE)

SR.	CRIME HEAD	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL (3+4)
<b>NO.</b>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	ARMS ACT	24	2	26
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS &	437	3	440
3.	PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT GAMBLING ACT	897	0	897
			Ŭ	
4.	EXCISE ACT	2276	390	2666
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	0	0	0
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	1	0	1
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	7	5	12
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	0	0	0
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	1	0	1
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	5	0	5
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0	0	0
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	99	2	101
13.	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT	0	0	0
14.	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	0	0	0
15.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	3	1	4
16.	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	1	1	2
17.	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	0	0	0
18.	COPY RIGHT ACT	46	0	46
19.	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0	0	0
20.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	36	7	43
21.	FOREST ACT	403	3	406
22.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	447	16	463
23.	TOTAL	4683	430	5113

TABLE-6.9

PERSONS ARRESTED (SLL) LOCAL & SPECIAL LAWS DURING-2008 (CRIME HEAD WISE & GENDER WISE)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	ARMS	S ACT	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTR GAMBLING OPIC ACT SUBSTANC ES ACT			EXCIS	SE ACT	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	BILASPUR	0	0	16	0	11	0	141	4
2.	CHAMBA	1	0	33	0	107	0	187	28
3.	HAMIRPUR	5	2	17	0	32	0	116	0
4.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	8	0	20	47
5.	MANDI	5	0	116	0	14	0	274	117
6.	SIRMAUR	1	0	5	0	68	0	151	9
7.	SHIMLA	3	0	39	1	109	0	278	36
8.	SOLAN	5	0	27	0	100	0	187	0
9.	KANGRA	0	0	38	0	161	0	478	11
10.	KINNAUR	3	0	0	0	0	0	26	15
11.	KULLU	1	0	131	2	140	0	199	122
12.	UNA	0	0 0		0	147	0	219	1
13.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	24	2	437	3	897	0	2276	390

### TABLE-6.9 (CONTD..)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	PROHIBITI ON ACT		EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT		IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION ) ACT		INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
14.	BILASPUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CHAMBA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.	MANDI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19.	SIRMAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20.	SHIMLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21.	SOLAN	0	0	0	0	7	5		0
22.	KANGRA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23.	KINNAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24.	KULLU	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
25.	UNA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	0	0	1	0	7	5	0	0

### **TABLE-6.9 (CONTD..)**

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	FOREIGN REGD. ACT		CI RIC AGA S/C	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT		INDIAN PASSPORT ACT		NTIAL IODITY CT
	(0)	M	<b>F</b>	M	F	M	F	M	<b>F</b>
1.	BILASPUR	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25) O
2.	CHAMBA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	1
ა.	LAUHAL &	U	U	U	U	U	U	13	1
4.	SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
5.	MANDI	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0
6.	SIRMAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
7.	SHIMLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	0
8.	SOLAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	1
9.	KANGRA	1	0	0	0	0	0	19	0
10.	KINNAUR	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0
11.	KULLU	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
12.	UNA	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0
13.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	1	0	5	0	0	0	99	2

### TABLE-6.9 (CONTD..)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT		ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT		DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT		CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	
	(0)	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
1.	BILASPUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	CHAMBA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5.	MANDI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	SIRMAUR	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0
7.	SHIMLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8.	SOLAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
9.	KANGRA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10.	KINNAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.	KULLU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.	UNA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	1

TABLE-6.9 (CONTD..)

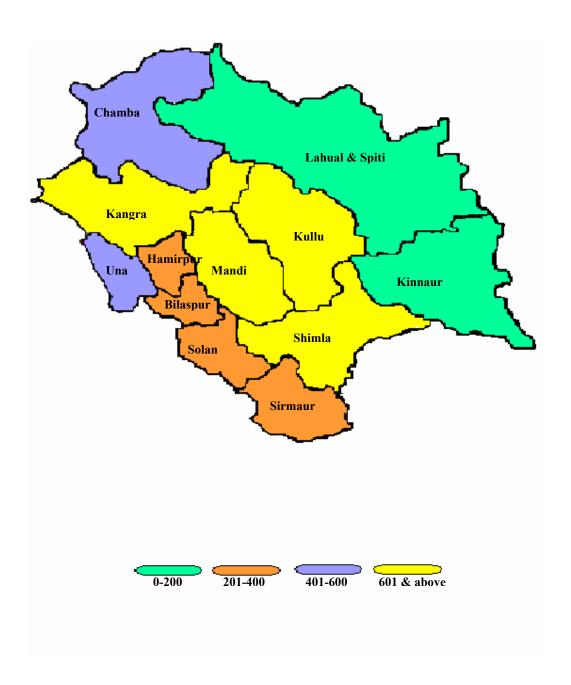
SR. NO.	DISTRICT		INDECENT PRESENTA TION OF WOMEN (P) ACT		COPY RIGHT ACT		SATI PREVENTION ACT		SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	
	(0)	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
( <u>1)</u> 1.	(2) BILASPUR	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40) 2	(41)	
2.	CHAMBA	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
3.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	
4.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5.	MANDI	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	
6.	SIRMAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7.	SHIMLA	0	0	12	0	0	0	14	2	
8.	SOLAN	0	0	7	0	0	0	1	0	
9.	KANGRA	0	0	12	0	0	0	9	0	
10.	KINNAUR	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	
11.	KULLU	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	
12.	UNA	0	0	7	0	0	0	5	1	
13.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	0	0	46	0	0	0	36	4	

### TABLE-6.9 (CONTD..)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	FOREST ACT		OTHER (SLL) CRIME		TO' ARRE PER UNDE	TOTAL	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)
1.	BILASPUR	25	0	73	0	273	4	277
2.	CHAMBA	43	0	14	0	386	28	414
3.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	10	1	197	5	202
4.	LAUHAL & SPITI	2	0	0	0	31	47	78
5.	MANDI	63	3	102	5	587	129	716
6.	SIRMAUR	37	0	17	1	287	11	298
7.	SHIMLA	69	0	95	0	633	39	672
8.	SOLAN	18	0	23	0	384	7	391
9.	KANGRA	41	0	48	0	807	11	818
10.	KINNAUR	4	0	19	0	57	15	72
11.	KULLU	56	0	38	5	575	132	707
12.	UNA	45	0	8	0	466	2	468
13.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	403	3	447	12	4683	430	5113

**MAP-6.2** 

### PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER (SLL) CRIMES -2008



#### **CHAPTER-7**

## CRIME AGAINST WEAKER SECTIONS OF SOCIETY (SC/ST)

#### 7.1 General:

A complete harmony among different sections of society is prevailing in the State. No particular area of the State is notorious for the commission of offences against the SCs/STs. However sporadic incidents of violence against the members of these communities do take place of and on.

India is a welfare State. It is committed to the welfare and development of its people in general and of vulnerable sections in particular. Equality of status and opportunity to all citizens of the country are guaranteed by the constitution of India which also provides that no individual shall be discriminated against on grounds of religion, caste or sex. Fundamental rights and specific provisions, namely, Articles 38, 39 and 46 in the constitution of India stand testimony to the commitment of the State towards its people. The strategy of the State is to secure distributive justice and allocation of resources to support programmes for social, economic and educational to advancement of the weaker section in general and those of Scheduled Casts and Scheduled Tribes.

### 7.2 Constitutional Rights:

The Indian Constitution vide Article 15 lays down that no citizen shall on grounds of religion race, sex or place of birth be subjected to any disability or restriction. It also guarantees that every citizen shall have equality of status and opportunity.

### 7.3. Legal Rights:

To Uphold the constitutional mandate and to safeguard the interests of this section of the society, Special social enactments have come into force from time to time including privileges by way of reservations for them

The major legal enactment sponsored by Centre is:

- (i) Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955; and
- (ii) SC/ST (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989

The Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955 was enacted in furtherance of Article 17 of the Constitution by which untouchability was abolished and its practice in any from is forbidden. Further, in order to check and deter crimes against SC/STs by persons belonging to other communities, the Scheduled Casts and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 was brought into force from 30<sup>th</sup> January, 1990. These enactments have extended the positive discrimination in favour of SCs and STs to the field of criminal law in as much as they prescribe penalties that are more stringent than for corresponding offences under Indian Penal Code (IPC) and other laws.

In addition, in pursuance of the constitution 65<sup>th</sup> amendment Act, 1990, National Commission for SCs and STs was constituted w.e.f. 12<sup>th</sup> March, 1992 with wide functions and powers of Civil Courts to take up matters which are of vital importance for socioeconomic development of SCs and STs.

## 7.4 The Crimes Identified under the Indian Penal Code (IPC) and Local & Special Laws):

- (i) Murder
- (ii) Hurt
- (iii) Rape
- (iv) Kidnapping & Abduction
- (v) Dacoity
- (vi) Robbery
- (vii) Arson
- (viii) Others (Other classified IPC crimes)

### 7.4.1 Under Special & Local Laws (SLL):

- (i) Protection of Civil Rights Act: 1955
- (ii) The SC/STs (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989.

The crime under IPC such as 'Murder', 'Hurt', 'Rape etc. or under Special Acts such as PCR Act & SC/ST (P) Act are already included in overall crimes reported under IPC and SLL respectively and have been discussed in details in the preceding chapters. The data specific to crimes against SC/ST discussed in the following paragraphs is a part and parcel of total crimes but analyzed separately for better comprehension.

### Population:

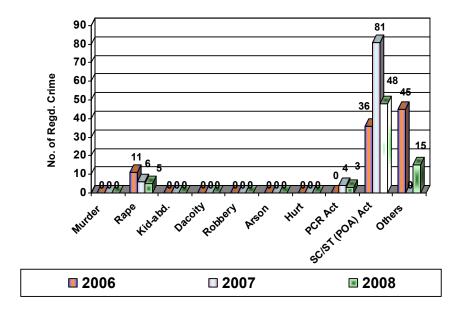
As per 2001 census of Himachal Pradesh the Scheduled Castes constituted 24.71 % of total population in the State whiles Scheduled Tribes constituted only 4.02 %. Kangra district with the highest population share (22.03%) also represented the highest share of Scheduled Caste (18.60%) followed by Mandi (17.39%) and Shimla with (12.50%) while the Chamba district represented significantly high share of Scheduled Tribes (72.59%) followed by Kinnaur (23%) and Lahaul & Spiti (9.90%).

## 7.5 Incidence of Crimes against Weaker Section (SC/ST):

The incidence of these crimes (IPC+SLL) was reported to be 71 in the State during 2008. These crimes have shown continuous declining trend during last three years. The Head wise details of crime against weaker section for the last 3 years including % change over the previous years is presented in Table 7.1. The Chart 7.1 depicts the head wise pictorial position of the crime incidence. The district wise and head wise incidence including the rate of crime has been calculated and presented in Table 7.2.

**CHART 7.1** 

## INCIDENCE OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST WEAKER SECTIONS (SC/ST) DURING 2006-2008



The above data reflects that the incidence of most of the crime cases showed declining trend. The Incidence of only Rape, PCR Act, SC/ST (POA)Act and other crimes are registering in the State but showing the declining trend. No registration under the other heads i.e. Murder Kidnapping & Abduction, Dacoity, Robbery and Hurt has been recorded during the last 3 years.

### 7.6 Head-wise Crime:

Under most of the heads of IPC no incidence has been found registered during the year 2008. The head wise detailed analysis of all crime heads under which the cases have been found registered during the years are given below:

### (i) Rape:

During the years 2008, 5 incidence of rape was reported under crime against weaker sections showed a decrease of 1 case over the previous year 2007. In Kangra district 2 cases were found registered with the highest followed by Hamirpur, Mandi and Shimla district with 1 case each.

### (ii) SC/ST Protection of Civil Rights Act:

Only 3 cases under this head were reported during the years 2008. In Sirmaur District 2 cases were registered followed by Shimla with 1 case. No case under this head was found registered under this head during the years 2006 & 2007.

### (iii) SC/ST(Prevention Of Atrocities) Act, 1989:

During the years 2008, 48 incidences were reported under this head showed a decrease of 33 cases over the previous year 2007. Of the total cases 67.60% cases were found registered under this head during the year 2008. Kangra district with the 12 cases remained on the top in registration under this head followed by Hamirpur (10 cases), Shimla (9 cases), Kullu and Una 5 cases each.

### (iv) Others:

During the years 2008, 15 incidences were reported under other heads against the nil registration for the previous year. In Shimla district 7 cases were found registered with the highest followed by Solan and Sirmaur district with 4 cases each.

TABLE 7.1

HEAD WISE INCIDENCE OF CRIME AGAINST SC/ST
AND PERCENTAGE VARIATION.

			YEAR		PERCENTAGE V	ARIATION IN
Sr.No.	CRIME HEADS	2006	2007	2008	2007 over 2006	2008 over 2007
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	Murder	0	0	0	0	0
2	Rape	11	6	5	-45.45%	-16.66%
3	Kidnapping & Abduction	0	0	0	0	0
4	Dacoity	0	0	0	0	0
5	Robbery	0	0	0	0	0
6	Arson	0	0	0	0	0
0	Hurt	0	0	0	0	0
0	PCR Act.	0	4	3	100%	-25%
9	SC/ST (POA) Act	36	81	48	125%	-40.74%
10	Others	45	0	15	-100%	100%
	TOTAL	92	91	71	-1.08%	-21.97%

**TABLE- 7.2** 

## INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME AGAINST SC/ST (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2008

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION (IN LAKHS)	MUR	DER	RAP	E	KID &	ABD	DAC	ОІТУ
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	BILASPUR	3.41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	СНАМВА	4.61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	HAMIRPUR	4.13	0	0	1	0.24	0	0	0	0
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	0.33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	MANDI	9.01	0	0	1	0.11	0	0	0	0
6	SIRMAUR	4.59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	SHIMLA	7.23	0	0	1	0.13	0	0	0	0
8	SOLAN	5.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	KANGRA	13.39	0	0	2	1.14	0	0	0	0
10	KINNAUR	0.78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	KULLU	3.82	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	UNA	4.48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	GRP	0.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	60.78	0	0	5	0.08	0	0	0	0

### **TABLE- 7.2 (CONTD..)**

## INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME AGAINST SC/ST (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2008

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION (IN LAKHS)	ROB	BERY	ARS	ON	HUR	т	PCR	ACT
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16))	(17)	(18)	(19)
1	BILASPUR	3.41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	СНАМВА	4.61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	HAMIRPUR	4.13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	0.33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	MANDI	9.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	SIRMAUR	4.59	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0.43
7	SHIMLA	7.23	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.13
8	SOLAN	5.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	KANGRA	13.39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	KINNAUR	0.78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	KULLU	3.82	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	UNA	4.48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	GRP	0.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	60.78	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.04

### **TABLE- 7.2 (CONTD..)**

## INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME AGAINST SC/ST (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2008

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION (IN LAKHS)	SC/ST (PO	А)АСТ	отне	RS
			I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)
1	BILASPUR	3.41	4	1.17	0	0
2	СНАМВА	4.61	0	0	0	0
3	HAMIRPUR	4.13	10	2.42	0	0
4	LAUHAL & SPITI	0.33	0	0	0	0
5	MANDI	9.01	2	0.22	0	0
6	SIRMAUR	4.59	0	0	4	0.87
7	SHIMLA	7.23	9	1.24	7	0.96
8	SOLAN	5.01	1	0.19	4	0.79
9	KANGRA	13.39	12	0.89	0	0
10	KINNAUR	0.78	0	0	0	0
11	KULLU	3.82	5	1.31	0	0
12	UNA	4.48	5	1.11	0	0
13	GRP	0.00	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	60.78	48	0.78	15	0.24

#### **CHAPTER-8**

#### SUICIDAL DEATHS

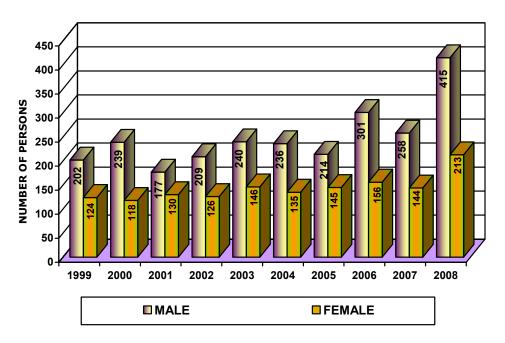
### 8.1 General:

According to Oxford dictionary, 'suicide' means 'the act of killing oneself intentionally'. The 'suicide' word has its origin from Latin word 'sui' (of oneself) plus 'cardere' (kill). It is a step which is taken by one normally in an emotionally or mentally weak moment when he or she feels coping with life is impossible

The number of Suicides reported in Himachal Pradesh during 2008 was 628 as against 402 in 2007 indicating an increase of 56.21%.

Kangra District recorded the highest number of suicides during 2008 (205) followed by Hamirpur (91), Mandi (73) and Bilaspur (69). Remaining districts reported below 60 cases of suicides. Suicides during 1999-2008 is presented in Chart 8.1

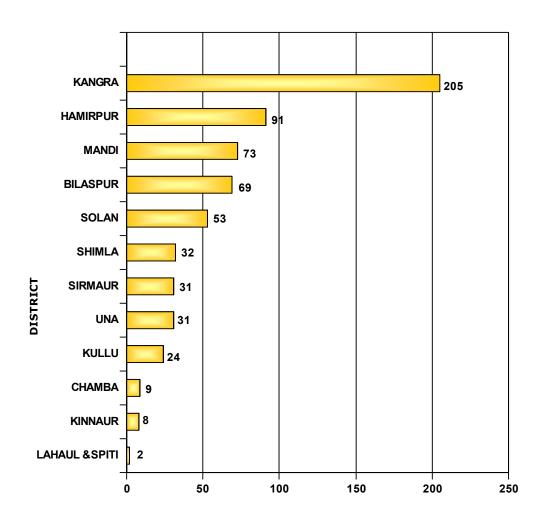
CHART 8.1
SUICIDE CASES (MALE AND FEMALE) DURING 1999-2008



District-wise break-up of suicides during 2008 is available in Table 8.1. Comparative Suicidal deaths for the last 10 years (1999-2008) including male and female is depicted in Table 8.2. Chart 8.2 depicts the district wise incidence of suicidal deaths during 2008.

CHART-8.2

DISTRICT WISE SUICIDE INCIDENCE DURING THE YEAR 2008



### 8.2. Suicide Rate per lac persons:

The following table shows district-wise suicide rate per lac population during 2007 & 2008:-

Year	Population (2001)	Suicid	e Cases	Rate p	oer Lac
Distt		2007	2008	2007	2008
Bilaspur	340735	21	69	6.16	20.25
Chamba	460499	10	9	2.17	1.95
Hamirpur	412009	27	91	6.55	22.08
Kangra	1338536	111	205	8.29	15.31
Kinnaur	77007	11	8	14.28	10.38
Kullu	379865	14	24	3.68	6.31
L/Spiti	33224	-	2	-	6.01
Mandi	900987	57	73	6.32	8.10
Shimla	721745	36	32	4.98	4.43
Sirmaur	458351	26	31	5.67	6.76
Solan	499380	39	53	7.80	10.61
Una	447967	50	31	11.16	6.92
Total	6070305	402	628	6.62	10.34

From the above table it is revealed that there has been increased of over 56.21% (from 402 to 628) in suicide cases during the year 2008 over the year 2007. The major increase has been witnessed in the districts of Hamirpur (from 27 to 91), Bilaspur (from 21 to 69), Kangra (111 to 205), Kullu (from 14 to 24) and Mandi (from 57 to 73). However, there has been major decrease in Una (50 to 31) and minor decrease in Kinnaur (11 to 8) and Chamba (10 to 9) Districts.

### 8.3 District-wise percentage of suicide cases:-

The following table shows the percentage of suicide cases as compared to the percentage of the population of the district:

Year	Population Percentage	Percentage of St	uicide Cases
District	roromago	2007	2008
Bilaspur	5.61	5.22	10.99
Chamba	7.58	2.49	1.43
Hamirpur	6.79	6.71	14.50
Kangra	22.05	27.61	32.64
Kinnaur	1.27	2.74	1.27
Kullu	6.26	3.49	3.82
L/Spiti	0.55	-	0.31
Mandi	14.84	14.18	11.62
Shimla	11.89	8.96	5.09
Sirmaur	7.55	6.47	4.94
Solan	8.23	9.70	8.44
Una	7.38	12.43	4.94

The analysis of the above table reveals that percentage of suicide deaths in districts of Bilaspur, Hamirpur and Kangra has remained higher than the percentage of the population of the district concerned the year 2008. In other words, these 3 districts are more prone to suicidal deaths as compared to other 9 districts of Himachal Pradesh.

### 8.4 Suicide Cases:- (Males Versus Females):

The following table gives District-wise number of males and females committing suicide and their percentage to the total cases for 2007 and 2008:

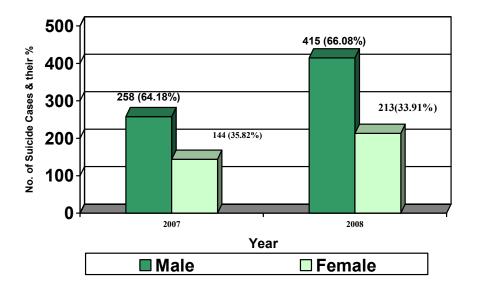
Year		2	007			20	008	
Distt	Male	%against Total	Female	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total
Bilaspur	17	4.22	4	0.99	49	7.80	20	3.18
Chamba	7	1.74	3	0.74	8	1.27	1	0.16
Hamirpur	13	3.23	14	3.48	64	10.19	27	4.29
Kangra	77	19.15	34	8.45	141	22.45	64	10.99
Kinnaur	7	1.74	4	0.99	6	0.96	2	0.32
Kullu	6	1.49	8	1.99	15	2.38	9	1.43
L/Spiti	-	-	-	-	2	0.32	-	-
Mandi	34	8.45	23	5.72	40	6.37	33	5.25
Shimla	27	6.71	9	2.23	24	3.82	8	1.27
Sirmaur	17	4.22	9	2.23	19	3.03	12	1.91
Solan	26	6.46	13	3.23	33	5.25	20	3.18
Una	27	6.71	23	5.72	14	2.23	17	2.71
Total	258	64.18	144	35.82	415	66.08	213	33.91

It is revealed from the above table that the number of males committing suicide outnumber the females ( 64.18% males as against 35.82% females in 2007 and 66.08% males as against 33.91% females in 2008).

It is further revealed that there has been increase of 60.85% in the male suicide cases (from 258 to 415) as against 47.91% increase in the number of female suicide cases (from 144 to 213) during the year 2008 as compared to the year 2007.

NO. OF MALE AND FEMALE SUICIDE VICTIMS AND THEIR %AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING THE YEARS-2007&2008

**CHART-8.3** 



### 8.5 Social Status of Suicide Victims:

The following table shows the number and percentage of unmarried/married/separated/divorcee suicide victims for 2007 and 2008:

Year		20	007			20	08	
Status	Male	%against Total	Fe- male	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe- male	%against Total
Never Married	65	16.17	38	9.45	85	13.53	48	7.64
Married	188	46.76	100	24.88	308	49.04	147	23.41
Widow /Widower	1	0.25	5	1.24	10	1.59	14	2.23
Separated	3	0.75	1	0.25	3	0.48	-	-
Divorcee	1	0.25	-	-	9	1.43	4	0.64
Total:	258	64.18	144	35.82	415	66.08	213	33.91

From the above table it is revealed that most of those who committed suicide whether males or females were **Married** (71.64% in 2007 and 72.45% in 2008).

CHART-8.4

NO. OF MARRIED SUICIDE VICTIMS IN HP AND THEIR

%AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING -2007& 2008



### 8.6 Educational Status of Suicide Victims:

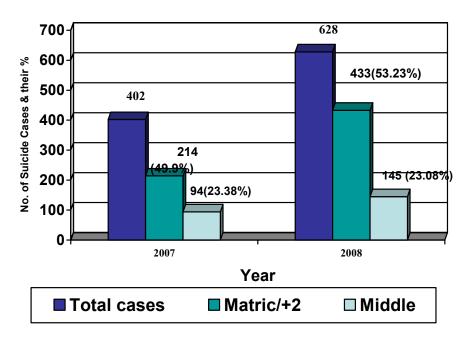
The following table gives the educational status of the suicide victims for the years 2007 and 2008.

Year		20	07			20	800	
Status	Male	% against Total	Fe- male	% against Total	Male	% against Total	Fe- male	% against Total
No	14	3.48	10	2.48	29	4.62	12	1.91
Education								
Primary	32	7.96	27	6.71	59	9.39	32	5.10
Middle	62	15.42	32	7.96	96	15.87	49	7.80
Matric/+2	143	35.57	71	17.66	218	34.71	115	18.31
Diploma	-	-	-	-	1	0.16	-	-
Graduate	6	1.49	4	0.99	11	1.75	5	0.80
Post	1	0.24	-	-	1	0.16	-	-
Graduate								
Total:	258	64.18	144	35.82	415	66.08	213	33.91

Analysis of the above table reveals that the most of the suicide victims belong to the group who has studied upto the **Matric/+2 level** (49.9% in 2007 & 53.23% in 2008). These are followed by those who have studied upto the **Middle level**.

CHART-8.5

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH EDUCATIONAL STATUS AND THEIR % AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING 2007& 2008



### 8.7 Causes of Suicide:

The following table gives the details of various causes responsible for the suicides during 2007 and 2008:

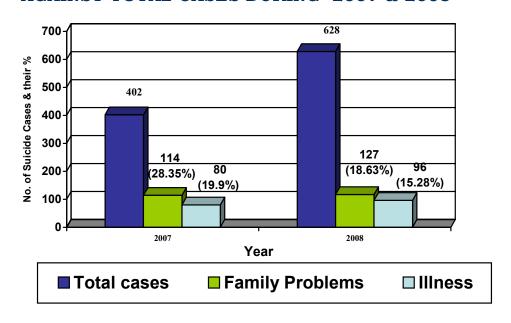
Year		20	07		2008					
Status	Male	%against Fo		%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe- male	%against Total		
Illicit Relation	3	0.75	2	0.50	4	0.64	6	0.96		
Cancellation of Marriage	7	1.74	6	1.49	2	0.32	1	0.16		
Illness	56	13.93	24	5.97	67	10.67	29	1.82		
Dowry dispute	-	-	3	0.75	-	-	2	0.32		

Year		20	07			20	08	
Status	Male	%against Total	Fe- male	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe- male	%against Total
Failure in examination	5	1.24	11	2.74	6	0.96	6	0.96
Drug abuse	-	-	-	-	9	1.43	-	-
Family Problems	72	17.91	42	10.45	67	10.67	50	7.96
Love Affairs	8	1.99	5	1.24	8	1.27	7	1.11
Poverty	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Un- employment	5	1.24	-	-	2	0.32	1	0.16
Causes not Known	59	14.68	22	5.47	85	13.53	34	5.41
Misc.	43	10.70	29	7.21	165	26.27	77	12.26
Total:	258	64.18	144	35.82	415	66.08	213	33.91

The causes that top the list which led to suicides are Family problems (28.35% in 2007 and 18.63% in 2008), followed by illness (19.9% in 2007 and 15.28% in 2008).

CHART-9.6

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH 'FAMILY PROBLEMS' & 'ILLNESS' AS CAUSES AND THEIR %AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING -2007 & 2008



### 8.8 Age Profile of Suicide Victims:

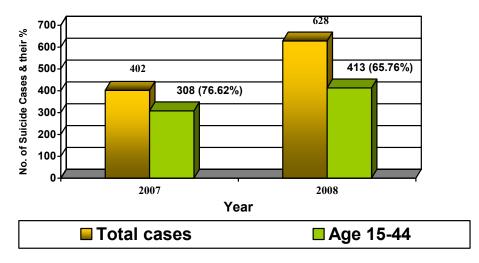
The following table gives the details of age groups of the suicide victims for the year 2007 and 2008:

		20	007			20	08	
Age Group	Male	% against Total	Fe- male	% against Total	Male	% against Total	Fe- male	% against Total
Upto 14 Yrs	2	0.50	ı	ı	6	0.96	10	1.59
15-29	92	22.89	72	17.91	138	21.97	103	16.40
30-44	98	24.38	46	11.44	115	18.31	57	9.08
45-59	38	9.45	11	2.74	116	18.47	25	3.98
60 and above	28	6.97	15	3.73	40	6.37	18	2.87
Total:-	258	64.18	144	35.82	415	66.08	213	33.91

The analysis shows that the age profile of most of the suicide victims both men and women falls into two age-groups of 15-29 and 30-44 years. Thus it can be said that most people who commit suicide do so in the prime of their lives between 15 to 44 years of age (76.62% in 2007 and 65.76% in 2008) This fact can be corelated to the reasons for suicide i.e. 'family problems' and 'illness'.

**CHART-8.7** 

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH AGE GROUP15 TO 44 IN MALE & FEMALE AND THEIR %AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING THE YEARS-2007&2008



### 8.9 Profession Profile of Suicide Victims:

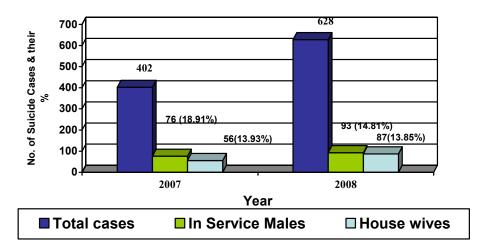
The following table gives the profession profile of the suicide victims for 2007 and 2008:

Year		20	07			20	08	
	Male	%against	Fe-	%against	Male	%against	Fe-	%against
Status		Total	male	Total		Total	male	Total
Service	69	17.16	7	1.74	74	11.78	19	3.03
Students	13	3.23	22	5.47	20	3.18	16	2.55
Un- Employement	23	5.72	4	0.99	29	4.62	9	1.43
Business	25	6.22	3	0.75	31	4.94	1	0.16
Farming	14	3.48	1	0.25	150	23.89	38	6.06
Housewives	-	-	56	13.94	-	-	87	13.85
Misce	114	28.36	51	12.69	111	17.68	43	6.85
Total:-	258	64.18	144	35.82	415	66.08	213	33.91

Another aspect that is brought forth is that those who committed suicide were mostly **farmer** (29.94%) or **service** profession in case of males and **housewives** in the case of females. (in 2007 17.16% males were in service and 13.94% females were housewives and in 2008, 11.78% males were in service and 13.85% females were housewives). This fact can again be co-related to the age profile falling within 15-44 years.

CHART-8.8

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH MALES IN SERVICE AND FEMALES AS HOUSEWIVES AND THEIR % AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING THE YEARS-2007&2008



### 8.10 Means Adopted in Suicide Cases:

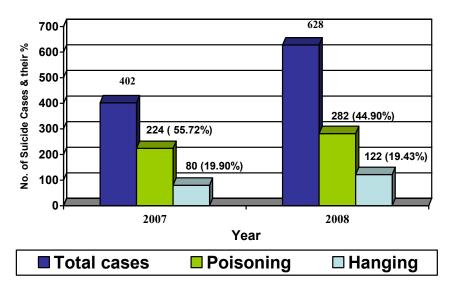
The following table gives the details of various means adopted for committing suicides during the years 2007 and 2008.

Year		20	07		2008					
	Male	%against	Fe-	%against	Male	%against	Fe-	%against		
Status		Total	male	Total		Total	male	Total		
Over Alcholism	4	0.99	-	-	26	4.14	-	-		
Drowing	12	2.99	7	1.74	42	6.69	13	2.07		
Fire-Arms	2	0.50	-	-	17	2.71	17	2.71		
Poison	130	32.34	94	23.38	160	25.48	122	19.43		
Hanging	59	14.68	21	5.22	82	13.06	40	6.37		
Jumping	7	1.74	2	0.50	39	6.21	2	0.32		
By Machine	2	0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Misc. Means	42	10.45	20	4.98	49	7.80	19	3.03		
Total:-	258	14.18	144	35.82	415	66.08	213	33.91		

The means adopted for committing suicide range over several methods from drinking too much to jumping from high places. However, the maximum number have committed suicide by **consuming poison**. (55.72% in 2007 and 44.90% in 2008.) This is followed by hanging (17.5% in 2007 and 19.43% in 2008).

CHART-8.9

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH 'POISON' & 'HANGING' AS MEANS ADOPTED AND THEIR %AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING THE YEARS-2007&2008



#### 8.11. Conclusions:

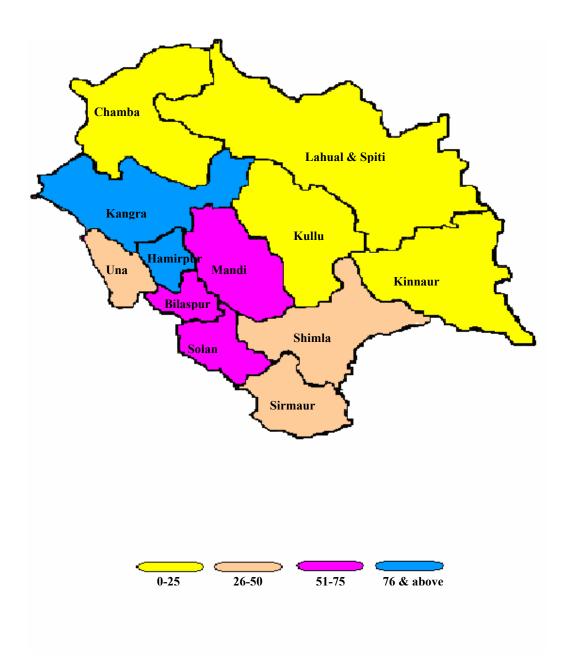
- (i) There has been increase in the suicide cases both in male & female cases during the year 2008 as against the year 2007.
- (ii) The districts Kangra, Hamirpur, Mandi and Bilaspur were found more prone to suicidal deaths as compared to the other 8 districts of the state.
- (iii) The major cause of suicides remained 'family problems' followed by 'Illness'. 'Unemployment' is certainly not one of the major causes of suicides as it contributes less than 5 % to total suicide cases.
- (iv) Most of the male suicide victims were in service and female suicide victims were house-wives. The farmers/agriculturists do not form major group of suicide victims as this group contributes only 5% to total suicide cases.
- (v) The majority of the suicide victims were married and in the age group of 15 to 44 years.
- (vi) The most popular means for committing suicide remained taking 'poison' followed by 'hanging'.

TABLE 8.1
DISTRICT WISE SUICIDAL DEATHS DURING 2008

Sr.	DISTRICT	NO	. OF SUICIDA	L DEATHS
No.		Male	Female	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	Bilaspur	49	20	69
2	Chamba	8	1	9
3	Hamirpur	64	27	91
4	Kangra	141	64	205
5	Kinnaur	6	2	8
6	Kullu	15	9	24
7	L/Spiti	2	-	2
8	Mandi	40	33	73
9	Shimla	24	8	32
10	Sirmaur	19	12	31
11	Solan	33	20	53
12	Una	14	17	31
	Total	415	213	628

**MAP-8.1** 

### **SUICIDES - 2008**



**TABLE 8.2** 

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF SUICIDES DURING 1999-2008

Sr. No.	Years	Male	Female	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	1999	202	124	326
2	2000	239	118	357
3	2001	177	130	307
4	2002	209	126	334
5	2003	240	146	386
6	2004	236	135	371
7	2005	214	145	359
8	2006	301	156	457
9	2007	258	144	402
10	2008	415	213	628
	IANGES IN OVER 2007	60.85	47.92	56.22

#### **CHAPTER-9**

#### ACCIDENTAL DEATHS

### 9.1 General:

Incidents of road accidents in Himachal Pradesh show fluctuating trends. The break-up of accidents for the last ten years is shown in Table-9.1

TABLE-9.1

NUMBER OF ROAD ACCIDENTS ACCORDING TO
TYPE OF VEHICLES FROM 1999 TO 2008

S1 No									(%) TYPE OF VEHICLE			
		1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	
1.	BUS	404	405	371	439	428	411	406	431	375	332	6.5
2.	TRUCK/ LORRY	553	539	541	619	578	664	715	631	680	529	10.3
3.	CAR/JEEP/ TAXI/ TEMPO	871	832	922	968	1100	1276	1200	1190	1341	1173	22.9
4.	TWO WHEELERS	500	501	513	645	570	604	638	650	677	730	14.2
5.	OTHERS	193	221	240	237	282	273	208	325	324	353	6.9
	TOTAL	4520	4498	4588	4910	4961	5232	5172	5233	5404	5125	100

CAR/JEEP/TAXI/TEMPO account for the largest number of accidents. During the year 2008, 22.90 % of the road accidents were attributed to CAR/JEEP/TAXI/TEMPO. During the year 2007, 24.81% road accidents involved light vehicles (LMVs). District wise comparative statement of road accidents during 2007-2008 is presented in Table-9.2. 5125 road accidents were reported during the year 2008 out of which 2774 fatalities, 567 accidents were fatal.

### 9.2 Accidental Deaths:

CAR/JEEP/TAXI/TEMPOS were responsible for 22.90% of accidental deaths during 2008. Out of 567 persons who died due to accidents, as many as 1161 were involved in accidents with these type of vehicle. Table-9.2 gives details of road accidental deaths for the year 2008 with break-up of types of vehicles and due to other reasons. Solan District reported the highest (464) accidents followed by Kangra (448) & Una (378) . Chart-9.1 depicts road accidents occurred during 1999 – 2008.

Percentage of road accidental deaths according to type of vehicles during the years 2008 is presented in Chart-9.2.

CHART-9.1

NUMBER OF ROAD ACCIDENTS (1999-2008)

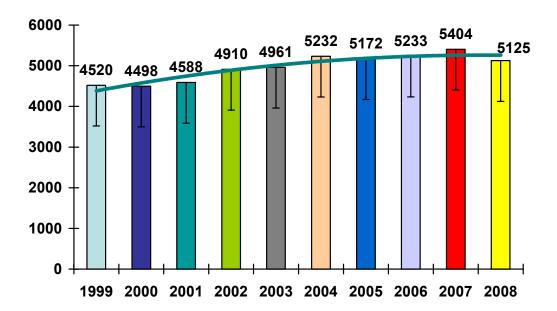


CHART-9.2

PERCENTAGE OF ROAD ACCIDENTAL DEATHS
(ACCORDING TO TYPE OF VEHICLES DURING 2008)

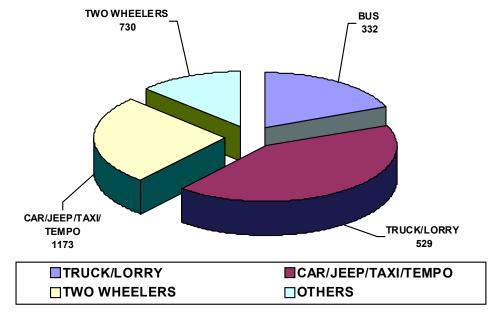


TABLE-9.2

ROAD ACCIDENTAL DEATHS ACCORDING TO

TYPES OF VEHICLES -2008

S1. No.		TYPE OF VEHICLES								
	NAME OF DISTRICT	BUS	TRUCK / LORRY	CAR/JEEP/ TAXI/ TEMPO	TWO WHEELERS	OTHERS	TOTAL			
1.	Bilaspur	20	102	77	31	38	268			
2.	Chamba	8	19	29	28	36	120			
3.	Hamirpur	32	14	39	41	7	133			
4.	Kangra	54	71	163	129	31	448			
5.	Kinnaur	0	7	27	1	3	38			
6.	Kullu	19	19	96	22	17	173			
7.	Lahul /Spiti	0	3	2	3	3	11			
8.	Mandi	49	35	141	98	71	394			
9.	Shimla	38	58	253	34	30	413			
10.	Sirmaur	16	58	87	69	26	256			
11.	Solan	57	95	109	155	48	464			
12.	Una	38	50	138	110	42	378			
TOTAL		331	531	1161	721	352	3096			

MAP-9.1

ROAD ACCIDENTAL DEATHS DURING -2008

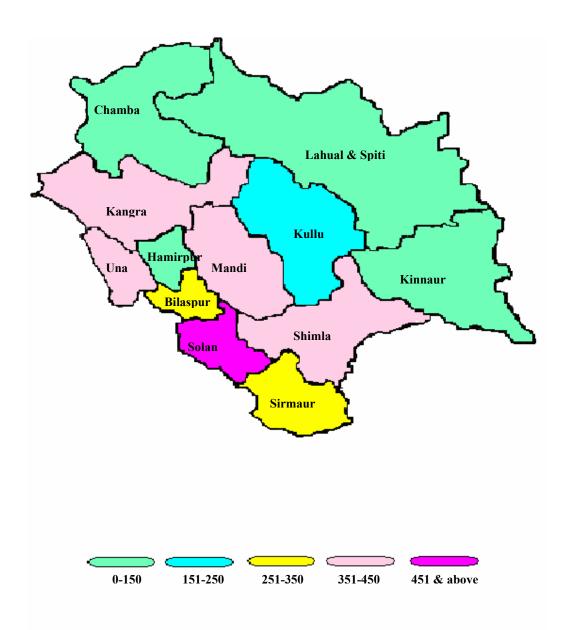
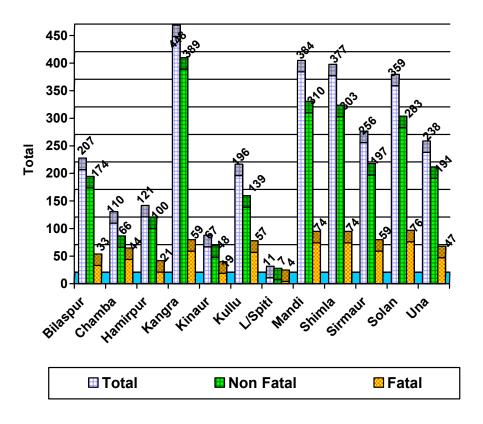


TABLE-9.3

DISTRICT-WISE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF ROAD ACCIDENTS FOR THE YEAR 2007 & 2008.

SR.	NAME OF	FATAL		NON FATAL		TOTAL	
No.	DISTRICT	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008
1.	Bilaspur	76	33	364	174	440	207
2.	Chamba	61	44	83	66	144	110
3.	Hamirpur	23	21	121	100	144	121
4.	Kangra	91	59	394	389	485	448
5.	Kinnaur	40	19	40	48	80	67
6.	Kullu	50	57	123	139	173	196
7.	Lahual /Spiti	12	4	10	7	22	11
8.	Mandi	60	74	318	310	378	384
9.	Shimla	87	74	291	303	378	377
10.	Sirmaur	63	59	180	197	243	256
11.	Solan	81	76	285	283	366	359
12.	Una	46	47	211	191	257	238
TOTAL		690	567	2420	2207	3110	2774

CHART-9.3
DISTRICT WISE TOTAL ACCIDENTS
(FATAL AND NON FATAL DURING 2008)



#### CHAPTER-10

#### **CYBER CRIMES**

# 10.1. Definition of Cyber Crime:

"Any illegal action in which a computer is a tool or object of crime, in other words, any crime, the means or purpose of which is to influence the function of computer."

Computer and Tele-communications are the key areas of cyber crimes. In cyber crimes, the Computer is used in the following two ways:-

- i.) Computer as a target
- ii.) Computer as a tool

The computer becomes a target of cyber crime when, by way of hacking or intrusion, the criminals access a computer with a motive to impair, damage or alter the system. The hacking can evolve into other substantive violations, for example, alteration of accounts, drawl of money etc. by cyber intrusion into a bank.

Computer becomes a tool for cyber crime when it becomes a convenient method to commit crimes affecting large scale net-works and programmes such as introducing virus into large scale reservation or financial network or unauthorizedly obtaining classified information from data stored in defence and security computers.

# 10.2 Classification of computer crimes:

The most accepted classification of computer crimes is as follows:

- (i) Computer related frauds.
- (ii) Computer forgery.
- (iii) Damage to computer data of computer programmes.
- (iv) Computer sabotage.

- (v) Unauthorized access.
- (vi) Unauthorized interception
- (vii) Unauthorized reproduction of a protected computer programmes
- (viii) Unauthorized reproduction of a topography
- (ix) Alteration of computer data or computer programmes
- (x) Computer espionage
- (xi) Unauthorized use of a computer
- (xii) Unauthorized use of a protected computer programmes.

# 10.3. Incidence of Computer Crime:

During the year 2008, 5 cases of computer crime were registered in the State. District wise details are given below:

Sr. No.	Name of District	Offences	No. of Cases Registered	Persons Arrested
1.	Kinnaur	Obscene publication / transmission in electronic form. Under Sections 66, 67 IT Act & 292,506 IPC.	1	-
2.	Una	Obscene publication / transmission in electronic form. Under Sections 67 IT Act.	1	-
3	Mandi	Fraud Digital Signature. Under Sections 74 IT Act .	1	-
4.	Sirmaur	Obscene publication/ transmission in electronic form. Under Sections 67 IT Act.	1	2
5.	Kullu	Tampering Computer Source Document u/s 65 IT Act.  Hacking with computer System.  (i) Loss/damage to computer resource / utility u/s 66 (1) IT Act.  (ii) Hacking u/s 66(2) IT Act.	1	-

#### CHAPTER-11

# DETECTION UNDER NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCE (ND&PS) ACT.

#### 11.1 General:

A drug is a substance intended for use as a medicine for the all alleviation of human and animal suffering either alone or in the form of a medical preparation. A drug when modify one or more of its functions. This would include not only medication meant for the treatment of the patients but also other pharmacologically active substances. In other words a drug is any substance that can cause a change in man's body or way of thinking and feeling.

In Himachal Pradesh there are total 17495 villages out of which 402 villages of the following five Districts are the natural habitants of cannabis where it grows naturally. Analysis reveals that these five districts of the State have been identified by the drug traffickers for cultivation and transporting of Cannabis at national and international level.

Name of Distt.	Number of Panchayats	Number of Villages
Kullu	50	184
Mandi	11	82
Shimla	Chopal Block	5
Kinnaur	29	44
Chamba	29	87

# 11.2 Narcotic Drugs:

In general, Narcotics drug can be defined as a awareness of sensory impulses, especially pain, by the brain. In large doses it caused stupor (Condition of insensibility), coma or convulsion. These would include:

- (i) Cannabis preparations like Bhang, Ganja and Charas.
- (ii) Opium and Opium alkaloids like morphine.
- (iii) Coca alkaloids like Cocaine.
- (iv) Synthetic narcotic drugs like pethidine.

# 11.3 Psychotropic Drugs:

The Greek word Phycho means "Soul" and Trope" means 'Turning', and drug having peculiar affinity for or effect on mind (Mind altering). The term psychotropic drug include:

- 1) Hallucinogens: There are both natural and synthetic Drugs like LSD (Lysergic acid Diethylamide) and tetrahydrocannabinals.
- 2) Hypnotics: Secobarbitone, Phenobarbitone.
- 3) Stimulants: These drugs induce and excitement in the body like amphetamines cocaine.
- 4) Tranquillizers: Methaqualone, Mandrax, etc.
- 5) Depressants: Under this class would fall drugs which are pain killers, analgesics, sedatives, like barbiturates, opiates.

# 11.4 Important (ND&PS) Drugs:

- Opium
- Morphine
- Codeine
- Heroin
- Cocaine
- Cannabis
- Ganja
- Hashish
- Marijuana
- Synthetic Drugs
- LSD etc.

# 11.5 Seizer of Drugs:

The detail of drugs seized/recovered during the last 5 years and the case registered thereon is given in the below mentioned Table.

CASES REGISTERED AND CONTRABANDS SEIZED UNDER ND&PS ACT FROM THE YEAR 2004 TO 2008

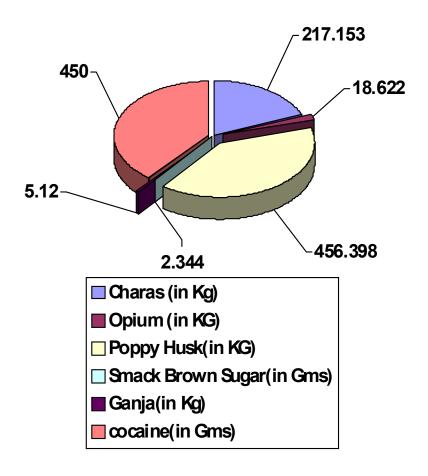
Sr. No.	Type of Drugs	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
1.	Cases Regd.	319	242	385	233	374
2.	Charas (in Kgs.)	424	258	309	328.755	217.153
3.	Opium (in Kgs.)	10	12	11	9.270	18.632
4.	Poppy Husk (Kgs.)	2379	265	407	1270.840	456.398
5.	Poppy Plants (Nos.)	390	2820	2069	37 Kgs, 125 Nos	25213
6.	Smack Brown Sugar (Gms.)	745	754	307	258.537	2.344
7.	Morphine (in Gms.)	-	-	5	-	-
8.	Ganja (in Kgs.)	1.740	7.850	920	9.600	5.120
9.	Cannabis Plants ( Nos.)	480	-	-	1Kg Seed 30 Plants	-
10.	Cannabis Leaves ( in Kgs)	25.5	-	-	-	-
11.	Cocaine/crack (in Gms.)	-	-	-	653	450

The drug-wise detection during the year 2008 according to the above mentioned table is presented in the chart 11.1. The major detection of poppy husk (456.398 Kgs) has been made during the year 2008 followed by charas (217.153 Kgs). Detection of other drugs i.e. Opium is 18. 632 Kgs., smack 2.344 gms, ganja 5.120 Kgms and of Cocaine is 450 gms has been made during the year 2008

CHART-11.1

QUANTITY OF DETECTED DRUGS UNDER

ND&PS ACT DURING 2008



# 11.6 Detailed Analysis:

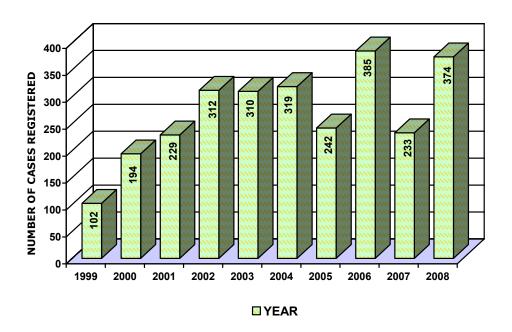
The incidence of 374 cases under the ND&PS Act in the year 2008 showed an increase of 60.51% over 2007. Cases under this Act constituted 9.19 % against the total Local & Special Law reported cases during the year 2008. The highest incidence of narcotics cases were reported in Kullu district (121) followed by Mandi (96), Shimla (33), Chamba and Solan (25 each), Kangra (21), Bilaspur (16), Hamirpur (15), Una (13) Sirmaur (9). No case under this Act was reported in Kinnaur and Lahaul & Spiti Districts in the year 2008.

The main concentration on the incidence registered under this Act remains on District Kullu and Mandi with 58.02 % of the total registered cases. The analysis reveals that the main source area of drugs are Kullu, Mandi and Chamba. Further carriers of this contraband are mostly labourers and poor people.

Of the total persons apprehended under this Act, 60 % belong to Himachal Pradesh and 40% were outsiders. Study of age profile shows that mostly adults between 18-30 years of age are involved (31%). About 41% were in the age group of 30-45 years. Above 45 years were 27%.

The participation of children below 18 years is negligible. Foreigners involved in this activity are mostly Italians and Israelis. 10 Years (1999-2008) detection under ND&PS Act is presented in Chart-11.1

CHART-11.2
DETECTION UNDER ND&PS ACT DURING (1999-2008)



#### **CHAPTER-12**

# POLICE STRENGTH, INFRASTRUCTURE AND EXPENDITURE

# 12.1 Police Strength:

The sanctioned strength of the Police personnel in the Himachal Pradesh during the year 2008 was 17890 while accrual strength is 143744. Total strength of (GOs) Class-I is 282, which includes 75 IPS, and 159 HPS. Total Class-II GOs are 28. The strength of executive force is 15924 which includes 2000 NGOs: Inspectors (258), Sub-Inspectors (647) Asstt. Sub-Inspectors (1095). The strength of Head Constables and Constables is 13924, (HCs-2699 and Const.-11225). The strength of ministerial staff (Class-III is 615, Class-IV 590 and other Whole time, Daily Wagers and Part Timers) is 451. The rank wise detailed sanctioned position and actual strength is presented in Table 12.1.

TABLE-12.1

TOTAL SANCTIONED AND ACTUAL POLICE STRENGTH
IN HIMACHAL PRADESH (2008)

IN HIMACHAL FRADESH (2008)							
SR. No.	Rank	Class of Post	Sanctioned Strength	Actual Strength			
1.	IPS	I	75**	63			
2.	HPS	I	159***	144+3			
3.	GOs in CTS	I	6	4			
4.	Admn. Officer	I	1	1			
5.	Private Secretary	I	2	2			
6.	Supdt. Grade-I	I	8	7+1			
7.	Doctors	I	8	3			
8.	Joint Director	I	4	4			
9.	District Attorney	I	4	4			
10.	Dy. District Attorney	I	7	7			
11.	Asstt. Distt. Attorney	I	7	6			
12.	Law Officer	I	1	0			
	Total G.O's.		282	249			
1	Supdt. Grade-II	II	18	16			
2	Lecturers	II	5	-			
3	S.O. (Audit)	II	5	5			

	Total Class-II		28	21					
	EXECU	J <b>TIVE FO</b>	RCE						
1	Inspectors	III	258	236					
2	Sub-Inspectors	III	647	516					
3	Asstt.Sub-Inspectors	III	1095	1037					
4	Head Constables	III	2699	2200					
5	Constables	III	11225*	8880					
	Total		15924	12869					
	MINISTERIAL STAFF								
1.	1. Personal Assistants III 2 2								
2.	Sr. Assistants	III	81	70					
3.	Clerks	III	129	114					
4.	Sr. Scale Stenographer	III	14	12					
5.	Jr. Scale Stenographer	III	10	10					
6.	Steno Typists	III	74	41					
7.	Restorer	III	2	1					
8.	Coaches	III	3	0					
9.	Computer Science	III	1	0					
10.	Forensic Assistant	III	1	0					
11.	Electronic Technician	III	1	0					
12.	Computer Instructor	III	1	0					
13.	Librarian	III	1	0					
14.	Pharmacist	III	11	1					
15.	Nursing Assistant	III	5	0					
16.	Foreman	III	1	0					
17.	Electrician	III	2	1					
18.	Fitter	III	1	1					
19.	Mechanic	III	1	0					
20.	Painter	III	1	1					
21.	Welder	III	1	1					
22.	Cook	III	272	190					
	Total	III	615	445					
	CLA	SS-IV							
1.	Sweeper	IV	187	114					
2.	Male	IV	15	13					
3.	Syce	IV	11	10					
4.	Painter	IV	2	1					
5.	Tailor	IV	10	6					
6.	Carpenter	IV	14	8					
7.	Barber	IV	60	37					
8.	Washermen	IV	78	55					
9.	Water Carrier	IV	145	106					
10.	Cobbler	IV	16	14					
11.	Mason	IV	4	2					
12.	Kennelmen	IV	1	1					
13.	Chowkidar	IV	2	2					

14.	Blacksmith	IV	1	1
15.	Plumber	IV	1	1
16.	Nursing Orderly	IV	2	2
17.	Khalasi	IV	3	3
18.	Ward Servant	IV	2	2
19.	Frash	IV	2	1
20.	Peon	IV	26	26
21.	Book Binder	IV	3	0
22.	Daftari	IV	3	3
23.	Jamadar	IV	2	1
	TOTAL CLASS-IV		590	409
	TOTAL (I+II+III+IV)		17439	13993
	Whole –Time			
	Contingent paid, Daily	IV	451	351
	Wagers, Part-Time			
	GRAND TOTAL		17890	14344

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding 530 Posts of Constables are held in abeyance vide Government letter No. Home (A) B (1) -5/2006 dated 4.5.2007

#### 12.2 Police Districts and Sub-divisions:

During the year 2008, there were 1 Zone, 3 Ranges (Northern, Southern & Central), 13 Districts (including one Police District at Baddi), 26 Police Sub-Divisions, 101 Police Stations (including 2 Police Stations of GRP). Detailed summary is given in Table 11.2.

#### 12.3 Police Housing:

The details of different types of available Police housing are depicted in Table 11.3.

# 12.4 Police Budget:

The budget allocation for Police department in Himachal Pradesh for the last 3 years is depicted in Table 12.4. During the budget year 2008-09 Himachal Pradesh Police Budget account for 20.26-% of the total budget for Himachal Pradesh.

# 12.5 Equipment & Transport:

<sup>\*\*</sup> Excluding 3 posts of SP i.e.; CO 4th and 5th IRB and SP BBN

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Including 25 posts i.e.; 10 each in 4th and 5th IRB, 4 in HPIPS and 1 in BBN.

The district wise number and type of available equipments with Himachal Pradesh, during 2008 are presented in Table 12.5. There are 106 HF Sets, 778 VHF Sets, 1070 Walkie Talkies and 20 other equipments available with the Himachal Police Department.

At present the total available (fleet) strength in Himachal Pradesh Police is 440 Motor Cycles, 182 (Gypsy/Jeep/Bolero/Tata Mobiles), 146 Heavy Vehicles and 32 Vans & others. The district wise detail summary is given in Table 12.6.

TABLE-12.2

NUMBER OF POLICE DISTRICTS, SUB DIVISIONS, POLICE STATION AND POLICE POSTS DURING 2008

SR.	NAME OF	NO. OF SUB	NO. OF		POLICE STS	
NO.	DISTRICT	DIVISIONS	STATIONS	Permanent	Temporary	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
1.	BILASPUR	01	07	04	0	
2.	СНАМВА	02	08	10	04	
3.	HAMIRPUR	01	05	03	0	
4.	KANGRA	05	15	09	06	
5.	KINNAUR	0	04	03	03	
6.	KULLU	03	07	04	02	
7.	LAHUAL & SPITI	01	03	03	0	
8.	MANDI	02	10	11	03	
9.	SHIMLA	04	15	18	05	
10.	SIRMAUR	02	07	07	0	
11.	SOLAN	02	10	08	03	
12.	BBN.	02	02	01	01	
13.	UNA	01	06	05	0	
14.	G.R.P.	0	02	02	0	
	TOTAL	26	101	88	27	

**TABLE-12.3** 

# TYPE WISE AVAILABLE POLICE HOUSING IN HIMACHAL PRADESH POLICE DURING 2008

SR. NO	TYPE-III QUARTERS	TYPE-I &II QUARTERS	BARRACKS
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1	270	2380	3525 MEN

**TABLE-12.4** 

# BUDGET ALLOTMENT NON-PLAN TO POLICE DEPARTMENT FOR THE LAST THREE YEAR AND THE PERCENTAGE SHARE OF POLICE DEPARTMENT OUT OF THE TOTAL STATE BUDGET.

SR.	YEAR	RUPEES IN CRORES				
NO	IEAK	STATE BUDGET	POLICE BUDGET	PERCENTAGE		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		
1	2006-2007	10673.69	220.66	2.06		
2	2007-2008	11670.79	248.01	2.12		
3	2008-2009	14502.42	293.95	2.02		

TABLE-12.5
DISTRICT WISE AVAILABLE EQUIPMENT IN HIMACHAL PRADESH POLICE DURING 2008

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	H.F	V.H.F	WALKIE TALKIE		WIRELESS PMENT	TOTAL
					BESR	POLNET	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	BILASPUR	1	32	57	01	01	92
2.	CHAMBA	16	109	162	02	01	290
3.	HAMIRPUR	02	44	125	00	01	272
4.	KANGRA	05	99	98	00	01	203
5.	KINNAUR	10	30	23	01	01	65
6.	KULLU	08	40	50	0	01	99
7.	LAHUAL & SPITI	19	20	16	01	01	57
8.	MANDI	08	51	53	01	01	114
9.	SHIMLA	22	160	248	01	02	433
10.	SIRMAUR	08	41	56	00	01	106
11.	SOLAN	02	87	94	00	01	184
12.	UNA	05	65	88	00	01	159
	TOTAL	106	778	1070	7	13	1974

**TABLE-12.6** 

# NUMBER OF AVAILABLE TRANSPORTS SUPPORT DURING-2008 (DISTRICT WISE)

S. NO.	DISTRICT UNIT	CARS	GYPSY JEEP/ T-MOBILE BOLERO & QUAILS	OTHERS (M. VAN)	HEAVY VEHI- CLES	MOTOR CYCLE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1.	Shimla	04	25	01	07	51
2.	Solan	02	20	02	06	48
3.	Sirmour	03	07	03	05	24
4.	Kinnaur	01	07	00	03	16
5.	Bilaspur	03	10	02	04	23
6.	Mandi	01	11	04	8	46
7.	Kullu	01	11	02	04	29
8.	L & S	00	07	00	03	11
9.	Hamirpur	02	10	01	04	18
10.	Kangra	02	23	04	06	48
11.	Chamba	01	13	00	05	38
12.	Una	03	07	00	03	19
13.	BBN Baddi	01	00	01	00	00
14.	DIG -SR	01	00	00	00	01
15.	DIG -NR	01	00	00	00	02
16.	DIG -CR	01	00	00	00	02
17.	Ist HPAP Bn. Junga	02	02	00	15	02
18.	Ist IRBn Bangarh	00	03	02	21	04
19.	2 <sup>nd</sup> IRBn Sakoh	01	03	02	21	03
20.	3 <sup>rd</sup> IRBn Pandoh	01	02	02	24	03
21.	4 <sup>th</sup> IRBn Jangalbari	01	00	00	00	04
22.	C&TS	02	01	01	02	04
23.	TTR	04	00	01	00	04
24.	CID	05	15	01	01	21
25.	PTC Daroh	01	02	01	04	10
26.	HP IPS	00	01	00	00	02
27.	AP&T	02	00	00	00	03
28.	PHQ	08	02	02	00	04
	TOTAL	54	182	32	146	440

#### ANNEXURE-I

#### OTHER IPC CRIMES

The following are the important sections of law in Other IPC cases under which cognizance are taken up by Police.

- 1. 323 IPC R/W 190 (b) Cr.PC., Causing simple hurt by means of simple weapon.
- 2. 411 IPC receiving stolen property
- 3. 465,466,467,468,469,471,472,473,475,476,477, 477 (A) IPC Forgery.
- 4. 160 IPC Affray
- 5. 294 (b) IPC
- 6. 283 IPC Act endangering human life
- 7. 377 IPC Unnatural offences
- 8. 417,419,420 & 493 IPC cheating
- 9. 328, 329-IPC (Poison)
- 10. 224 IPC Escaping from Police custody
- 11. 384- IPC Extortion
- 12. 318- IPC Infanticide
- 13. 355 IPC-assault with criminal force with intent to dishonour
- 14. 306 IPC abetment of suicide
- 15. 332, 353 IPC Assaulting public servant while on duty
- 16. 429 IPC
- 17. 447,448,449,450,452 IPC-Trespass
- 18. 506 (i) & 506 (ii) IPC-Intimidation
- 19. 509 IPC-Insulting the modesty of a women

#### ANNEXURE-II

#### SPECIAL AND LOCAL LAWS

- 1. The Essential Commodities (Special provisions) Amendment Act 1993
- 2. The Essential commodities Act, 1995
- 3. SC/ST Prevention of (Atrocities) Act 1989
- 4. SC,ST (Prevention of Atrocities) Rules 1995
- 5. Protection of Civil Rights Act1955
- 6. The Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1966
- 7. Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988
- 8. Railways Act, 1989
- 9. Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956 (Act No.104/56 as amended upto Act 44/86)
- 10. The Dowry Prohibition Act, 1986
- 11. The Telegraph Wires (Unlawful Possession) Act, 1950
- 12. The Official secrets Act, 1923
- 13. The Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967
- 14. The Foreigners Order, 1948
- 15. The Indian Extradition Act, 1973
- 16. The National security Act, 1980
- 17. The Customs Act, 1962
- 18. Juvenile justice Act, 1986 and Juvenile Justice Act, 2000
- 19. Anti Hijacking Act, 1982
- 20. The Prize Competitions Act, 1955

- 21. The Prize Chits and Money Circulation Schemes (Banning) Act, 1978
- 22. The Prisoners (Attendance in Courts) Act, 1955
- 23. The Bonded Labour System (Abolition) Act and Rules 1976
- 24. The Essential Services Maintenance Act, 1961 (Act XL of 1981)
- 25. The Prevention of Damage to Public Property Act, 1984 (Act III of 1984)
- 26. The prevention of Cruelty to animals Act, 1960
- 27. The Arms Act, 1981
- 28. Arms rules 1997
- 29. The Explosives Act, 1984
- 30. The Indian Explosives Rules 1998
- 31. The Explosive Substances Act, 1908
- 32. The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Act, 1985
- 33. The Wild Life (Protection) Amendment Act, 1993
- 34. The Identification of Prisoner's Act, 1920
- 35. The Railway property (Unlawful Possession) Act, 1966
- 36. Antiquities and Art Treasure Act, 1972
- 37. The foreigners Act, 1964 (Act XXXI of 1964)
- 38. The Electricity Act, 1910
- 39. Motor Vehicles Act, 1988
- 40. The Probation of Offenders Act, 1958
- 41. The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993
- 42. The Central M.V. Rules, 1995
- 43. The Copy Right (Amendment) Act, 1992
- 44. Prevention of Insults to National Honour Act, 1971

- 45. The Telegraph Act, 1885.
- 46. The Post Office Act, 1898
- 47. The Wireless Telegraphy Act, 1933
- 48. Contempt's of Courts Act, 1971
- 49. The Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867
- 50. The Ancient Monuments and Archaeological sites and Remains Act, 1958
- 51. The Petroleum Act, 1934
- 52. The General Clauses Act, 1897 (Central)
- 53. The Cinematography Act, 1952
- 54. The Police Forces (Restriction of Rights)Act, 1966
- 55. The Police (Incitement to Disaffection) Act, 1922
- 56. The Passports (Amendment) Act, 1993
- 57. The Citizenship Act, 1955
- 58. The Atomic Energy Act, 1962
- 59. The Army Act, 1950
- 60. The Cattle Trespass Act, 1981
- 61. The Fisheries Act, 1897
- 62. Representation of the People Act 1950 and Conduct of Election Rules-1961
- 63. The Indian Passport Rules 1950
- 64. Consumer Protection Act, 1986
- 65. Environment Protection Act, 1986
- 66. Land Acquisition Act, 1894
- 67. Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1983

- 68. The Water (Prevention and Control Pollution) Act, 1977
- 69. The Employees State Insurance Act, 1948
- 70. The Plantation Labour Act, 1951
- 71. The Family Courts Act, 1984
- 72. The Special Marriage Act, 1954
- 73. The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
- 74. The Hindu Succession Act, 1956
- 75. The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 (Amended in 1995)
- 76. The Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1971
- 77. The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970
- 78. The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
- 79. The Child Marriage Restraint (Amendment) Act, 1929
- 80. The Factories Act, 1948
- 81. Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986
- 82. Advocates Act 1961
- 83. Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981
- 84. Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944
- 85. Companies Act, 1956
- 86. Criminal Law (Amendment) Ordinance, 1944
- 87. Criminal Law (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946
- 88. Departmental Enquiries (Enforcement of Attendance of Witnesses and Production of Documents) Act,1972
- 89. Disturbed Areas (Special Courts) Act, 1976
- 90. Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1949
- 91. The Forests Act, 1927

- 92. Mental Health Act, 1987
- 93. Poisons Act, 1934
- 94. Police Act, 1949
- 95. Prevention of Black Marketing and Maintenance of Supplies of Essential Commodities Act, 1980
- 96. Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954
- 97. Prevention of Food Adulteration Rules, 1955
- 98. Prevention of Seditious Meetings Act, 1911
- 99. The Public Gambling Act, 1867
- 100. Standards of Weights and Measures (Enforcement) Act, 1985
- 101. Terrorist Affected Areas (Special Courts) Act, 1984
- 102. Trade and Merchandise Marks Act, 1958
- 103. The Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000
- 104. The pre-Natal Diagnostic Technique (Regulation, Prevention & Misuse) Act, 1994
- 105. Information Technology Act, 2000

#### ANNEXURE-III

#### **HIMACHAL PRADESH ACT**

- 1. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act, 1968.
- 2. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act, 1972.
- 3. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act, 1973.
- 4. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act No. 26 Of 1976.
- 5. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act No. 36 Of 1976.
- 6. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act, 1978.
- 7. Himachal Pradesh Roadside Land Control Act, 1969
- 8. Himachal Pradesh Silk worn Seeds Control Act, 1968.
- 9. Himachal Pradesh State Aid To Industries Act, 1968
- 10. Himachal Pradesh Tenancy & Land Reforms Act, 1972
- 11. Foreign Marriage Act, 1969
- 12. Himachal Pradesh Tolls (Repealing) Act, 1972
- 13. Himachal Pradesh Tolls Act, 1975
- 14. Himachal Pradesh Town And Country Planning Act, 1977
- 15. Himachal Pradesh Transfer Of Land (Regulation) Act, 1969.
- 16. Himachal Pradesh University Act, 1970
- 17. Himachal Pradesh Urban Rent Control Act, 1987
- 18. Himachal Pradesh Utilization Of Lands Act, 1973.
- 19. Himachal Pradesh Vaccination Act, 1968
- 20. Himachal Pradesh Vehicles (Bridge Tolls) Act, 1968
- 21. Himachal Pradesh Village & Small Town Patrol Act, 1964
- 22. Foreigners Law (Appl.& Amendment) Act, 1962
- 23. Himachal Pradesh War Awards Act, 1972
- 24. Himachal Pradesh Warehouses Act, 1976
- 25. Himachal Pradesh Water Supply Act, 1968
- 26. Indian Forest (H.P Second Amendment) Act, 1991
- 27. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1969.
- 28. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1976.
- 29. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1978.

- 30. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1988.
- 31. Forward Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1952
- 32. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1991.
- 33. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1992.
- 34. Indian Treasure Trove (H.P Amendment) Act, 1972.
- 35. Land Acquisition (H.P Amendment) Act, 1986.
- 36. Local Authorities (H.P Amendment) Act, 1973.
- 37. Local Authorities (H.P Amendment) Act, 1976.
- Press & Regn. Of Books & Newspapers (H.P Amendment) Act,1973
- 39. Prisons (H.P Amendment) Act, 1973
- 40. Provincial Insolvency (H.P Amendment) Act, 1969
- 41. Provincial Small Cause Courts (H.P Amendment)Act, 1969.
- 42. General Clauses Act, 1897
- 43. Public Gambling (H.P Amendment) Act, 1976
- 44. Public Waifs (Extension Of Limitation) (H.P Amend.) Act,1977
- 45. Public Waifs (Extension Of Limitation) (H.P Amend.) Act, 1984
- 46. Public Waifs (Extn.Of Limit.) (H.P Amend.) Act, 1974
- 47. Punjab Excise (H.P Amendment) Act, 1965
- 48. Punjab Excise (H.P Amendment) Act No. 3 Of 1989
- 49. Punjab Excise (H.P Amendment) Act No. 4 Of 1989
- 50. Punjab Excise (H.P Amendment) Act, 1995
- 51. Punjab Gen. Sales Tax (H.P Amend. & Validation) Act, 1968.
- 52. Punjab Pre-Emption (H.P Amendment) Act, 1987.
- 53. Gift Tax Act, 1958
- 54. Punjab Profes.Trades, Callings & Emp.Taxn. (HP Repl.) Act, 1968
- 55. Punjab Profes.Trades, Callings & Emp.Taxn. (HP Repl.) Act, 1968
- 56. Punjab Security Of State (H.P Amendment) Act, 1980
- 57. Punjab Security Of State (H.P Amendment) Act, 1984
- 58. Redemption Of Mortgages (H.P Amendment) Act, 1971

- 59. Registration (H.P Amendment) Act. 1969
- 60. Registration (H.P Amendment) Act. 1981.
- 61. Salaries & Allowances Of Deputy Ministers (H.P) Act, 1971
- 62. Salaries & Allowances Of Ministers (H.P) Act, 1971
- 63. Societies Registration (H.P Amendment) Act, 1973.
- 64. Societies Registration (H.P Amendment) Act, 1992.
- 65. Gold Control Act, 1968
- 66. Stage Carriage (H.P Amendment) Act, 1973.
- 67. Suits Valuation (H.P Amendment) Act, 1969
- 68. Usurious Loans (H.P Amendment) Act, 1969.

#### CRIME IN HIMACHAL PRADESH-2008

### **GLOSSARY**

#### **Arrest Rate:**

Number of arrests per lakh of population.

## Charge sheeting Rate:

Percentage of cases charge sheeted to cases in which investigations were completed.

## Cognizable Offences:

A cognizable case means a case in which, a police officer may in accordance with the first schedule of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1973 or under any other Law for the time being in force, arrest without warrant.

#### **Conviction Rate:**

Percentage of cases that resulted in conviction to the number of cases in which trials were completed during a year.

# Crime Against Women:

Rape, Dowry deaths, molestation, Cruelty by husband and relatives, Sexual harassment, Kidnapping & abduction of women and girls, dowry Prohibition Act.

#### Crime Rate:

Incidence of crime per lakh of population.

# **Disposal Rate by Police:**

Percentage of cases investigated and chaland to total cases meant for investigation during the year.

# **Disposal Rate by Courts:**

Percentage of cases disposed to total cases pending/trial during a year.

#### **Indian Penal Code:**

A Penal Code for India listing out the offences and their punishments (Act No. XLV of 1960).

#### Local Law:

A law applicable only to a particular state/part of India.

#### Offence:

The word offence means any act or omission made punishable by any law for the time being in force.

# **Property Offence:**

Include Burglary, Theft, Dacoity and Robbery.

## Special law:

A law applicable to a particular subject.

# **HIMACHAL PRADESH POLICE**



STATE CRIME RECORDS BUREAU
CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT
HIMACHAL PRADESH